

# Working Remotely, part 2

EE 107S: Introduction to Linux

Lecture 4



### Terminal multiplexer: tmux

- Provides many features, some of which are
  - Multiple windows/panes in one session
  - Persistent sessions (even if you disconnect SSH)
  - Simple collaboration
- As if Vim wasn't hard enough, here's another thousand keyboard shortcuts



### Tmux operations

- Operations start with a prefix (default ctrl+b)
- Press prefix, then a keyboard shortcut for an operation
  - Operations include creating a new window, entering a tmux command, etc.

### Windows

- ctrl+b, c create new window
- ctrl+b, n move to next window
- ctrl+b, p move to previous window
- ctrl+b, number move to window number



### Panes

- ctrl+b, " new horizontal pane
- ctrl+b, % new vertical pane
- ctrl+b, arrows move to different pane



chirag@chirag-VirtualBox:~\$	chirag@chirag-VirtualBox:~\$
	chirag@chirag-VirtualBox:~\$
	CHIP agechir ag-vir tualbox: "\$
[0] 0:bash* 1:bash-	"chirag-VirtualBox" 08:15 26-Sep-17

#### **Exercise**

# Create this structure



### Possible Solution

```
ctrl+b, %
ctrl+b, "
ctrl+b, c
ctrl+b, 0
```



# Managing sessions

- ctrl+b, d detach session (i.e. hide tmux)
- tmux list-sessions
- tmux new -s session-name
- tmux attach -t session-name



### Common desktop environments

- GNOME
- Unity
- Xfce
- i3 WM



## Preparing for remote GUI

sudo apt install xfce4 tightvncserver
sudo startxfce4 (not from a GUI terminal!)

To access a non-GUI terminal, press ctrl+alt+1



### **VNC** Viewers

- VNC Viewer for Google Chrome
- RealVNC
- TightVNC

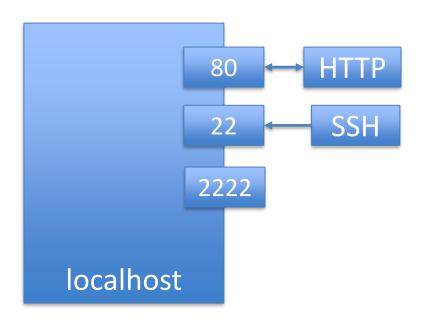


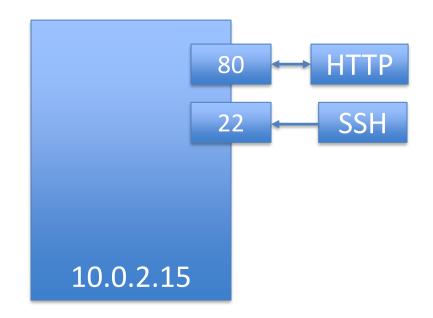
#### Remote GUI: vncserver

- vncserver
- It's just that easy!
- No it's not



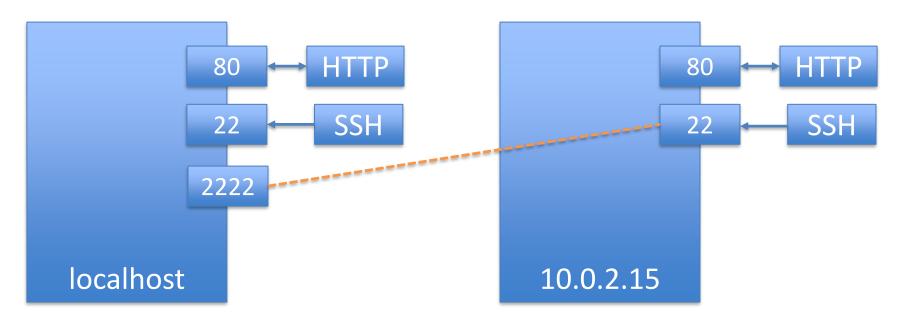
### Ports





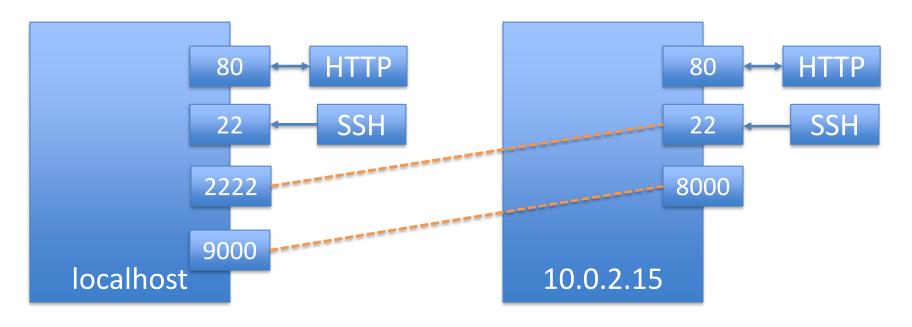


### Port Forwarding





### Reverse Tunneling





# Reverse Tunneling

From the host machine!

ssh -L 9000:localhost:8000 <remote>

 In our case, remote machine happens to be localhost too...



### Back to VNC

- VNC launches a DISPLAY number
  - By default, lowest available number ≥ 1
- Each DISPLAY number corresponds to a port
- DISPLAY:1 corresponds to 5901, DISPLAY:2 corresponds to 5902, etc.



# Tying it together

- From VM
  - vncserver
- From host
  - ssh -L 9000:localhost:5901 -p 2222 localhost
  - Connect via VNC client to localhost:9000



#### We're connected! But the screen is grey!

- VNC just starts X on Ubuntu 16.04 LTS
- We need to give it a "launch script"
- Script is located in ~/.vnc/xstartup
  - Make sure it has execute privilege



## Launch Script

```
~/.vnc/xstartup
#!/bin/bash
xrdb $HOME/.Xresources
xsetroot -solid grey
startxfce4 &
```



# Restarting VNC

vncserver -kill :1(or whatever DISPLAY)
vncserver