Real Time Temperature and Humidity Reading with Arduino and DHT11 sensor

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Introduction

In this project I have used NodeMCU which runs on ESP8266 WiFi shield and accepts Arduino codes. I have used DHT11 sensor which senses real time temperature and humidity.

Arduino Code

```
#include <Arduino.h>
#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>
#include <Hash.h>
#include <ESPAsyncTCP.h>
#include <ESPAsyncWebServer.h>
#include <Adafruit Sensor.h>
#include <DHT.h>
// Replace with your network credentials
const char* ssid = "Room 1";
const char* password = "aryan@9545529735";
#define DHTPIN 5 // Digital pin D1 connected to the DHT sensor
// Uncomment the type of sensor in use:
#define DHTTYPE DHT11 // DHT 11
//#define DHTTYPE DHT22 // DHT 22 (AM2302)
//#define DHTTYPE DHT21 // DHT 21 (AM2301)
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
// current temperature & humidity, updated in loop()
float t = 0.0;
```

```
float h = 0.0;
// Create AsyncWebServer object on port 80
AsyncWebServer server(80);
// Generally, you should use "unsigned long" for variables that hold time
// The value will quickly become too large for an int to store
unsigned long previousMillis = 0; // will store last time DHT was updated
// Updates DHT readings every 10 seconds
const long interval = 10000;
const char index_html[] PROGMEM = R"rawliteral(
<!DOCTYPE HTML><html>
<head>
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
 <style>
  html {
  font-family: Arial;
  display: inline-block;
  margin: Opx auto;
  text-align: center;
  h2 { font-size: 3.0rem; }
  p { font-size: 3.0rem; }
  .units { font-size: 1.2rem; }
  .dht-labels{
   font-size: 1.5rem;
   vertical-align:middle;
   padding-bottom: 15px;
 </style>
</head>
<body>
```

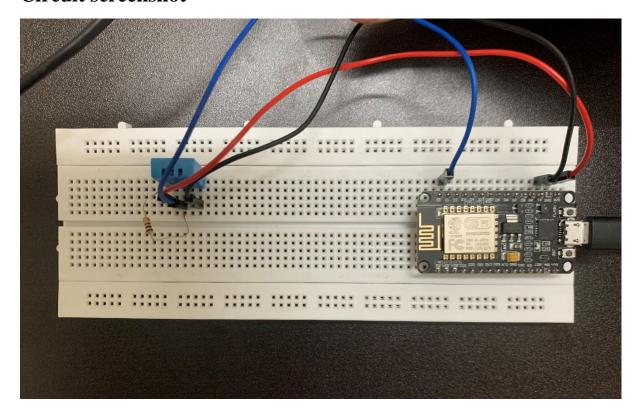
```
<h2>ESP8266 DHT Server</h2>
 >
  <i class="fas fa-thermometer-half" style="color:#059e8a;"></i>
  <span class="dht-labels">Temperature</span>
  <span id="temperature">%TEMPERATURE%</span>
  <sup class="units">°C</sup>
 >
  <i class="fas fa-tint" style="color:#00add6;"></i>
  <span class="dht-labels">Humidity</span>
  <span id="humidity">%HUMIDITY%</span>
  <sup class="units">%</sup>
 </body>
<script>
setInterval(function ( ) {
 var xhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();
 xhttp.onreadystatechange = function() {
  if (this.readyState == 4 && this.status == 200) {
   document.getElementById("temperature").innerHTML = this.responseText;
  }
 };
 xhttp.open("GET", "/temperature", true);
 xhttp.send();
}, 10000);
setInterval(function ( ) {
 var xhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();
 xhttp.onreadystatechange = function() {
  if (this.readyState == 4 && this.status == 200) {
   document.getElementById("humidity").innerHTML = this.responseText;
  }
 };
 xhttp.open("GET", "/humidity", true);
```

```
xhttp.send();
}, 10000);
</script>
</html>)rawliteral";
// Replaces placeholder with DHT values
String processor(const String& var){
 //Serial.println(var);
 if(var == "TEMPERATURE"){
  return String(t);
 }
 else if(var == "HUMIDITY"){
  return String(h);
 return String();
void setup(){
 // Serial port for debugging purposes
 Serial.begin(115200);
 dht.begin();
 // Connect to Wi-Fi
 WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
 Serial.println("Connecting to WiFi");
 while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {
  delay(1000);
  Serial.println(".");
 // Print ESP8266 Local IP Address
 Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());
 // Route for root / web page
 server.on("/", HTTP_GET, [](AsyncWebServerRequest *request){
```

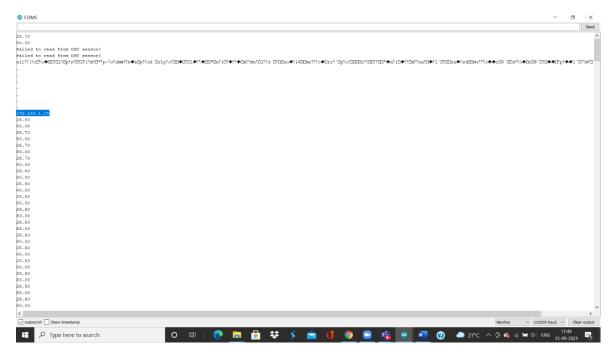
```
request->send_P(200, "text/html", index_html, processor);
 });
 server.on("/temperature", HTTP_GET, [](AsyncWebServerRequest *request){
  request->send_P(200, "text/plain", String(t).c_str());
 });
 server.on("/humidity", HTTP_GET, [](AsyncWebServerRequest *request){
  request->send_P(200, "text/plain", String(h).c_str());
 });
 // Start server
 server.begin();
void loop(){
 unsigned long currentMillis = millis();
 if (currentMillis - previousMillis >= interval) {
  // save the last time you updated the DHT values
  previousMillis = currentMillis;
  // Read temperature as Celsius (the default)
  float newT = dht.readTemperature();
  // Read temperature as Fahrenheit (isFahrenheit = true)
  //float newT = dht.readTemperature(true);
  // if temperature read failed, don't change t value
  if (isnan(newT)) {
   Serial.println("Failed to read from DHT sensor!");
  }
  else {
   t = newT;
   Serial.println(t);
  // Read Humidity
  float newH = dht.readHumidity();
  // if humidity read failed, don't change h value
  if (isnan(newH)) {
   Serial.println("Failed to read from DHT sensor!");
```

```
}
else {
  h = newH;
  Serial.println(h);
}
```

Circuit screenshot



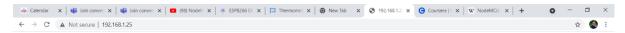
Output on serial monitor



Need of Wifi Sheild

Here I have connected my circuit to my common WiFi. The Arduino(NodeMCU) sends an **IP address** which we can type on the web server to view the desired output. Thus a wifi shield is necessary in my project.

Output on web (IP address)



ESP8266 DHT Server

Temperature $26.60~^{\rm{\^{A}^{\circ}C}}$

Humidity 78.00 %

