

SICA

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Classes

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Helper class that adds channel emulation to channels objects.

1.2 SicaChannels

Collaboration diagram for SicaChannels:



1.3 SicaHelper

Collaboration diagram for SicaHelper:



Classes

- class [ns3::RoutingHelper](#)
Helper class that adds [Sica](#) channel assignment to nodes.

1.4 SicaNeighbors

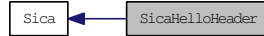
Collaboration diagram for SicaNeighbors:



1.5 SicaHelloHeader

[Sica](#) Hello Message defines the header structure of hello messages of [Sica](#). Hello messages used to inform neighboring nodes about channel information and switching attempts.

Collaboration diagram for SicaHelloHeader:



[Sica](#) Hello Message defines the header structure of hello messages of [Sica](#). Hello messages used to inform neighboring nodes about channel information and switching attempts. This class defines the hello message format for [Sica](#) protocol.

Parameters

{Hello Sequence Number } : Sequence number of message

Parameters

{Originator ID } : Node Id of the originator

Parameters

{Originator Time } : Used to distinguish between old and new hello messages

Parameters

{::R-Radios } : Number of receiving radios

Parameters

{Channel R-R } : current channel of receiving radio

Parameters

{Bx(Channel R-R) } : Estimated consumed bandwidth by external interference over current channel of R-R

Parameters

{R-R -NewChannel } : The next channel for channel switching attempt of R-R, R-R -NewChannel=0 shows no switching

Parameters

{Time To Switch R interface } : Time in milliseconds until R-R switch

```

0          1          2
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|                                     Hello Sequence Number
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|                                     Originator ID
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|                                     Originator Time
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| #Radios | Channel R-R | Bx(Channel R-R) | R-R -NewChannel
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|                                     Receiving Radio #1 MAC Address (part
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|                                     Receiving Radio #1 MAC Address (part
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|                                     Time To Switch R interface
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|                                     Time To Sense the current channel of R
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
  
```

```

| # Neighbors |Channel R-R N#1|Channel R-R N#2|Chan
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
|
| Neighbor #1 ID
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
| Neighbor #2 ID (if exists)
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
| Neighbor #3 ID (if exists)
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
| CLCPF (for Urbanx protocol)
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
| CLCPF (for Urbanx protocol)
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
| TTL (for Urbanx protocol)
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+

```

1.6 SicaQueue

Collaboration diagram for SicaQueue:



Classes

- class [ns3::SicaQueue](#)

SicaQueue is used to handle more than one data and signal queue for each node.

Modules

- [SicaChannelQueue](#)

1.7 SicaChannelQueue

Collaboration diagram for SicaChannelQueue:



1.8 RTABLE

Routing table structure and functions here we need to manage the routing information using a global routing protocol.

Collaboration diagram for RTABLE:



Classes

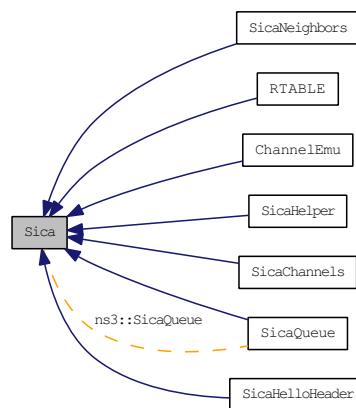
- class [ns3::RoutingHelper](#)
Helper class that adds [Sica](#) channel assignment to nodes.

1.8.1 Detailed Description

Routing table structure and functions here we need to manage the routing information using a global routing protocol.

1.9 Sica

Collaboration diagram for Sica:



Classes

- class [ns3::SicaQueue](#)
[SicaQueue](#) is used to handle more than one data and signal queue for each node.

Modules

- [ChannelEmu](#)
- [SicaChannels](#)
- [SicaHelper](#)
- [SicaNeighbors](#)
- [SicaHelloHeader](#)

[Sica](#) Hello Message defines the header structure of hello messages of [Sica](#). Hello messages used to inform neighboring nodes about channel information and switching attempts.

- [SicaQueue](#)
- [RTABLE](#)

Routing table structure and functions here we need to manage the routing information using a global routing protocol.

2 Class Documentation

2.1 ns3::ChannelEmu Class Reference

A channel emulation which emulate the external interference over channels using some random variables, this object would be aggregated to each channel.

```
#include <channel-emulation.h>
```

Public Types

- enum [Status](#) { [Idle_State](#) = 1, [Busy_State](#) = 2 }
used to differentiate packets for services.

Public Member Functions

- [ChannelEmu](#) ()
c-tor
- virtual [~ChannelEmu](#) ()
d-tor
- void [SetChannelNumber](#) (uint32_t chId)
set the channel number for which this emulator works
- uint32_t [GetChannelNumber](#) ()
Return the channel number for which this emulator works.
- void [SetBusyDuration](#) (Time duration)
set the duration for channel busy status
- bool [IsBusy](#) ()
return true if the current status is busy otherwise false
- bool [IsIdle](#) ()
return true if the current status is idle otherwise false
- void [ChangeStatus](#) ()
Changes the current status and set the timer for next time.
- void [NotifyStatusChanged](#) ()
Public method used to fire a trace for a status changes.

Static Public Member Functions

- static TypeId [GetTypeId](#) (void)
Makes it possible for user to change emulation parameters through calling SetAttribute.

2.1.1 Detailed Description

A channel emulation which emulate the external interference over channels using some random variables, this object would be aggregated to each channel.

2.1.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

2.1.2.1 enum ns3::ChannelEmu::Status

used to differentiate packets for services.

Enumerator:

Idle_State Channel is idle.
Busy_State Channel is Busy with external nodes.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/channel-emulation.h

2.2 ns3::ChannelEmuContainer Class Reference

Container which holds channel emulators.

```
#include <channel-emulation.h>
```

Public Types

- typedef std::vector< Ptr< [ChannelEmu](#) > >::const_iterator [Iterator](#)
Iterator for vector of channel emulators.

Public Member Functions

- [ChannelEmuContainer](#) ()
- [Iterator Begin](#) (void) const
the pointer to the first element in the container
- [Iterator End](#) (void) const
the pointer to the last element of the container
- uint32_t [GetN](#) (void) const
Return the number of elements in the container.
- Ptr< [ChannelEmu](#) > [Get](#) (uint32_t i) const
Return one element in the container.
- Ptr< [ChannelEmu](#) > [GetId](#) (uint32_t chId) const
Return one of the elements in the container according to the channel id.

- void [Add](#) (Ptr< [ChannelEmu](#) > c)
Add one element to the container.

2.2.1 Detailed Description

Container which holds channel emulators.

2.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

2.2.2.1 ns3::ChannelEmuContainer::ChannelEmuContainer ()

Create an empty [ChannelEmuContainer](#)

2.2.3 Member Function Documentation

2.2.3.1 void ns3::ChannelEmuContainer::Add (Ptr< [ChannelEmu](#) > c)

Add one element to the container.

Parameters

c The pointer to the channel emulator object

2.2.3.2 Ptr<[ChannelEmu](#)> ns3::ChannelEmuContainer::Get (uint32_t i) const

Return one element in the container.

Parameters

i the place of the element to be returned

2.2.3.3 Ptr<[ChannelEmu](#)> ns3::ChannelEmuContainer::GetId (uint32_t channelId) const

Return one of the elements in the container according to the channel id.

Parameters

channelId the channel id corresponding to the channel emulator object

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/channel-emulation.h

2.3 ns3::ChannelEmuHelper Class Reference

Helper class that adds channel emulation to channels objects.

```
#include <channel-emulation.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Ptr< ChannelEmu > Create](#) (uint32_t chId) const
- [void Set](#) (std::string name, const AttributeValue &value)
- [ChannelEmuContainer Install](#) (std::vector< uint32_t > channels) const

2.3.1 Detailed Description

Helper class that adds channel emulation to channels objects.

2.3.2 Member Function Documentation

2.3.2.1 Ptr<ChannelEmu> ns3::ChannelEmuHelper::Create (uint32_t chId) const

Parameters

chId the wifi channel on which emulation will run

Returns

a newly-created channel emulator

2.3.2.2 ChannelEmuContainer ns3::ChannelEmuHelper::Install (std::vector< uint32_t > channels) const

For each channel in the input container, implements [ns3::ChannelEmu](#)

Parameters

channels that holds the set of channels for which to install the new agent.

2.3.2.3 void ns3::ChannelEmuHelper::Set (std::string name, const AttributeValue & value)

Parameters

name the name of the attribute to set

Parameters

value the value of the attribute to set.

This method controls the attributes of [ns3::ChannelEmu::ChannelEmu](#)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

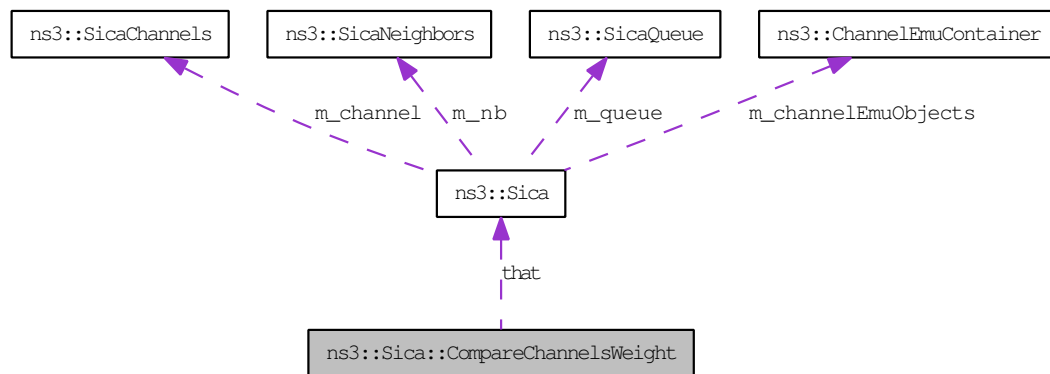
- src/mrmc/sica/channel-emulation.h

2.4 ns3::Sica::CompareChannelsWeight Class Reference

Compare two channels based on the weights assigned to them, used to sort the list of channels based on their weight.

```
#include <sica.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for ns3::Sica::CompareChannelsWeight:



Public Member Functions

- [CompareChannelsWeight](#) (Sica &s)
c-tor
- bool [operator\(\)](#) (uint32_t i, uint32_t j) const
Get two channels id and compare them based on the weighs assigned to each channel.

2.4.1 Detailed Description

Compare two channels based on the weights assigned to them, used to sort the list of channels based on their weight.

2.4.2 Member Function Documentation

2.4.2.1 bool ns3::Sica::CompareChannelsWeight::operator() (uint32_t i, uint32_t j) const [inline]

Get two channels id and compare them based on the weighs assigned to each channel.

Parameters

i channel ID

Parameters

j channel ID

Returns

true if the weight of first channel is less than the weight of the second channel. the channel with the bigger weight is more suitable for data transmission

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/sica.h

2.5 ns3::RoutingHelper Class Reference

Helper class that adds [Sica](#) channel assignment to nodes.

```
#include <sica-rtable.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Ptr< RTable > Create](#) (Ptr< Node > node, const char *fileName) const
- void [Set](#) (std::string name, const AttributeValue &value)

This method controls the attributes of [ns3::Sica::Sica](#).

- void [Install](#) (NodeContainer c, const char *fileName)

For each node in the input container, implements ns3::Rtable The program will assert if this method is called on a container with a node that already has a Rtable object aggregated to it.

2.5.1 Detailed Description

Helper class that adds [Sica](#) channel assignment to nodes. A routing helper which reads a routing file and attaches a routing table to a node

2.5.2 Member Function Documentation**2.5.2.1 Ptr<RTable> ns3::RoutingHelper::Create (Ptr< Node > node, const char *fileName) const****Parameters**

node the node on which this routing will run

Parameters

fileName the file which contains routing information

Returns

a newly-created routing table

This method will be called by [ns3::RoutingHelper::Install](#)

2.5.2.2 void ns3::RoutingHelper::Install (NodeContainer *c*, const char **fileName*)

For each node in the input container, implements ns3::Rtable The program will assert if this method is called on a container with a node that already has a Rtable object aggregated to it.

Parameters

c NodeContainer that holds the set of nodes on which to install the new agent.

Parameters

fileName the name of the input file which contain the routing information (SrcId DestId NextHopId Metric)

2.5.2.3 void ns3::RoutingHelper::Set (std::string *name*, const AttributeValue & *value*)

This method controls the attributes of ns3::Sica::Sica.

Parameters

name the name of the attribute to set

Parameters

value the value of the attribute to set.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/sica-rtable.h

2.6 ns3::RTable Class Reference

A routing table which contains a list of routes for static routing in Sica.

```
#include <sica-rtable.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [RTable](#) ()
c-tor
- [~RTable](#) ()
d-tor
- bool [AddRouteToTable](#) (SicaRoutingTableEntry *route)
Add route to the list.
- void [MakeRoute](#) (uint32_t srcId, uint32_t dstId, uint32_t nextHopId, double metric)
Make a route to a node with destId from nexthop node and add it to the list.

- [SicaRoutingTableEntry](#) * [FindRoute](#) (uint32_t srcId, uint32_t dstId)
Find the route entry for the destination node with dstId.
- int [FindNextHop](#) (uint32_t srcId, uint32_t dstId)
Find the id of the nexthop node to the destination node with dstId.
- void [ReadRoutesFromFile](#) (const char *fileName)
Fill the routing tables from file.
- void [PrintRTable](#) (std::ostream &os)
Print all content of the routing table.

Static Public Member Functions

- static TypeId [GetTypeId](#) (void)
Used to set the parameters of the class.

2.6.1 Detailed Description

A routing table which contains a list of routes for static routing in [Sica](#).

2.6.2 Member Function Documentation

2.6.2.1 bool ns3::RTable::AddRouteToTable (SicaRoutingTableEntry * route)

Add route to the list.

Parameters

route the pointer to the routing table entry

2.6.2.2 int ns3::RTable::FindNextHop (uint32_t srcId, uint32_t dstId)

Find the id of the nexthop node to the destination node with dstId.

Parameters

srcId the Id of the source node

Parameters

dstId the Id of the destination node

2.6.2.3 SicaRoutingTableEntry* ns3::RTable::FindRoute (uint32_t *srcId*, uint32_t *dstId*)

Find the route entry for the destination node with *dstId*.

Parameters

srcId the Id of the source node

Parameters

dstId the Id of the destination node

2.6.2.4 void ns3::RTable::MakeRoute (uint32_t *srcId*, uint32_t *dstId*, uint32_t *nextHopId*, double *metric*)

Make a route to a node with *dstId* from *nextHop* node and add it to the list.

Parameters

srcId the Id of the source node

Parameters

dstId the Id of the destination node

Parameters

nextHopId the Id of the next hop node on the path to the destination

Parameters

metric the metric of the path (reserved for future work if necessary)

2.6.2.5 void ns3::RTable::PrintRTable (std::ostream & *os*)

Print all content of the routing table.

Parameters

os the output stream

2.6.2.6 void ns3::RTable::ReadRoutesFromFile (const char **fileName*)

Fill the routing tables from file.

Parameters

fileName the name of the input file contains static routes with the following format (srcId dstId nextHop Id metric)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

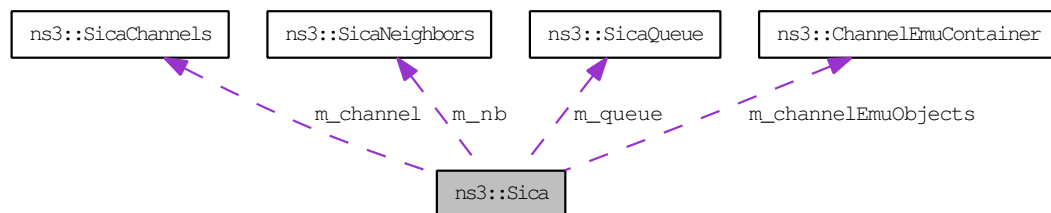
- src/mrmc/sica/sica-rtable.h

2.7 ns3::Sica Class Reference

A channel assignment mechanism for multi-channel multi-radio mesh network semi-dynamic interference avoidance channel assignment. It selects a channel for the receiving radio of each node and switches the transmitter radio to send data to neighbors. Hello messages are used to coordinate neighbors. For each node we do the following: 1- Add one data queue for each channel 2- Add one hello-queue for each channel. Push every Hello to hello-queue of the channels we have neighbors on it. Push every received data to the data-queue of the corresponding channel. Each time we get a packet the module checks the header and tries to find the responsible neighbor for that, then it would check the channel of the neighbor and push the packet to the corresponding channel. During the sending period the module checks all channels and sends packets corresponding to each channel.

```
#include <sica.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for ns3::Sica:



Classes

- class [CompareChannelsWeight](#)

Compare two channels based on the weights assigned to them, used to sort the list of channels based on their weight.

Public Member Functions

- [Sica](#) ()
c-tor
- virtual [~Sica](#) ()
d-tor
- void [NotifyRxReceived](#) (Ptr< Packet > packet)
Public method used to fire a data-received trace for a data packet being received.
- void [NotifyTxSent](#) (Ptr< Packet > packet)
Public method used to fire a data-sent trace for a data packet being sent.
- void [NotifyHelloSent](#) (Ptr< Packet > packet)
Public method used to fire a hello-sent trace for a data packet being sent.
- void [NotifyRxDropped](#) (Ptr< const Packet > packet, double snr)
Public method used to fire a data-dropped trace for a data packet during the receiving process.

- void [NotifyChannelProbability](#) (std::vector< double > channelProb)
Public method used to fire a probability changes trace for channels.
- void [Initialize](#) ()
Initialize [Sica](#), call [Sica::InitializeQueues](#), [Sica::InitializeInterfaces](#), [Sica::InitializeChannel](#) and [Sica::InitializeTimers](#).
- void [InitializeQueues](#) ()
Create and initialize channel queues.
- void [InitializeInterfaces](#) ()
Check the number of interfaces over a node and select one transmitter and one receiver interface.
- void [InitializeChannel](#) ()
set the receiving channel for the node and decide a new channel for the initial phase.
- void [InitializeTimers](#) ()
Set the timers for hello interval, sensing period and channel assignment.
- void [SetChannelsEmulationObject](#) ([ChannelEmuContainer](#) channelsEmu)
Set the channel emulators for all channels.
- Ptr< [ChannelEmu](#) > [GetChannelEmu](#) (uint32_t id)
Return the channel emulators for the given channel id.
- uint32_t [GetRChannel](#) ()
return the receiving channel of the R interface
- uint32_t [GetTChannel](#) ()
return the transmitting channel of the T interface
- uint32_t [GetRNewChannel](#) ()
return the future receiving channel to which the R interface will switch after a period of time
- uint32_t [GetId](#) ()
return the Id of the attaching node to the [Sica](#) object
- [SicaNeighbors](#) * [GetSicaNeighbors](#) ()
Return the address of [Sica::m_nb](#).
- [SicaQueue](#) * [GetSicaQueue](#) ()
Return the address of [Sica::m_queue](#).
- [SicaChannels](#) * [GetSicaChannel](#) ()
Return the address of [Sica::m_channel](#).
- void [PrintNeighborTable](#) (std::ostream &os)
It calls the same function in neighbor class to print neighbor table of node.
- void [PrintChannelTable](#) (std::ostream &os)

It calls the same function in channels class to print the channel information table.

- bool [ChannelIsBusy](#) (uint32_t chId)
Check whether the channel associated to the net device is busy or not.
- void [ModifySenseChannelFlag](#) (uint32_t c)
Set the Sense channel flag to prevent other functions from sending data during the sensing period.
- void [StartSenseCurrentChannel](#) ()
Senses the current channel of receiving interface and estimate the external bandwidth.
- void [SenseCurrentChannel](#) ()
Start checking the channel situation every [Sica::ChannelSensePeriod](#) and count the number of times that a channel is busy, is called by [Sica::StartSenseCurrentChannel](#).
- void [EndSenseCurrentChannel](#) ()
Estimate the channel busy time at the end of the sensing period and write it in the channel table is called by [Sica::StartSenseCurrentChannel](#).
- void [ReScheduleTimer](#) (Timer *t, Time minDelay)
Re-schedule timer with minDelay if minDelay is less than the delay left for timer t.

Sica Data Delivery methods.

- bool [RecvPacket](#) (Ptr< NetDevice > dstDevice, Ptr< const Packet > packet, uint16_t protocol-Number, const Address &srcAddr)
Listen to device and receives packets.
- void [ProcessRcvHello](#) (Ptr< Packet > p, Address srcAddr)
Gathers information from hello and call [Sica::UpdateNeighborTable](#) and [Sica::UpdateChannelTable](#) .
- void [ProcessRcvData](#) (Ptr< Packet > p)
Evaluate the received data packet, send it to [Sica::NotifyRxReceived](#) if the node is the destination of the packet or call [Sica::DistributeDataPacket](#) to send it to the receiving channel of the next hop node.
- bool [UpdateNeighborTable](#) ([SicaHelloHeader](#) sicaHelloHeader, Address srcAddr)
Update neighbor information based on information in hello message.
- bool [UpdateChannelTable](#) ([SicaHelloHeader](#) sicaHelloHeader)
Update channel information based on information in hello message.
- void [CreateHello](#) ()
Produces hello send it to all neighbor channel for sending, call [Sica::CreateHelloHeader](#) for producing hello header.
- [SicaHelloHeader](#) [CreateHelloHeader](#) ()
Produces hello header information based on neighbor table and current information and return it.
- void [DistributeHello](#) (Ptr< Packet > p)

distribute hello message to all channels over which the node has a neighbor

- void [CreateData](#) (uint32_t dstId, uint32_t pSize)
Produces uni-cast data packet with given packet size and destination address and push it to neighbor channel.
- int [AddDataHeaders](#) (Ptr< Packet > p, uint32_t srcId, uint32_t dstId, Time originTime)
Create a sica header and add it to the packet this function may be called from a source node or in any of the forwarding nodes on the path to the destination.
- void [DistributeDataPacket](#) (Ptr< Packet > p, uint32_t nextHopChannel)
Distribute the data message to the appropriate channel.
- void [SendPacket](#) (Ptr< Packet > packet, Ptr< NetDevice > device, uint32_t protocolNumber)
Get packet and the device through which the node wants to use to send data and set the sending parameters.
- Time [EstimateTxDuration](#) (uint32_t pSize, Ptr< WifiPhy > wifiphy)
Estimate the transition duration for physical layer.
- void [DeviceSend](#) (Ptr< NetDevice > device, Ptr< Packet > packet, Address dstAddr, uint32_t protocolNumber)
Get packet and device address to send packet through it.

Sica Channel switching methods.

- void [HandleNeighborSwitchChannel](#) ()
It handles the process necessary when a node discover that its neighbor has switched its channel.
- void [ScheduleSwitchRInterface](#) ()
Check whether the interface is busy, if so predict the idle time then add it to a random switch delay and schedule a timer for switching the R interface.
- void [SwitchRInterface](#) ()
Switch the r interface to new channel (Sica::m_rNewChannel).
- bool [SwitchTInterface](#) (uint32_t c)
Switch the T interface to a channel for sending data.
- void [TInterfaceStartSend](#) (uint32_t ch)
Switch T interface to channels one by one and send data.
- void [TInterfaceSend](#) (uint32_t ch)
Send data over the given channels (Sica::channelsToPoll)using the T interface.
- bool [TInterfaceReadyToSend](#) (uint32_t ch, Time txEstimation)
Check whether all conditions are held before start sending with T-Interface over the given channel.
- void [RInterfaceCheckChannelQueue](#) ()
Check whether there is any packet for send in receiving channel and send it if the R interface is ready to send, call [Sica::RInterfaceReadyToSend](#).

- bool [RInterfaceReadyToSend](#) (Time txEstimation)
Check whether it is possible to send data over R interface or not, check the sense flag and remaining time to the upcoming switch.

Sica Channel Decision making mechanisms

- void [GameChannelAssignment](#) ()
Select a channel for R interface.
- void [UpdateLossMatrix](#) ()
Update the loss matrix based on different formulas which is indicated by Sica::LossFormulaNum.
- double [ComputeStageLoss](#) (uint32_t c)
Compute the loss for the given channel based on its weight.
- void [UpdateChannelWeight](#) ()
Compute the new weight for all available channels based on their previous weight and the given loss vector.
- uint32_t [SelectRandomChannel](#) ()
select a random channel based on the probability assigned to each channel
- std::vector< double > [ComputeCumulativeProbability](#) (std::vector< double > p)
compute the cumulative probability of channels
- void [PrintGameData](#) (std::ostream &os, std::vector< uint32_t > channels, std::vector< double > prob, std::vector< double > weight, std::vector< double > cProb)
Print game information, it is called by [Sica::GameChannelAssignment](#) this function must be called by [Sica::GameChannelAssignment](#).

Static Public Member Functions

- static TypeId [GetTypeId](#) (void)
Makes it possible for user to change protocol parameters through calling [SetAttribute](#).

Public Attributes

Sica Parameters

- uint32_t **LossFormulaNum**
- uint32_t [SICA_DATA_PORT](#)
protocol id used to send sica data packets (Default=550)
- uint32_t [SICA_HELLO_PORT](#)
protocol id used to send sica broadcast packets (Default=551)
- uint32_t [Max_CH](#)

Maximum Number of available channels (Default=8).

- uint32_t [Min_CH](#)

The first Index of the available channels (Default=1).

- uint32_t [Max_BW](#)

Maximum available bandwidth of each channel.

- double [m_gamma](#)

Gamma parameter for channel decision.

- double [m_beta](#)

Beta parameter for calculating the channel weights in decision game.

- double [m_alpha](#)

- Time [HelloInterval](#)

Hello message interval.

- Time [DataExpireTime](#)

The maximum period of time that [Sica](#) is allowed to buffer a data packet for 2000 seconds.

- Time [HelloExpireTime](#)

The maximum period of time that [Sica](#) is allowed to buffer a hello packet for 10 seconds.

- Time [NeighborExpireTime](#)

The maximum period of time that [Sica](#) keep neighbor information if it does not receive any new information from neighbor. We set it to at least three times of the [HelloInterval](#).

- Time [SwitchingDelay](#)

Switching delay for interface, we set it to a fixed number for simplicity, it is equal to the switching delay in default 802.11b radio interface 250 microseconds.

- Time [ChannelAssignmentInterval](#)

The period between channel assignment runs.

- Time [ChannelSenseInterval](#)

Sensing channel interval.

- Time [ChannelSensePeriod](#)

The duration of sensing receiving channel.

- Time [ChannelSenseRate](#)

[Sica](#) sense channel using sampling, this time control the sampling rate.

- Time [BxExpireTime](#)

The maximum period of time that [Sica](#) keeps estimated external bandwidth consumption for a channel entry in channel list. If it does not receive any updated information it will reset external interference estimation to zero after this time, We set it to 40s.

- Time [ChannelBusyBackoffTime](#)

The delay that *Sica* differ sending over a channel if it found it busy.

- Time [QueuePollTime](#)

The interval that *Sica* waits before check an empty queue (used only when all queues are empty or for *R* interface to check the corresponding queue of the receiving channel).

2.7.1 Detailed Description

A channel assignment mechanism for multi-channel multi-radio mesh network semi-dynamic interference avoidance channel assignment. It selects a channel for the receiving radio of each node and switches the transmitter radio to send data to neighbors. Hello messages are used to coordinate neighbors. For each node we do the following: 1- Add one data queue for each channel 2- Add one hello-queue for each channel. Push every Hello to hello-queue of the channels we have neighbors on it. Push every received data to the data-queue of the corresponding channel. Each time we got a packet the module checks the header and tries to find the responsible neighbor for that, then it would check the channel of the neighbor and push the packet to the corresponding channel. During the sending period the module checks all channels and sends packets corresponding to each channel.

2.7.2 Member Function Documentation

2.7.2.1 `int ns3::Sica::AddDataHeaders (Ptr< Packet > p, uint32_t srcId, uint32_t dstId, Time originTime)`

Create a sica header and add it to the packet. This function may be called from a source node or in any of the forwarding nodes on the path to the destination.

Parameters

p The packet to which header must be added

Parameters

dstId the id of the destination node

Parameters

srcId the id of the source node

Parameters

originTime the time of origination packet

2.7.2.2 `std::vector<double> ns3::Sica::ComputeCumulativeProbability (std::vector< double > p)`

compute the cumulative probability of channels

Parameters

p the probability vector assigned to all channels

Returns

The cumulative probability

2.7.2.3 double ns3::Sica::ComputeStageLoss (uint32_t *c*)

Compute the loss for the given channel based on its weight.

Parameters

c the id of a channel for which the loss will be computed

2.7.2.4 void ns3::Sica::CreateData (uint32_t *dstId*, uint32_t *pSize*)

Produces uni-cast data packet with given packet size and destination address and push it to neighbor channel.

Parameters

dstId the id of the destination node

Parameters

pSize the size of the data packet

2.7.2.5 void ns3::Sica::DistributeDataPacket (Ptr< Packet > *p*, uint32_t *nextHopChannel*)

Distribute the data message to the appropriate channel.

Parameters

p The packet produced by create [Sica::CreateData](#)

Parameters

nextHopChannel The id of the channel where the data must be sent

2.7.2.6 void ns3::Sica::DistributeHello (Ptr< Packet > *p*)

distribute hello message to all channels over which the node has a neighbor

Parameters

p hello packet

2.7.2.7 Time ns3::Sica::EstimateTxDuration (uint32_t *pSize*, Ptr< WifiPhy > *wifiPhy*)

Estimate the transition duration for physical layer.

Parameters

pSize The size of packet for sending

Parameters

wifiphy the pointer to the physical layer

2.7.2.8 Ptr<ChannelEmu> ns3::Sica::GetChannelEmu (uint32_t *id*) [inline]

Return the channel emulators for the given channel id.

Parameters

id the channel id

Returns

the channel emulation object related to the given channel id

2.7.2.9 SicaChannels* ns3::Sica::GetSicaChannel ()

Return the address of Sica::m_channel.

Returns

Sica::m_channel

2.7.2.10 SicaNeighbors* ns3::Sica::GetSicaNeighbors ()

Return the address of Sica::m_nb.

Returns

Sica::m_nb

2.7.2.11 SicaQueue* ns3::Sica::GetSicaQueue ()

Return the address of Sica::m_queue.

Returns

Sica::m_queue

2.7.2.12 void ns3::Sica::NotifyChannelProbability (std::vector< double > *channelProb*)

Public method used to fire a probability changes trace for channels.

Parameters

channelProb a vector containing the channel probability

2.7.2.13 void ns3::Sica::NotifyHelloSent (Ptr< Packet > *packet*)

Public method used to fire a hello-sent trace for a data packet being sent.

Parameters

packet a copy of a packet which was sent

2.7.2.14 void ns3::Sica::NotifyRxDropped (Ptr< const Packet > *packet*, double *snr*)

Public method used to fire a data-dropped trace for a data packet during the receiving process.

Parameters

packet a pointer to the packet

Parameters

snr The signal to noise ratio detected on channel

2.7.2.15 void ns3::Sica::NotifyRxReceived (Ptr< Packet > *packet*)

Public method used to fire a data-received trace for a data packet being received.

Parameters

packet Received packet

2.7.2.16 void ns3::Sica::NotifyTxSent (Ptr< Packet > *packet*)

Public method used to fire a data-sent trace for a data packet being sent.

Parameters

packet a copy of a packet which was sent

2.7.2.17 void ns3::Sica::PrintGameData (std::ostream & *os*, std::vector< uint32_t > *channels*, std::vector< double > *prob*, std::vector< double > *weight*, std::vector< double > *cProb*)

Print game information, it is called by [Sica::GameChannelAssignment](#) this function must be called by [Sica::GameChannelAssignment](#).

Parameters

os the output media

Parameters

channels the id of channels

Parameters

prob the probability vector assigned to channels

Parameters

weight the weight assigned to channels

Parameters

cProb the cumulative probability

2.7.2.18 void ns3::Sica::ProcessRcvData (Ptr< Packet > *p*)

Evaluate the received data packet, send it to [Sica::NotifyRxReceived](#) if the node is the destination of the packet or call [Sica::DistributeDataPacket](#) to send it to the receiving channel of the next hop node.

Parameters

p received packet

2.7.2.19 bool ns3::Sica::RecvPacket (Ptr< NetDevice > *dstDevice*, Ptr< const Packet > *packet*, uint16_t *protocolNumber*, const Address & *srcAddr*)

Listen to device and receives packets.

Parameters

dstDevice the address of the device which receives a packet

Parameters

packet received packet

Parameters

protocolNumber the address of receiving protocol here is SICA_PORT

Parameters

srcAddr the address of sender device

2.7.2.20 void ns3::Sica::ReScheduleTimer (Timer * *t*, Time *minDelay*)

Re-schedule timer with minDelay if minDelay is less than the delay left for timer *t*.

Parameters

t the pointer to the timer

Parameters

minDelay the time to which the timer will be rescheduled if it is less than the remaining time to the end of the timer

2.7.2.21 bool ns3::Sica::RInterfaceReadyToSend (Time *txEstimation*)

Check whether it is possible to send data over R interface or not, check the sense flag and remaining time to the upcoming switch.

Parameters

txEstimation the estimation time necessary for sending data or hello packets

Returns

true if the R interface is ready to send, false otherwise

2.7.2.22 uint32_t ns3::Sica::SelectRandomChannel ()

select a random channel based on the probability assigned to each channel

Returns

the random channel

2.7.2.23 void ns3::Sica::SendPacket (Ptr< Packet > *packet*, Ptr< NetDevice > *device*, uint32_t *protocolNumber*)

Get packet and the device through which the node wants to use to send data and set the sending parameters.

Parameters

packet data to send

Parameters

device the interface through which the data would be sent

Parameters

protocolNumber used to distinguish hello and data packets

2.7.2.24 void ns3::Sica::SetChannelsEmulationObject (ChannelEmuContainer *channelsEmu*) [inline]

Set the channel emulators for all channels.

Parameters

channelsEmu the channels emulation container which contains emulation objects to be added to the [Sica](#) object

2.7.2.25 bool ns3::Sica::SwitchTInterface (uint32_t *c*)

Switch the T interface to a channel for sending data.

Parameters

c The channel to which the T interface will switch

Returns

true if the switching is successful, false otherwise

2.7.2.26 bool ns3::Sica::TInterfaceReadyToSend (uint32_t *ch*, Time *txEstimation*)

Check whether all conditions are held before start sending with T-Interface over the given channel.

Parameters

ch The id of the channel over which the T interface will send data

Parameters

txEstimation The time estimation for sending one packet

2.7.2.27 void ns3::Sica::TInterfaceSend (uint32_t *ch*)

Send data over the given channels (Sica::channelsToPoll)using the T interface.

Parameters

ch The channel for which the T interface start the transmission

2.7.2.28 void ns3::Sica::TInterfaceStartSend (uint32_t *ch*)

Switch T interface to channels one by one and send data.

Parameters

ch the channel to which the T interface will switch to send data Sica::TMax maximum amount of time that node will stay on one channel to send data

2.7.2.29 bool ns3::Sica::UpdateChannelTable (SicaHelloHeader *sicaHelloHeader*)

Update channel information based on information in hello message.

Parameters

sicaHelloHeader Hello header which is passed to process

2.7.2.30 bool ns3::Sica::UpdateNeighborTable (SicaHelloHeader *sicaHelloHeader*, Address *srcAddr*)

Update neighbor information based on information in hello message.

Parameters

sicaHelloHeader Hello header which is passed to process

Parameters

srcAddr The header of the transmitter from which the hello packet was received

Returns

true if the information is not stale

2.7.3 Member Data Documentation**2.7.3.1 double ns3::Sica::m_alpha**

Alpha parameter for calculating the loss in decision game

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/sica.h

2.8 ns3::SicaChannels::SicaChannel Struct Reference

Structure which holds channel information for [Sica](#) or Urbanx protocols.

```
#include <sica-channel.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [SicaChannel](#) (uint32_t chId, uint32_t bw, uint32_t bx, uint32_t niNo, Time bxExpTime)
c-tor of the [SicaChannel](#) struct

Public Attributes

- uint32_t [m_cId](#)
Channel ID.
- uint32_t [m_bw](#)
Channel's total bandwidth in mbps.
- uint32_t [m_bx](#)
Estimated external interference bandwidth consumption for this channel.
- uint32_t [m_neighborsNo](#)
Number of neighboring interface on the channel.
- double [m_weight](#)
Channel weights according to decision game.
- Time [m_bxExpireTime](#)
Reset Bx after a long period of time if there is no update happens.
- bool [m_senseFalg](#)

2.8.1 Detailed Description

Structure which holds channel information for [Sica](#) or Urbanx protocols.

2.8.2 Member Data Documentation

2.8.2.1 bool ns3::SicaChannels::SicaChannel::m_senseFalg

Used to show whether this channel is being sensed or not, during the sense period no data transmission is done

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `src/mrmc/sica/sica-channel.h`

2.9 ns3::SicaQueue::SicaChannelQueue Struct Reference

[Sica](#) Channel Queue is a structure which stores data and signal queue for one channel.

```
#include <sica-queue.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [SicaChannelQueue](#) (uint32_t ch)
c-tor
- virtual [~SicaChannelQueue](#) (void)
d-tor

- void [SetChannelQueue](#) (uint32_t ch)
Set channel number.
- void [OpenChannelQueue](#) ()
Open a recently closed queue.
- bool [IsExpired](#) ([SicaQueueEntry](#) ent)
Remove expired entries in the queue.

Public Attributes

- std::vector< [SicaQueueEntry](#) > [m_helloQueue](#)
Store Hello packets targeted to one channel in a vector.
- std::vector< [SicaQueueEntry](#) > [m_dataQueue](#)
Store Data packets targeted to one channel in a vector.
- uint32_t [m_ch](#)
Channel number.
- bool [m_close](#)
If this queue is active or not.

2.9.1 Detailed Description

[Sica](#) Channel Queue is a structure which stores data and signal queue for one channel.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `src/mrmc/sica/sica-queue.h`

2.10 ns3::SicaChannels Class Reference

[Sica](#) ChannelTable defines the table structure for saving information about channels in [Sica](#).

```
#include <sica-channel.h>
```

Classes

- struct [SicaChannel](#)
Structure which holds channel information for [Sica](#) or [Urbanx](#) protocols.

Public Member Functions

- [SicaChannels](#) ()
c-tor
- virtual [~SicaChannels](#) ()
d-tor
- [uint32_t GetChannelID](#) ([SicaChannel](#) *ch)
Return the Id of the channel table object.
- [SicaChannel * FindChannel](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId)
Return the pointer to the channel information with ID id.
- void [UpdateChannel](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId, [uint32_t](#) bw, [uint32_t](#) bx, [uint32_t](#) niNo, [Time](#) bxExpTime)
Update or insert information in channel list.
- void [SetChannelBandwidth](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId, [uint32_t](#) bw)
Set the total bandwidth of the channel with ID id.
- [uint32_t GetChannelBandwidth](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId)
Return the total bandwidth of the channel with ID id.
- void [SetChannelExtBandwidth](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId, [uint32_t](#) bx, [Time](#) bxExpTime)
Set the external bandwidth consumption for channel with ID id.
- [uint32_t GetChannelExtBandwidth](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId)
Return the external bandwidth consumption for channel with ID id.
- [Time GetExtBandwidthExpireTime](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId)
Return the expiration time for estimated external bandwidth for channel with ID id.
- void [SetChannelNeighbors](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId, [uint32_t](#) niNo)
Set the number of neighbors that have one receiving radio on channel with ID id.
- [uint32_t GetChannelNeighbors](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId)
Return the number of neighbors that have one receiving radio on channel with ID id.
- void [IncChannelNeighbors](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId)
Increase by one the number of neighbors that have one receiving radio on channel with ID id.
- void [DecChannelNeighbors](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId)
Decrease by one the number of neighbors that have one receiving radio on channel with ID id.
- void [SetChannelWeight](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId, [double](#) w)
Set the weight of a channel with ID id.
- [double GetChannelWeight](#) ([uint32_t](#) chId)
Return the weight of a channel with ID id.

- void [SetChannelSenseFlag](#) (uint32_t chId)
- void [ResetChannelSenseFlag](#) (uint32_t chId)
Reset the sense flag for the channel.
- bool [IsBeingSensed](#) (uint32_t chId)
Return true if any neighbor is sensing this channel, otherwise false.
- void [PrintChannel](#) (std::ostream &os)
Print Channel Table.
- void [Clear](#) ()
Clear channel list.
- double [CalculateCLCPF](#) (uint32_t ccc)
calculate and return clcpf for Urbanx::Urbanx protocol
- int [FindMaxWeightChannel](#) (uint32_t ccc)
find channel with the maximum weight

2.10.1 Detailed Description

[Sica](#) ChannelTable defines the table structure for saving information about channels in [Sica](#).

2.10.2 Member Function Documentation

2.10.2.1 double ns3::SicaChannels::CalculateCLCPF (uint32_t ccc)

calculate and return clcpf for Urbanx::Urbanx protocol

Returns

channel with minimum weight

Parameters

ccc the Id of the common channel to be avoided from the calculation

2.10.2.2 void ns3::SicaChannels::DecChannelNeighbors (uint32_t chId)

Decrease by one the number of neighbors that have one receiving radio on channel with ID id.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

2.10.2.3 SicaChannel* ns3::SicaChannels::FindChannel (uint32_t *chId*)

Return the pointer to the channel information with ID id.

Parameters

chId the id of the channel

2.10.2.4 int ns3::SicaChannels::FindMaxWeightChannel (uint32_t *ccc*)

find channel with the maximum weight

Parameters

ccc the Id of the common channel to be avoided from the calculation

2.10.2.5 uint32_t ns3::SicaChannels::GetChannelBandwidth (uint32_t *chId*)

Return the total bandwidth of the channel with ID id.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

2.10.2.6 uint32_t ns3::SicaChannels::GetChannelExtBandwidth (uint32_t *chId*)

Return the external bandwidth consumption for channel with ID id.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

2.10.2.7 uint32_t ns3::SicaChannels::GetChannelID (SicaChannel * *ch*) [inline]

Return the Id of the channel table object.

Parameters

ch the pointer to the channel table object

2.10.2.8 uint32_t ns3::SicaChannels::GetChannelNeighbors (uint32_t *chId*)

Return the number of neighbors that have one receiving radio on channel with ID id.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

2.10.2.9 double ns3::SicaChannels::GetChannelWeight (uint32_t *chId*)

Return the weight of a channel with ID id.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

2.10.2.10 Time ns3::SicaChannels::GetExtBandwidthExpireTime (uint32_t *chId*)

Return the expiration time for estimated external bandwidth for channel with ID id.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

2.10.2.11 void ns3::SicaChannels::IncChannelNeighbors (uint32_t *chId*)

Increase by one the number of neighbors that have one receiving radio on channel with ID id.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

2.10.2.12 bool ns3::SicaChannels::IsBeingSensed (uint32_t *chId*)

Return true if any neighbor is sensing this channel, otherwise false.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

2.10.2.13 void ns3::SicaChannels::PrintChannel (std::ostream & *os*)

Print Channel Table.

Parameters

os the output stream

2.10.2.14 void ns3::SicaChannels::ResetChannelSenseFlag (uint32_t *chId*)

Reset the sense flag for the channel.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

2.10.2.15 void ns3::SicaChannels::SetChannelBandwidth (uint32_t *chId*, uint32_t *bw*)

Set the total bandwidth of the channel with ID id.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

Parameters

bw the bandwidth of the channel in Mb

2.10.2.16 void ns3::SicaChannels::SetChannelExtBandwidth (uint32_t *chId*, uint32_t *bx*, Time *bxExpTime*)

Set the external bandwidth consumption for channel with ID id.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

Parameters

bx the amount of channel bandwidth consumed by external interference

Parameters

bxExpTime the expiration time of new information

2.10.2.17 void ns3::SicaChannels::SetChannelNeighbors (uint32_t *chId*, uint32_t *niNo*)

Set the number of neighbors that have one receiving radio on channel with ID id.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

Parameters

niNo number of neighboring nodes radio interface tuned over the channel

2.10.2.18 void ns3::SicaChannels::SetChannelSenseFlag (uint32_t *chId*)

\ Set the sense flag for the channel

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

2.10.2.19 void ns3::SicaChannels::SetChannelWeight (uint32_t *chId*, double *w*)

Set the weight of a channel with ID id.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

Parameters

w the weight of the channel

2.10.2.20 void ns3::SicaChannels::UpdateChannel (uint32_t *chId*, uint32_t *bw*, uint32_t *bx*, uint32_t *niNo*, Time *bxExpTime*)

Update or insert information in channel list.

Parameters

chId the Id of the channel

Parameters

bw the bandwidth of the channel in Mb

Parameters

bx the amount of channel bandwidth consumed by external interference

Parameters

niNo number of neighboring radio interface tuned to the channel

Parameters

bxExpTime the expire time of the information about channel

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/sica-channel.h

2.11 ns3::SicaContainer Class Reference

Container which holds [Sica](#) objects.

```
#include <sica-helper.h>
```

Public Types

- typedef std::vector< Ptr< [Sica](#) > >::const_iterator [Iterator](#)
The iterator over a vector of [Sica](#) objects.

Public Member Functions

- [SicaContainer](#) ()
- [Iterator Begin](#) (void) const
Return the pointer of first element in the container.
- [Iterator End](#) (void) const
Return the pointer of last element in the container.
- uint32_t [GetN](#) (void) const
Return the number of elements in the container.
- Ptr< [Sica](#) > [Get](#) (uint32_t i) const
Return one element in the container.
- void [Add](#) (Ptr< [Sica](#) > s)
Add one element to the end of the container.

2.11.1 Detailed Description

Container which holds [Sica](#) objects.

2.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation**2.11.2.1 ns3::SicaContainer::SicaContainer ()**

Create an empty [SicaContainer](#).

2.11.3 Member Function Documentation

2.11.3.1 void ns3::SicaContainer::Add (Ptr< Sica > s)

Add one element to the end of the container.

Parameters

s the pointer of the [Sica](#) object

2.11.3.2 Ptr<Sica> ns3::SicaContainer::Get (uint32_t i) const

Return one element in the container.

Parameters

i the id of the element to be returned

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/sica-helper.h

2.12 ns3::SicaHeader Class Reference

Header used for static routing.

```
#include <sica-packet.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [SicaHeader](#) (uint32_t sqNo=0, uint32_t origin=0, uint32_t dest=0, uint32_t nextHop=0, Time originTime=Simulator::Now())
c-tor
- TypeId [GetInstanceTypeId](#) () const
return the type id
- uint32_t [GetSerializedSize](#) () const
return the serialize size of the header
- void [Serialize](#) (Buffer::Iterator i) const
Serialize the header in to bits.
- uint32_t [Deserialize](#) (Buffer::Iterator start)
Deserialize the header.
- void [Print](#) (std::ostream &os) const
Print the content of the header.

- bool [IsValid](#) ()
Check whether the header has valid data or not.
- void [SetSeqNo](#) (uint32_t seqno)
Set the sequence number of the hello header.
- uint32_t [GetSeqNo](#) ()
Return the sequence number of the hello header.
- void [SetOrigin](#) (uint32_t origin)
Set the originator Id.
- uint32_t [GetOrigin](#) ()
Return the originator Id.
- void [SetDest](#) (uint32_t dest)
Set the destination Id.
- uint32_t [GetDest](#) ()
Return the destination Id.
- void [SetNextHop](#) (uint32_t nextHop)
Set the nexthop Id.
- uint32_t [GetNextHop](#) ()
Return the nexthop Id.
- void [SetOriginTime](#) (Time originTime)
Set the originating time.
- Time [GetOriginTime](#) ()
Return the originating time of packet.

Static Public Member Functions

- static TypeId [GetTypeId](#) ()
Used to set parameters of the class.

2.12.1 Detailed Description

Header used for static routing.

2.12.2 Member Function Documentation

2.12.2.1 void ns3::SicaHeader::Print (std::ostream & *os*) const

Print the content of the header.

Parameters

os the output stream

2.12.2.2 void ns3::SicaHeader::SetDest (uint32_t *dest*) [inline]

Set the destination Id.

Parameters

dest the id of the destination node

2.12.2.3 void ns3::SicaHeader::SetNextHop (uint32_t *nextHop*) [inline]

Set the nexthop Id.

Parameters

nextHop the id of the next hop node

2.12.2.4 void ns3::SicaHeader::SetOrigin (uint32_t *origin*) [inline]

Set the originator Id.

Parameters

origin the id of the source

2.12.2.5 void ns3::SicaHeader::SetOriginTime (Time *originTime*) [inline]

Set the originating time.

Parameters

originTime the time of originating the message

2.12.2.6 void ns3::SicaHeader::SetSeqNo (uint32_t seqno) [inline]

Set the sequence number of the hello header.

Parameters

seqno the sequence number

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/sica-packet.h

2.13 ns3::SicaHelloHeader Class Reference

Hello Header for [Sica](#) or Urbanx hello messages.

```
#include <sica-packet.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [SicaHelloHeader](#) (uint32_t seqNo=0, uint32_t origin=0, Time originTime=Simulator::Now(), uint8_t radios=1, uint8_t rCh=1, uint8_t extBw=0, uint8_t rNewCh=0, Address rAddr=Address(), Time rSwitchTime=Milliseconds(0), Time rSenseTime=Milliseconds(0))
c-tor
- bool [IsValid](#) ()
Check whether the header has valid data or not.
- void [SetSeqNo](#) (uint32_t seqno)
Set the sequence number of the hello header.
- uint32_t [GetSeqNo](#) ()
Return the sequence number of the hello header.
- void [SetOrigin](#) (uint32_t origin)
Set the originator IP address.
- uint32_t [GetOrigin](#) ()
Return the originator IP address.
- void [SetRadios](#) (uint8_t radios)
Set the number of available radios.
- uint8_t [GetRadios](#) ()
Return the number of available radios.
- void [SetRChannel](#) (uint8_t rCh)
Set the receiving channel.

- uint8_t [GetRChannel](#) ()
Return the receiving channel.
- void [SetExtBw](#) (uint8_t extBw)
Set the external bandwidth over a channel in Mbps.
- uint8_t [GetExtBw](#) ()
Return the external bandwidth over a channel.
- void [SetRNewChannel](#) (uint8_t rNCh)
Set new channel for receiving interface.
- uint8_t [GetRNewChannel](#) ()
Return New channel for receiving interface.
- void [SetRAddress](#) (Address rAddr)
Set address of the originator receiving radio.
- Address [GetRAddress](#) ()
Return address of the originator receiving radio.
- void [SetOriginTime](#) (Time originTime)
Set the originating time.
- Time [GetOriginTime](#) ()
Return the originating time of hello.
- void [SetTimeToSwitch](#) (Time sT)
Set the switching time for receiving interface.
- Time [GetTimeToSwitch](#) ()
Return the switching time of receiving interface.
- void [SetSenseTime](#) (Time ssT)
Synchronize a timer for sensing R-R channel for neighbors over this channel.
- Time [GetSenseTime](#) ()
Return the timer for sensing R-R channel for neighbors over this channel.
- void [SetCLCPF](#) (double clcpf)
Set the CLCPF.
- double [GetCLCPF](#) ()
return the clcpf
- uint32_t [GetTTL](#) ()
return the TTL
- void [SetTTL](#) (uint32_t ttl)
Set ttl.

- void **DecreaseTTL** ()
decrease the ttl by one
- uint8_t **GetNiNo** () const
Return the number of neighbors.
- bool **AddNiRChannel** (uint32_t ni, uint8_t rCh)
Add neighbor receiving channel information to the message.
- bool **RemoveNiRChannel** (std::pair< uint32_t, uint8_t > &ni)
Peek and remove the first element of neighbor receiving channel information from the message and return it in a pair.
- bool **DeleteNiRChannel** (uint32_t ni)
Delete neighbor receiving channel information from the message.
- void **Clear** ()
Cleare Header.

Header serialization/de-serialization

- TypeId **GetInstanceTypeId** () const
- uint32_t **GetSerializedSize** () const
- void **Serialize** (Buffer::Iterator i) const
- uint32_t **Deserialize** (Buffer::Iterator start)
- void **Print** (std::ostream &os) const
- static TypeId **GetTypeId** ()

2.13.1 Detailed Description

Hello Header for [Sica](#) or Urbanx hello messages.

2.13.2 Member Function Documentation

2.13.2.1 bool ns3::SicaHelloHeader::AddNiRChannel (uint32_t ni, uint8_t rCh)

Add neighbor receiving channel information to the message.

Returns

false if we have already add maximum number of neighbors(255) to the message

Parameters

ni the id of neighbor node

Parameters

rCh the receiving channel of the neighbor

2.13.2.2 bool ns3::SicaHelloHeader::DeleteNiRChannel (uint32_t *ni*)

Delete neighbor receiving channel information from the message.

Returns

false if there is no such information in the message

Parameters

ni the id of neighbor node

2.13.2.3 bool ns3::SicaHelloHeader::RemoveNiRChannel (std::pair< uint32_t, uint8_t > & *ni*)

Peek and remove the first element of neighbor receiving channel information from the message and return it in a pair.

Returns

false if there is no such information in the message

Parameters

ni the id of neighbor node

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/sica-packet.h

2.14 ns3::SicaHelper Class Reference

Helper class that adds [Sica](#) channel assignment to nodes.

```
#include <sica-helper.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Ptr< Sica > Create](#) (Ptr< Node > node, [ChannelEmuContainer](#) channelsEmu) const
This method will be called by ns3::SicaHelper::Install to create and return one Sica object.
- void [Set](#) (std::string name, const AttributeValue &value)
This method controls the attributes of ns3::Sica::Sica.
- [SicaContainer Install](#) (NodeContainer c, [ChannelEmuContainer](#) channelsEmu) const
For each node in the input container, implements ns3::Sica The program will assert if this method is called on a container with a node that already has a Sica object aggregated to it.

2.14.1 Detailed Description

Helper class that adds [Sica](#) channel assignment to nodes.

2.14.2 Member Function Documentation

2.14.2.1 `Ptr<Sica> ns3::SicaHelper::Create (Ptr< Node > node, ChannelEmuContainer channelsEmu) const`

This method will be called by [ns3::SicaHelper::Install](#) to create and return one [Sica](#) object.

Parameters

node the node on which [Sica](#) will run

Parameters

channelsEmu the channel emulators which are simulated the channel situations for scenario

Returns

a newly-created [Sica](#)

2.14.2.2 `SicaContainer ns3::SicaHelper::Install (NodeContainer c, ChannelEmuContainer channelsEmu) const`

For each node in the input container, implements [ns3::Sica](#). The program will assert if this method is called on a container with a node that already has a [Sica](#) object aggregated to it.

Parameters

c NodeContainer that holds the set of nodes on which to install the new agent.

Parameters

channelsEmu the channel emulators which are simulated the channel situations for scenario

2.14.2.3 `void ns3::SicaHelper::Set (std::string name, const AttributeValue & value)`

This method controls the attributes of [ns3::Sica::Sica](#).

Parameters

name the name of the attribute to set

Parameters

value the value of the attribute to set.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- `src/mrmc/sica/sica-helper.h`

2.15 ns3::SicaNeighbors::SicaNeighbor Struct Reference

Neighbor description.

```
#include <sica-neighbor.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [SicaNeighbor](#) (uint32_t id, uint32_t h, uint32_t r, uint32_t ch, Address rAddr, Address tAddr, Time utime, Time stime, uint32_t nch)

c-tor

Public Attributes

- uint32_t [m_id](#)
Node Id of the neighbor.
- uint32_t [m_hopCount](#)
Distance to the neighbor.
- uint32_t [m_neighborRadio](#)
Number of radio interface it has.
- uint32_t [m_neighborChannel](#)
Channel of the receiving radio.
- Address [m_rAddr](#)
< Address of the receiving radio interfaces
- Address [m_tAddr](#)
< Address of the transmitting radio interfaces
- Address [m_cAddr](#)
< Address of the common radio if any
- Time [m_updateTime](#)
Time stamp, which shows the moment that the information is updated.
- Time [m_switchTime](#)
Shows that when a neighbor will switch its receiving interface to another channel.
- uint32_t [m_neighborNewChannel](#)
New channel for neighboring node where it will switch after m_switchTime.
- bool [close](#)

2.15.1 Detailed Description

Neighbor description.

2.15.2 Member Data Documentation

2.15.2.1 bool ns3::SicaNeighbors::SicaNeighbor::close

Variable for future need!!

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/sica-neighbor.h

2.16 ns3::SicaNeighbors Class Reference

[SicaNeighbors](#) defines the table structure for saving neighboring nodes' information in [Sica](#).

```
#include <sica-neighbor.h>
```

Classes

- struct [SicaNeighbor](#)
Neighbor description.

Public Member Functions

- [SicaNeighbors](#) ()
c-tor
- virtual [~SicaNeighbors](#) ()
d-tor
- [SicaNeighbor](#) * [FindNeighbor](#) (uint32_t id)
Find neighbor and node with ID id return the pointer.
- int32_t [FindDeviceAddr](#) (Address addr)
Find Id of neighbor which has a device with the address addr.
- Time [GetNiUpdateTime](#) (uint32_t id)
Return expire time for neighbor node with ID id, if exists, else return 0.
- void [SetNiUpdateTime](#) (uint32_t id, Time uTime)
Set the update time of a neighbor.
- Time [GetNiSwitchTime](#) (uint32_t id)
Return switching time for neighbor node with ID id, if exists, else return 0.
- void [SetNiSwitchTime](#) (uint32_t id, Time sTime)
Set the update time of a neighbor.
- uint32_t [GetNiHops](#) (uint32_t id)
Return the hop counts of a neighbor.

- void [SetNiHops](#) (uint32_t id, uint32_t hops)
Set the hop counts of a neighbor.
- bool [Update](#) (uint32_t id, uint32_t hops, uint32_t radio, uint32_t channel, Address rAddr, Address tAddr, Time updateTime, Time switchTime, uint32_t newChannel)
Update the information for the neighbor with ID id, return false if the received information is older than the current.
- void [RmvNeighbor](#) (uint32_t id)
Remove neighbor by with ID id.
- int32_t [GetNiChannel](#) (uint32_t id)
Return the receiving channel of the neighbor with ID id.
- void [SetNiChannel](#) (uint32_t id, uint32_t nCh)
Set neighbor's channel.
- int32_t [GetNiTChannel](#) (uint32_t id)
Return the transmitting channel of the neighbor with ID id.
- void [SetNiTChannel](#) (uint32_t id, uint32_t nCh)
Set neighbor's channel.
- int32_t [GetNiNewChannel](#) (uint32_t id)
Return the new channel that the neighbor will switch to.
- void [SetNiNewChannel](#) (uint32_t id, uint32_t nCh)
Set neighbor New channel.
- Address [GetNiRAddress](#) (uint32_t id)
Return the address of the receiving interface of the neighbor.
- void [SetNiRAddress](#) (uint32_t id, Address rAddr)
Set the address of the receiving interface of the neighbor.
- Address [GetNiTAddress](#) (uint32_t id)
Return the address of the transmitting interface of the neighbor.
- void [SetNiTAddress](#) (uint32_t id, Address rAddr)
Set the address of the transmitting interface of the neighbor.
- Address [GetNiCAddress](#) (uint32_t id)
Return the address of the c interface of the neighbor.
- void [SetNiCAddress](#) (uint32_t id, Address cAddr)
Set the address of the c interface of the neighbor.
- bool [IsDirectNeighbor](#) (uint32_t id)
Check that node with ID id is direct neighbor.

- bool [IsDirectNeighborByIndex](#) (uint32_t i)
Check that node in i th place of neighbor table is direct neighbor.
- uint32_t [GetNiOnChannel](#) (uint32_t channel)
Return the number of neighbors on a specific channel.
- uint32_t [GetNiOnChannelByHops](#) (uint32_t channel, uint32_t fromHopC, uint32_t toHopC)
Return the number of neighbors which are far as hopC and have a radio a specific channel.
- int32_t [GetNeighborIdByIndex](#) (uint32_t i)
Return the IP address of the receiving radio of i th neighbor from neighbor list.
- int32_t [GetNiChannelByIndex](#) (uint32_t i)
Return the receiving channel of the i th neighbor from neighbor list.
- void [PrintNeighborTable](#) (std::ostream &os)
Print the information stored in neighbor table.
- uint32_t [GetNiNo](#) ()
Return number of entris in neighbor table.
- uint32_t [GetNiNobyHops](#) (uint32_t fromHopC, uint32_t toHopC)
Return the number of neighbors from distance fromHopC to toHopC.
- void [RmvExpiredNi](#) (Time maxExpireTime)
Remove expired neighbor information.
- void [Clear](#) ()
Cleare neighbor list.

2.16.1 Detailed Description

[SicaNeighbors](#) defines the table structure for saving neighboring nodes' information in [Sica](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/sica-neighbor.h

2.17 ns3::SicaQueue Class Reference

[SicaQueue](#) is used to handle more than one data and signal queue for each node.

```
#include <sica-queue.h>
```

Classes

- struct [SicaChannelQueue](#)
Sica Channel Queue is a structure which stores data and signal queue for one channel.

Public Member Functions

- [SicaQueue](#) ()
c-tor
- virtual [~SicaQueue](#) ()
d-tor
- [SicaChannelQueue](#) * [FindChannelQueue](#) (uint32_t ch)
Return the pointer to the queue associated to the channel "ch".
- uint32_t [GetSize](#) (uint32_t ch, [SicaQueueEntry::PacketType](#) ptype)
Number of entries in the channel queue (hello queue or data queue).
- void [CpQueuEntry](#) ([SicaQueueEntry](#) *cpy, [SicaQueueEntry](#) origin)
Copy the entry fields of.
- bool [Enqueue](#) (uint32_t ch, [SicaQueueEntry](#) *ent)
Push entry in channel queue, if there is no entry with the same packet and destination address in queue.
- [SicaQueueEntry](#) * [Dequeue](#) (uint32_t ch, [SicaQueueEntry::PacketType](#) ptype)
Return first entry of channel queue for given packet type (hello or data) This function does not remove packets from queue.
- [SicaQueueEntry](#) * [DequeueWithDest](#) (uint32_t ch, uint32_t dst)
Return the earliest entry found for the given destination from data queue of the given channel.
- bool [EraseWithDest](#) (uint32_t ch, uint32_t dst)
Remove the entry for the given destination address from data queue of the given channel.
- std::vector< [SicaQueueEntry](#) >::iterator [FindQueueEntryForDest](#) (uint32_t ch, uint32_t dst)
*Return the pointer to the entry for the given destination address from data queue of the given channel,,
Return queue.end if there is no entry.*
- void [EraseFront](#) (uint32_t ch, [SicaQueueEntry::PacketType](#) ptype)
Remove the first packet in the queue corresponding to the given packet type (hello or data) Close the channel queue on which we have no neighbor.
- uint32_t [Purge](#) (uint32_t ch, [SicaQueueEntry::PacketType](#) ptype)
Remove the expired packets from the channel queue of the given channel and given type (hello or data).
- void [ShuffleData](#) (uint32_t originCh, uint32_t targetCh, uint32_t addr)
Move all data packets related to the node with the given address from one channel to another channel queue.
- void [ShuffleDataALL](#) (uint32_t originCh, uint32_t targetCh)
Move all data packets from one channel to another channel queue.
- void [CloseQueue](#) (uint32_t ch)
Close a queue and erase all packets.
- [SicaChannelQueue](#) * [CreatQueue](#) (uint32_t ch)

Create the queue of a channel on which we have one neighbor.

- double [ComputeFlowNumber](#) (uint32_t *ch*)
find how many flows are in one channel queue (packets with different sources)

2.17.1 Detailed Description

[SicaQueue](#) is used to handle more than one data and signal queue for each node. It would attached to each node and maintain all tasks about hello and data packets queuing. It stores/retrieves packets to/from the specified channel queue.

2.17.2 Member Function Documentation

2.17.2.1 void ns3::SicaQueue::CpQueuEntry (SicaQueueEntry * *cpy*, SicaQueueEntry *origin*)

Copy the entry fields of.

Parameters

origin into

Parameters

cpy Queue entry

2.17.2.2 SicaQueueEntry* ns3::SicaQueue::Dequeue (uint32_t *ch*, SicaQueueEntry::PacketType *ptype*)

Return first entry of channel queue for given packet type (hello or data) This function does not remove packets from queue.

Parameters

ch the channel ID

Parameters

ptype Hello or Data type

Returns

A pointer which contains a copy of queue entry

2.17.2.3 SicaQueueEntry* ns3::SicaQueue::DequeueWithDest (uint32_t *ch*, uint32_t *dst*)

Return the earliest entry found for the given destination from data queue of the given channel.

Parameters*ch* The channel ID**Parameters***dst* ID of the destination**Returns**

a pointer to a queue entry

2.17.2.4 bool ns3::SicaQueue::EraseWithDest (uint32_t *ch*, uint32_t *dst*)

Remove the entry for the given destination address from data queue of the given channel.

Parameters*ch* The channel ID**Parameters***dst* ID of the destination**2.17.2.5 std::vector<SicaQueueEntry>::iterator ns3::SicaQueue::FindQueueEntryForDest (uint32_t *ch*, uint32_t *dst*)**

Return the pointer to the entry for the given destination address from data queue of the given channel,,
Return queue.end if there is no entry.

Parameters*ch* The channel ID**Parameters***dst* ID of the destination**Returns**

an iterator which refer to the queue entry

2.17.2.6 uint32_t ns3::SicaQueue::Purge (uint32_t *ch*, SicaQueueEntry::PacketType *ptype*)

Remove the expired packets from the channel queue of the given channel and given type (hello or data).

Returns

(Queue size)

Parameters*ch* The id of the channel**Parameters***ptype* the type of the queue selected from [SicaQueueEntry::PacketType](#)

2.17.2.7 void ns3::SicaQueue::ShuffleData (uint32_t *originCh*, uint32_t *targetCh*, uint32_t *addr*)

Move all data packets related to the node with the given address from one channel to another channel queue.

Parameters

originCh the source channel

Parameters

targetCh the destination channel

Parameters

addr ID of the destination node

2.17.2.8 void ns3::SicaQueue::ShuffleDataALL (uint32_t *originCh*, uint32_t *targetCh*)

Move all data packets from one channel to another channel queue.

Parameters

originCh the source channel

Parameters

targetCh the destination channel

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/sica-queue.h

2.18 ns3::SicaQueueEntry Class Reference

This class defines the entry format for either hello or packet queue. A time stamp is used to delete old entries.

```
#include <sica-queue.h>
```

Public Types

- enum [PacketType](#) { [Hello_Type](#) = 1, [Data_Type](#) = 2 }
used to differentiate packets for services.

Public Member Functions

- [SicaQueueEntry](#) (Ptr< Packet > p, [PacketType](#) ptype)
c-tor

- virtual [~SicaQueueEntry](#) ()
d-tor
- bool [operator==](#) ([SicaQueueEntry](#) const &o) const
Compare queue entries.
- [PacketType](#) [GetPacketType](#) ()
Return the type packet in queue entry.
- void [SetPacketType](#) ([PacketType](#) ptype)
Return the packet type (hello or data) in queue entry.
- [Ptr< Packet >](#) [GetPacket](#) ()
Return the pointer to the packet in queue entry.
- void [SetPacket](#) ([Ptr< Packet >](#)p)
Put a packet in queue entry.
- void [SetExpireTime](#) (Time exp)
Set the expire time of the queue entry equal to the simulation time plus the expiration time in second.
- Time [GetExpireTime](#) ()
Get the expire time of the queue entry, if the return value is less than zero the packet should be removed.

2.18.1 Detailed Description

This class defines the entry format for either hello or packet queue. A time stamp is used to delete old entries.

2.18.2 Member Enumeration Documentation

2.18.2.1 enum ns3::SicaQueueEntry::PacketType

used to differentiate packets for services.

Enumerator:

Hello_Type [SicaQueueEntry](#) contains hello message.
Data_Type [SicaQueueEntry](#) contains data message.

2.18.3 Member Function Documentation

2.18.3.1 bool ns3::SicaQueueEntry::operator== ([SicaQueueEntry](#) const & o) const `[inline]`

Compare queue entries.

Parameters

- o the queue entry for comparison

Returns

true if equal

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/sica-queue.h

2.19 ns3::SicaRoutingTableEntry Class Reference

A record of a routing table entry for static routing in [Sica](#).

```
#include <sica-rtable.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [SicaRoutingTableEntry](#) ()
This constructor does nothing.
- [SicaRoutingTableEntry](#) ([SicaRoutingTableEntry](#) const &route)
Copy Constructor.
- [SicaRoutingTableEntry](#) ([SicaRoutingTableEntry](#) const *route)
Copy Constructor.
- [SicaRoutingTableEntry](#) (uint32_t srcId, uint32_t dstId, uint32_t nextHopId, double metric)
Copy Constructor.
- uint32_t [GetSrc](#) (void) const
- void [SetSrc](#) (uint32_t srcId)
Set the node id of the source of this route.
- uint32_t [GetDest](#) (void) const
- void [SetDest](#) (uint32_t dstId)
Set the node id of the destination of this route.
- uint32_t [GetNextHop](#) (void) const
- void [SetNextHop](#) (uint32_t nextHopId)
Set the node id of the next hop of this route.
- double [GetMetric](#) (void) const
- void [SetMetric](#) (double metric)
Set the metric of this route.

2.19.1 Detailed Description

A record of a routing table entry for static routing in [Sica](#).

2.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

2.19.2.1 ns3::SicaRoutingTableEntry::SicaRoutingTableEntry (SicaRoutingTableEntry const & *route*)

Copy Constructor.

Parameters

route The route to copy

2.19.2.2 ns3::SicaRoutingTableEntry::SicaRoutingTableEntry (SicaRoutingTableEntry const * *route*)

Copy Constructor.

Parameters

route The route to copy

2.19.2.3 ns3::SicaRoutingTableEntry::SicaRoutingTableEntry (uint32_t *srcId*, uint32_t *dstId*, uint32_t *nextHopId*, double *metric*)

Copy Constructor.

Parameters

srcId source Id

Parameters

dstId destination Id

Parameters

nextHopId Id of next hop node to the destination

Parameters

metric route metric

2.19.3 Member Function Documentation

2.19.3.1 uint32_t ns3::SicaRoutingTableEntry::GetDest (void) const

Returns

The node id of the destination of this route

2.19.3.2 double ns3::SicaRoutingTableEntry::GetMetric (void) const

Returns

The metric of this route

2.19.3.3 uint32_t ns3::SicaRoutingTableEntry::GetNextHop (void) const

Returns

The node id of the next hop of this route

2.19.3.4 uint32_t ns3::SicaRoutingTableEntry::GetSrc (void) const

Returns

The node id of the source of this route

2.19.3.5 void ns3::SicaRoutingTableEntry::SetDest (uint32_t *dstId*)

Set the node id of the destination of this route.

Parameters

dstId the id of destination node

2.19.3.6 void ns3::SicaRoutingTableEntry::SetMetric (double *metric*)

Set the metric of this route.

Parameters

metric the metric of the path

2.19.3.7 void ns3::SicaRoutingTableEntry::SetNextHop (uint32_t *nextHopId*)

Set the node id of the next hop of this route.

Parameters

nextHopId the id of the next-hop node

2.19.3.8 void ns3::SicaRoutingTableEntry::SetSrc (uint32_t *srcId*)

Set the node id of the source of this route.

Parameters

srcId the id of the source node

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/mrmc/sica/sica-rtable.h