

Adaptation Law

18 November 2021 12:05

$$\dot{x} = f(x) + g(x)\theta + h(x) \cdot u$$

Original System: $\rightarrow a, S$: Controls

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{x} &= v \sin \theta \\ \dot{y} &= v \cos \theta \\ \dot{v} &= a \cos S - \frac{2}{m} F_{g,f} \sin S \\ \dot{\theta} &= \phi \\ \dot{\phi} &= \frac{1}{J} L_a \cdot (m a \sin S + 2 F_{g,f} \cos S) - 2 L_b F_{g,r}\end{aligned}$$

$$F_{g,f} = C_g \cdot \left(S - L_a \cdot \frac{\phi}{v} \right)$$

$$F_{g,r} = C_g \cdot \frac{L_b \phi}{v}$$

Tuning function Method:

$$\dot{x} = f(x) + F(x)\theta + g(x)u$$

for θ known, $u = d_c(x, \theta)$ s.t.

$$\frac{\partial V_c}{\partial x} \left(f(x) + F(x)\theta + g(x) \cdot d_c(x, \theta) \right) \leq -W(x, \theta) \quad \forall \theta$$

If θ is unknown

$$V = V_c(x, \hat{\theta}) + \frac{1}{2} \tilde{\theta}^T \Gamma^{-1} \tilde{\theta}$$

$$\dot{V} = \frac{\partial V_c}{\partial x} \left(f(x) + F(x)\theta + g(x) \cdot u \right) - \tilde{\theta}^T \Gamma^{-1} \dot{\tilde{\theta}}$$

$$\leq -W(x, \hat{\theta})$$

Unknown: m, J, C_g

Form of the System:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \dot{v} \\ \dot{\theta} \\ \dot{\phi} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} v \sin \theta \\ v \cos \theta \\ a \cos S \\ \phi \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -\frac{2}{m} F_{g,f} \sin S \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{J} L_a (m a \sin S + 2 F_{g,f} \cos S) - 2 L_b \cdot C_g \cdot \frac{L_b \phi}{v} \end{pmatrix}_{5 \times 1}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 \left(S - L_a \frac{\phi}{v} \right) & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & L_a \cdot a \cdot \sin S & 2 L_a \left(S - L_a \frac{\phi}{v} \right) \cos S & -2 L_b^2 \frac{\phi}{v} \end{pmatrix}_{5 \times 4} \begin{pmatrix} C_g/m \\ m/J \\ C_g/J \\ C_g \end{pmatrix}_{4 \times 1}$$

$$\dot{x} = F(x, u_1, u_2) + G(x, u_1, u_2) \cdot \theta$$

We had $V_c(x, \theta)$ — for the known Parameter Case

$$V = V_c(x, \hat{\theta}) + \frac{1}{2} \tilde{\theta}^T \Gamma^{-1} \tilde{\theta} \quad ; \quad \dot{\hat{\theta}} = \Gamma \tau(x, \hat{\theta})$$

$$\dot{V} = \frac{\partial V_c}{\partial x} \left(F(x, u_1, u_2) + G(x, u_1, u_2) \hat{\theta} \right) + \frac{\partial V_c}{\partial x} G(x, u_1, u_2) \tilde{\theta} + \frac{\partial V_c}{\partial \hat{\theta}} \dot{\hat{\theta}} - \tilde{\theta}^T \Gamma^{-1} \dot{\tilde{\theta}}$$

$\leq -W(x, \hat{\theta})$

Luckily $\frac{\partial V_c}{\partial \hat{\theta}} = 0 \rightarrow$ No Terms depend upon $\hat{\theta}$.

$$\left(\frac{\partial V_c}{\partial x} G(x, u_1, u_2) \right)^T = \tau(x, \hat{\theta}) \rightarrow \text{Parameter Update Law}$$

$$\dot{\hat{\theta}} = \Gamma \tau(x, \hat{\theta})$$

$$V_c = \frac{1}{2} e_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} e_2^2 + \frac{1}{2} z_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} z_2^2 + \frac{1}{2} z_3^2$$

$$e_1 = x - x^*$$

$$e_2 = y - y^*$$

$$z_1 = v - v_{des}$$

$$z_2 = \theta - \theta_{des}$$

$$z_3 = \phi - \phi_{des}$$

Compute $\left(\frac{\partial V_c}{\partial x} \right)_{1 \times 5}$ Symbolically