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Section \rightarrow DS

DAA Tutorial - 2

Q11) Series $\Rightarrow 0, 1, 3, 6, 10, 15 \dots$

at last iteration \nexists

$$n = 0 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 \dots + k$$

$$n = \frac{k(k+1)}{2} \Rightarrow n = \frac{k^2 + 1}{2}$$

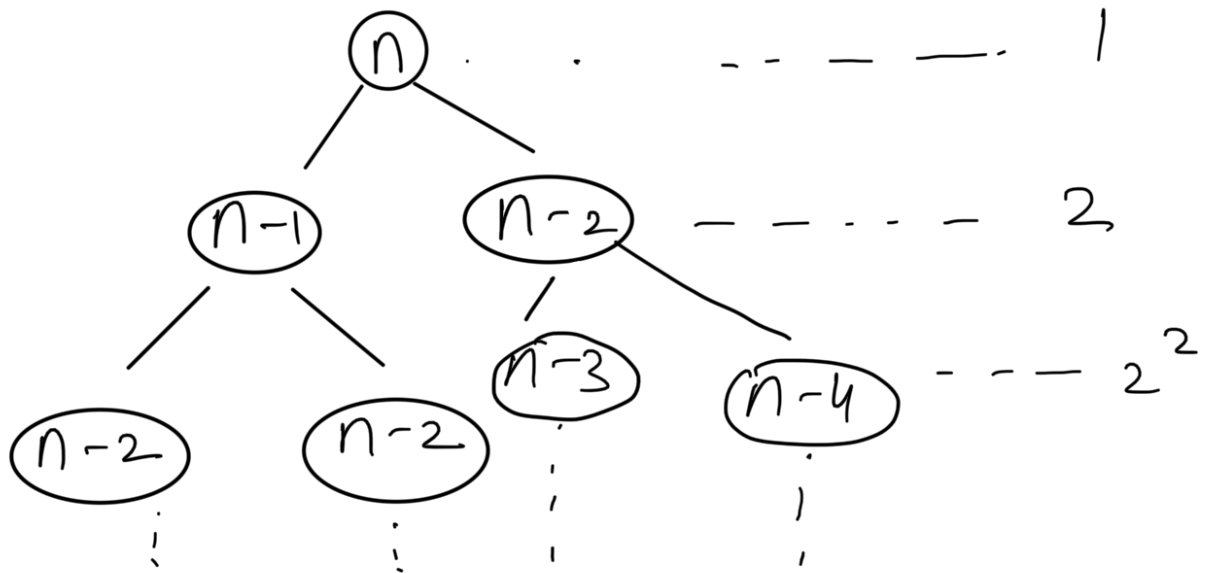
$$n = \frac{k^2 + 1}{2} \Rightarrow n \cong k^2$$

$$\Rightarrow k \cong \sqrt{n} \Rightarrow TC = O(\sqrt{n})$$

Q12) Recurrence Relation for

fibonacci ↴

$$T(n) = T(n-1) + T(n-2) + 1$$



$$TC = 1 + 2 + 4 + \dots + 2^n = \frac{(2^{n+1} - 2)}{2 - 1}$$

$$= 2^{n+1} - 2 \quad \text{so} \quad TC = O(2^n)$$

SC \rightarrow is proportional to height of recurrence tree. $\Rightarrow O(n)$

Q13) (i) $n \log n$

for (i to n)
{

for (j=1, j<=n; j*=2)

O(1) statements

}

(ii) n^3 \rightarrow for (i to n)

for (j to n)

for (k to n)

O(1) statements)

(iii) $\log(\log n)$ \rightarrow

i=n

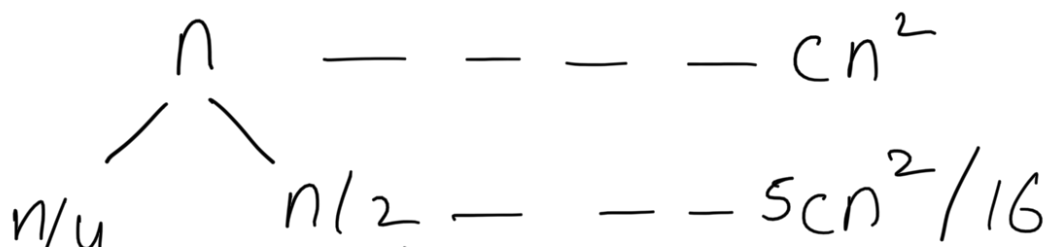
while (i>0)

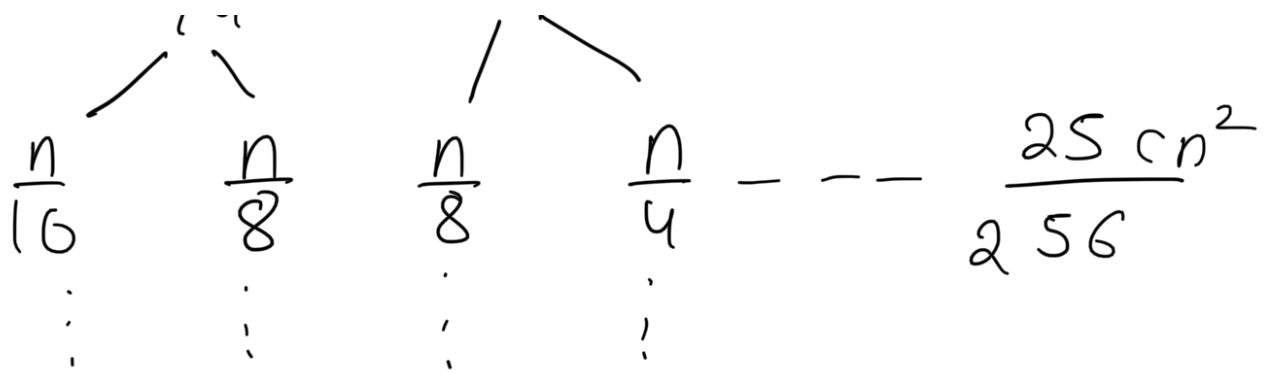
{

i = \sqrt{i} ;

}

Q14) $T(n) = T(n/4) + T(n/2) + cn^2$





$$T(n) = C \left(n^2 + \frac{5n^2}{16} + \frac{25n^2}{256} + \dots \right)$$

$$r = \frac{5}{16}, \quad S_n = \frac{1}{1-r} \Rightarrow T(n) = cn^2 \left(1 + \frac{5}{16} + \dots \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow C(n^2) \left(\frac{16}{11} \right) \Rightarrow T.C = \Theta(n^2)$$

Q15)

i	j	times
1	1 → n	n-1
2	1 → n	(n-1)/2
3	1 → n	(n-1)/3
⋮	⋮	⋮
n	1 → n	$\frac{n-1}{n}$
		$n \log n$

$$TC = O(n \log n)$$

✓

Q16) $i = 2, 2^k, 2^{k^2} \dots 2^{k^x}$

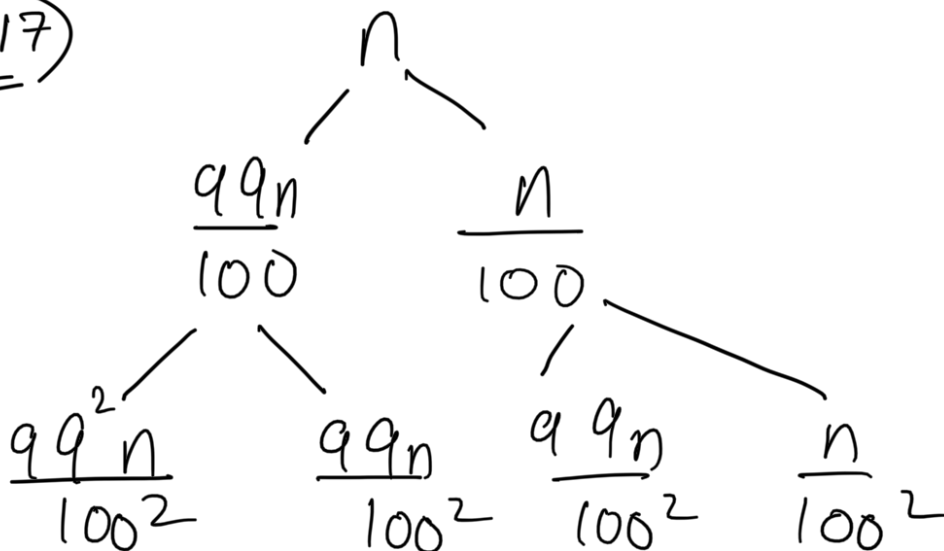
$$n = 2^{k^x}$$

$$\log n = k^x \log 2$$

$$\frac{\log \log n}{\log 2} = x \log k$$

$$x = \frac{\log \log n}{\log 2 \log k} \Rightarrow TC = O\left(\frac{\log \log n}{\log k}\right)$$

Q17)



$$TC \Rightarrow \log \frac{100}{99} n \approx \log n$$

$$n = \left(\frac{99}{100} \right)^k \Rightarrow k = \log \frac{100}{99} n$$

$$T(n) = n \left(\frac{\log \frac{100}{99}}{100} \right)^n = O(n \log_{99} n)$$

Q18) (Inc growth)

$$\textcircled{a} \quad 100 < \log \log n < \log n < \sqrt{n} < n \\ < n \log n < n^2 < 2^n < 2^{2n} < 4^n < n!$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad 1 < \log \log n < \sqrt{\log(n)} < \log n < \\ \log 2n < 2 \log n < n < 2n < 4n < n^2 \log n \\ < \log(n) < 2^{2n} < n!$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad 36 < \log_8 n < \log_2 n < 5n < n \log_8(n)$$

$$< n \log_2 n < 8n^2 < 7n^3 < \log n! <$$

$$8^{2n} < n!$$