

dataframe

Nicholus Tint Zaw

2022-08-14

What we are going to cover in this exercise?

1. Function

```
set.seed(523535)
```

```
x <- rnorm(100)
```

```
# apply based functions  
median(x)
```

```
## [1] 0.03011317
```

```
mean(x)
```

```
## [1] 0.01084897
```

```
min(x)
```

```
## [1] -1.991196
```

```
max(x)
```

```
## [1] 2.77532
```

```
quantile(x, 0.25)
```

```
##           25%  
## -0.5333256
```

```
quantile(x, c(0.25, 0.75))
```

```
##           25%           75%  
## -0.5333256  0.5431427
```

```
summary(x)
```

```
##      Min.   1st Qu.   Median     Mean   3rd Qu.     Max.
## -1.99120 -0.53333  0.03011  0.01085  0.54314  2.77532
```

Now, it is time to create your own function!

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\sum x_i}{N}$$

What input parameter do we need to calculate mean? Of course, the numeric vector, its length (number of observation in the vector), and summation of all numbers from that vector. Right?

```
my_mean <- function(x){ # x = input parameter - numeric vector

  # n = number of observation in vector x
  n <- length(x)

  # summation of vector
  sumvect <- sum(x)

  # mean calculation
  cal_mean <- round(sumvect/n, 3)

  return(cal_mean)
}
```

Now, please working yourself on SD function!

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{X})^2}{N-1}}$$

```
my_sd <- function(x){

  # n = number of observation in vector x
  n <- length(x)

  # summation of vector
  sumvect <- sum(x)

  # mean calculation
  cal_mean <- round(sumvect/n, 3)

  # variance calculation
  cal_var <- sum((x - cal_mean)^2)/(n-1)

  # sd calculation
  cal_sd = sqrt(cal_var)

  return(cal_sd)
}
```

Then, create a function which return the **dataframe** with contain **category variable** as index, **frequency** and **proportion** as column for each respective category. Please use **mtcars** data as sample dataset.

```
df <- mtcars
```

```
table(df$cyl)
```

```
##
```

```
##  4  6  8
```

```
## 11  7 14
```

```
prop.table(table(df$cyl))
```

```
##
```

```
##      4      6      8
```

```
## 0.34375 0.21875 0.43750
```

```
my_table <- function(input){
```

```
  frequency <- table(input)
```

```
  proportion <- prop.table(table(input)) * 100
```

```
  rpt_tbl <- cbind(frequency, proportion)
```

```
  return(rpt_tbl)
```

```
}
```

```
my_table(df$cyl)
```

```
##   frequency proportion
```

```
##  4         11    34.375
```

```
##  6          7    21.875
```

```
##  8         14    43.750
```

```
my_table(df$mpg)
```

```
##      frequency proportion
```

```
## 10.4          2     6.250
```

```
## 13.3          1     3.125
```

```
## 14.3          1     3.125
```

```
## 14.7          1     3.125
```

```
## 15           1     3.125
```

```
## 15.2          2     6.250
```

```
## 15.5          1     3.125
```

```
## 15.8          1     3.125
```

```
## 16.4          1     3.125
```

```
## 17.3          1     3.125
```

```
## 17.8          1     3.125
```

```
## 18.1          1     3.125
```

```
## 18.7          1     3.125
```

```
## 19.2          2     6.250
```

```
## 19.7          1     3.125
```

```
## 21      2      6.250
## 21.4    2      6.250
## 21.5    1      3.125
## 22.8    2      6.250
## 24.4    1      3.125
## 26      1      3.125
## 27.3    1      3.125
## 30.4    2      6.250
## 32.4    1      3.125
## 33.9    1      3.125
```

```
frequency <- table(df$cyl)
proportion <- prop.table(table(df$cyl))
result_table <- cbind(frequency, proportion)
```

crate table as dataframe (quantile category)

```
my_qrt_table <- function(input){

  # calculate quantile values
  q1 <- quantile(input, probs = 0.25)
  q2 <- quantile(input, probs = 0.50)
  q3 <- quantile(input, probs = 0.75)

  # crate category variable
  qrt_cat <- ifelse(input < q1, "1st quarter",
                    ifelse(input >= q1 & input < q2, "2nd quarter",
                          ifelse(input >= q2 & input < q3, "3rd quarter",
                                ifelse(input >= q3, "4th quarter", NA))))

  frequency <- table(qrt_cat)

  proportion <- prop.table(table(qrt_cat)) * 100

  rpt_tbl <- cbind(frequency, proportion)

  return(rpt_tbl)
}

my_qrt_table(iris$Petal.Width)
```

```
##           frequency proportion
## 1st quarter      34    22.66667
## 2nd quarter      31    20.66667
## 3rd quarter      39    26.00000
## 4th quarter      46    30.66667
```

```
my_qrt_table(mtcars$mpg)
```

```
##           frequency proportion
```

## 1st quarter	8	25.000
## 2nd quarter	7	21.875
## 3rd quarter	8	25.000
## 4th quarter	9	28.125