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Aim:

To design interactive dashboards and create visual storytelling using D3.js on a dataset related to Environment/Forest cover, covering basic and advanced charts.

Objectives

- To understand how to use D3.js for data visualization.
- To implement basic charts like Bar chart, Pie chart, Histogram, Timeline chart, Scatter plot, and Bubble plot.
- To implement advanced charts like Word chart, Box and whisker plot, Violin plot, Regression plot (linear and nonlinear), 3D chart, and Jitter.
- To draw observations and insights from each chart.
- To create an interactive storytelling dashboard using the above visualizations.

Dataset:

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/arjunprasadsarkhel/forest-cover-in-india/data

Description:

Data about Forest Cover in States/UTs in India in 2019, includes state-wise data which contains the geographical area(area in sq. km), various types of forest, percentage of geographical area.

Attributes/Columns:

```
['State/UTs', '1987', '1989', '1991', '1993', '1995', '1997', '1999', '2001', '2003', '2005', '2007', '2011', '2013']
```

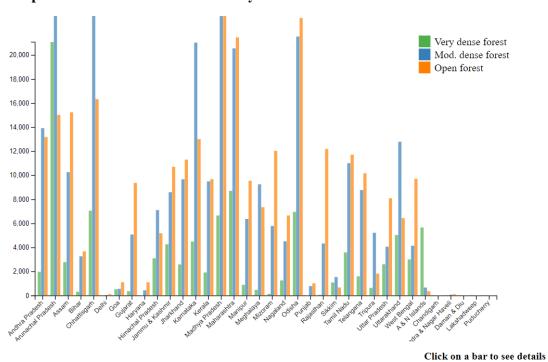
['State/UTs', 'Geographical area', 'Very dense forest',

'Mod. dense forest', 'Open forest', 'Total forest', 'Percentage of geographical area', 'Scrub']

Output / Plots:

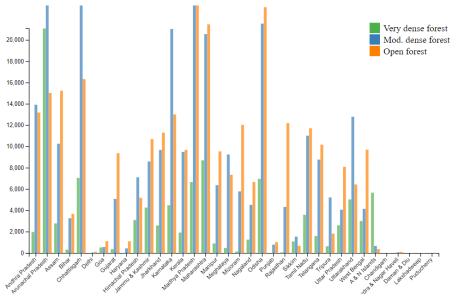
1. Grouped Bar Chart

Grouped Bar Chart of Forest Cover by State/UT



This grouped bar chart shows distribution of states based on Very dense Mod. dense and open forest cover areas.

Grouped Bar Chart of Forest Cover by State/UT



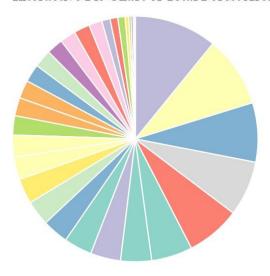
State/UT: Uttarakhand, Mod. dense forest: 12805.0 sq km

After clicking on a particular bar i can see the details of that bar below.

This chart helps in understanding various types of forest covers by comparing them in all states. Madhya Pradesh has the highest cover for Mod. dense and Open Forests whereas Arunachal Pradesh has the highest cover for Very dense forest.

2. Pie Chart

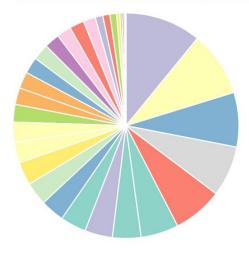
Interactive Pie Chart of Total Forest Area Distribution



Click on a slice to see details

This pie chart shows the distribution of total forest covers of all the states.

Interactive Pie Chart of Total Forest Area Distribution

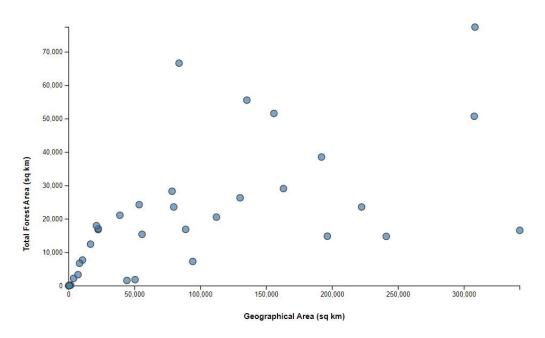


State/UT: Madhya Pradesh, Total Forest Area: 77482 sq km

After clicking on a particular slice we can see the details below. Madhya Pradesh has the largest forest cover among all the states.

3. Scatter Plot

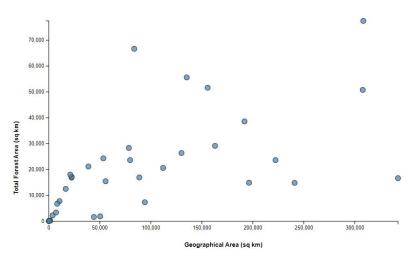
Scatter Plot: Geographical Area vs Total Forest



Hover over a point to see details

This is a Scatter plot showing the relationship between Geographical Area and Total Forest.

Scatter Plot: Geographical Area vs Total Forest



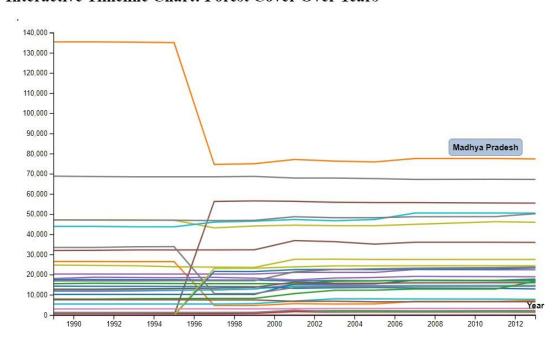
State/UT: Madhya Pradesh, Geographical Area: 308252 sq km, Total Forest: 77482.0 sq km

If we hover over a particular point we can see the details of that point below.

We can say that this follows a linear relationship, i.e., if a state has more geographical area it is highly likely that the forest cover is also large.

4. TimeLine Chart

Interactive Timeline Chart: Forest Cover Over Years



This timeline chart shows the forest cover areas over the areas for all states. On hovering over a particular line we can see the state which it belongs to. Forest Cover in Madhya Pradesh, Uttar Pradesh and Bihar seem to have reduced after the year 1994.

Conclusion:

D3.js is a powerful library for creating dynamic, interactive data visualizations. By implementing various chart types, we could extract meaningful insights about forest cover, trends, and patterns.

```
Line wrap
     <!DOCTYPE html>
     <html lang="en">
          <meta charset="UTF-8">
          <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
          <title>Grouped Bar Chart and Interactive Pie Chart - Forest Cover</title>
          <script src="https://d3js.org/d3.v7.min.js"></script>
               .bar {
  11
                   fill-opacity: 0.7;
  12
  13
  14
               .axis-label {
                   font-size: 12px;
  16
                   font-weight: bold;
  17
  18
  19
               .legend text {
  20
                   font-size: 12px;
  21
  22
  23
               .pie-label {
  24
                   font-size: 12px;
  25
                   text-anchor: middle;
  26
                   fill: white:
  27
              }
  28
  29
               .info-box {
  30
                    font-size: 16px;
  31
                   font-weight: bold;
                   text-align: center;
  33
                   margin-top: 10px;
  34
35
  36
               .scatter-dot {
  37
                   fill: steelblue;
  38
                   stroke: #333;
  39
                   stroke-width: 1px;
                   fill-opacity: 0.7;
  40
  41
  42
  43
               .line {
  44
                   fill: none;
  45
                   stroke-width: 2;
  46
  47
  48
               .tooltip {
  49
                   position: absolute;
  50
                   text-align: center;
  51
                   padding: 5px;
  52
                   font: 12px sans-serif;
  53
                   background: lightsteelblue;
  54
                   border: 1px solid gray;
  55
                   border-radius: 5px;
                   pointer-events: none;
  57
                   opacity: 0;
  58
  59
          </style>
  60
     </head>
  62
     <body>
  63
          <h2>Grouped Bar Chart of Forest Cover by State/UT</h2>
  64
          <div id="bar-chart"></div>
  65
          <div class="info-box" id="info-box">Click on a bar to see details</div>
  66
          <h2>Interactive Pie Chart of Total Forest Area Distribution</h2>
  68
          <div id="pie-chart"></div>
  69
          <div class="info-box" id="info-box2">Click on a slice to see details</div>
  70
  71
          <h2>Scatter Plot: Geographical Area vs Total Forest</h2>
  72
          <div id="scatter-plot"></div>
<div class="info-box" id="scatter-info">Hover over a point to see details</div>
  73
  74
  75
          <h2>Interactive Timeline Chart: Forest Cover Over Years
          <div id="timeline-chart"></div>
<div class="tooltip" id="tooltip"></div>
  76
  77
  78
  79
          <script>
  80
              const margin = { top: 40, right: 30, bottom: 70, left: 60 };
  81
              const width = 800 - margin.left - margin.right;
const height = 500 - margin.top - margin.bottom;
  82
  83
  84
               const pieWidth = 400;
  85
              const pieHeight = 400;
const radius = Math.min(pieWidth, pieHeight) / 2;
  87
  88
               const svgBar = d3.select("#bar-chart")
                   .append("svg")
  89
                   .attr("width", width + margin.left + margin.right)
.attr("height", height + margin.top + margin.bottom)
  90
  91
  92
  93
                    .attr("transform", `translate(${margin.left},${margin.top})`);
  94
  95
               const svgPie = d3.select("#pie-chart")
                   .append("svg")
```

```
.attr("width", pieWidth)
.attr("height", pieHeight)
 98
 99
                                   .append("g")
100
                                   .attr("transform", `translate(${pieWidth / 2},${pieHeight / 2})`);
101
102
                         const infoBox = d3.select("#info-box");
const infoBox2 = d3.select("#info-box2");
103
104
105
                         const scatterMargin = { top: 40, right: 30, bottom: 70, left: 90 };
                         const scatterWidth = 800 - scatterMargin.left - scatterMargin.right; const scatterHeight = 500 - scatterMargin.top - scatterMargin.bottom;
106
107
108
109
                         const svgScatter = d3.select("#scatter-plot")
110
                                  .append("svg")
                                   .attr("width", scatterWidth + scatterMargin.left + scatterMargin.right)
.attr("height", scatterHeight + scatterMargin.top + scatterMargin.bottom)
111
112
113
114
                                   .attr("transform", `translate(${scatterMargin.left},${scatterMargin.top})`);
115
116
                         const scatterInfoBox = d3.select("#scatter-info");
117
118
                          // Read the data
                         d3.csv("Forest.csv").then(function (data) {
   const subgroups = ['Very dense forest', 'Mod. dense forest', 'Open forest'];
119
120
122
                                  const groups = data.map(d => d['State/UTs']);
123
124
                                  const x = d3.scaleBand()
125
                                           .domain(groups)
126
                                            .range([0, width])
127
                                            .padding([0.2]);
128
129
                                  svgBar.append("g")
130
                                           .attr("transform", `translate(0,${height})`)
131
                                            .call(d3.axisBottom(x))
                                            .selectAll("text")
.attr("transform", "translate(-10,0)rotate(-45)")
.style("text-anchor", "end");
132
133
134
135
136
                                  const y = d3.scaleLinear()
137
                                            .domain([0, d3.max(data, d => +d['Very dense forest'])])
138
                                            .range([height, 0]);
139
140
                                  svgBar.append("g")
141
                                            .call(d3.axisLeft(y));
142
143
                                  const xSubgroup = d3.scaleBand()
144
                                            .domain(subgroups)
145
                                            .range([0, x.bandwidth()])
                                            .padding([0.05]);
147
148
                                  const color = d3.scaleOrdinal()
149
                                            .domain(subgroups)
150
                                            .range(['#4daf4a', '#377eb8', '#ff7f00']);
151
152
                                  svgBar.append("g")
    .selectAll("g")
153
154
                                            .data(data)
                                            .doin("g")
.attr("transform", d => `translate(${x(d['State/UTs'])}, 0)`)
155
156
157
                                            .selectAll("rect")
158
                                            . data(d \Rightarrow subgroups.map(key \Rightarrow (\{ key: key, value: d[key], state: d['State/UTs'] \}))) \ // \ Add \ state \ info \ (state) \ // \ Add \ state \ info \ // \ Add \ state \ info \ // \ Add \ state \ // \ Add \ // \ Add
                                           159
160
161
162
163
164
165
166
167
                                                    infoBox.text(`State/UT: ${d.state}, ${d.key}: ${d.value} sq km`);
168
169
170
                                  const legendBar = svgBar.append("g")
   .attr("transform", `translate(${width - 120}, -10)`);
172
173
174
                                   subgroups.forEach((subgroup, i) => {
175
                                            legendBar.append("rect")
                                                    .attr("x", 0)
.attr("y", i * 20)
.attr("width", 18)
.attr("height", 18)
.style("fill", color(subgroup));
176
177
178
179
180
181
182
                                           legendBar.append("text")
183
                                                    .attr("x", 24)
.attr("y", i * 20 + 9)
.attr("dy", "0.35em")
184
185
186
                                                     .text(subgroup);
187
                                  });
188
189
                                   const totalForestArea = data.map(d => ({
190
                                           state: d['State/UTs'],
value: +d['Total forest']
191
192
                                  }));
193
                                  const pie = d3.pie()
```

```
.value(d => d.value);
196
197
                                   const arc = d3.arc()
198
                                             .innerRadius(0)
                                             .outerRadius(radius);
200
201
                                   const pieColor = d3.scaleOrdinal()
202
                                             .domain(totalForestArea.map(d => d.state))
203
                                             .range(d3.schemeSet3);
204
205
                                   svgPie.selectAll('path')
206
                                            .data(pie(totalForestArea))
207
                                             .enter()
208
                                             .append('path')
                                            .attr('d', arc)
.attr('fill', d => pieColor(d.data.state))
.attr("stroke", "white")
.style("stroke-width", "2px")
209
210
211
212
213
                                             .on("click", function (event, d) {
214
                                                      <!-- console.log("hei") -
215
                                                      infoBox2.text(`State/UT: ${d.data.state}, Total Forest Area: ${d.data.value} sq km`);
216
218
219
                                  const xScale = d3.scaleLinear()
   .domain([0, d3.max(data, d => +d['Geographical area'])])
220
221
                                             .range([0, scatterWidth]);
222
223
                                   const yScale = d3.scaleLinear()
224
                                             .domain([0, d3.max(data, d => +d['Total forest'])])
225
                                             .range([scatterHeight, 0]);
226
227
                                   svgScatter.append("g")
    .attr("transform", `translate(0,${scatterHeight})`)
228
229
                                             .call(d3.axisBottom(xScale))
                                            append("text")
.attr("x", scatterWidth / 2)
.attr("y", 50)
.attr("fill", "black")
.attr("class", "axis-label")
230
231
232
233
234
235
                                             .text("Geographical Area (sq km)");
                                   svgScatter.append("g")
    .call(d3.axisLeft(yScale))
237
238
239
                                             .append("text")
                                            .append("text")
.attr("x", -scatterHeight / 2)
.attr("y", -60)
.attr("fill", "black")
.attr("transform", "rotate(-90)")
.attr("class", "axis-label")
.text("Total Forest Area (sq km)");
240
241
243
244
245
246
247
                                   svgScatter.selectAll("circle")
248
                                            .data(data)
                                             .enter()
                                            append("circle")
.attr("cx", d => xScale(+d['Geographical area']))
.attr("cy", d => yScale(+d['Total forest']))
.attr("r", 5)
250
251
252
253
                                             .attr("class", "scatter-dot")
.on("mouseover", function (event, d) {
254
256
                                                      scatterInfoBox.text(`State/UT: \${d['State/UTs']}, Geographical Area: \${d['Geographical area']} sq km, Total Forest: ${d['Total forest for the forest forest for the forest fore
257
                                            })
                                            .'on("mouseout", function () {
    scatterInfoBox.text("Hover over a point to see details");
258
259
260
                                            });
261
262
263
264
                          }).catch(error => {
265
                                   console.error("Error loading the CSV file: ", error);
266
267
268
269
                          const timeMargin = { top: 20, right: 30, bottom: 70, left: 70 };
const timeWidth = 800 - timeMargin.left - timeMargin.right;
270
271
272
                          const timeHeight = 500 - timeMargin.top - timeMargin.bottom;
273
                           const svgTimeline = d3.select("#timeline-chart")
275
                                   .append("svg")
.attr("width", timeWidth + timeMargin.left + timeMargin.right)
.attr("height", timeHeight + timeMargin.top + timeMargin.bottom)
276
277
278
                                    .append("g")
279
                                    .attr("transform", `translate(${timeMargin.left},${timeMargin.top})`);
280
281
                          // Read the data
d3.csv("Forest2.csv").then(function (data) {
282
283
                                    console.log(data)
284
                                    const yearKeys = Object.keys(data[0]).slice(1).map(Number);
285
                                   const stateTimelineData = data.map(d => ({
286
                                            state: d['State/UTs'],
287
                                             values: yearKeys.map(year => ({ year, cover: +d[year] }))
288
                                   }));
289
290
                                   const xTimeScale = d3.scaleLinear()
291
                                             .domain(d3.extent(yearKeys))
                                             .range([0, timeWidth]);
```

```
294
                        const yTimeScale = d3.scaleLinear()
295
                              .domain([0, d3.max(stateTimelineData, s => d3.max(s.values, v => v.cover))])
296
297
                              .range([timeHeight, 0]);
298
299
                        const lineGenerator = d3.line()
300
                              .x(d => xTimeScale(d.year))
301
                              .y(d => yTimeScale(d.cover));
302
                        const lines = svgTimeline.selectAll(".line")
                              .data(stateTimelineData)
305
                              .enter()
                              .anpend("path")
.attr("class", "line")
.attr("d", d => lineGenerator(d.values))
306
307
308
                              .attr( d , d => lineGenerator(d.values))
.attr('stroke", () => d3.schemeCategory10[Math.floor(Math.random() * 10)])
.on("mouseover", function (event, d) {
    d3.select("#tooltip")
        .style("opacity", 1)
        .html('cstrong>\{d.state}</strong>\)
        .style("left", (event.pageX + 5) + "px")
        .style("top", (event.pageY - 28) + "px");
}
309
310
311
312
313
314
315
316
                              .on("mouseout", function () {
    d3.select("#tooltip").style("opacity", 0);
317
318
319
321
                        svgTimeline.append("g")
   .attr("transform", `translate(0,${timeHeight})`)
   .call(d3.axisBottom(xTimeScale).tickFormat(d3.format("d")))
322
323
324
                              .append("text")
                              .append( text )
.attr("x", timeWidth)
.attr("y", -10)
.attr("fill", "black")
.attr("class", "axis-label")
.text("Year");
325
326
327
328
329
330
331
                        svgTimeline.append("g")
                             .call(d3.axisLeft(yTimeScale))
.append("text")
332
333
                              .attr("x", -50)
.attr("y", -20)
.attr("fill", "black")
.attr("class", "axis-label")
335
336
337
338
                              .text("Forest Cover (sq km)");
339
341
                 }).catch(error => {
342
                       console.error("Error loading the CSV file: ", error);
343
344
346
            </script>
347
348
349
350 <!-- Code injected by live-server -->
     <script>
           // <![CDATA[ <-- For SVG support
if ('WebSocket' in window) {</pre>
353
354
                  (function () {
355
                        function refreshCSS() {
356
                              var sheets = [].slice.call(document.getElementsByTagName("link"));
357
                              var head = document.getElementsByTagName("head")[0];
358
                              for (var i = 0; i < sheets.length; ++i) {
  var elem = sheets[i];
  var parent = elem.parentElement || head;</pre>
359
360
361
                                    parent.removeChild(elem);
362
                                    var rel = elem.rel;
363
                                    if (elem.href && typeof rel != "string" || rel.length == 0 || rel.toLowerCase() == "stylesheet") {
   var url = elem.href.replace(/(&|\?)_cacheOverride=\d+/, '');
   elem.href = url + (url.indexOf('?') >= 0 ? '&' : '?') + '_cacheOverride=' + (new Date().valueOf());
364
365
366
367
                                    parent.appendChild(elem);
368
                             }
369
370
                        var protocol = window.location.protocol === 'http:' ? 'ws://' : 'wss://';
371
                        var address = protocol + window.location.host + window.location.pathname + '/ws';
372
                        var socket = new WebSocket(address);
                        socket.onmessage = function (msg) {
  if (msg.data == 'reload') window.location.reload();
373
374
                              else if (msg.data == 'refreshcss') refreshCSS();
376
                        if (sessionStorage && !sessionStorage.getItem('IsThisFirstTime_Log_From_LiveServer')) {
    console.log('Live reload enabled.');
377
378
379
                              sessionStorage.setItem('IsThisFirstTime_Log_From_LiveServer', true);
380
381
                 })();
382
383
           else {
384
                  console.error('Upgrade your browser. This Browser is NOT supported WebSocket for Live-Reloading.');
386
           // ]]>
387
     </script>
388
     </body>
389
<sup>390</sup> </html>
```