

Q2.

1. Insertion at the start

```

struct node {
    int val;
    struct node *prev;
    struct node *next;
}

```

```

function Insertatstart (struct node ** head, data)
{

```

```

    struct node * newnode;

```

```

    newnode → val = data;

```

```

    newnode → next = head;

```

```

    while (

```

```

        struct node temp = head

```

```

        while (temp → next != head)

```

```

            temp = temp → next;

```

```

        temp → next = newnode;

```

```

    }

```

```

function DeletionOfLastnode (struct node ** head, d)
{

```

```

    struct node prev;
    struct node temp;

```

```

    struct node * newnode = head;

```

```

    while (temp → next != head)

```

```

        temp = temp → next;

```

```

    temp → next = prev → next;

```

```

    prev = temp;

```

```

    prev → next = head;
}

```

free(temp)

function DeletionOfLastNode(struct node\* head)

{  
  struct node prev;

  struct node temp = head;

  while (temp->next != head)

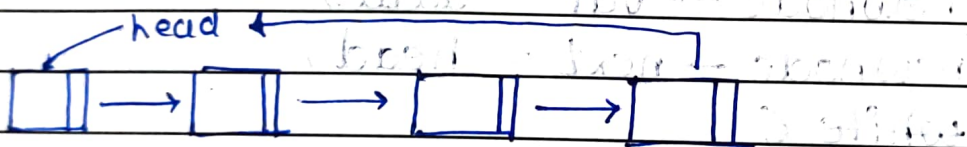
  {  
    prev->next = temp;

    temp = temp->next;

  prev->next = head;

  free(temp);  
}

3.



above is a circular link list in this the end node contains the memory location of the head instead of NULL pointer so we can use this to traverse to the last node until the next points to the head.

Insertion at start

create a new node then traverse to the end node and set the new node->next as the pointer to the last node

Deletion of last node

traverse to end store the previous node free the last node and set previous node to head.