

# Energy Production Prediction Using Environmental Variables

A Regression Analysis Project

Your Name

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# Objective

- To model energy production as a function of environmental variables using regression techniques.
- Key Target: Predict continuous energy production based on environmental conditions.

# Dataset Overview

- Dataset Name: solarpowergeneration.csv
- Size: 2920 instances (rows) and 10 variables (columns)
- Target Variable: power\_generated (in Joules per 3 hours)
- Features: Environmental variables such as temperature, wind speed, and humidity.

# Features Description

- 1. distance\_to\_solar\_noon: Radians
- 2. temperature: Degrees Celsius
- 3. wind\_direction: Degrees (0–360)
- 4. wind\_speed: Meters per second
- 5. sky\_cover: Scale 0–4
- 6. visibility: Kilometers
- 7. humidity: Percentage
- 8. average\_wind\_speed: Meters per second
- 9. average\_pressure: Mercury inches

# Target Variable

- Variable: power\_generated
- Unit: Joules
- Measurement: Energy produced every 3 hours.

# Regression Problem

- Type of Analysis: Regression
- Goal: Predict continuous values of power\_generated.
- Approach: Evaluate relationships between the target variable and independent features.

# Data Preparation

- Steps:
- – Data Cleaning: Handle missing values, outliers.
- – Feature Scaling: Normalize or standardize variables.
- – Encoding: Convert categorical variables (if any) into numerical.
- Splitting: Train-test split for model evaluation.

# Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- Insights on feature correlations with `power_generated`.
- Visualizations:
  - – Scatter plots
  - – Heatmap of correlations
  - – Histograms for variable distributions



# Modeling Approach

- Models Considered:
  - – Linear Regression
  - – Decision Trees
  - – Random Forests
  - – Gradient Boosting Models
- Evaluation Metrics:
  - – Mean Absolute Error (MAE)
  - – Mean Squared Error (MSE)
  - – R-squared ( $R^2$ )

# Results

- Summarize model performance.
- Highlight the best-performing model based on evaluation metrics.

# Conclusion

- Importance of environmental factors in energy prediction.
- Potential applications for optimizing solar energy production.

# Future Work

- Incorporate more granular data (e.g., hourly measures).
- Explore advanced models like Neural Networks.
- Investigate additional environmental factors.

# Acknowledgments and Questions

- Acknowledge contributors or sources.
- Invite questions from the audience.