

Data Structures and AlgorithmsLAB 7 – Dijkstra's Algorithm**DJIKSTRAS'S STRATEGY**Code for shortest path using Dijkstra's strategy

```
#include<stdio.h>

#define INFINITY 9999

#define MAX 10

void dijkstra(int G[MAX][MAX],int n,int startnode)
{
    int cost[MAX][MAX], distance[MAX], pred[MAX];
    int visited[MAX],count,mindistance,nextnode,i,j;
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        for(j=0; j<n; j++)
            if(G[i][j]==0)
                cost[i][j]=INFINITY;
            else
                cost[i][j]=G[i][j];
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        distance[i]=cost[startnode][i];
        pred[i]=startnode;
        visited[i]=0;
    }

    distance[startnode]=0;
    visited[startnode]=1;
    count=1;
```

```

while( count < n-1)
{
    mindistance=INFINITY;
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        if(distance[i]<mindistance&&!visited[i])
        {
            mindistance=distance[i];
            nextnode=i;
        }
    visited[nextnode]=1;
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        if(!visited[i])
            if(mindistance+cost[nextnode][i]<distance[i])
            {
                distance[i]=mindistance+cost[nextnode][i];
                pred[i]=nextnode;
            }
    count++;
}

for(i=0; i<n; i++)
    if(i!=startnode)
    {
        printf("\n\nDistance of node %d = %d ",i,distance[i]);
        printf("\nPath = %d ",i);
        j=i;
        do
        {
            j=pred[j];
            printf(" <- %d",j);
        }
        while(j!=startnode);
    }
}

```


```

int main()
{
    printf("\n\n\tIMPLEMENTATION OF DIJKSTRA'S ALGORITHM\n\n");
    int G[MAX][MAX],i,j,n,u;
    printf("Enter no. of vertices : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("\nEnter the adjacency matrix : \n");

    for(i=0; i<n; i++)
        for(j=0; j<n; j++)
            scanf("%d",&G[i][j]);
    printf("\nEnter the starting node : ");
    scanf("%d",&u);
    dijkstra(G,n,u);
    return 0;
}

```


### Screenshot for shortest path using Dijkstra's method

 C:\Users\Dhruv\Documents\C\DSA\_dijkstra.exe

```

IMPLEMENTATION OF DIJKSTRA'S ALGORITHM
Enter no. of vertices : 9
Enter the adjacency matrix :
0 4 0 0 0 0 0 8 0
4 0 8 0 0 0 0 11 0
0 8 0 7 0 4 0 0 2
0 0 7 0 9 14 0 0 0
0 0 0 9 0 10 0 0 0
0 0 4 14 10 0 2 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 6
8 11 0 0 0 0 1 0 7
0 0 2 0 0 0 6 7 0
Enter the starting node : 0

```

 C:\Users\Dhruv\Documents\C\DSA\_dijkstra.exe

```
Enter the starting node : 0

Distance of node 1 = 4
Path = 1 <- 0

Distance of node 2 = 12
Path = 2 <- 1 <- 0

Distance of node 3 = 19
Path = 3 <- 2 <- 1 <- 0

Distance of node 4 = 21
Path = 4 <- 5 <- 6 <- 7 <- 0

Distance of node 5 = 11
Path = 5 <- 6 <- 7 <- 0

Distance of node 6 = 9
Path = 6 <- 7 <- 0

Distance of node 7 = 8
Path = 7 <- 0

Distance of node 8 = 14
Path = 8 <- 2 <- 1 <- 0
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 113.799 s
Press any key to continue.
```