

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Knowledge (24)	Application (24)	Communication (13)
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Show ALL work for full marks.

1. You open your newspaper and see 3 different ads from 3 different banks regarding investments and interest rates. Which of these should you invest in? How much more could you make after 2 years? Show supporting calculations. [9KA 3C]
- 3.17% interest rate, compounded every 3 months
  - 3.2% yearly interest rate
  - 3.16% interest rate, compounded continuously

a.  $i = \frac{0.0317}{4}$

$n = 4 \times 2 = 8$

Say  $P = 1000$

$A = P(1 + i)^n$   
 $= 1000(1 + \frac{0.0317}{4})^8$   
 $= 1065.19$

b.  $i = 0.032$   
 $n = 2$

$P = 1000$   
 $A = 1000(1.032)^2$   
 $= 1065.02$

c.  $r = 0.0316$   
 $t = 2$   
 $P = 1000$   
 $A = Pe^{rt}$   
 $= 1000e^{0.0632}$   
 $= 1065.24$

as you should invest with c as you make \$0.05 ~ \$0.22 more per \$1000.

v2, \$1065.36, \$1065.02, \$1065.24.  
 a is best, \$0.14 \$, \$0.12 per \$1000

2. Find the derivative of the following function using the  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$  Show all your steps. [3A 2C]

$f(x) = e^{3x}$   
 $f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{3(x+h)} - e^{3x}}{h}$   
 $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{3x}(e^{3h} - 1)}{h}$   
 $= e^{3x} \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{3h} - 1}{h}$

use  $s = 3h$   
 $\Rightarrow h = \frac{s}{3}$  and  
 $s \rightarrow 0$  as  $h \rightarrow 0$   
 so  $f'(x) = e^{3x} \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^s - 1}{\frac{s}{3}}$   
 $= 3e^{3x} \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^s - 1}{s}$   
 $= 3e^{3x}$

v2  $4e^{4x}$

MCV4U UNIT 4 Exponential and Trig

3. A strain of bacteria has a tripling time of 42 minutes. If we started off with 1000 bacteria.

a. Find an expression USING THE NATURAL EXPONENTIAL for the amount of bacteria we will have after  $t$  minutes. [3KA 2C]

$b=3, d=42 \text{ min}, P_0=1000$

$$b^t d = e^{kt}$$

$$\text{so } k = \frac{\ln b}{d} = \frac{\ln 3}{42 \text{ min}} = 0.0261574/\text{min}$$

$$\text{so } P = P_0 e^{kt} = 1000 e^{0.0261574t}$$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1/2 \\ 2000 e^{0.0261574t} \end{array} \right.$

b. How many bacteria will we have after 3.5 hours? [3K 1A 2C]

$t = 3.5 \text{ hrs} = 210 \text{ min}$

$$\text{so } P = 1000 e^{(0.0261574)(210)} = 242998 \text{ bacteria}$$

so there are 243000 bacteria after 3.5 hours.

866468

c. At what time will there be 10800 bacteria? [3K 1A 1C]

$P = 10800$

$$\text{so } 10800 = 1000 e^{(0.0261574)(t)}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{10800}{1000}\right)}{0.0261574} = 90.97 \text{ min}$$

so you will have 10800 bacteria in about 90.97 min

58.33 min

d. What is the rate of growth at a time of 4 hours? You may use your knowledge of what the equation for the change in growth rate should be [3A 1C]

From "2" derivative of  $e^{kt}$  is  $ke^{kt}$

$$\text{so } P' = 1000 [0.0261574 e^{0.0261574t}]$$

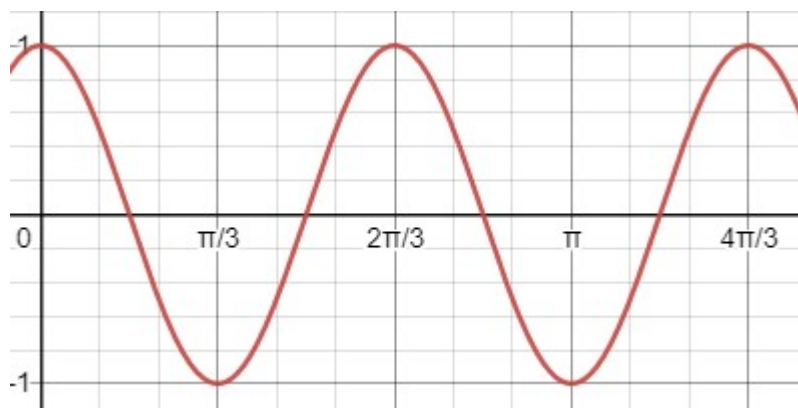
$$\text{so } P'(240) = 1000 [0.0261574 e^{(0.0261574)(240)}] = 13931 \text{ bacteria/min}$$

so the growth rate at 4 hrs is 13931  $\frac{\text{bacteria}}{\text{min}}$

59637  $\frac{\text{bacteria}}{\text{min}}$

4. Below are two graphs of trigonometric functions. **Analyze** the function and, along with your knowledge of the derivatives of trigonometric functions, determine the derivative of each function. You DO NOT need to graph the function. [3K 2A 1C each]

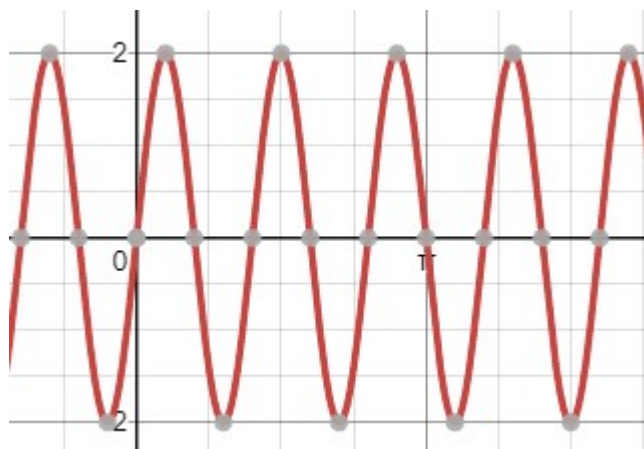
a)



Starts at 1  
 $\therefore y = a \cos kx$   
 $a = 1, \frac{2\pi}{k} = \frac{2\pi}{3}$

so  $y = \cos 3x$   
 $\therefore y' = -3 \sin 3x$   
 (from assignment)

b)



Starts at 0.  
 $\therefore y = a \sin kx$   
 $a = 2, \frac{2\pi}{k} = \frac{2\pi}{5}$

so  $y = 2 \sin 5x$   
 $\therefore y' = 10 \cos 5x$

$\therefore a) - 3 \sin 5x$

$b) - 2 \sin 2x$