

School of Computer Science and Engineering Fall Semester 2024-2025

Student Name: DHRUV AGRAWAL

Reg No: 22BCT0059

Email: dhruv.agrawal2022a@vitstudent.ac.in

Faculty Name: **DHRUV AGRAWAL**

Subject Code with Name: BCSE204P - Micro-Controller and Micro-Processor

Assessment No.: 01

Date of Submission: 09/02/2025

1.1 Is In lab Mola with

- Ocseate new folder.
- 2 11 vision
- (3) project -> new uvision Project select folder -> file name

Project

Legacy-Device.
P89V51R02

New file.

@ Progoan

ORGI 0000H — Memory from where it will start

MOV A, #05H # means 05 data

clse address

H is used only in micro

controlled

END

(5) save

- .asm extension

6 source Group add existing file build - to check errors.

debug.

(a) In micro controller - by default stack Pointer (SP)

(Program status) (even Parity) odd Parity)
window)

(8) can execute stepwise or complete

continue 1.1a

Aim: To write, perform, execute assembly language program for 8051 microcontroller for addition of 2 8-bit numbers and store result in accumulator (A)

Software: KIEL UVISION 6.0 used

Program:

ORG 0000H ; set the Program starting address to oooo H (hexadecimal)

MOV A, #05 H

; Move the immediate value osk into the occumulator

MOV RO, HOSH

, Move the immediate value of into the register RO

ADD A, RO

; Add the value in Ro to accumulator

H: SJMP H

; create an infinite loop to halt the program

END .

; END of the program

Expected output: 05H (Theoretical) in binary

0101 0000 1 0000 0101 Actual/Practical Output =) OAH

0000 1010

-> in hexadecimal OAH

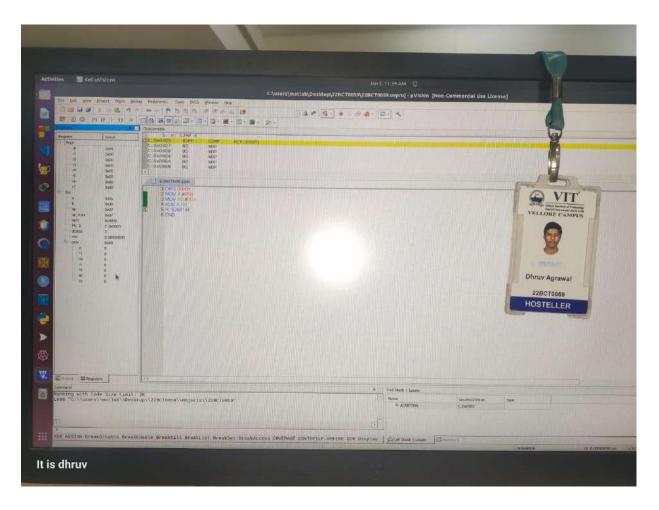
Carry bit = 0 AC = 0 .

OV = CY D CY

= 0 10 = 0

P (Parity) = 0 Hag.

> .. PSW content (8-bit) 00000000



Aim: To write perform, execute assembly language program for 8051 microcontroller for sub of 2 8-bit numbers and store result in occumulator

software: KIEL UVISION 6.0 THE HOLD STATE STATES used

Program: ORG 0000H

Should Hager of morks MOV, A, #OAH

with womans out of a Her MOV RO, #05 H

B Digger of of of miles SUBB A, RO

flow of good officers at out of the H: SJMP H 19 300 40 4103 ;

; set the Program starting address to 0000 H

; Move the immediate value OAH into the accumulator

; Move the immediate value

OSH into the register RO

; subtract the value in Ro from accumulator

with possom

; create an infinite loop to halt the program

; END the program

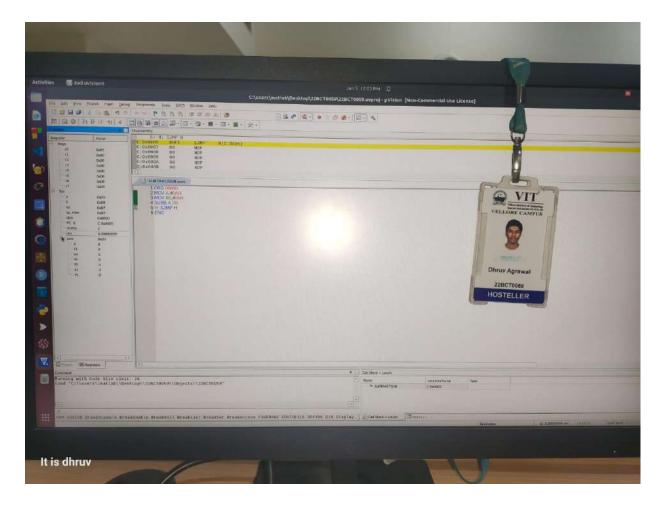
Expected: OAH > 0000 1010 - binary Output (Theoretical) OSH -> 0000 0101 - binary 0000 0101

Converting to hexadecimal > 05 H//

PSW content -> CY = 0
(8-bit) AC=0 0V =0 00000000 Pularity = 0

HOY - MACTOR Flag)

Actual / Bractical 05 H



Aim: To write, perform, execute the assembly language program for 8051 micro controller for multiplication of 2-8bit numbers and store result in Accumulator

KIEL UVISION 6.0 software used:

Program: ORG, ODOOH

SERVICE CONTRACTOR SERVICES MOV A, #105 H

May Stateman Safe Systa MOV B, # 05 H

mi -9000 9 18 43 18 1 197 4 4 40 MUL AB

TO SEY SH ALLOW H:SJMP H

surround sat from FREND AT TANK

; set the program starting address to 0000 H (hexadecima) : Move the immediate value 05 H into the occumulator. , move the immediate value OSH into the register B ; multiply the value in A by ; create an infinite loop to halt the program. ; END of the program

5 * 9 = 25

0001 1001

16 + 8+1

25

Expected Output: (Theoretical)

05H -> x 0000 0101 00000101 -00000000 00000101 0000000

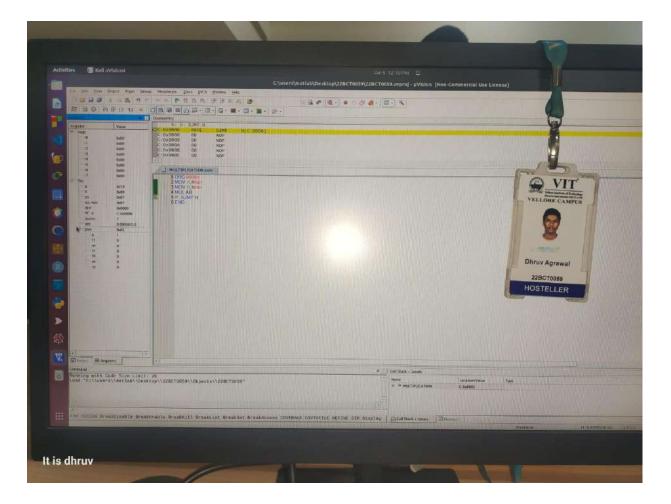
00011001

Converting to hex -> 19 H

PSW content -> cy = 0 0000 000 1 (8-bit)

Haq

Actual / = 194 ov=000=0 Practical= Parity (P) = 1



1.10

program for 8051 micro controller for division of 2 8-bit numbers and store result in accumulator

software: KIEL UVISION 6.0

Program :

ORG 0,000 H

set the program starting address to 0000H (hexadecimal)

MOV A, # 20 H

; Move the immediate value

20H into the occumulator.

MOV B, # 05 H

; Move the immediate value

OSH into the register B.

DIV AB

; Divide the value in A from

HISTMP H

B and store result in A.; create an infinite 100p

to halt the program

END

; END of the program

expected 20H > OSH >

20H -> 00 10 0000 - binary .

0110 -> Quotient

0101 100000

- 0110

- 1010

- 1010

- 0010 -> R

Converting to HEX

0110 -> Q = 06 H - Stored in A

0010 -> R = 02H - Stored in B

PSW content, 8-617)

CY = 0 -> 00000000

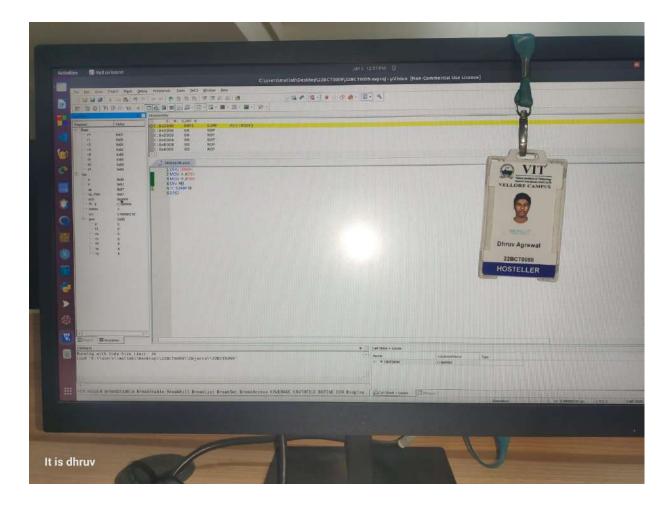
AC = 0

OV = 00000000

Parity (P) = 0

Flag

Pactical = 06H



Aim: write and assemble a program to add the following data and then use the simulator to examine the cr flag 92 H, 23H, 66H, 87H, F5H

KEIL UVISION 6.0 software used

; set the program starting Program ORG 000H address to 0000H Chexadecimal MOV A, #92H Move immediate value 92H the influences with 120 stor into the accumulator

MOV RO, #23.H ; Move immediate value 23H 1 18 19 17 EV SAT WENT 18 20 into the register RO

ADD A, RO ; Add the value of RO into A

A STATUTE THE LIBOR A ; Jump to LI if no carry genrated INC RT ; Increment R7

LI: MOV RI, #66H , Move the immediate value 66% into the register RI

; Add the value of RI into A ADD A, RI ; Jump to L2 if no carry genrated

JNC L2 Increment R7 INC RT

; Move the immediate value of 874 12: MOU R2, #87H into the register RZ

; Add the value of R2 into A ADD A, RZ

: Jump to 13, if no carry genrated JNC 13

; Increment R7 INCRI

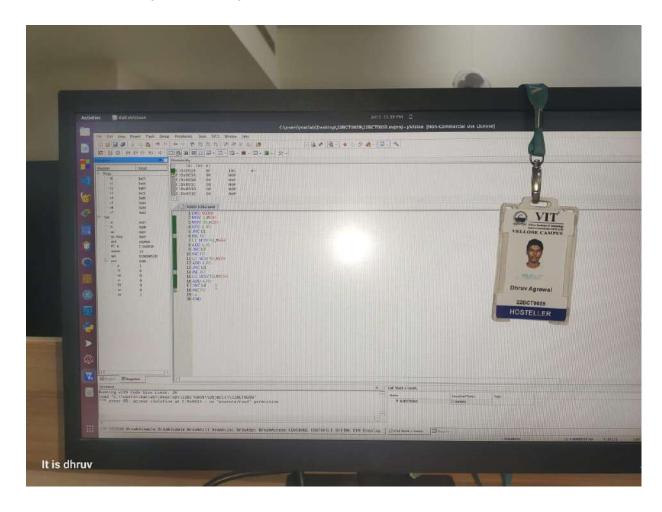
13: Mov R3, #DF5 H; Move the immediate value of F5H into the register R3

; Add the value of R3 into A ADD A, R3

; Jump to 14 it no carry generated JNC L4 ; Increment R7 INC RT

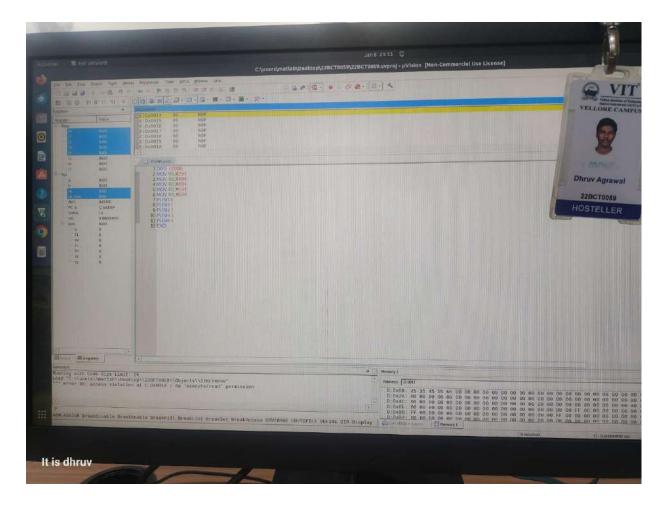
LY : END ; End of the Poogram

Expected output : -92H -> 10010010 3- binasy 234 -> 00100011 (Theoretical) 10110101 no carry genrated : RT will remain our 10110101 THE STATE OF THE 01100110 -> 66H 00011011 genrated 00011011 + 10000111 - 87H Increment R7. 10100010 no carry genrated :: R7 will remain of H :. R7 = 0+1=01H 10100010 10010111 -> converting to hexadecimal 1 11110101 - FSH corry genrated. Ans 97 H · Increment R7 Practical R7=01H+1=02H Actual = 02H -> CY = 1 PSW content (8-bit) 0 Y = 1 1 = 0 10000001 Parity (P) = 1 Conclusion: The operations addition, subtraction, multiplication division, add with carry are important withmetic operations. to perform complex mathematical operation verifying, Executing these functions is neccessary for developing efficient and accurate embedded/micro controller based systems

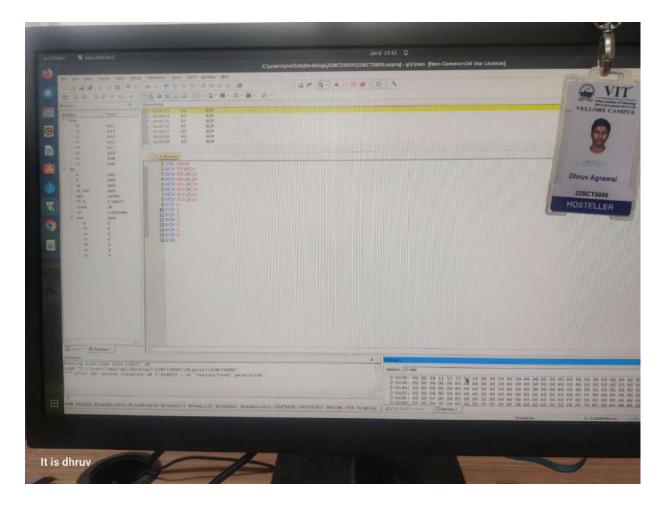


Aim: To write, perform and execute the assembly language program to load value into register Ro to Ru and then push it into stack Examine the stack register values ofter execution of Brogsam Keil uvision 6.0 Software used Program start address congin Load value 25H in Ro bodson: MOV RO, # 25 H Load value 35H in RI mov RI, #35H; Load value USH in RZ mov RZ, #45H; wand value SSH in R3 MOV R3, #55H; Load value 65H in Ru MOV R4, # 65 H1; Push value of Ro in stack Push value of RI in stack Push value of RZ in stack PUSH 1: M 30 350 38 Push value of R3 in stack PUSH 2; The West Push value of R4 in stack PUSH 3; PUSH 4 End of the program END 65 H Expected output: 55 H 55 M manual Calculation 45 H USH usH 35H 35 H 35 H SP=OC 1: .5P=08 PUSH 2 PUSH 4 PUSHO PUSH 1 PUSH 3 Final stack Pointel value is OCH

Practical/ Och Actual output All



Aim: Write, perform and execute the assembly lang program 1.38 to set SP=00. Then put different value in more each register from 08 to 00, pop SP into RO-R4 software. Keil uvision 6.0 used ; Program start address Corigin OR G 0000 H Program: ; more sp value to ODH MOV SP, # ODH ; move lot in memory location of MOV 084, #10H ; move 11H in register 09H mov 09H, #11H i move 124 in register OAH MOV OAH , # 12H move 134 in register 084 MOU OBH, # 13H i move 144 in register och mov och , # 14H ; move 164 in register of mov 004, # 164 Pop the content of stack in RD ; Pop the content of stack in RI POPO ; Pop the content of stack in RZ POPI POP 2 ; Pop the content of stack in R3 POP 3 Pop the content of stack in Ru POP 4 ; Pop the content of stack in Rs · POP 5 ; Pop the content of stack in RG POP6 ; End of the program 1-5P=0DH 164 manual / Expected: Practical = 06H 144 Calculation output 13H 124 5P=00H POP6 POP3 POP4 POPS POP O 15P=0BH ISP=OCH 13H 13H 124 124 IIH SP=09H SP=08H SP=07H SP=08



Aim: Waite, perform and execute assembly language program to load values into registers Ro to Ru, then push it into stack, pop them back

Keil Ulision 6.0 software: used

Program start address (origin) OR G 0000 H ; mov Ro, # 25H; Load Ro with 25 H Program:

; Load RI with 35H

mov RZ, #45H; Load RZ with 45H Load R3 with SSH

Load R4 with 65H mov R3, #55H,

Push the content of Ro into stack MOV RY, #65H , Push the content of RI into stack PUSHO

Push the content of R2 into stack PUSH 1

; Push the content of R3 into stack PUSH 2 10 3050 ; Push the content of Ruinto, stack

PUSH 3 POSH

; Pop the content of stack in 10H PUSH 4 POP IOH

POP 11H ; Pop the content of stack in 11H

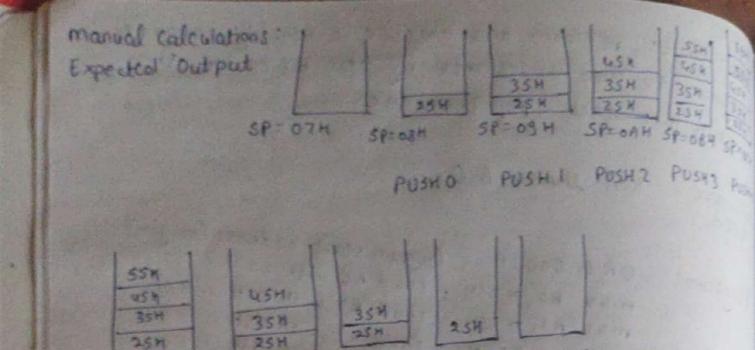
; Pop the content of stack in 12H POP 12H

; Pop the content of stack in 13H POP 13H

; Pop the content of stack in 144 POP ILH

; End of the program. END

Practical = 07H



SP=OAH

POP 1

5P=084

POPO

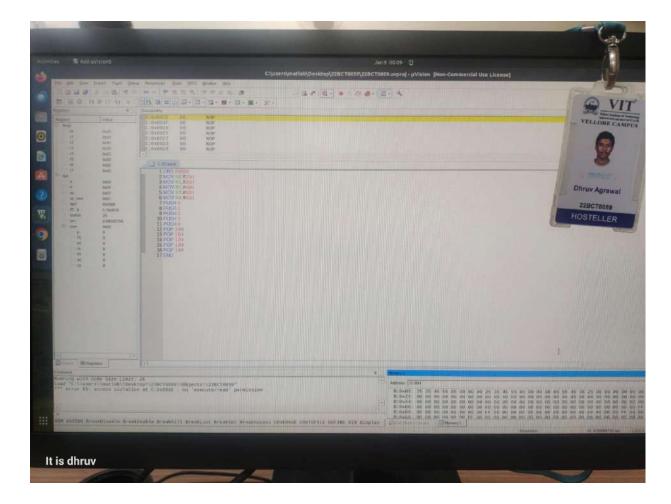
Conclusion/ The Push and Pop operation are fundamental Result for stack management with Push adding Result for stack from register and Pop, moving data data to stack from register and Pop, moving data from stack to register. Both are efficient in from stack to register. Both are efficient in memory management and handling fricall, interrupt and answers/output is verified.

SP=03H SP=08H

POPZ

POP3

POP4



Aim: Write, perform and execute assembly language program to transfer string of data from code space starting at address 2004 to RAM locations starting at 404. data is

02004 DB VIT UNIVERSITY"

software: Keil uvision 6.0

Program: ORG 0000H; Program start address

mov A, #00H; Set value op in A / clear Accumulator

mov DPTR, #200H; load DPTR with code memory

add

mov RI, #0EH; Load RI with OEH

mov Ro, #0640H; move value wolf in RO

LOOP: CLR A ; clear the occumulator

move A, @ A+OPTR; Read byte from Gode memory

mov @RO, A; Rwrite byte from A into RAM

mov @RO, A; Rwrite byte from A into RAM

INC OPTR; Increment DPTR to next code memory

INC OPTR; Increment Ro to next RAM location

INC RO; Increment Ro to next RAM location

INC RO; Decrement RI and jump to loop until

DJNZ RI, loop; Decrement RI and jump to loop until

RI+O

HERE: SIMP HERE; Intinute loop.

ORGOZOOH; code memory location where string is
ORGOZOOH; code memory location where string is
ORGOZOOH; string to be copied

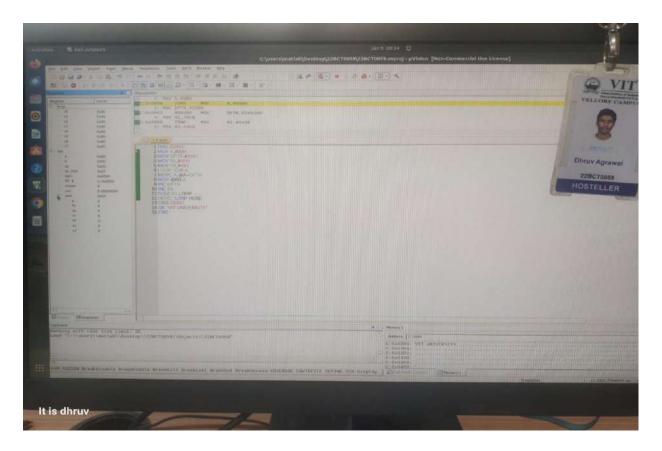
DB: "VIT UNIVERSITY"; String to be copied

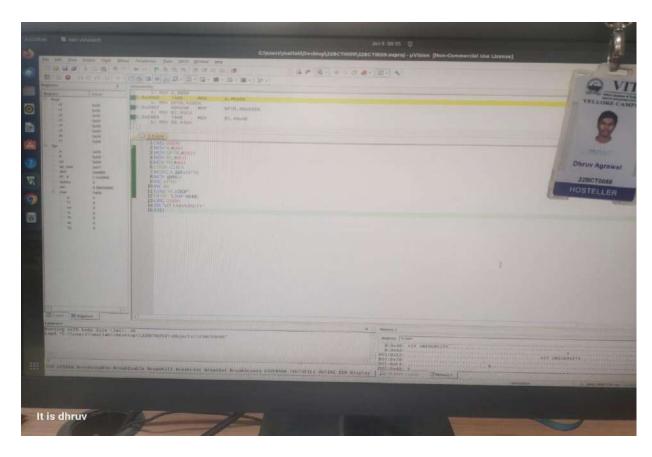
END: End of Rogoan.

Expected output:

DOX40 : VIT UNIVERSITY - RAM SPACE

Practical output = VIT UNIVERSITY





1.4B Aim: To write, perform and execute assembly language program to transfer string of data from code space to RAM space in more reverse order OZOOH: MYDATA VIT UNIVERSITY"

software: Keil uvision 6.0 used

Program:

, Program Start address ORG 0000H MOU OPTR, # 020 DH; Load DPTR with Gode Memory and mov RI, #14H ; Load RI with 14H

mov Ro, # 40H ; load Ro with 40H dear Accumulator LOOP: CLR A

move A, @A'+OPTR , Aead byte from code memory mov @Ro, A ; worte byte from A into RAM

DEC DPL ; Decrement DPTR by 1

INC RD ; Increment RO to next RAM location

INC RD ; Increment RO to next RAM location

INC RD ; Increment RO to next RAM location DJNZ RI, LOOP; Decrement RI and jump to loop if to

HERE : SIMPHERE ; Infinite 100P

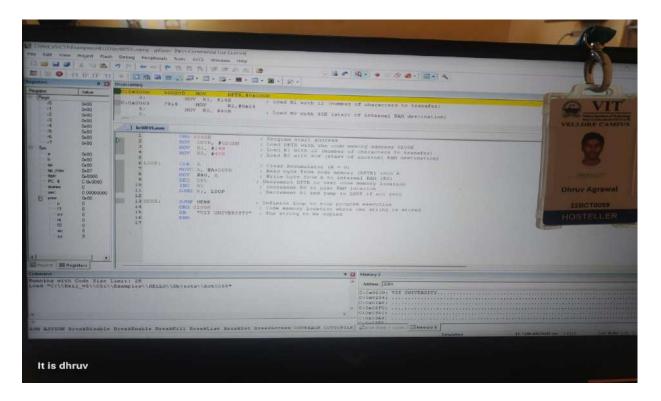
ORG 0200H ; Code memory location where stored DB "VIT UNIVERSITY"; Strong to be copied END ; End of the program

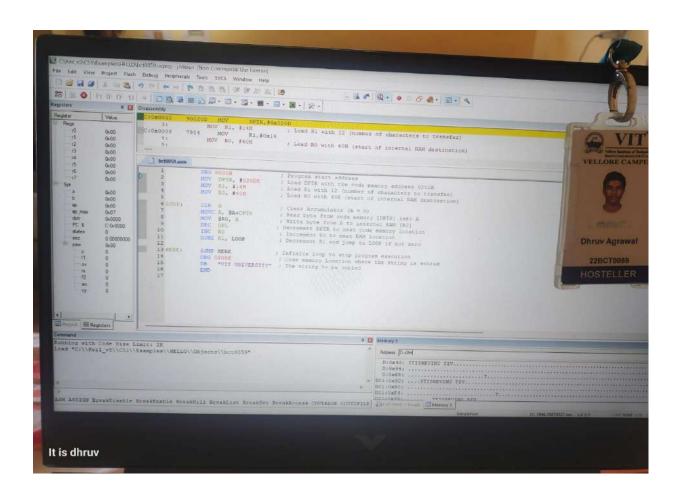
manual / Expected: Calculation output

0200H: VIT UNIVERSITY" - Lode memory

0: 0X404: YTISREVINU TIV - RAM, space

- YTISREVINU TIV



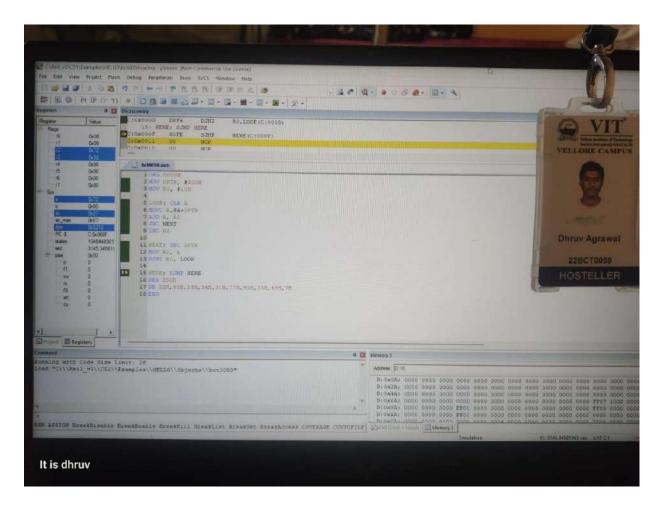


```
Aim: To write, perform and execute assembly language
program to add to bytes of data and store result in
register R2 and R3. Bytes are stored in RAM space 02004
          0200 M. MYDATA 08: 92,34,84,129,--
software: Keil uVision 6.0
 used
             ORG 0000H; Poogram start address.
Program: ORG 0000H; Program state with wed memory mov OPTR, #200H; wood OPTR with with address
             CLRA; clear accumulator
move A, @ A+ DPTR; Read byte from code memory into
  ADD A, RZ; Add value of RZ into A
JNC NEXT; Jump to next location if c + 1

JNC R3; Increment R3 by

INC R3; Increment DPTR to next code
   NEXT: INC OPTR; Increment OPTR to next code memory location
            mov R2, A; Load value of A in R2
      DJNZ RO, LOOP; Decrement Rp and jump to loop if
       HERE: SJMP HERE ; Infinite Loop
        ORG: 2004; code memory location where string is stored
          DB 224, 43H, 23H, 34H, 31H, 77H, 91H, 33H, 43H, 7H
               END; end of program -> Data to be added
      Practical = 272H
Expected output:
      (a) calculation 22H + 43H + 23H + 34H + 31H + 77H + 91H + 33H
manual Calculation
              = \frac{272 \, \text{H}_{1}}{\text{R3}} = \frac{02}{\text{R3}} = \frac{72}{\text{R2}} / \text{Ans}.

= \frac{1001110010}{\text{R3}} = \frac{02}{\text{R3}} = \frac{72}{\text{R2}} / \text{Ans}.
```



1.5B

Aim: Write a forgram to add to Bytes of BCD data and store result in R2 and R3. Bytes are stored in Rom

space at 300H

MYDATA: DB 324,344,844,234 ...

Software: Keil Ulision 6.0 used

ORGIOCOCH : Program start Address (origin) Program: mov OPTR, #300H; Load DPTR with code memoryad mov Ro, #10H . Load Ro with 10H)

LOOP: CLRA ; dear the accumulator.

move A, @A+DPTR; Read byte from code memory DA A Decimal adjust content of accumulator

DAA JNC NEXT; Jump to NEXT if carry \$ 1

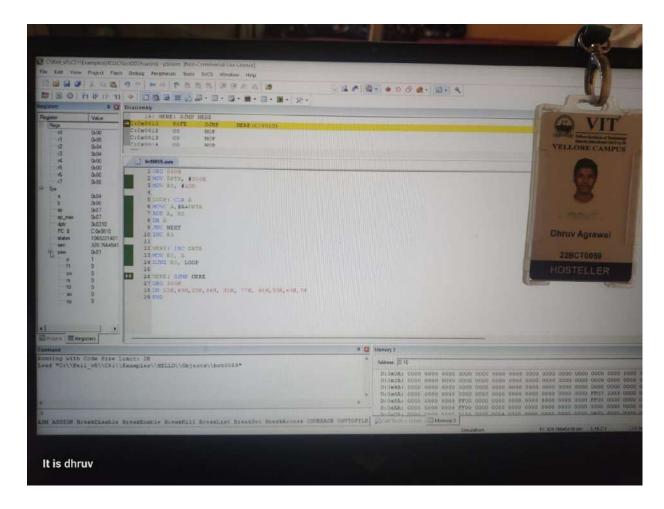
INCR3, Increment R3 to next RAM location

HEXT: INC OPTR ; Increment OPTR by 1 mov RZ, A ; Load value of Accumulator in RZ DJNZ RO, LOOP, Decrement RO and jump to Loop until RO #0

HERE: SIMPHERE ; Infinite Loof OR 6 300 H; code memory lo cation DB 22H, 43H, 23H, 34H, 31H, 77H, 91H, 33H, 43H,7H END ; End of Program !> Data in code memory

manual Calculation / : @ Note in BCD only otog: Practical =404H Expected output 224+434+234+344+314+77++914+334+43+24

= 404H ... R2 = OUH . R3 = OUH = ((000000 0100)2



Conclusion: Transfer of data from code space to RAM space in reverse and same order is essential for data manipulation. It is typically done byte by byte. The data in cool code is added in accumulator to store the result in R2, R3. For posco no., we need to use decimal adjust consinstruction.