

Assignment:

Understanding of Hardware and Its Components

Section 1: Multiple Choice

1. Which of the following is NOT a component of the CPU?

1. ALU
2. RAM
3. CU
4. **1 and 3 both**

2. What is the function of RAM in a computer?

Ans: Temporary data storage for quick access.

3. Which of the following is a primary storage device?

1. HDD
2. SSD
3. SD card
4. **1 and 2 both**

4. What is the purpose of a GPU?

Ans: Processing graphics and visual data.

Section 2: True or False

5. The motherboard is the main circuit board of a computer where other components are attached.

Ans: true

6. A UPS (Uninterruptible Power Supply) is a hardware device that provides emergency power to a load when the input power source fails.

Ans: true

7. An expansion card is a circuit board that enhances the functionality of a component.

Ans: true

Section 3: Short Answer

8. Explain the difference between HDD and SSD.

Ans: HDD: Magnetic storage, slower. SSD: Flash storage, faster.

9. Describe the function of BIOS in a computer system.

Ans: Boots system, manages hardware.

10. List and briefly explain three input devices commonly used with computers.

Ans: Keyboard: Typing input.

Mouse: Pointer control.

Scanner: Digitizes documents.

Section 4: Practical Application

11. Identify and label the following components on a diagram of a motherboard:

- CPU
- RAM slots
- SATA connectors

- PCI-E slot

Ans: CPU, RAM slots, SATA connectors, PCI-E slot.

12. Demonstrate how to install a RAM module into a computer.

Ans: Align RAM with slot, press firmly.

Section 5: Essay

13. Discuss the importance of proper cooling mechanisms in a computer system. Include examples of cooling methods and their effectiveness.

Ans: Prevents overheating, extends lifespan.

Fans: Common, effective.

Liquid cooling: Better for high performance.

14. Explain the concept of bus width and its significance in computer architecture.

ANS: Data pathway size, affects speed.

Assignment: Installation and Maintenance of Hardware and Its Components

Section 1: Multiple Choice

- Which of the following precautions should be taken before working on computer hardware?
 - Ensure the computer is plugged in to prevent electrostatic discharge.
 - b) Wear an anti-static wrist strap to prevent damage from electrostatic discharge.**
 - Work on carpeted surfaces to prevent slipping.
 - Use magnetic tools to handle components more easily.
- What is the purpose of thermal paste during CPU installation?
 - To insulate the CPU from heat.
 - To provide mechanical support for the CPU.
 - c) To improve thermal conductivity between the CPU and the heat sink.**
 - To prevent the CPU from overheating.
- Which tool is used to measure the output voltage of a power supply unit (PSU)?
 - a) Multimeter**
 - Screwdriver
 - Pliers
 - Hex key
- Which component is responsible for storing BIOS settings, such as date and time, even when the computer is powered off?
 - a) CMOS battery**
 - CPU
 - RAM
 - Hard drive

Section 2: True or False

5. When installing a new hard drive, it is essential to format it before use.

Ans: true

6. : A POST (Power-On Self-Test) error indicates a problem with the CPU.

Ans: false

7. It is safe to remove a USB flash drive from a computer without ejecting it first.

Ans: false

Section 3: Short Answer

8. Describe the steps involved in installing a new graphics card in a desktop computer.

Ans: Power off, open case, insert card, secure, connect power.

9. What is RAID, and what are some common RAID configurations?

- **Redundant Array of Independent Disks.**
- **RAID 0: Striping. RAID 1: Mirroring. RAID 5: Parity.**

Section 4: Practical Application

10. Demonstrate how to replace a CPU fan in a desktop computer.

Power off, remove old fan, clean CPU, apply thermal paste, attach new fan, connect power.

Section 5: Essay

11. Discuss the importance of regular maintenance for computer hardware and provide examples of maintenance tasks.

- **Prevents failures, prolongs life.**
- **Cleaning dust, checking cables, updating software.**

Assignment: Troubleshooting and Helpdesk

Section 1: Multiple Choice

1. What is the first step in the troubleshooting process?
 - a) Implementing a solution
 - b) Identifying the problem**
 - c) Testing the solution
 - d) Documenting the solution
2. Which of the following tools is commonly used to diagnose hardware issues by testing electrical connections?

- a) Loopback plug
 - b) Toner probe
 - c) Multimeter**
 - d) Cable tester
3. Which of the following best describes the purpose of a VPN (Virtual Private Network)?
- a) Encrypting network traffic to prevent eavesdropping**
 - b) Connecting multiple LANs (Local Area Networks) over a wide area network (WAN)
 - c) Authenticating users and controlling access to network resources
 - d) Reducing latency and improving network performance
4. Which Windows utility can be used to view system logs, monitor performance, and diagnose hardware and software issues?
- a) Task Manager
 - b) Device Manager
 - c) Event Viewer**
 - d) Control Panel

Section 2: True or False

5. Safe Mode is a diagnostic mode in Windows that loadsonly essential system services and drivers, allowing users to troubleshoot and fix problems with the operating system.

Ans:true

6. A system restore point is a snapshot of the computer'ssystem files, registry, and configuration settings at a specific point intime, which can be used to revert the system to a previous state if problems occur.

Ans:true

7. Ping is a command-line utility used to test network connectivity by sending ICMP echo requests to a target device and waiting for ICMP echo replies.

Ans: true

Section 3: Short Answer

8. Describe the steps involved in troubleshooting a computer that fails to boot into the operating system.

Ans:

- **Check power supply:** Ensure the computer is receiving power.

- **Check hardware connections:** Verify all cables and components are properly connected.
- **Access BIOS/UEFI:** Ensure the boot order is correct.
- **Safe Mode:** Attempt to boot in Safe Mode.
- **Last Known Good Configuration:** Try using this option.

Section 4: Practical Application

9. Demonstrate how to troubleshoot network connectivity issues on a Windows computer using the ipconfig command.

Ans:

- **Open Command Prompt:** Type `cmd` in the search bar and press Enter.

- **Run ipconfig:** Type `ipconfig /all` and press Enter to view network configuration.
- **Check IP Address:** Ensure the device has a valid IP address.
 - **Release and Renew IP:** Type `ipconfig /release` followed by `ipconfig /renew` to refresh the IP address.

Section 5: Essay

10. Discuss the importance of effective communication skills in a helpdesk or technical support role.

Ans:

- **Understanding Problems:** Clear communication helps in accurately understanding user issues.

- **Providing Instructions:** Helps in giving clear and concise instructions to resolve issues.

- **Building Rapport:** Effective communication builds trust and rapport with users.

- **Reducing Misunderstandings:** Minimizes the chances of misinterpretation and errors.