

Report on

“Data Structures”

*Submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the degree of Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering in the course of **Data Structures** (19CS3PCDST)*

Submitted by

Dhruva M
(1BM19CS049)

Under the Guidance of
Dr. Kayarvizhy N.
Associate Professor
Department of CSE

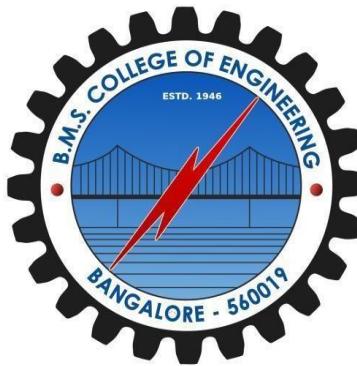


Department of Computer Science and Engineering
BMS College of Engineering
P.O. Box No.: 1908, Bull Temple Road, Bangalore-560 019
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B M S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

P.O. Box No: 1908 Bull Temple Road Bangalore-560019

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



ASSESSMENT

Report on **Data Structures (19CS3PCDST)**, “Advanced Algorithm assignment” has been successfully completed by **Dhruva M** at B.M.S College of Engineering in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the 3rd Semester, degree in Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering under Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during academic year 2020-2021.

Dr. Kayarvizhy N.

Associate Professor
Department of Computer science

Final Marks Awarded

Obtained	Total

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1. Write a program to simulate the working of stack using an array with the following : a) Push b) Pop c) Display The program should print appropriate messages for stack overflow, stack underflow

The screenshot shows a Visual Studio Code interface with a code editor and a terminal window.

Code Editor:

```

1: File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
• STACK.c - Visual Studio Code
C: > Users > Admin > Desktop > C STACK.c > main()
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #define size 5
3 int top=-1;
4 void push(int [], int);
5 int pop(int []);
6 void display(int []);
7 int main()
8 {
9     int stack[size],n=1;
10    int choice,element;
11    char ch;
12    do
13    {
14        printf("\nEnter 1 to Push\n");
15        printf(" Enter 2 to Pop\n");
16        printf(" Enter 3 to Display\n");
17        scanf("%d",&choice);
18        switch(choice)
19        {
20            case 1: printf("Enter the element to be pushed \n");
21                scanf("%d",&element);
22                push(stack,element);
23                break;
24            case 2: element=pop(stack);
25                if(element==1)
26                    printf("Stack Underflow");
27                else
28                    printf("Poped element is %d \n",element);
29                break;
30            case 3: display(stack);
31                break;
32            default: printf("Invalid choice");
33        }
34    }
35 }
```

Terminal Output:

```

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
1
Enter the element to be pushed
20

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
1
Enter the element to be pushed
30

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
2
Poped element is 30

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
2
Poped element is 20

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
3
The stack elements are
10
Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
```

```

C:\> Users > Admin > Desktop > C STACK.c > main()
30     case 3: display(stack);
31     | | break;
32     default: printf("Invalid choice");
33 }
34
35 } while(n==1);
36 return 0;
37 }

38 void push(int stack[], int no)
39 {
40     if (top==size-1)
41     {
42         printf("Stack overflow");
43     }
44     else
45     {
46         top++;
47         stack[top]=no;
48     }
49 }

50
51 int pop(int stack[])
52 {
53     int popno;
54     if(top==-1)
55     {
56         return -1;
57     }
58     else
59     {
60         popno=stack[top];
61         top--;
62     }
63 }

64
65
66
67 }

68 void display(int stack[])
69 {
70     int i;
71     printf("The stack elements are\n");
72     for(i=top;i>=0;i--)
73     {
74
75         printf("%d\t",stack[i]);
76     }
77 }
78 }

79 }

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
1
Enter the element to be pushed
20

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
1
Enter the element to be pushed
30

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
2
Popped element is 30

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
2
Popped element is 20

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
3
The stack elements are
10
Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
1
Enter the element to be pushed
20

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
1
Enter the element to be pushed
30

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
2
Popped element is 30

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
2
Popped element is 20

Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display
3
The stack elements are
10
Enter 1 to Push
Enter 2 to Pop
Enter 3 to Display

```

Ln 36, Col 7 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 CRLF C Win32

2.WAP to convert a given valid parenthesized infix arithmetic expression to postfix expression. The expression consists of single character operands and the binary operators + (plus), - (minus), * (multiply) and / (divide)

```
2 # define MAX 100
3 char stack[MAX];
4 int top=-1;
5
6 void push(char ch)
7 {
8     if (top==MAX-1)
9         printf("Stack is full\n");
10    else
11    {
12        top++;
13        stack[top]=ch;
14    }
15 }
16 char pop()
17 {
18     char item;
19     if (top==-1)
20         printf("\n stack is empty !");
21     else
22     {
23         item=stack[top];
24         top--;
25         return item;
26     }
27 }
28 }
29
30 int stackempty()
31 {
32     if(top==-1) return 1;
```

main.c

```
30 int stackempty()
31 {
32     if(top== -1) return 1;
33     else return 0;
34 }
35
36 char stacktop()
37 {
38     if( top== -1)
39         printf("\n stack is empty!");
40     else
41         return stack[top];
42 }
43 int priority(char ch)
44 {
45     switch(ch)
46     {
47         case '+':
48         case '-':return (1);
49         case '*':
50         case '/':return (2);
51         case '^': return (3);
52         default : return (0);
53     }
54 }
55
56
57
58 int main(int argc, char **argv)
59 {
```

main.c

```
--  
60     char infix[100];  
61     int i, item;  
62     printf("Enter the infix expression :");  
63     scanf("%s",infix);  
64     printf("Expression : %s",infix);  
65     printf("\n Postfix: ");  
66     i=0;  
67     while (infix[i]!='\0')  
68     {  
69  
70  
71         switch (infix[i])  
72         {  
73             case '(': push(infix[i]);  
74                 break;  
75             case ')':while(( item=pop())!=')'  
76                 printf("%c",item);  
77                 break;  
78             case '+':  
79             case '-':  
80             case '*':  
81             case '/':  
82             case '^':  
83                 while(!stackempty() && priority(infix[i])<=priority(stacktop())  
84                     )  
85                 {  
86                     item=pop();  
87                     printf("%c", item);  
88                 }  
89             push(infix[i]);  
90         }
```

```
82     case '^':
83         while(!stackempty() && priority(infix[i])<=priority(stacktop()))
84             )
85             {
86                 item=pop();
87                 printf("%c", item);
88             }
89
90             push(infix[i]);
91             break;
92         default : printf("%c", infix[i]);           I
93             break;
94
95         }
96         i++;
97     }
98
99     while(!stackempty())
100    {
101        char item;
102        item=pop();
103        printf("%c", item);
104
105    }
106    printf("\n");
107    return 0;
108
109 }
110 }
```

```
main.c:28:1: warning: control may reach end of non-void function [-Wreturn-type]
}
^
main.c:42:1: warning: control may reach end of non-void function [-Wreturn-type]
}
^
2 warnings generated.
> ./main
Enter the infix expression :(a+b)*c-(d-e)*(f+g)
Expression : (a+b)*c-(d-e)*(f+g)
Postfix: ab+c*de-fg+*-
```

I

3.WAP to simulate the working of a queue of integers using an array. Provide the following operations a) Insert b) Delete c) Display The program should print appropriate messages for queue empty and queue overflow conditions

main.c

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #define MAX 5
4
5 int front=0;
6 int rear=-1;
7
8 int queue[MAX];
9
10 void Enque(int);
11 int Deque();
12 void display();
13 int main()
14 {
15     int option;
16     int item;
17     int i=1;
18     do{
19         printf("\n 1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)");
20         printf("\n 2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)");
21         printf("\n 3. Display the content ");
22         printf("\n Enter the option :");
23         scanf("%d",&option);
24         switch(option)
25     {
26             case 1: printf("Enter the element\n");
27                     scanf("%d",&item);
28                     Enque(item);
29                     break;
30             case 2: item=Deque();
31                     if(item==-1)
32                         printf("Queue is empty\n");
```

main.c

```
30     case 2: item=Dequeue();
31         if(item==-1)
32             printf("Queue is empty\n");
33         else
34             printf("Removed element from the queue %d",item);
35             break;
36         case 3: display();
37             break;
38     }
39 } while (i==1); I
40 return 0;
41 }

43 void Enque(int ele)
44 {
45     if (rear==MAX-1)
46         printf("Queue is full\n");
47     else
48     {
49         rear++;
50         queue[rear]=ele;
51     }
52 }
53 int Deque()
54 {
55     int item;
56     if(front == -1)
57         return -1;
58     else
59     {
60         item=queue[front];
61         front...
```

main.c

```
--  
60     {  
61         item=queue[front];  
62         front++;  
63         if(front>rear)  
64         {  
65             front=-1;  
66             rear=-1;  
67         }  
68         return item;  
69     }  
70  
71 }  
72  
73 void display()  
74 {  
75     int i;  
76     if(front== -1)  
77         printf("Queue is empty\n");  
78     else  
79     {  
80         printf("\n Queue contents:");  
81         for(i=front;i<=rear;i++)  
82             printf("%d", queue[i]);  
83     }  
84 }
```

```
> clang-7 -lpthread -lm -o main main.c
> ./main
```

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)

3. Display the content

Enter the option :1

Enter the element

1

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)

3. Display the content

Enter the option :1

Enter the element

2

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)

3. Display the content

Enter the option :1

Enter the element

3

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)

3. Display the content

Enter the option :3

Queue contents:123

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)

3. Display the content

Enter the option :2

Removed element from the queue 1

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)

```
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
Enter the option :3
```



```
Queue contents:123
1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
Enter the option :2
```

```
Removed element from the queue 1
```

```
1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
Enter the option :2
```

```
Removed element from the queue 2
```

```
1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
Enter the option :2
```

```
Removed element from the queue 3
```

```
1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
Enter the option :2
```

```
Queue is empty
```

```
1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
Enter the option :3
```

```
Queue is empty
```

```
1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue) I
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
Enter the option :1
```

4.WAP to simulate the working of a circular queue of integers using an array. Provide the following operations. a) Insert b) Delete c) Display The program should print appropriate messages for queue empty and queue overflow conditions

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #define MAX 3
4
5 int front=-1;
6 int rear=-1;
7
8 int queue[MAX];
9
10 void Enque(int);
11 int Deque();
12 void display();
13 int main(int argc, char **argv)
14 {
15     int option;
16     int item;
17     do{
18         printf("Circular Queue\n");
19         printf("\n 1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)");
20         printf("\n 2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)");
21         printf("\n 3. Display the content ");
22         printf("\n 4. Exit\n");
23         printf("Enter the option :");
24         scanf("%d",&option);
25         switch(option)
26     {
27             case 1: printf("Enter the element\n");
28                     scanf("%d",&item);
29                     Enque(item);
30                     break;
31             case 2: item=Deque();
32                     if(item==-999)
```

```

        break;
    case 2: item=Deque();
        if(item==-999)
            printf("Queue is empty");
        else
            printf("Removed element from the queue %d",item);
        break;      I
    case 3: display();
        break;
    case 4: exit(0);
}
} while (option!=4);
return 0;
}

void Enque(int ele)
{
    if(((front == 0 && rear == MAX - 1))|| (front == rear + 1) )
    {
        printf("Queue is full\n");return;
    }
    else
    {
        rear=(rear+1)%MAX;
        queue[rear]=ele;
        if(front ==-1)
            front=0;
    }
}
int Deque()

```

```
62 int Deque()
63 {
64     int item;
65     if((front == -1)&&(rear == -1))
66     {
67
68         | return(-1);
69     }
70     else
71     {
72         item=queue[front];
73
74         if(front==rear)    I
75         {
76             | | front=-1;
77             | | rear=-1;
78         }
79         else
80         {
81             | | front=(front+1)%MAX;
82         }
83         return item;
84     }
85
86 }
87
88 void display()
89 {
90     if (front == -1 && rear == -1)
91     {
92         printf("Queue is empty");
93     }
94 }
```

```
main.c
88 void display()
89 {
90     if (front == -1 && rear == -1)
91     {
92         printf("Queue is empty");
93     }
94     else
95     {
96         printf("Queue contents : \n");
97         if (front <= rear)
98         {
99             for (int i = front; i <= rear; i++)
100            {
101                printf("%d\n", queue[i]);
102            }
103        }
104        else
105        {
106            for (int i = front; i <= MAX-1; i++)
107            {
108                printf("%d\n", queue[i]);
109            }
110            for (int i = 0; i <= rear; i++)
111            {
112                printf("%d\n", queue[i]);
113            }
114        }
115    }
116 }
117 }
```

```
> clang-7 -pthread -lm -o main main.c
> ./main
Circular Queue

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit
Enter the option :1
Enter the element
10
Circular Queue

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit
Enter the option :1
Enter the element
20
Circular Queue

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit
Enter the option :1
Enter the element
30
Circular Queue

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit
Enter the option :1
```

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit

Enter the option :1

Enter the element

40

Queue is full

Circular Queue

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit

Enter the option :3

Queue contents :

10

20

30

Circular Queue

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit

I

Enter the option :2

Removed element from the queue 10

Circular Queue

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit

Enter the option :3

Queue contents :

3. Display the content

4. Exit

Enter the option :3

Queue contents :

20

30

Circular Queue

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)

2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)

3. Display the content

4. Exit

Enter the option :1

Enter the element

40

Circular Queue

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)

2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)

3. Display the content

4. Exit

Enter the option :3

Queue contents :

20

I

30

40

Circular Queue

1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)

2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)

3. Display the content

4. Exit

Enter the option :2

Removed element from the queue 20

Circular Queue

```
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit
```

Enter the option :2

Removed element from the queue 20
Circular Queue

```
1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit
```

Enter the option :2

Removed element from the queue 30
Circular Queue

```
1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit
```

Enter the option :2

Removed element from the queue 40
Circular Queue

```
1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit
```

Enter the option :2

Queue is empty
Circular Queue

```
1. Insert to Queue (EnQueue)
2. delete from the Queue (DeQueue)
3. Display the content
4. Exit
```

Enter the option :1

5.WAP to Implement Singly Linked List with following operations a) Create a linked list. b) Insertion of a node at first position, at any position and at end of list. c) Display the contents of the linked list.

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 void create();
4 void display();
5 void insert_before();
6 struct node
7 {
8     int data;
9     struct node *next;
10 };
11 struct node *head=NULL;
12 int main()
13 {
14     int choice,ele;
15     char ch;
16     int n=1;
17     do
18     {
19
20         printf("\n1. Create \n2. Display \n3. insert before ");
21         printf("\nEnter your choice : ");
22         scanf("%d",&choice);
23         switch(choice)
24         {
25             case 1: create(); break;
26             case 2: display();break;
27             case 3: insert_before();
28                 break;
29         }
30     }while(n==1);
31 }
32 void create()
```

main.c

```
34     struct node *newnode,*temp;
35     int item;
36     newnode =(struct node *) malloc (sizeof(struct node));
37     printf("Enter the data : ");
38     scanf("%d",&item);
39     newnode->data=item;
40     if (head==NULL)
41     {
42         newnode->next=NULL;
43         head=newnode;
44         printf("Node created\n");
45     }
46     else
47     {
48         temp=head;
49         while(temp->next!=NULL)
50         {
51             temp=temp->next;
52         }
53         temp->next=newnode;
54         newnode->next=NULL;
55         printf("Node created\n");
56     }
57 }
58
59 void display()
60 {
61     struct node *ptr=NULL;
62     ptr=head;
63
64     if(ptr==NULL)
65     {
```

main.c

```
66     |     printf("Nothing to print\n");
67 }
68 else
69 {
70     |     while(ptr!=NULL)
71     |
72     |         printf("%d ",ptr->data);
73     |         ptr=ptr->next;
74     |
75 }
76
77 }
78
79 void insert_before()
80 {
81     |     struct node *newnode;
82     |     int ele;
83     |     printf("Enter the element : ");
84     |     scanf("%d",&ele);
85
86     newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
87
88     newnode->data =ele;
89     newnode->next=head;
90     head=newnode;
91
92
93 }
```

```
> clang-7 -pthread -lm -o main main.c
> ./main

1. Create
2. Display
3. insert before
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 3
Node created

1. Create
2. Display
3. insert before
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 6
Node created

1. Create
2. Display
3. insert before
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 7
Node created

1. Create
2. Display
3. insert before
Enter your choice : 3
Enter the element : 2

1. Create
2. Display
3. insert before
Enter your choice : 2
2 3 6 7
1. Create
2. Display
3. insert before
Enter your choice : 1
```

6.WAP to Implement Singly Linked List with following operations a) a) Create a linked list. b) Deletion of first element, specified element and last element in the list. c) Display the contents of the linked list.

main.c

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 void create();
4 void display();
5 void delfun(int);
6 struct node
7 {
8     int data;
9     struct node *next;
10 };
11 struct node *head=NULL;
12 int main()
13 {
14     int choice,ele;
15     char ch;
16     int n=1;
17     do
18     {
19
20         printf("\n1. Create \n2. Display \n3. Delete ");
21         printf("\nEnter your choice : ");
22         scanf("%d",&choice);
23         switch(choice)
24         {
25             case 1: create(); break;
26             case 2: display();break;
27             case 3: printf("Enter the element to be deleted\n");
28                     scanf("%d",&ele);
29                     delfun(ele); break;
30
31         }
32     }while(n==1);
```

```
34 void create()
35 {
36     struct node *newnode,*temp;
37     int item;
38     newnode =(struct node *) malloc (sizeof(struct node));
39     printf("Enter the data : ");
40     scanf("%d",&item);
41     newnode->data=item;
42     if (head==NULL)
43     {
44         newnode->next=NULL;
45         head=newnode;
46         printf("Node created\n");
47     }
48     else
49     {
50         temp=head;
51         while(temp->next!=NULL)
52         {
53             temp=temp->next;
54         }
55         temp->next=newnode;
56         newnode->next=NULL;
57         printf("Node created\n");
58     }
59 }
60
61 void display()
62 {
63     struct node *ptr=NULL;
64     ptr=head;
65 }
```

main.c

```
66     if(ptr==NULL)
67     {
68         printf("Nothing to print\n");
69     }
70     else
71     {
72         while(ptr!=NULL)
73         {
74             printf("%d ",ptr->data);
75             ptr=ptr->next;
76         }
77     }
78 }
79 }
80
81 void delfun(int ele)
82 {
83     struct node *temp,*del=NULL;
84
85     if (head == NULL)
86     {
87         printf("Empty List. Can't delete\n");return;
88     }
89     temp=head;
90     if(head->data==ele)
91     {
92         head=head->next;
93         return;
94     }
95     while (temp->next!=NULL)
96     {
97         if(temp->next->data==ele)
```

```
if (head == NULL)
{
    printf("Empty List. Can't delete\n");return;
}
temp=head;
if(head->data==ele)
{
    head=head->next;
    return;
}
while (temp->next!=NULL)
{
    if(temp->next->data==ele)
    {
        del=temp->next;
        if(del->next==NULL)
            temp->next=NULL;
        else
            temp->next=del->next;
    }
    else
        temp=temp->next;
}
if(del==NULL)
{
    printf("Element not found in the list\n");return;
}
```

```
> clang-7 -pthread -lm -o main main.c
> ./main

1. Create
2. Display
3. Delete
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 4
Node created

1. Create
2. Display
3. Delete
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 6
Node created

1. Create
2. Display
3. Delete
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 8
Node created

1. Create
2. Display
3. Delete
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 2
Node created

1. Create
2. Display
3. Delete
Enter your choice : 3
Enter the element to be deleted
8

1. Create
```

```
1. Create  
2. Display  
3. Delete
```

```
Enter your choice : 1
```

```
Enter the data : 6
```

```
Node created
```

```
1. Create  
2. Display  
3. Delete
```

```
Enter your choice : 1
```

```
Enter the data : 8
```

```
Node created
```

```
1. Create  
2. Display  
3. Delete
```

```
Enter your choice : 1
```

```
Enter the data : 2
```

```
Node created
```

```
1. Create  
2. Display  
3. Delete
```

```
Enter your choice : 3
```

```
Enter the element to be deleted
```

```
8
```

```
1. Create  
2. Display  
3. Delete
```

```
Enter your choice : 2
```

```
4 6 2
```

```
1. Create  
2. Display  
3. Delete
```

```
Enter your choice : []
```

7.WAP Implement Single Link List with following operations a) a) Sort the linked list.
b) Reverse the linked list. c) Concatenation of two linked lists

main.c

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3
4 struct node
5 {
6     int data;
7     struct node *next;
8 };
9
10 void create(struct node **hptr);
11 void display(struct node *hptr);
12 void reverse(struct node **hptr);
13 void sort(struct node *hptr);
14 void concatenate(struct node *hptr1, struct node *hptr2);
15
16
17
18 int main(int argc, char **argv)
19 {
20     struct node *head1=NULL;
21     struct node *head2=NULL;
22     int choice,ele,choice1;
23     while(choice1!=4)
24     {
25         printf("1. List1 \n2. List2 \n3.Concatenate \n4.Display\n");
26         printf("Enter your choice:");
27         scanf("%d",&choice1);
28
29         if(choice1 == 1)
30         {
31             printf("List1\n");
32             while(choice1!=5)
```

```
34         printf("\n1. Create \n2. Sort \n3. Reverse \n4. Display\n5. Quit\n");
35         printf("Enter your choice : ");
36         scanf("%d",&choice);
37         if(choice == 1)
38         {
39             create(&head1);
40         }
41         else if(choice == 2)
42         {
43             sort(head1);
44         }
45         else if(choice == 3)
46         {
47             reverse(&head1);
48         }
49         else if(choice == 4)
50             display(head1);
51         else if(choice == 5)
52             break;
53     }
54 }
55 else if(choice1 == 2)
56 {
57     int choice2;
58     printf("List 2\n");
59     while(choice2!=5)
60     {
61         printf("\n1. Create \n2. Sort \n3. Reverse \n4. Display\n5. Quit");
62         printf("Enter your choice : ");
63         scanf("%d",&choice2);
```

main.c

```
64     if(choice2 == 1)
65     {
66         | create(&head2);
67     }
68     else if(choice2 == 2)
69     {
70         | sort(head2);
71     }
72     else if(choice2 == 3)
73     {
74         | reverse(&head2);
75     }
76     else if(choice2 == 4)
77     | display(head2);
78     else if(choice2 == 5)
79     | | break;
80     }
81 }
82 else if(choice1 == 3)
83 | | concatenate(head1, head2);
84 else if(choice1 == 4)
85 | | display(head1);
86 else if(choice1 == 5)
87 | | break;
88 }
89 return 0;
90 }
91
92 void create(struct node **hptr)
93 {
94     struct node *newnode,*temp;
95     int item;
```

```
94     struct node *newnode,*temp;
95     int item;
96     newnode =(struct node *) malloc (sizeof(struct node));
97     printf("Enter the data : ");
98     scanf("%d",&item);
99     newnode->data=item;
100    if (*hptr==NULL)
101    {
102        newnode->next=NULL;
103        *hptr=newnode;
104    }
105    else
106    {
107        temp=*hptr;
108        while(temp->next!=NULL)
109        {
110            temp=temp->next;
111        }
112        temp->next=newnode;
113        newnode->next=NULL;
114    }
115 }
116 }
117
118 void display(struct node *hptr)
119 {
120     struct node *ptr=NULL;
121     ptr=hptr;
122
123     if(ptr==NULL)
124     {
125         printf("List is empty");
126     }
127     else
128     {
129         printf("The list elements are : ");
130         while(ptr!=NULL)
131         {
132             printf("%d ",ptr->data);
133             ptr=ptr->next;
134         }
135     }
136 }
```

```
--  
123     if(ptr==NULL)  
124     {  
125         printf("Nothing to print\n");  
126     }  
127     else  
128     {  
129         while(ptr!=NULL)  
130         {  
131             printf("%d ",ptr->data);  
132             ptr=ptr->next;  
133         }  
134     }  
135 }  
136  
137 void sort(struct node *hptr)  
138 {  
139     if(hptr == NULL)  
140         printf("Empty list\n");  
141     else  
142     {  
143         int swap;  
144         struct node *first = NULL;  
145         struct node *last = NULL;  
146         do  
147         {  
148             swap = 0;  
149             first = hptr;  
150  
151             while(first->next != last)  
152             {  
153                 if(first->data > first->next->data)  
154                 {
```

```
155     int temp = first->data;
156     first->data = first->next->data;
157     first->next->data = temp;
158     swap = 1;
159   }
160   first = first->next;
161 }
162 last = first;
163 }while(swap);
164 }
165 }
166
167 void reverse(struct node **hptr)
168 {
169   if(*hptr == NULL)
170   {
171     printf("Empty list\n");
172   }
173   else
174   {
175     struct node *prev, *curr, *head=*hptr;
176     prev = head;
177     curr = head->next;
178     head = head->next;
179
180     prev->next = NULL;
181
182     while(head!=NULL)
183     {
184       head = head->next;
185       curr->next = prev;
186
187     }
```

main.c

```
181
182     while(head!=NULL)
183     {
184         head = head->next;
185         curr->next = prev;
186
187         prev = curr;
188         curr = head;
189     }
190
191     *hptr = prev;
192 }
193 }
194
195 void concatenate(struct node *hptr1, struct node *hptr2)
196 {
197     if(hptr1 == NULL && hptr2 == NULL)
198         printf("Both are empty lists\n");
199     else if(hptr1 == NULL || hptr2 == NULL)
200         printf("One of them is empty\n");
201     else
202     {
203         struct node *temp1 = hptr1;
204         struct node *temp2 = hptr2;
205         while(temp1->next != NULL)
206             temp1 = temp1->next;
207         temp1->next = temp2;
208     }
209 }
```

```
> clang-7 -lpthread -lm -o main main.c
> ./main
1. List1
2. List2
3. Concatenate
4. Display
Enter your choice:1
List1

1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 3

1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 5

1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 7

1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 5
```

```
1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 5
1. List1
2. List2
3. Concatenate
4. Display
Enter your choice:2
List 2

1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. QuitEnter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 2

1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. QuitEnter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 4

1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. QuitEnter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 6

1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
```

```
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. QuitEnter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 2
```

```
1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. QuitEnter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 4
```

```
1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. QuitEnter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 6
```

```
1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. QuitEnter your choice : 5
1. List1
2. List2
```

```
3.Concatenate
4.Display
```

```
Enter your choice:3
```

```
1. List1
2. List2
3.Concatenate
4.Display
```

```
Enter your choice:4
```

```
3 5 7 2 4 6 >
```

```
>
```

```
> 1
```

```
bash: 1: command not found
```

```
> |
```

```
1. Create
2. Sort
> clang-7 -pthread -lm -o main main.c
> ./main
1. List1
2. List2
3. Concatenate
4. Display
Enter your choice:1
List1

1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 3

1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 1

1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 8

1. Create
2. Sort
```

```
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 8
```

```
1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 2
```

```
1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 4
1 3 8
```

```
1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 3
```

```
1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : 4
8 3 1
```

```
1. Create
2. Sort
3. Reverse
4. Display
5. Quit
Enter your choice : ■
```

8.WAP to implement Stack & Queues using Linked Representation

C Untitled-1.c

C Untitled.c X

C: > Users > dhruvam02 > OneDrive > Desktop > C Untitled.c > main()

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include<stdlib.h>
3
4 struct node{
5     int data;
6     struct node*next;
7 };
8 struct node*front;
9 struct node*rear;
10
11 void push(struct node**top,int d) {
12     struct node*temp,n;
13
14     temp = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
15
16     if(temp == NULL) {
17         printf("Stack is full\n");
18     }
19
20     temp->data = d;
21     temp->next = *top;
22     *top = temp;
23     printf("%d is pushed\n",d);
24 }
25
26 void pop(struct node**top) {
27     struct node*temp;
28
29     if(*top==NULL) {
30         printf("Stack Underflow\n");
31         return;
32     }
33 }
```

```
1.c Untitled.c X
> dhruvam02 > OneDrive > Desktop > C Untitled.c > main()
    PRINTS STACK UNDETERMINED
    return;
}

temp = *top;
printf("%d popped\n", temp->data);
*top = (*top)->next;

free(temp);

void display(struct node* top) {
    if(top == NULL){
        printf("No Elements Present in Stack\n");
        return;
    }

    while(top!=NULL) {
        printf("%d ", top->data);
        top = top->next;
    }
    printf("\n");
}

void insert(int d) {
    struct node*n;
    n = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    if(n == NULL){
        printf("Queue Overflow\n");
        return;
    }
    n->data = d;
    if(front==NULL) {
        front = n;
    }
}
```

```
J-1.c  Untitled.c  X
> dhruvam02 > OneDrive > Desktop > C Untitled.c > main()
    front = n;
    rear = n;
    front->next = NULL;
    rear->next = NULL;
}
else {
    rear->next = n;
    rear = n;
    rear->next = NULL;
}
printf("%d is inserted\n",d);

void delete() {
    struct node *temp;
    if(front == NULL) {
        printf("Queue Underflow\n");
        return;
    }
    temp = front;
    printf("%d deleted\n",temp->data);
    front = front->next;
    free(temp);
}

void display_queue() {

    struct node *temp;
    temp = front;
    if(front == NULL)
    {
        printf("\nEmpty queue\n");
    }
}
```

```
ers > dhruvam02 > OneDrive > Desktop > C Untitled.c > main()
```

```
else
{
    printf("\nQueue Elements: \n");
    while(temp != NULL)
    {
        printf("%d ",temp->data);
        temp = temp->next;
    }
    printf("\n");
}

int main()
{
    struct node*stack = NULL;
    printf("STACK OPERATIONS\n");
    printf("1.Push\t2.Pop\t3.Display\t4.Exit\n");
    int choice,item;
    printf("Enter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
    while(choice!=4) {
        switch(choice) {
            case 1: printf("Enter data to be pushed: ");
                      scanf("%d",&item);
                      push(&stack,item);
                      break;

            case 2: pop(&stack);
                      break;

            case 3: display(stack);
                      break;
        }
        printf("1.Push\t2.Pop\t3.Display\t4.Exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice: ");
    }
}
```

```
        break;
    }
    printf("1.Push\t2.Pop\t3.Display\t4.Exit\n");
    printf("Enter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
}
printf("End of Stack Operations\n\n");

printf("QUEUE OPERATIONS\n");
printf("1.Insert\t2.Delete\t3.Display\t4.Exit\n");
printf("Enter your choice: ");
scanf("%d",&choice);
while(choice!=4) {
    switch(choice) {
        case 1: printf("Enter data to be inserted: ");
            scanf("%d",&item);
            insert(item);
            break;

        case 2: delete();
            break;

        case 3: display_queue();
            break;
    }
    printf("1.Insert\t2.Delete\t3.Display\t4.Exit\n");
    printf("Enter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d",&choice);
}

printf("End Of Queue Operations\n");
return 0;
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.18363.1256]
(c) 2019 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

```
C:\Users\dhruvam02>cd "c:\Users\dhruvam02\OneDrive\Desktop\" && gcc Untitled.c -o Untitled
STACK OPERATIONS
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data to be pushed: 3
3 is pushed
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data to be pushed: 6
6 is pushed
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data to be pushed: 7
7 is pushed
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: 2
7 popped
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: 3
6 3
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: 4
End of Stack Operations
```

QUEUE OPERATIONS

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

Enter your choice: 3
6 3
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit

Enter your choice: 4
End of Stack Operations

QUEUE OPERATIONS

1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter data to be inserted: 7

7 is inserted

1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter data to be inserted: 3

3 is inserted

1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter data to be inserted: 7

7 is inserted

1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit

Enter your choice: 2

7 deleted

1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Queue Elements:

3 7

1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

Enter your choice: 2

7 deleted

1.Insert 2.Delete

3.Display

4.Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Queue Elements:

3 7

1.Insert 2.Delete

3.Display

4.Exit

Enter your choice: 4

End Of Queue Operations

c:\Users\dhruvam02\OneDrive\Desktop>cd "c:\Users\dhruvam02\OneDrive\Desktop\" && gcc

STACK OPERATIONS

1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter data to be pushed: 4

4 is pushed

1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit

Enter your choice: 1

Enter data to be pushed: 5

5 is pushed

1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit

Enter your choice: 2

5 poped

1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit

Enter your choice: 3

4

1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit

Live Share

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
Enter your choice: 2
5 popped
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: 3
4
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: 4
End of Stack Operations

QUEUE OPERATIONS
1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data to be inserted: 8
8 is inserted
1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter data to be inserted: 7
7 is inserted
1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: 2
8 deleted
1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Queue Elements:
7
1.Insert 2.Delete 3.Display 4.Exit
Enter your choice: |
```



```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2
3 #include<stdlib.h>
4 struct node
5 {
6     int data;
7     struct node *next;
8     struct node *prev;
9 };
10 struct node *head=NULL;
11 void insert_beg()
12 {
13     struct node *new_node;
14     new_node=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
15     printf("Enter the item\n");
16     scanf("%d",&new_node->data);
17     new_node->next=NULL;
18     new_node->prev=NULL;
19
20     if(head==NULL)
21     {
22         head=new_node;
23     }
24     else
25     {
26         new_node->next=head;
27         head->prev=new_node;
28         head=new_node;
29     }
30 }
31
32 void insert_end()
33 {
34 }
```

```
34
35     struct node *new_node,*temp;
36     new_node=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
37     printf("Enter the item\n");
38     scanf("%d",&new_node->data);
39     new_node->next=NULL;
40     new_node->prev=NULL;
41     if(head==NULL)
42     {
43         head=new_node;
44     }
45     else
46     {
47         temp=head;
48         while(temp->next!=NULL)
49             temp=temp->next;
50         temp->next=new_node;
51         new_node->prev=temp;
52     }
53 }
54
55 void insert_between()
56 {
57     int listele;
58     struct node *new_node,*temp;
59     printf("Enter the element in the list\n");
60     scanf("%d",&listele);
61     new_node=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
62     printf("Enter the new node data\n");
63     scanf("%d",&new_node->data);
64     new_node->next=NULL;
65     new_node->prev=NULL;
66     if(head==NULL)
```

```
new_node->prev=NULL;
67 if(head==NULL)
68 {
69     printf("Empty list\n"); return;
70 }
71 temp=head;
72 while(temp->data!=listele)
73 {
74     temp=temp->next;
75     if(temp==NULL)
76     {
77         printf("Element is not in the list");
78         return;
79     }
80 }
81 new_node->next=temp->next;
82 temp->next=new_node;
83 new_node->prev=temp;
84 new_node->next->prev=new_node;
85 }
86 void del()
87 {
88     struct node *temp;
89     int ele;
90     if(head==NULL)
91     {
92         printf("Empty List \n");
93         return;
94     }
95     printf("Enter the element to be deleted\n");
96     scanf("%d",&ele);
97     temp=head;
98     while(temp->data!=ele)
99     {
100         temp=temp->next;
```

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7     temp=temp->next;
8     if(temp==NULL)
9     {
10        printf("Element is not in the list\n");
11        break;
12    }
13
14    if(temp==head)
15    {
16        head=head->next;
17    }
18    else if(temp->next==NULL)
19    {
20        temp=temp->prev;
21        temp->next=NULL;
22    }
23
24    void display()
25    {
26        struct node *temp;
27        temp=head;
28        while(temp!=NULL)
29        {
30            printf("%d\t",temp->data);
31            temp=temp->next;
32        }
33        printf("\n");
34    }
35
36
```

```
while( temp != NULL )
{
    printf("%d\t",temp->data);
    temp=temp->next;
}
printf("\n");

int main()
{
    int choice;

    while(1)
    {
        printf(" 1. Insert at the beg \n");
        printf(" 2. Insert at the end \n");
        printf(" 3. Insert after a given node\n");
        printf(" 4. Delete \n");
        printf(" 5. Display\n");
        printf(" 6. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice\n");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        switch(choice)
        {
            case 1: insert_beg(); break;
            case 2: insert_end();break;
            case 3: insert_between();break;
            case 4: del(); break;
            case 5: display(); break;
            case 6: exit(0);
        }
    }
}
```

```
► clang-7 -pthread -lm -o main main.c
► ./main
1. Insert at the beg
2. Insert at the end
3. Insert after a given node
4. Delete
5. Display
6. Exit
Enter your choice
1
Enter the item
4
1. Insert at the beg
2. Insert at the end
3. Insert after a given node
4. Delete
5. Display
6. Exit
Enter your choice
1
Enter the item
7
1. Insert at the beg
2. Insert at the end
3. Insert after a given node
4. Delete
5. Display
6. Exit
Enter your choice
2
Enter the item
5
1. Insert at the beg
2. Insert at the end
```

```
6. Exit  
Enter your choice  
2  
Enter the item  
5  
1. Insert at the beg  
2. Insert at the end  
3. Insert after a given node  
4. Delete  
5. Display  
6. Exit  
Enter your choice  
3  
Enter the element in the list  
9  
Enter the new node data  
6  
Element is not in the list 1. Insert at the beg  
2. Insert at the end  
3. Insert after a given node  
4. Delete  
5. Display  
6. Exit  
Enter your choice  
5  
7 4 5  
1. Insert at the beg  
2. Insert at the end  
3. Insert after a given node  
4. Delete  
5. Display  
6. Exit  
Enter your choice
```

10. Write a program a) To construct a binary Search tree. b) To traverse the tree using all the methods i.e., in-order, preorder and post order c) To display the elements in the tree.

C Untitled-1.c X

C: > Users > dhruvam02 > OneDrive > Desktop > C Untitled-1.c > main(void)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3
4 typedef struct Node {
5     int data;
6     struct Node *left, *right;
7 } node;
8
9 node *create(int data) {
10    node *temp;
11    temp = (node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
12    temp->data = data;
13    temp->left = temp->right = NULL;
14    return temp;
15 }
16
17 void inorder(node *root) {
18    if (root != NULL) {
19        inorder(root->left);
20        printf("%d ", root->data);
21        inorder(root->right);
22    }
23 }
24
25 void preorder(node *root) {
26    if (root != NULL) {
27        printf("%d ", root->data);
28        preorder(root->left);
29        preorder(root->right);
30    }
31 }
32
```

```
31 }
32
33 void postorder(node *root) {
34     if (root != NULL) {
35         postorder(root->left);
36         postorder(root->right);
37         printf("%d ", root->data);
38     }
39 }
40
41 void insert(node *root, node *temp) {
42     if(temp->data<root->data){
43         if(root->left!=NULL)
44             insert(root->left,temp);
45         else
46             root->left = temp;
47     }
48     if(temp->data>root->data)
49     {
50         if(root->right!=NULL)
51             insert(root->right,temp);
52         else
53             root->right=temp;
54     }
55 }
56
57 int main(void) {
58     node *root = NULL,*temp;
59
60     int choice = 0;
61     while(choice != 2)
```

C Untitled-1.c X

C:\> Users > dhruvam02 > OneDrive > Desktop > C Untitled-1.c > main(void)

```
60 int choice = 0;
61 while(choice != 2)
62 {
63     temp =
64     printf("1 - Insert\n");
65     printf("2 - Exit\n");
66
67     printf("Enter your choice:");
68     scanf("%d",&choice);
69     if(choice==1)
70     {
71         int val;
72         printf("Enter value:");
73         scanf("%d",&val);
74         temp = create(val);
75         if(root==NULL)
76             root=temp;
77         else
78             insert(root,temp);
79     }
80     else if(choice==2)
81         break;
82     else
83         printf("Invalid choice\n");
84
85 }
86
87 printf("Inorder traversal: ");
88 inorder(root);
89
90 printf("\nPreorder traversal: ");
91 preorder(root);
```

```
C:\Users\dhruvam02\OneDrive\Desktop> C Untitled-1.c > main(void)
```

```
76     root=temp;
77     else
78         insert(root,temp);
79     }
80     else if(choice==2)
81         break;
82     else
83         printf("Invalid choice\n");
84
85 }
86
87 printf("Inorder traversal: ");
88 inorder(root);
89
90 printf("\nPreorder traversal: ");
91 preorder(root);
92
93 printf("\nPostorder traversal: ");
94 postorder(root);
95 }
```

```
1 - Insert
2 - Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter value:4
1 - Insert
2 - Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter value:3
1 - Insert
2 - Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter value:6
1 - Insert
2 - Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter value:8
1 - Insert
2 - Exit
Enter your choice:2
Inorder traversal: 3 4 6 8
Preorder traversal: 4 3 6 8
Postorder traversal: 3 8 6 4
```

```
1 - Insert
2 - Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter value:3
I
1 - Insert
2 - Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter value:1
1 - Insert
2 - Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter value:7
1 - Insert
2 - Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter value:9
1 - Insert
2 - Exit
Enter your choice:2
Inorder traversal: 1 3 7 9
Preorder traversal: 3 1 7 9
Postorder traversal: 1 9 7 3
c:\Users\dhruvam02\OneDrive\Desktop>
```