FORMULA SHEET

• Constants:

$$q = 9.8 \text{m/s}^2$$

• Vectors:

$$\vec{A} \cdot \vec{B} = AB \cos \theta$$

$$= A_x B_x + A_y B_y + A_z B_z$$

$$|\vec{A} \times \vec{B}| = AB \sin \theta$$

• Kinematics:

$$\Delta x = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$v = v_0 + at$$

$$v^2 = v_0^2 + 2a\Delta x$$

• Forces:

$$\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

$$W = mg$$

$$f_{s,max} = \mu_s N$$

$$f_k = \mu_k N$$

• Work & Energy:

$$\begin{split} W &= \vec{F} \cdot \Delta \vec{x} \quad \text{ or } \quad W = \int \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{x} \\ W_{tot} &= \Delta K \\ W_{cons} &= -\Delta U \\ K &= \frac{1}{2} m v^2 \\ U_g &= m g y \\ K_i + U_i + W_{nc} &= K_f + U_f \\ \vec{F} &= -\vec{\nabla} U \\ \vec{\nabla} f &= \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \hat{i} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \hat{j} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \hat{k} \end{split}$$

• Momentum & Collisions:

$$\vec{p} = m\vec{v}$$

$$\sum \vec{F} = \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt}$$

$$m_1 \vec{v}_{1i} + m_2 \vec{v}_{2i} = m_1 \vec{v}_{1f} + m_2 \vec{v}_{2f}$$

$$\vec{v}_{1i} - \vec{v}_{2i} = \vec{v}_{2f} - \vec{v}_{1f}$$

• Rotational Mechanics

$$\Delta\theta = \omega_0 t + \frac{1}{2}\alpha t^2$$

$$\omega = \omega_0 + \alpha t$$

$$\omega^2 = \omega_0^2 + 2\alpha \Delta \theta$$

$$s = r\theta$$

$$v = r\omega$$

$$a = r\alpha$$

$$\tau = rF \sin \theta$$

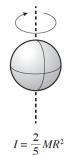
$$\sum \tau = I\alpha \quad \text{or} \quad \sum \tau = \frac{dL}{dt}$$

$$K_{rot} = \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2$$

$$L = I\omega \quad \text{or} \quad L = rp$$

$$I = \int r^2 dm$$





$$I = \frac{1}{5}MK$$

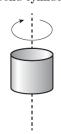
Hollow sphere

 $I_{new} = I_{cm} + md^2$



$$I = \frac{2}{2}MR^2$$

Solid cylinder



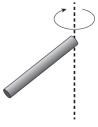
$$I = \frac{1}{2}MR^2$$

Thin rod (axis in center)



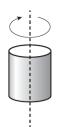
 $I = \frac{1}{12}ML^2$

Thin rod (axis at end)



$$I = \frac{1}{3}ML^2$$

Hoop



$$I = MR^2$$

• Gravity:

$$G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \frac{\mathrm{N}m^2}{\mathrm{kg}^2}$$

$$F_G = G \frac{mM}{r^2}$$

$$a_G = G \frac{M}{r^2}$$

$$v_{esc} = \sqrt{\frac{2GM}{R}}$$

$$v_{orb} = r\omega_{orb} = \frac{2\pi r}{T_{orb}}$$

• Oscillations:

$$F_{sp} = kx$$

$$U_{sp} = \frac{1}{2}kx^{2}$$

$$\omega_{sp} = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$$

$$\omega_{pend} = \sqrt{\frac{g}{l}}$$

$$f = 1/T$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f$$

• Waves:

$$v = \lambda f$$
$$f_{beat} = |f_1 - f_2|$$

• Heat, Ideal Gases, and Thermodynamics:

$$\begin{split} PV &= Nk_BT \\ k_B &= 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K} \\ Q &= mc\Delta T \\ c_{vapor} &= 1996 \text{ J/kg K} \\ c_{water} &= 4186 \text{ J/kg K} \\ c_{ice} &= 2108 \text{ J/kg K} \\ C &= mc = \frac{\partial U}{\partial T} \\ U &= \frac{f}{2}Nk_BT \\ W &= -P\Delta V \quad \text{or} \quad W = -\int PdV \\ \Delta U &= W + Q \end{split}$$