

## 42. Trapping Rain Water

Hard 9191 140 Add to List Share

Given  $n$  non-negative integers representing an elevation map where the width of each bar is 1, compute how much water it can trap after raining.

Example 1:



Input: height = [0,1,0,2,1,0,1,3,2,1,2,1]

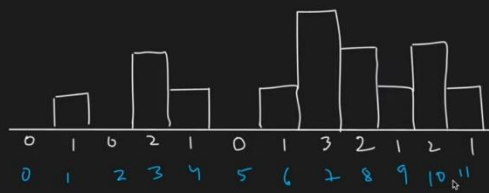
Output: 6

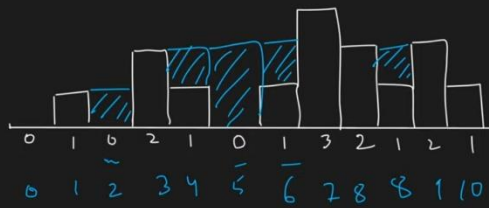
Explanation: The above elevation map (black section) is represented by array [0,1,0,2,1,0,1,3,2,1,2,1]. In this case, 6 units of rain water (blue section) are being trapped.

Example 2:

Input: height = [4,2,0,3,2,5]

Output: 9





TUF



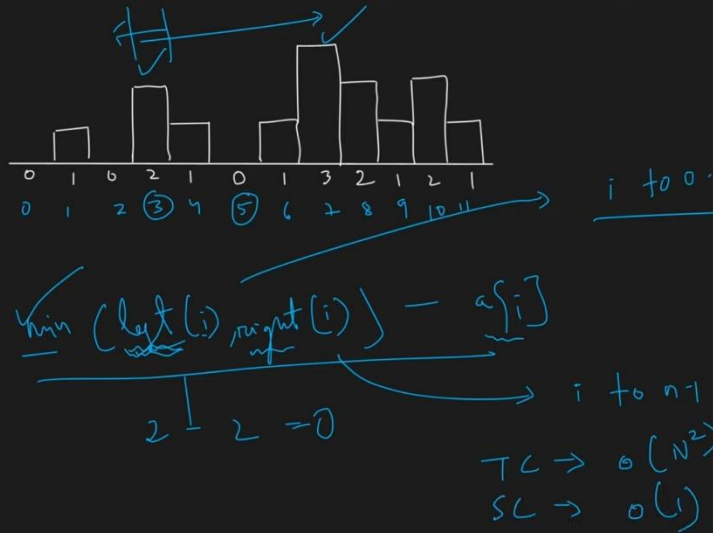
$$2 - 0 = 2$$

TUF



$$\min(\text{left}(i), \text{right}(i)) - a[i]$$

TUF



TUF



$$\min(\text{left}(i), \text{right}(i)) - a[i]$$

pre	0	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
sub	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1

TUF



$$T.C \rightarrow O(N) + O(N) + O(N)$$

$$\approx O(N)$$

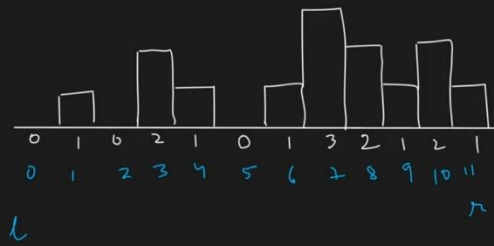
$$S.C = O(2N)$$

$$i$$

$$(\min(\text{left}(i), \text{right}(i)) - a[i])$$

pre	0	1	1	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	✓	$N_0$
sub	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	✓	

TUF



$l = 0$      $rs = 0$   
 $r = r - 1$   
 $left\_max = 0$   
 $right\_max = 0$

TUF



$l = 0$      $rs = 0$   
 $r = r - 1$   
 $left\_max = 0$   
 $right\_max = 0$

$\sqrt{a[l]} (= a[r])$

$l++;$

TUF



$l = 0$      $rs = 0$   
 $r = r - 1$   
 $left\_max = \text{!}$   
 $right\_max = 0$

$\sqrt{a[l]} (= a[r])$

$l++;$

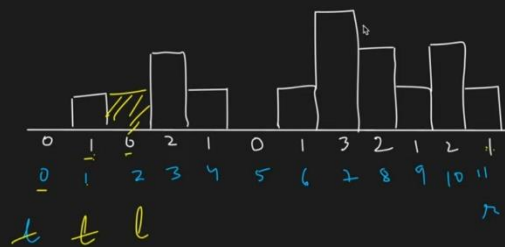
TUF



$l = 0$   $rs = 0$   
 $r = n - 1$   
 $leftmost = 1$   
 $rightmost = 0$

$\sqrt{if (a[l] (= a[r]))$   
 $y(a[i]) > = leftmost (leftmost - a[i])$   
 $do$   
 $l++ ;$

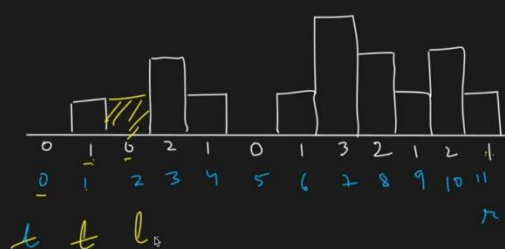
TUF



$l = 0$   $rs = 0$   
 $r = n - 1$   
 $leftmost = 1$   
 $rightmost = 0$

$\sqrt{if (a[l] (= a[r]))$   
 $y(a[i]) > = leftmost (leftmost - a[i])$   
 $do$   $rs += (leftmost - a[i])$   
 $l++ ;$

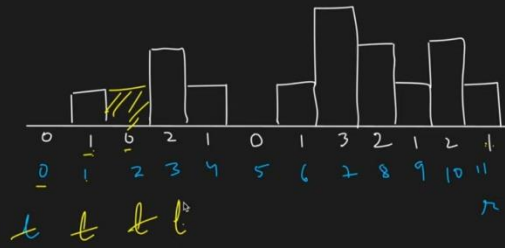
TUF



$l = 0$   $rs = 0$   
 $r = n - 1$   
 $leftmost = 1$   
 $rightmost = 0$

$\sqrt{if (a[l] (= a[r]))$   
 $y(a[i]) > = leftmost (leftmost - a[i])$   
 $do$   $rs += (leftmost - a[i])$   
 $l++ ;$

TUF



$l = 0$      $rs = 1$   
 $r = r - 1$   
 $left\_max = 1$   
 $right\_max = 0$

$\text{if } (a[l] (= a[r]))$   
 $\text{if } (a[i] > left\_max) \text{ left\_max} = a[i]$   
 $\text{do } rs += (left\_max - a[i])$   
 $\text{ } l++;$

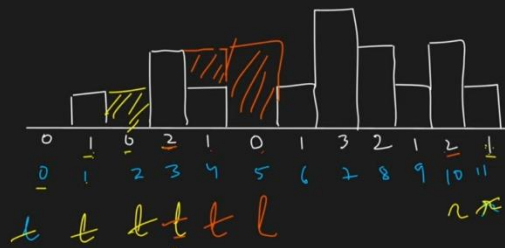
TUF



$l = 0$      $rs = 1$   
 $r = r - 1$   
 $left\_max = 1$   
 $right\_max = 0$

$\text{if } (a[l] (= a[r]))$   
 $\text{if } (a[i] > left\_max) \text{ left\_max} = a[i]$   
 $\text{do } rs += (left\_max - a[i])$   
 $\text{ } l++;$

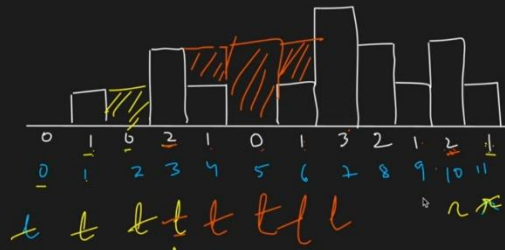
TUF



$l = 0$      $rs = 1 + 2$   
 $r = r - 1$   
 $left\_max = 1 + 2$   
 $right\_max = 1$

$\text{if } (a[l] (= a[r]))$   
 $\text{if } (a[i] > left\_max) \text{ left\_max} = a[i]$   
 $\text{do } rs += (left\_max - a[i])$   
 $\text{ } l++;$

TUF



do

$j(a[n]) \geq \text{right\_max}$   
 $\text{right\_max} = a[n]$

do

$n--$

}

$l = 0$   $rs = 4 + 2$   
 $4 \ 5$

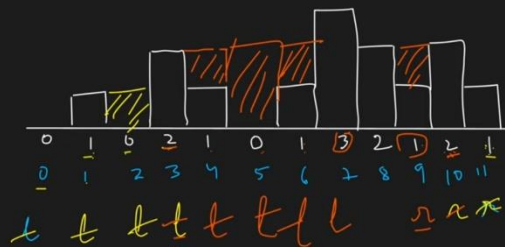
$n = n - 1$

$\text{left\_max} = 2$

$\text{right\_max} = 2$

$\text{if } (a[l] (= a[r]))$   
 $\text{if } (a[i] > \text{left\_max}) \text{ left\_max} = a[i]$   
 $\text{do } \underline{rs} += (\text{left\_max} - a[i])$   
 $\underline{l++};$

TUF



do

$j(a[n]) \geq \text{right\_max}$   
 $\text{right\_max} = a[n]$

do

$n--$

}

$l = 0$   $rs = 4 + 2$   
 $4 \ 8$

$n = n - 1$

$\text{left\_max} = 2$

$\text{right\_max} = 2$

$\text{if } (a[l] (= a[r]))$   
 $\text{if } (a[i] > \text{left\_max}) \text{ left\_max} = a[i]$   
 $\text{do } \underline{rs} += (\text{left\_max} - a[i])$   
 $\underline{l++};$

TUF



do

$j(a[n]) \geq \text{right\_max}$   
 $\text{right\_max} = a[n]$

do

$n--$

}

$l = 0$   $rs = 4 + 2$   
 $4 \ 8 \ 6$

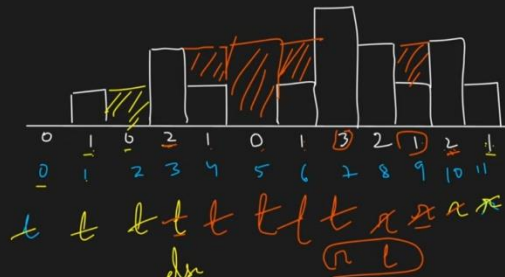
$n = n - 1$

$\text{left\_max} = 3$

$\text{right\_max} = 2$

$\text{if } (a[l] (= a[r]))$   
 $\text{if } (a[i] > \text{left\_max}) \text{ left\_max} = a[i]$   
 $\text{do } \underline{rs} += (\text{left\_max} - a[i])$   
 $\underline{l++};$

TUF



$$l = 0 \quad r = 12$$

$$r = r - 1$$

$$\text{left\_max} = 4$$

$$\text{right\_max} = 2$$

$t$   $t$   $t$   $t$   $t$   $t$   $t$   $t$   $t$   $t$   $t$   $t$   
 $x$   $x$   $x$   $x$   $x$   $x$   $x$   $x$   $x$   $x$   $x$   $x$

$$j(a[r]) \geq \text{right\_max}$$

$$\text{right\_max} = a[r]$$

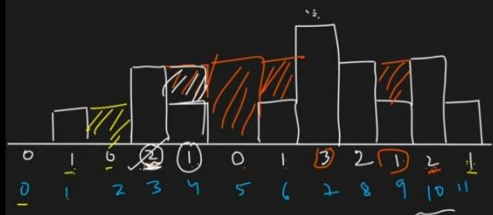
do

r--

}

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{if } (a[l] (= a[r])) \\
 & \text{if } (a[i] \geq \text{left\_max}) \text{ left\_max} = a[i] \\
 & \text{do } \underline{\underline{rs}} += (\text{left\_max} - a[i]) \\
 & \underline{\underline{l}}++ ;
 \end{aligned}$$

TUF



$$\min(\text{left\_max}, \text{right\_max}) - a[i]$$

$$2 - 1 = 1$$

$$\text{do } \rightarrow j(a[r] < a[l])$$

$$j(a[r]) \geq \text{right\_max}$$

$$\text{right\_max} = a[r]$$

$$\text{do } \underline{\underline{rs}} += (\text{right\_max} - a[i])$$

r--

}

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{if } (a[l] (= a[r])) \\
 & \text{if } (a[i] \geq \text{left\_max}) \text{ left\_max} = a[i] \\
 & \text{do } \underline{\underline{rs}} += (\text{left\_max} - a[i]) \\
 & \underline{\underline{l}}++ ;
 \end{aligned}$$

TUF



$\min(\text{leftmax}, \text{rightmax}) - a[i]$   
 $2 - 1 = 1$   
 $TC \rightarrow O(N)$   
 $SC \rightarrow O(1)$

$\text{do} \rightarrow y(a[n] < a[l])$   
 $y(a[n] > \text{rightmax})$   
 $\text{rightmax} = a[n]$   
 $\text{do } res += (\text{rightmax} - a[i])$   
 $res++$

$y(a[l] > \text{leftmax})$   
 $\text{do } res += (\text{leftmax} - a[i])$   
 $l++$

```

1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     int trap(vector<int>& height) {
4
5         int n = height.size();
6         int left=0; int right=n-1;
7         int res=0;
8         int maxleft=0, maxright=0;
9
10        while(left<right){
11
12            if(height[left]<=height[right]){
13                if(height[left]>=maxleft) maxleft=height[left];
14                else res+=maxleft-height[left];
15                left++;
16            }
17            else{
18                if(height[right]>=maxright) maxright= height[right];
19                else res+=maxright-height[right];
20                right--;
21            }
22        }
23        return res;
24    }
25 };

```

Your previous code was restored from your local storage. [Reset to default](#)

TUF

TUF