Classes, Objets Construction

Réference Instance

* Class blue print ef creating object.

4 putling data members and related for loge ther. + Class

Person

Is name

La age

person

data

member

-> Eat > fundin | behaviour | member fundin -> sleep -> run

```
public static class Person {
   String name;
   int age;

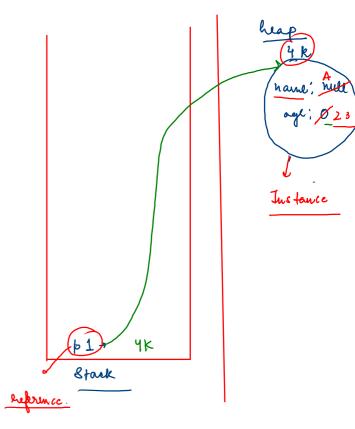
   public void saysHi(){
       System.out.println(name + "@" + age);
   }
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
   /* Enter vour code here. Read input from STDIN.
   Person (p1) = (new Person())
   pl.name = "A";
   pl.age = 23;

   pl.saysHi();
}
```

```
Pl. name = "A"
pl. age = 23
```

A @ 23



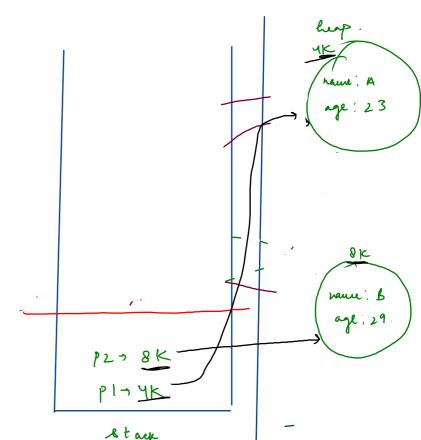
```
public static class Person {
    String name;
   public void saysHi(){
        System.out.println(name + "@" + age);
public static void main(String[] args) {
    /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output
    Person p1 = new Person();
    p1.saysHi(); // dafault values
    p1.name = "A";
p1.age = 23;
```

pl.saysHi(); // Updated values

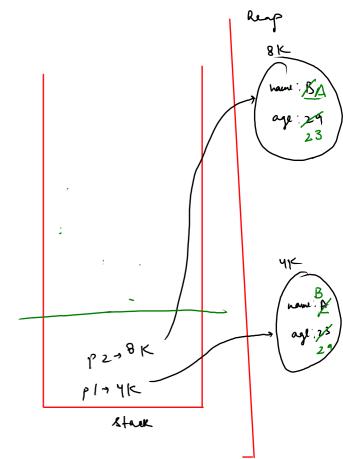
}

```
/* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN.
   Person p1 = new Person();
   p1.name = "A";
   p1.age = 23;
   Person p2 = new Person();
   p2.name = "B";
   p2.age = 29;
   p1.saysHi(); ¬ A@ 23
                               guslance
   p2.saysHi(); > B@ 29
   swap(p1,p2);
   p1.saysHi(); → A@ 23
p2.saysHi(); → B@ 29
public static void swap(Person p1, Person p2){
 Person temp = p1;
   p1 = p2;
   p2 = temp;
```

public static void main(String[] args) {

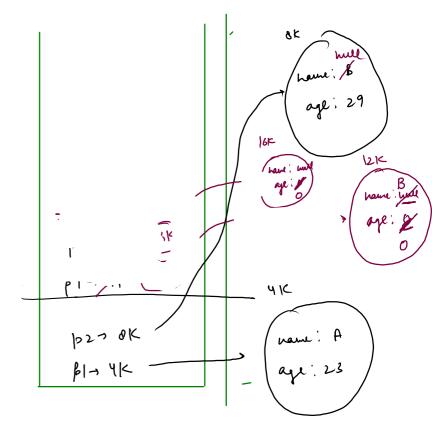


```
/★ Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print ou
    Person p1 = new Person();
    p1.name = "A";
    p1.age = 23;
    Person p2 = new Person();
    p2.name = "B";
    p2.age = 29;
   p1.saysHi(); ¬ A @ 23
p2.saysHi(); ¬ B @ 29
    swap(p1,p2);
   p1.saysHi(); ¬ B@ 29
p2.saysHi(); ¬ A@ 23
public static void swap(Person p1, Person p2) {↔}
public static void swap(Person p1, Person p2){
    String t = pl.name;
    p1.name = p2.name;
    p2.name = t;
    int temp = pl.age;
   p1.age = p2.age;
    p2.age = temp;
```



```
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                                                                              8 K
    /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print outpu
   Person p1 = new Person();
   p1.name = "A";
   p1.age = 23;
   Person p2 = new Person();
   p2.name = "B";
   p2.age = 29;
                                                                                                                                         inslance
   pl.saysHi();
   p2.saysHi();
   swap(p1,p2);
   public static void swap(Person p1, Person p2) {↔}
public static void swap(Person p1, Person p2) {↔}
public static void swap(Person p1) Person p2){
   String t = p1.name;
    p1.name = p2.name;
                        Creating new instance of main plinside smap main
    p2.name = t;
    p1 = (mew Person():
    int temp = pl.age;
   p1.age = p2.age;
    p2.age = temp;
```

```
Person p1 = new Person();
   p1.name = "A";
    p1.age = 23;
    Person p2 = new Person();
   p2.name = "B";
   p2.age = 29;
    p1.saysHi();
   p2.saysHi();
    swap(p1,p2);
                    A@ 23
    pl.saysHi();
    p2.saysHi(); + mll @ 29
public static void swap(Person p1, Person p2) {↔}
public static void swap(Person p1, Person p2) {↔}
public static void swap(Person p1, Person p2) {↔}
public static void swap(Person p1, Person p2){
   p1 = new Person();
    String t = pl.name;
    p1.name = p2.name;
    p2.name = t;
    p2 = new Person();
    int temp = pl.age;
    p1.age = p2.age;
    p2.age = temp;
```



Constructor: -

```
public static class Person {
   String name;
   int age;

public void saysHi(){
      System.out.println(name + "@" + age);
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
   /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT
   Person p1 = new Person()
   p1.name = "A";
   p1.age = 23;

   Person p2 = new Person();
   p2.name = "B";
   p2.age = 29;

      Java
```

- La function with have similar to class have.
- Lo default constructor is phovided by Java.

 So no retrem type even not (void) X
- G'initializing data members.
- 4 Parameterized constructor
- I ance we created a constructor, in that

 Java does not personide us default constructor.

```
public static class Person {
   String name;
    int age;
   public void saysHi(){
        System.out.println(name + "@" + age);
    public Person(){
        // default Constructor
   public Person(String name, int age){
           Parametrized Constructor
        this.name = name;
        this.age = age;
   public Person(String name){
          Parametrized Constructor
        this.name = name;
   public Person( int Age){
          Parametrized Constructor
        age = Age;
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print out
    Person p1 = new Person();
    p1.name = "A";
    p1.age = 23;

    Person p2 = new Person();
    p2.name = "B";
    p2.age = 29;

Person p3 = new Person("C", 34);
    p3.saysHi();
```

Person p4 = new Person("D");

Person p5 = new Person(45);

p4.saysHi();

p5.saysHi();