

$$1. (1) y = \frac{50 + 200 + 0.8 \times 625 - 0.8 \times 250}{1 - 0.8} = \frac{50 + 200 + 500 - 200}{0.2} = 1000 \text{ (亿美元)}$$

$$(2) k_i = \frac{1}{1 - 0.8} = 5$$

$$k_g = \frac{1}{1 - 0.8} = 5$$

$$k_t = \frac{-0.8}{1 - 0.8} = -4$$

$$k_{tr} = \frac{0.8}{1 - 0.8} = 4$$

$$k_b = \frac{1}{1 - 0.8} - \frac{0.8}{1 - 0.8} = 1$$

$$2. (1) \frac{1200 - 1000}{5} = 40$$

$$(2) \frac{1200 - 1000}{4} = 50$$

$$(3) \frac{1200 - 1000}{1} = 200$$

$$3. \frac{600 - 400}{0.25} = 800$$

$$4. (1) \text{均衡国民收入: } y = \frac{1000 + 800 + 750 - 600 \times 0.75}{1 - 0.75} = 8400$$

$$\text{可支配收入: } 8400 - 600 = 7800$$

$$(2) C = 1000 + 0.75 \times 7800 = 6850$$

$$(3) S = 1000 + 0.25 \times 7800 = 950$$

$$\text{政府: } S = 600 - 750 = -150$$

$$(4) k_i = \frac{1}{1 - 0.75} = 4$$

$$\text{初始 } y_1 = \frac{2 + i + g - \beta t + \beta tr}{0.2}$$

$$5. y_2 = \frac{2 + 600 + i + g - 300 - \beta(t - 300) + \beta(tr - 600)}{0.2} = \frac{2 + i + g - \beta t + \beta tr}{0.2} + \frac{600 - 300}{0.2}$$

$$= y_1 + 1500$$

新政府将使国民收入增加1500

附加题

$$1. (1) y = \frac{30 + 60 + 50 - 0.8 \times 50 + 50}{1 - 0.8 + 0.05} = 600$$

$$(2) nx = 50 - 0.05 \times 600 = 20$$

$$(3) k_i = \frac{1}{1 - 0.8 + 0.05} = 5.4$$

$$(4) y = 600 + 5.4 \times 10 = 654$$

$$nx = 50 - 0.05 \times 654 = 18$$

$$(5) y = \frac{30 + 60 + 50 - 0.8 \times 50 + 40}{1 - 0.8 + 0.05} = 560$$

$$nx = 50 - 0.05 \times 560 = 12$$