

FNN Classifier on FMNIST Dataset

Loading Libraries

```
In [ ]: import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import datasets, layers, models
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, accuracy_score
import pandas as pd
from tabulate import tabulate
```

Loading Dataset

```
In [ ]: # Load the Fashion MNIST dataset
(train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = datasets.fashion_mnist.load_data()

# Normalize the images to a range of 0 to 1
train_images, test_images = train_images / 255.0, test_images / 255.0

# Reshape the data to add a color channel dimension
train_images = train_images.reshape((train_images.shape[0], 28, 28, 1))
test_images = test_images.reshape((test_images.shape[0], 28, 28, 1))
```

```
In [ ]: class_names = ['T-shirt/top', 'Trouser', 'Pullover', 'Dress', 'Coat',
                        'Sandal', 'Shirt', 'Sneaker', 'Bag', 'Ankle boot']
```

```
In [ ]: # Visualize a few samples from the dataset
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
for i in range(25):
    plt.subplot(5, 5, i+1)
    plt.xticks([])
    plt.yticks([])
    plt.grid(False)
    plt.imshow(train_images[i].reshape(28, 28), cmap=plt.cm.binary)
    plt.xlabel(class_names[train_labels[i]])
plt.show()
```



Defining the FNN Model

```
In [ ]: # Build the FCN model
model = Sequential([
    Flatten(input_shape=(28, 28)),
    Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    Dense(64, activation='relu'),
    Dense(10, activation='softmax')
])

model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_5"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None, 784)	0
dense_15 (Dense)	(None, 128)	100,480
dense_16 (Dense)	(None, 64)	8,256
dense_17 (Dense)	(None, 10)	650

Total params: 109,386 (427.29 KB)

Trainable params: 109,386 (427.29 KB)

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

```
In [ ]: # Compile the model
model.compile(optimizer='adam',
              loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy'])
```

Training the Model

```
In [ ]: ## Train the model
# model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=10, batch_size=64,
#          validation_data=(x_test, y_test))

# Train the model
history = model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=10,
                    validation_data=(test_images, test_labels))
```

```
Epoch 1/10
1875/1875 ————— 4s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.7769 - loss: 0.6404 - val_accuracy: 0.8476 - val_loss: 0.4176
Epoch 2/10
1875/1875 ————— 3s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8615 - loss: 0.3813 - val_accuracy: 0.8513 - val_loss: 0.4037
Epoch 3/10
1875/1875 ————— 3s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8763 - loss: 0.3355 - val_accuracy: 0.8646 - val_loss: 0.3704
Epoch 4/10
1875/1875 ————— 3s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8858 - loss: 0.3038 - val_accuracy: 0.8596 - val_loss: 0.3884
Epoch 5/10
1875/1875 ————— 2s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8922 - loss: 0.2896 - val_accuracy: 0.8787 - val_loss: 0.3429
Epoch 6/10
1875/1875 ————— 2s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8968 - loss: 0.2766 - val_accuracy: 0.8814 - val_loss: 0.3302
Epoch 7/10
1875/1875 ————— 2s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.8990 - loss: 0.2694 - val_accuracy: 0.8787 - val_loss: 0.3352
Epoch 8/10
1875/1875 ————— 2s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9054 - loss: 0.2491 - val_accuracy: 0.8787 - val_loss: 0.3506
Epoch 9/10
1875/1875 ————— 2s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9076 - loss: 0.2447 - val_accuracy: 0.8815 - val_loss: 0.3377
Epoch 10/10
1875/1875 ————— 2s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.9109 - loss: 0.2376 - val_accuracy: 0.8860 - val_loss: 0.3314
```

Saving the model

```
In [ ]: # Save the model architecture as JSON
model_json = model.to_json()
with open("fnn_model.json", "w") as json_file:
    json_file.write(model_json)

# Save the weights with the correct filename
model.save_weights("fnn_model_weights.weights.h5")

print("Model weights saved to disk.")

## To Load Model ::
# Load the JSON file that contains the model architecture
# with open('fnn_model.json', 'r') as json_file:
#     loaded_model_json = json_file.read()

# Reconstruct the model from the JSON file
# loaded_model = tf.keras.models.model_from_json(loaded_model_json)

# Load the saved weights into the model
# loaded_model.load_weights("fnn_model_weights.h5")
```

```
# print("Model Loaded from disk.")
```

Model weights saved to disk.

Evaluating the Model Predictions

```
In [ ]: # Evaluate the model
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels, verbose=2)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc*100:.2f}%")
```

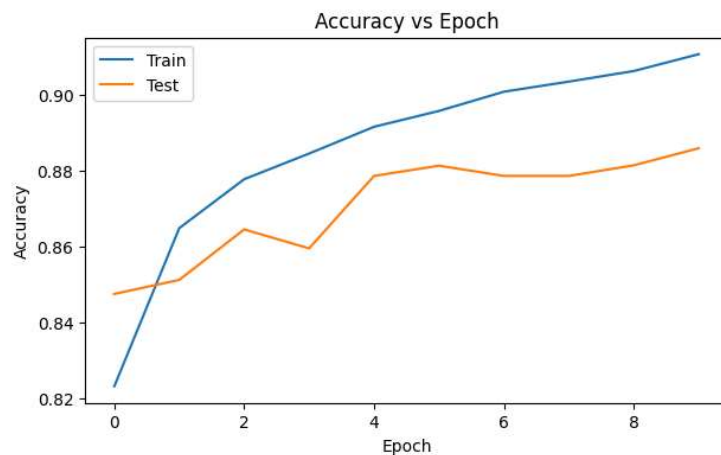
313/313 - 0s - 755us/step - accuracy: 0.8860 - loss: 0.3314

Test accuracy: 88.60%

Test accuracy: 88.60%

Plot: Accuracy vs Epoch

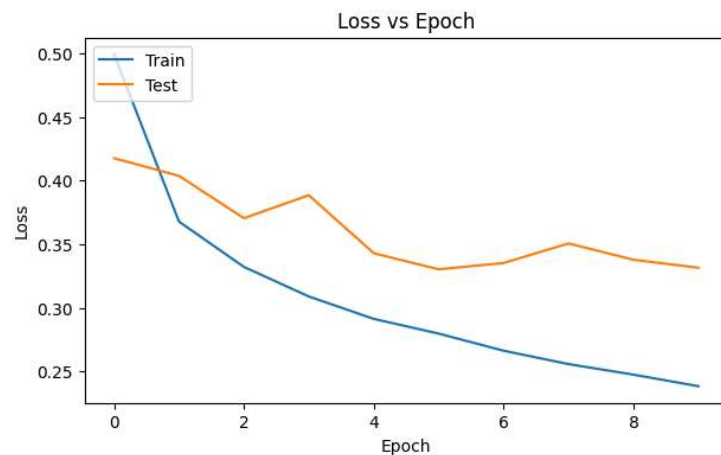
```
In [ ]: # Plot training & validation accuracy values
plt.figure(figsize=(7, 4))
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('Accuracy vs Epoch')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Test'], loc='upper left')
plt.savefig('accuracy_vs_epoch_FNN.png')
```



Plot: Loss vs Epoch

```
In [ ]: # Plot training & validation loss values
plt.figure(figsize=(7, 4))
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('Loss vs Epoch')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Test'], loc='upper left')
plt.savefig('loss_vs_epoch_FNN.png')
```

```
plt.show()
```



Visualising the Predictions

```
In [ ]: # Make predictions
predictions = model.predict(test_images)

# Display some predictions
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
for i in range(25):
    plt.subplot(5, 5, i+1)
    plt.xticks([])
    plt.yticks([])
    plt.grid(False)
    plt.imshow(test_images[i].reshape(28, 28), cmap=plt.cm.binary)
    predicted_label = class_names[np.argmax(predictions[i])]
    true_label = class_names[test_labels[i]]
    color = 'blue' if predicted_label == true_label else 'red'
    plt.xlabel(f"{predicted_label} ({true_label})", color=color)
    plt.savefig('Predictions_FNN.png')
plt.show()
```

313/313 — 0s 791us/step



Tabulating Classification Report

```
In [ ]: # One-hot encode the labels
train_labels, test_labels = to_categorical(train_labels), to_categorical(test_labels)

# Convert predictions to class labels
y_pred = np.argmax(predictions, axis=1)
y_true = np.argmax(test_labels, axis=1)

In [ ]: # Calculate accuracy
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_true, y_pred)
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy*100:.2f}")

# Generate classification report
report = classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=class_names, output_dict=True)

# Convert classification report to DataFrame
report_df = pd.DataFrame(report).transpose()*100

# Calculate accuracy for each class
report_df['accuracy'] = report_df.apply(lambda row: row['support'] * row['recall'] / row['support']
    if row.name in class_names else np.nan, axis=1)

# Remove accuracy, macro avg, and weighted avg rows
report_df = report_df.loc[class_names]
```

```
# Select and reorder columns
report_df = report_df[['accuracy', 'precision', 'recall', 'f1-score']]

# Round the DataFrame to 2 decimal places
report_df = report_df.round(2)
```

Accuracy: 88.60

Display the Table

```
In [ ]: # Display the classification report in a box format
print(tabulate(report_df, headers='keys', tablefmt='grid'))

# Optionally, save the table to a CSV file
report_df.to_csv('classification_report_FNN.csv', index=True)
```

	accuracy	precision	recall	f1-score
T-shirt/top	89.1	80.27	89.1	84.45
Trouser	97.8	97.7	97.8	97.75
Pullover	83.3	76.85	83.3	79.94
Dress	90.6	87.2	90.6	88.87
Coat	76.2	81.32	76.2	78.68
Sandal	96.2	98.16	96.2	97.17
Shirt	62.8	77.06	62.8	69.2
Sneaker	96.8	93.62	96.8	95.18
Bag	98.1	96.75	98.1	97.42
Ankle boot	95.1	96.45	95.1	95.77

```
In [ ]: # Create a matplotlib figure
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(7, 6)) # Adjust the size as needed

# Hide axes
ax.xaxis.set_visible(False)
ax.yaxis.set_visible(False)
ax.set_frame_on(False)

# Create the table
table = ax.table(cellText=report_df.values,
                 colLabels=report_df.columns,
                 rowLabels=report_df.index,
                 cellloc='center',
                 loc='center')

# Adjust table properties
table.auto_set_font_size(False)
table.set_fontsize(10)
table.scale(1.2, 1.2)

# Add corner Label
table.add_cell(0, -1, width=0.15, height=0.045)
table[0, -1].set_text_props(text='Class Name / Scores', weight='bold')

# Add a title to the plot
plt.title('Classification Report (FNN)', x=0.3, y=0.95, fontsize=16, fontweight='bold', ha='center')

# Save the table as an image
plt.savefig('classification_report_FNN.png', bbox_inches='tight', dpi=300)

# Show the plot
plt.show()
```

Classification Report (FNN)

Class Name / Scores	accuracy	precision	recall	f1-score
T-shirt/top	89.1	80.27	89.1	84.45
Trouser	97.8	97.7	97.8	97.75
Pullover	83.3	76.85	83.3	79.94
Dress	90.6	87.2	90.6	88.87
Coat	76.2	81.32	76.2	78.68
Sandal	96.2	98.16	96.2	97.17
Shirt	62.8	77.06	62.8	69.2
Sneaker	96.8	93.62	96.8	95.18
Bag	98.1	96.75	98.1	97.42
Ankle boot	95.1	96.45	95.1	95.77