```java
/*Check string is pangram or not

Algorithm/Program Flow
1)  Take a string with the content in it.
2)  Replace the space with empty string.
3)  Make the string lower case or upper case choose any one format.
4)  convert it into character array.
5)  Take another character array of size 26 and each index position assigned with value zero(0).
6)  Subtract your each index position of your entered string from small 'a' ASCII value and
assign value one(1) in 'character array a' at specific index value that derived from
substraction.

7)  check every index position is one or not using count.
8)  If count is equal to 26 then it means all alphabet of english language is present in the
string hence it is a Pangram.


Reference:  https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=S7iMdaA_-Gg
*/

class Pangram
{
    String s1="the Quick brown fox jumps over a lazy dog";
    String s2=s1.replace(" ","");
    String s3=s2.toLowerCase();

    char[] c=s3.toCharArray();

    //Extra character array of size "26" for checking every alphabet of english, each index
    position holding/assigned zero(0) value initially to be made 1 if match found.

    char[] a={'0','0','0','0','0','0','0','0','0','0','0','0','0','0','0','0','0','0','0',
    '0','0','0','0','0','0'};

    int i,j,count;

    void disp()
    {
        for(i=0;i<c.length;i++)
        {
            if(c[i]>='a' && c[i]<='z')
            {
                j=c[i]-'a';     //each index position of your entered string/character is
                subtracted from ASCII value of small 'a' = 97. It can be Capital 'A' = 65 too.
                Here we get value of j.

                a[j]='1';    // at 'j' index position of ' character array named a' assign the
                value of one(1).
            }
        }

        for(i=0;i<a.length;i++)
        {
            if(a[i]=='1')    //checking each index position of ' character array named a' is
            equals to one(1) or not.
            {
                count++;    //if yes, increment the count otherwise count value will be zero
                for that index position.
            }
        }

        System.out.println(count);

        //value of count is 26 i.e. 26 means all the alphabet(a to z) of english language is
        present at least one time. May be more but we just override the value with 1 at
        specific index position and ultimately ignoring the repetition of alphabet.
```

```java
        if(count==26)
        {
            System.out.println(s1+ " = is PANGRAM");

        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println(s1+" = is NOT PANGRAM");
        }
    }

}


class Pangram_Main
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {

        Pangram obj=new Pangram();
        obj.disp();
    }
}
```