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# Created by Darren Holland 2/13/17
# Modified by Darren Holland 2020-11-02
# File for creating the 2D mask using the design matrix
# Make all numpy available via shorter 'num' prefix
import numpy as np
# Make all matlib functions accessible at the top level via M.func()
import numpy.matlib as M
# Make some matlib functions accessible directly at the top level via, e.g.
rand(3,3)
from numpy.matlib import rand, zeros, ones, empty, eye
import math as m
import subprocess
# Load functions for calculating mask inner wall
import intersectLinePlane
import intersectLineCylinder
# Define geometry creation function
CreateGeo(RSMmaxsize,th_angle,ph_angle,start_phi,end_phi,det_height,det_rad,slee
ve_inner_rad, sleeve_outer_rad, sleeve_height, sleeve_bottom, \
    start_cells,s_dist,Userfile,MainDir,Nodesfile,Elemfile,dir_settings,DR,DH):
    # Initialize variables and coordinates
    theta_angle = th_angle
    phi_angle = ph_angle
    # Create a small gap between the mask and detector/sleeve so geometry does
not overlap
    edge_angle = m.degrees(m.atan(sleeve_height/sleeve_outer_rad))
    edge_dist = m.sqrt(sleeve_outer_rad ** 2 + sleeve_height ** 2)
    gap = max(np.asarray([0, edge_dist * m.cos(m.radians(edge_angle -
phi_angle / 2)) - sleeve_outer_rad, edge_dist * m.sin(m.radians(edge_angle +
phi_angle / 2)) - sleeve_height]))
    # Add 0.2 to gap to avoid overlapping elements
    gap = gap + 0.02
    RSM_outer_rad = sleeve_outer_rad + sleeve_outer_rad * (1 -
m.cos(m.radians(theta_angle / 2))) + gap
    # Initialize discretization
    theta = np.arange(theta_angle / 2.0, 361, theta_angle)
    phi = np.arange(start_phi+phi_angle/2.0, end_phi, phi_angle)
    n_theta = theta.shape[0]
    n_phi = phi.shape[0]
    # Create nodal mapping
    n_mapping = np.empty((n_theta, n_phi))
    n_mapping[range(n_theta), 0] = np.transpose(np.arange(1, n_theta+1) +
start_cells)
    for kk in np.arange(0,n_phi-1):
        n_{mapping}[:, kk+1] = (n_{mapping}[:, kk] + n_{theta})
    # Create matrices of all RSM theta and phi positions
    m_theta = np.kron(np.ones((1,n_phi)), np.transpose(theta[np.newaxis]))
    m_phi = np.kron(np.ones((n_theta,1)), (phi[np.newaxis]))
    # Initialize voxel center position
    x_c = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
    y_c = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
    z_c = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
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x_c1 = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
   y_c1 = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
    z_c1 = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
   x_c2 = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
   y_c2 = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
    z_c2 = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
   x_c3 = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
   y_c3 = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
   z_c3 = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
   x_c4 = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
   y_c4 = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
    z_c4 = np.zeros((n_theta, n_phi))
   #Find points on the detector cylinder at each phi and theta value.
   # Side of cylinder
    p_cyl = np.asarray([0., 0., -500., 0., sleeve_height, RSM_outer_rad])
    # Top of cylinder
    p_plane = np.asarray([0., 0., sleeve_height + gap, 1., 0., 0., 0., 1., 0.])
   # Angle voxels by small amount to avoid numerical overlap and parallel
planes
    overlapfactor=float(0.0001) # Value used to avoid Geant overlapping geometry
    overlapfactorzero=float(0.01) # Value used to avoid Geant overlapping
geometry at phi = 0
    # Calculate voxel corner positions closest to detector by finding
intersection of ray starting at detector center to cylinder face
    for kk in np.arange(1,6):
        # Calculate local voxel angle of all voxels with respect to voxel center
        if kk == 1:
            # corner 1
            temp_theta = m_theta - theta_angle / 2 + overlapfactor
            temp_phi = m_phi + phi_angle / 2 - overlapfactor
        if kk == 2:
            # corner 2 (may be degenerate case where phi = 0)
            temp_theta = m_theta - theta_angle / 2 + overlapfactor
            temp_phi = m_phi - phi_angle / 2.0
            temp_phi[temp_phi > 0] = temp_phi[temp_phi > 0] + overlapfactor
            temp_phi[temp_phi == 0] = overlapfactorzero
        if kk == 3:
            # corner 3
            temp_theta = m_theta + theta_angle / 2 - overlapfactor
            temp_phi = m_phi + phi_angle / 2 - overlapfactor
        if kk == 4:
            # corner 4 (may be degenerate case where phi = 0)
            temp_theta = m_theta + theta_angle / 2 - overlapfactor
            temp_phi = m_phi - phi_angle / 2.0
            temp_phi[temp_phi > 0] = temp_phi[temp_phi > 0] + overlapfactor
            temp_phi[temp_phi == 0] = overlapfactorzero
        if kk == 5:
            # voxel center
            temp\_theta = m\_theta
            temp_phi = m_phi
        # For each voxel find where it intersects the top or side of the
cylinder
        for jj in np.arange(n_phi):
            for ii in np.arange(n_theta):
                # Define line from detector center to direction of point
                p_line = np.asarray([0., 0., 0., m.sin(m.radians(temp_phi[ii,
jj])) * m.cos(m.radians(temp_theta[ii, jj])), m.sin(m.radians(temp_phi[ii, jj]))
* m.sin(m.radians(temp_theta[ii, jj])), m.cos(m.radians(temp_phi[ii, jj]))])
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# Initialize voxel corner positions (closest to detector)

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# If intersects the top find intersection point with plane
                 if RSM outer rad >= sleeve height *
m.tan(m.radians(temp_phi[ii, jj])) and temp_phi[ii, jj] < 90:</pre>
                     points = intersectLinePlane.intersectLinePlane(p_line,
p_plane)
                     points = points[np.newaxis]
                 # Otherwise find intersection point with side of cylinder
                 else:
                     points = intersectLineCylinder.intersectLineCylinder(p_line,
p_cyl)
                     if temp_phi[ii, jj] < 90:
                           pick_z = points[:, 2] >= 0
                           points = points[pick_z, :]
                     elif temp_phi[ii,jj] == 90: # Created to better handle the
boundary condition at phi = 90 deg.
                         if temp_theta[ii,jj] < 90 or temp_theta[ii,jj] > 270:
                                  points = points[1,:]
                                  points = points[np.newaxis]
                                  points[0,0] = np.absolute(points[0,0])
                         else:
                                  points = points[0,:]
                                  points = points[np.newaxis]
                                  points[0,0] = -np.absolute(points[0,0])
                         if 0 < temp_theta[ii,jj] < 180:</pre>
                                  points[0,1] = np.absolute(points[0,1])
                         else:
                                  points[0,1] = -np.absolute(points[0,1])
                     else:
                              pick_z = points[:, 2] \le 0
                              points = points[pick_z, :]
                 # Save intersection point as closest mask coordinates
                 if kk == 1:
                     # corner 1
                     x_c1[ii, jj] = points[0,0]
y_c1[ii, jj] = points[0,1]
z_c1[ii, jj] = points[0,2]
                 elif kk == 2:
                     # corner 2
                     x_c2[ii, jj] = points[0,0]
                     y_c2[ii, jj] = points[0,1]
                     z_c2[ii, jj] = points[0,2]
                 elif kk == 3:
                     # corner 3
                     x_c3[ii, jj] = points[0,0]
                     y_c3[ii, jj] = points[0,1]
                     z_c3[ii, jj] = points[0,2]
                 elif kk == 4:
                     # corner 4
                     x_c4[ii, jj] = points[0,0]
                     y_c4[ii, jj] = points[0,1]
                     z_c4[ii, jj] = points[0,2]
                 elif kk == 5:
                     # voxel center
                     x_c[ii, jj] = points[0,0]
                     y_c[ii, jj] = points[0,1]
                     z_c[ii, jj] = points[0,2]
    # Load design matrix
    EVcoords = np.genfromtxt(Userfile, dtype='float')
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# Calculate relative voxel corner positions (note angles slightly smaller to
avoid overlapping planes)
    xp1_RSM = EVcoords * np.sin(np.radians(m_phi + phi_angle / 2 -
overlapfactor)) * np.cos(np.radians(m_theta - theta_angle / 2 + overlapfactor))
    yp1_RSM = EVcoords * np.sin(np.radians(m_phi + phi_angle / 2 -
overlapfactor)) * np.sin(np.radians(m_theta - theta_angle / 2 + overlapfactor))
    zp1_RSM = EVcoords * np.cos(np.radians(m_phi + phi_angle / 2 -
overlapfactor))
    xp2_RSM = EVcoords * np.sin(np.radians(m_phi - phi_angle / 2 +
overlapfactor)) * np.cos(np.radians(m_theta - theta_angle / 2 + overlapfactor))
   yp2_RSM = EVcoords * np.sin(np.radians(m_phi - phi_angle / 2 +
overlapfactor)) * np.sin(np.radians(m_theta - theta_angle / 2 + overlapfactor))
    zp2_RSM = EVcoords * np.cos(np.radians(m_phi - phi_angle / 2 +
overlapfactor))
    xp3_RSM = EVcoords * np.sin(np.radians(m_phi + phi_angle / 2 -
overlapfactor)) * np.cos(np.radians(m_theta + theta_angle / 2 - overlapfactor))
   yp3_RSM = EVcoords * np.sin(np.radians(m_phi + phi_angle / 2 -
overlapfactor)) * np.sin(np.radians(m_theta + theta_angle / 2 - overlapfactor))
    zp3_RSM = EVcoords * np.cos(np.radians(m_phi + phi_angle / 2 -
overlapfactor))
    xp4_RSM = EVcoords * np.sin(np.radians(m_phi - phi_angle / 2 +
overlapfactor)) * np.cos(np.radians(m_theta + theta_angle / 2 - overlapfactor))
   yp4_RSM = EVcoords * np.sin(np.radians(m_phi - phi_angle / 2 +
overlapfactor)) * np.sin(np.radians(m_theta + theta_angle / 2 - overlapfactor))
    zp4_RSM = EVcoords * np.cos(np.radians(m_phi - phi_angle / 2 +
overlapfactor))
    # Add relative positions to closest corner positions to get position of far
voxel corners
   RSMcoords_x1 = x_c1 + xp1_RSM
   RSMcoords_y1 = y_c1 + yp1_RSM
   RSMcoords_z1 = z_c1 + zp1_RSM
   RSMcoords_x2 = x_c2 + xp2_RSM
   RSMcoords_y2 = y_c2 + yp2_RSM
   RSMcoords_z2 = z_c2 + zp2_RSM
   RSMcoords_x3 = x_c3 + xp3_RSM
   RSMcoords_y3 = y_c3 + yp3_RSM
   RSMcoords_z3 = z_c3 + zp3_RSM
   RSMcoords_x4 = x_c4 + xp4_RSM
   RSMcoords_y4 = y_c4 + yp4_RSM
   RSMcoords_z4 = z_c4 + zp4_RSM
   # Find the largest width of the mask (to automate the variance reduction).
DOES NOT CONSIDER RMC.
   maxpt = np.empty((1,4))
   maxpt[0,0] = (np.sqrt(RSMcoords_x1 ** 2 + RSMcoords_y1 ** 2 + RSMcoords_z1)
** 2)).max(0).max(0)
   maxpt[0,1] = (np.sqrt(RSMcoords_x2 ** 2 + RSMcoords_y2 ** 2 + RSMcoords_z2
** 2)).max(0).max(0)
   maxpt[0,2] = (np.sqrt(RSMcoords_x3 ** 2 + RSMcoords_y3 ** 2 + RSMcoords_z3
** 2)).max(0).max(0)
   maxpt[0,3] = (np.sqrt(RSMcoords_x4 ** 2 + RSMcoords_y4 ** 2 + RSMcoords_z4
** 2)).max(0).max(0)
   # Write voxel nodes and positions save to Nodesfile
   w_file = open((MainDir + Nodesfile), 'w')
   tt = 1
   # Assume using Tessellated Solids (8 nodes per voxel, 4 nodes per face)
   n_nodes = n_theta * n_phi * 8
   NodeNums = np.zeros((n_nodes, 4))
    # Create RSM geometry
    for ii in np.arange(0,n_theta):
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for jj in np.arange(0,n_phi):
                         # Create matrix NodeNums for checking node creation
                        NodeNums[np.arange(tt-1,tt + 7), :] = np.asarray([[tt,
RSMcoords_x1[ii, jj], RSMcoords_y1[ii, jj], RSMcoords_z1[ii, jj]], \\
[tt + 1, RSMcoords_x2[ii, jj], RSMcoords_y2[ii, jj],
RSMcoords_z2[ii, jj]],\
                         [tt + 2, RSMcoords_x3[ii, jj], RSMcoords_y3[ii, jj],
RSMcoords_z3[ii, jj]],\
                         [tt + 3, RSMcoords_x4[ii, jj], RSMcoords_y4[ii, jj],
RSMcoords_z4[ii, jj]],\
                         [tt + 4, x_c1[ii, jj], y_c1[ii, jj], z_c1[ii, jj]],\
                         [tt + 5, x_c2[ii, jj], y_c2[ii, jj], z_c2[ii, jj]],\
                         [tt + 6, x_c3[ii, jj], y_c3[ii, jj], z_c3[ii, jj]],\
                         [tt + 7, x_c4[ii, jj], y_c4[ii, jj], z_c4[ii, jj]]])
                         # Write node numbers and coordinates to file
                                                            %u, %4.15f, %4.15f, %4.15f\n' % (tt,
                        w_file.write('
RSMcoords_x1[ii,jj], RSMcoords_y1[ii,jj], RSMcoords_z1[ii,jj]))
                        w_file.write('
                                                            %u, %4.15f, %4.15f, %4.15f\n' %
(tt+1,RSMcoords_x2[ii,jj],RSMcoords_y2[ii,jj],RSMcoords_z2[ii,jj]))
                        w_file.write('
                                                            %u, %4.15f, %4.15f, %4.15f\n' %
(tt+2,RSMcoords_x3[ii,jj],RSMcoords_y3[ii,jj],RSMcoords_z3[ii,jj]))
                                                            %u, %4.15f, %4.15f, %4.15f\n' %
                        w_file.write('
(tt+3,RSMcoords_x4[ii,jj],RSMcoords_y4[ii,jj],RSMcoords_z4[ii,jj]))
                                                            %u, %4.15f, %4.15f, %4.15f\n' %
                        w_file.write('
(tt+4,x_c1[ii,jj],y_c1[ii,jj],z_c1[ii,jj]))
                        w_file.write('
                                                            %u, %4.15f, %4.15f, %4.15f\n' %
(tt+5,x_c2[ii,jj],y_c2[ii,jj],z_c2[ii,jj]))
                                                            %u, %4.15f, %4.15f, %4.15f\n' %
                        w_file.write('
(tt+6,x_c3[ii,jj],y_c3[ii,jj],z_c3[ii,jj]))
                        w_file.write('
                                                           %u, %4.15f, %4.15f, %4.15f\n' %
(tt+7,x_c4[ii,jj],y_c4[ii,jj],z_c4[ii,jj]))
                        tt = tt + 8
       w_file.close
       n_{elements} = n_{theta} * n_{phi}
       # Write element (node connection) file
       w_file = open((MainDir + Elemfile), 'w')
       Elem = np.zeros((n_elements, 9))
       for bb in np.arange(1, n_elements+1):
w_file.write('%u, %u, %u, %u, %u, %u, %u, %u, %u \n'% (bb, NodeNums[8 * (bb - 1) ,0], NodeNums[8 * (bb - 1) + 1,0], NodeNums[8 * (bb - 1) + 3,0], NodeNums[8 * (bb - 1) + 2,0], NodeNums[8 * (bb - 1) + 4,0], NodeNums[8
1) + 5,0], NodeNums[8 * (bb - 1) + 7,0], NodeNums[8 * (bb - 1) + 6,0]))
       w file.close
       # Calculate VR for source cone for FEP based on detector size and source
distance
       red\_cone = np.degrees(np.arctan((np.sqrt(DR**2 + DH**2) + 0.01) / (s\_dist-
DR))) # Source variance reduction cone (degrees)
       # Save to Geant settings file
        sed_cone = 's?coneangle(17.5)?coneangle(' + str(red_cone) + ')?g'
       subprocess.call(['sed', `'-i', '-e', sed_cone, dir_settings])
w_file = open((MainDir + "coneangle.inp"), 'w')
       w_file.write('%4.15f'% (red_cone))
       w_file.close
       np.savetxt(MainDir+"x_c.txt", x_c, newline="\n")
       np.savetxt(MainDir+"y_c.txt",y_c,newline="\n")
        np.savetxt(MainDir+"z_c.txt",z_c,newline="\n")
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