

Data Structures and AlgorithmsLAB 6 – MST by Kruskal's strategy**KRUSKAL'S STRATEGY**Code for MST using Kruskal's strategy

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int i,j,k,a,b,u,v,n,ne=1;
int min,mincost=0,cost[9][9],parent[9];
int find(int);
int uni(int,int);
void main()
{
    printf("\n\tIMPLEMENTATION USING
KRUSKAL'S ALGORITHMS\n");
    printf("\nNumber of vertices : ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("\nEnter adjacency matrix : \n");
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
    {
        for(j=1; j<=n; j++)
        {
            scanf("%d",&cost[i][j]);
            if(cost[i][j]==0)
                cost[i][j]=999;
        }
    }
}
```

```


printf("\nEdges of the Minimum Spanning Tree ( MST ) are : \n");
while(ne < n)
{
    for(i=1,min=999; i<=n; i++)
    {
        for(j=1; j <= n; j++)
        {
            if(cost[i][j] < min)
            {
                min=cost[i][j];
                a=u=i;
                b=v=j;
            }
        }
    }
    u=find(u);
    v=find(v);
    if(uni(u,v))
    {
        printf("%d Edge (%d,%d) = %d\n",ne++,a,b,min);
        mincost +=min;
    }
    cost[a][b]=cost[b][a]=999;
}
printf("\nMinimum cost = %d\n",mincost);
}

int find(int i)
{
    while(parent[i])
        i=parent[i];
    return i;
}

```

```
int uni(int i,int j)
{
    if(i!=j)
    {
        parent[j]=i;
        return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Screenshot for MST using Kruskal's method

 C:\Users\Dhruv\Downloads\kruskal.exe

```
IMPLEMENTATION USING KRUSKAL'S ALGORITHMS

Number of vertices : 6

Enter adjacency matrix :
0 3 1 6 999 999
3 0 5 999 3 999
1 5 0 5 6 4
6 999 5 0 999 2
999 3 6 999 0 6
999 999 4 2 6 0

Edges of the Minimum Spanning Tree ( MST ) are :
1 Edge (1,3) = 1
2 Edge (4,6) = 2
3 Edge (1,2) = 3
4 Edge (2,5) = 3
5 Edge (3,6) = 4

Minimum cost = 13

Process returned 19 (0x13)   execution time : 78.651 s
Press any key to continue.
```