Nirma University

Institute of Technology

Semester End Examination (IR), December - 2017

B. Tech. in Computer Engineering / Information Technology, Semester-VII

IT794 Compiler Construction

Roll /	Supervisor's	
Exam N	No initial with date	
Time: 3	B Hours Max. Marks: 1	00
Instruc		
	2. Figures to right indicate full marks.3. Draw neat sketches wherever necessary.	
	4. Assume necessary data if required and specify them.	
Q:-1	Do as Directed.	[6]
A)	Exemplify the terms: Token, handle, viable prefix, operator Grammar. [Comparison of the comparison of)4]
B)	What is the significance of synchronization tokens in predictive parsing? [() How can those tokens be added to parsing table?	06]
C)	Check and Justify whether the following grammar is an operator [Compared to parsing table:	06]
	grammar or not.	
	$E \rightarrow EAE \mid (E) \mid -E \mid id$	
	A → + - * / OR	
C)	Define ambiguous Grammar. State if the following grammar is	06]
-,	ambiguous: (show all the steps)	
	$A \rightarrow AA+ AA* a$	
Q:-2	Do as Directed.	20]
A)	Construct the LL(1) parse table for the following grammar:	06]
1.1	$S \rightarrow a \mid \uparrow \mid (T)$ $T \rightarrow T, S \mid S$	
	Show the action of the parser for the input string (a,a).	
	OR	
A)		[06]
B)		[06]
C)	string "t = a + s * 70" Consider the following grammar, State if the Grammar is LL(1), LR(0),	[80]
C)	SLR(1), CLR(1) and LALR(1) with proper justification.	. 1
	S → AaAb BbBa	
	$A \rightarrow \epsilon$	
	$B \rightarrow \epsilon$	
Q:-3	Do as Directed.	[14]
A)	Construct LALR(1) parsing table for the following Grammar:	[08]
	S → Aa aAc Bc bBa	
	$A \rightarrow d$	
D	B → d Construct NFA and Minimized DFA for the following Regular Expression:	[06]
B)	(a b)*a(a b)	[OO]

Q:-4 Do as Directed.

[16]

- A) Differentiate between S-attributed definition and L-attributed definition. [08] State and explain whether the following grammar is
 - a) L-attributed b) S-attributed c)both d)none

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A \rightarrow LM \{L.i = f (A.i) ; M.i = f(L.S) ; A.s = f(M.s); \}

A \rightarrow QR \{R.i = f(A.i) ; Q.i = f(R.i) ; A.s = f(Q.s); \}
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A) Construct Syntax Directed Definition for the below given grammar and [08] the input string "real id1,id2,id3".

 $D \rightarrow TL$

T → int | real

 $L \rightarrow L_1, id \mid id$

B) Construct translation scheme for the below given grammar and the [08] input string "4 - 2 - 4 * 2".

 $E \rightarrow E \# T | T$ $T \rightarrow T \& F | F$ $F \rightarrow num$

Q:-5 Do as Directed.

[18]

A) Generate a type expression for the following grammar:

[06]

 $E \rightarrow id$

E → charliteral

 $E \rightarrow intliteral$

 $E \rightarrow E_1 [E_2]$

 $E \rightarrow E_1 \uparrow$

B) How to allocate the space for the generated target code and the data [06] object of our source programs?

C) Give three address code for the following C expression.

[06]

"a = b * -c + b * -c"

OR

C) Describe the data structures used in symbol table generation.

[06]

Q:-6 Do as Directed.

[16]

A) Generate basic blocks for the following given code and Apply four code [08] optimization techniques on those blocks if possible. void quicksort (m,n)

int i, j, v, x;
if (n<= m) return;
i=m-1; j=n; v = a[n];
while(1) {
 do i = i+1; while (a[i] < v);
 do j = j-1; while(a[j] < v);
 if(i>= j) break;
 x = a[i]; a[i] = a[j]; a[j] = x;
}
x = a[i]; a[i] = a[n]; a[n] = x;
 quicksort(m,j); quicksort(i+1,n);

B) Explain stack allocation techniques with example.

[80]