

✓ Idea: Customer Segmentation Analysis

Project Description

The aim of this data analytics project is to perform customer segmentation analysis for an e-commerce company. By analyzing customer behavior and purchase patterns, the goal is to group customers into distinct segments. This segmentation can inform targeted marketing strategies, improve customer satisfaction, and enhance overall business strategies.

```
#Importing necessary libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy.stats import pointbiserialr
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Mounted at /content/drive

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
```

```
# Access the CSV file with the path STEP1 LOAD DATA
path="/content/drive/MyDrive/OASIS/ifood_df.csv"
df = pd.read_csv(path, na_values=["NA", "NaN", "", "?", "Not Available"])
```

✓ Data Cleaning and exploration

```
#taking look at Data
df.head()
```

	Income	Kidhome	Teenhome	Recency	MntWines	MntFruits	MntMeatProducts	MntFishProc
0	58138.0	0	0	58	635	88	546	
1	46344.0	1	1	38	11	1	6	
2	71613.0	0	0	26	426	49	127	
3	26646.0	1	0	26	11	4	20	
4	58293.0	1	0	94	173	43	118	

5 rows × 39 columns

```
df.columns
```

```
Index(['Income', 'Kidhome', 'Teenhome', 'Recency', 'MntWines', 'MntFruits',
      'MntMeatProducts', 'MntFishProducts', 'MntSweetProducts',
      'MntGoldProds', 'NumDealsPurchases', 'NumWebPurchases',
      'NumCatalogPurchases', 'NumStorePurchases', 'NumWebVisitsMonth',
      'AcceptedCmp3', 'AcceptedCmp4', 'AcceptedCmp5', 'AcceptedCmp1',
      'AcceptedCmp2', 'Complain', 'Z_CostContact', 'Z_Revenue', 'Response',
      'Age', 'Customer_Days', 'marital_Divorced', 'marital_Married',
      'marital_Single', 'marital_Together', 'marital_Widow',
      'education_2n Cycle', 'education_Basic', 'education_Graduation',
      'education_Master', 'education_PhD', 'MntTotal', 'MntRegularProds',
      'AcceptedCmpOverall'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
# Handle missing values (e.g., impute or drop rows/columns based on analysis)
(df.isnull().sum())
```

```
Income      0
Kidhome     0
```

```

Teenhome      0
Recency        0
MntWines      0
MntFruits     0
MntMeatProducts 0
MntFishProducts 0
MntSweetProducts 0
MntGoldProds  0
NumDealsPurchases 0
NumWebPurchases 0
NumCatalogPurchases 0
NumStorePurchases 0
NumWebVisitsMonth 0
AcceptedCmp3  0
AcceptedCmp4  0
AcceptedCmp5  0
AcceptedCmp1  0
AcceptedCmp2  0
Complain      0
Z_CostContact 0
Z_Revenue     0
Response      0
Age           0
Customer_Days 0
marital_Divorced 0
marital_Married 0
marital_Single 0
marital_Together 0
marital_Widow 0
education_2n Cycle 0
education_Basic 0
education_Graduation 0
education_Master 0
education_PhD 0
MntTotal      0
MntRegularProds 0
AcceptedCmpOverall 0
dtype: int64

```

```

#Checking column types
df.info()

```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 2205 entries, 0 to 2204
Data columns (total 39 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Income                 2205 non-null  float64
1   Kidhome                2205 non-null  int64
2   Teenhome               2205 non-null  int64
3   Recency                2205 non-null  int64
4   MntWines               2205 non-null  int64
5   MntFruits              2205 non-null  int64
6   MntMeatProducts        2205 non-null  int64
7   MntFishProducts        2205 non-null  int64
8   MntSweetProducts       2205 non-null  int64
9   MntGoldProds           2205 non-null  int64
10  NumDealsPurchases      2205 non-null  int64
11  NumWebPurchases        2205 non-null  int64
12  NumCatalogPurchases    2205 non-null  int64
13  NumStorePurchases      2205 non-null  int64
14  NumWebVisitsMonth      2205 non-null  int64
15  AcceptedCmp3           2205 non-null  int64
16  AcceptedCmp4           2205 non-null  int64
17  AcceptedCmp5           2205 non-null  int64
18  AcceptedCmp1           2205 non-null  int64
19  AcceptedCmp2           2205 non-null  int64
20  Complain               2205 non-null  int64
21  Z_CostContact           2205 non-null  int64
22  Z_Revenue              2205 non-null  int64
23  Response               2205 non-null  int64
24  Age                    2205 non-null  int64
25  Customer_Days          2205 non-null  int64
26  marital_Divorced       2205 non-null  int64
27  marital_Married        2205 non-null  int64
28  marital_Single         2205 non-null  int64
29  marital_Together       2205 non-null  int64
30  marital_Widow          2205 non-null  int64
31  education_2n Cycle     2205 non-null  int64
32  education_Basic        2205 non-null  int64
33  education_Graduation   2205 non-null  int64
34  education_Master       2205 non-null  int64
35  education_PhD          2205 non-null  int64

```

```

36  MntTotal          2205 non-null  int64
37  MntRegularProds   2205 non-null  int64
38  AcceptedCmpOverall 2205 non-null  int64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(38)
memory usage: 672.0 KB

```

```
df.nunique()
```

```

Income          1963
Kidhome          3
Teenhome         3
Recency         100
MntWines         775
MntFruits        158
MntMeatProducts  551
MntFishProducts  182
MntSweetProducts 176
MntGoldProds     212
NumDealsPurchases 15
NumWebPurchases  15
NumCatalogPurchases 13
NumStorePurchases 14
NumWebVisitsMonth 16
AcceptedCmp3      2
AcceptedCmp4      2
AcceptedCmp5      2
AcceptedCmp1      2
AcceptedCmp2      2
Complain          2
Z_CostContact      1
Z_Revenue          1
Response           2
Age               56
Customer_Days     662
marital_Divorced   2
marital_Married    2
marital_Single     2
marital_Together   2
marital_Widow      2
education_2n Cycle 2
education_Basic     2
education_Graduation 2
education_Master    2
education_PhD       2
MntTotal          897
MntRegularProds   974
AcceptedCmpOverall 5
dtype: int64

```

```
df.drop(['Z_CostContact', 'Z_Revenue'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```

# Drop rows with missing values
df.dropna(inplace=True)

```

```
print("Duplicates:", df.duplicated().sum())
```

```
Duplicates: 184
```

```

# Remove duplicates if any
df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)

```

```

# Display data types of each column
print(df.dtypes)

```

```

Income          float64
Kidhome          int64
Teenhome         int64
Recency          int64
MntWines         int64
MntFruits        int64
MntMeatProducts  int64
MntFishProducts  int64
MntSweetProducts int64
MntGoldProds     int64
NumDealsPurchases int64
NumWebPurchases  int64

```

```

NumCatalogPurchases    int64
NumStorePurchases       int64
NumWebVisitsMonth       int64
AcceptedCmp3            int64
AcceptedCmp4            int64
AcceptedCmp5            int64
AcceptedCmp1            int64
AcceptedCmp2            int64
Complain                int64
Response                int64
Age                     int64
Customer_Days           int64
marital_Divorced        int64
marital_Married         int64
marital_Single          int64
marital_Together        int64
marital_Widow           int64
education_2n Cycle      int64
education_Basic         int64
education_Graduation     int64
education_Master        int64
education_PhD           int64
MntTotal                int64
MntRegularProds         int64
AcceptedCmpOverall      int64
dtype: object

```

```

# Check data types of columns
non_numeric_columns = df.select_dtypes(exclude=[np.number]).columns.tolist()
print("Non-numeric columns:", non_numeric_columns)

```

```
Non-numeric columns: []
```

✓ Descriptive Statistics

```

# Separate numerical
numerical_vars = df.select_dtypes(include=['int64', 'float64']).columns

# Generate descriptive statistics for numerical columns
numerical_stats = df[numerical_vars].describe()

# Display the results
print(numerical_stats)

```

	Income	Kidhome	Teenhome	Recency	MntWines \
count	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000
mean	51687.258783	0.443345	0.509649	48.880752	306.492331
std	20713.046401	0.536196	0.546393	28.950917	337.603877
min	1730.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	35416.000000	0.000000	0.000000	24.000000	24.000000
50%	51412.000000	0.000000	0.000000	49.000000	178.000000
75%	68274.000000	1.000000	1.000000	74.000000	507.000000
max	113734.000000	2.000000	2.000000	99.000000	1493.000000

	MntFruits	MntMeatProducts	MntFishProducts	MntSweetProducts \
count	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000
mean	26.364671	166.059871	37.603662	27.268679
std	39.776518	219.869126	54.892196	41.575454
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2.000000	16.000000	3.000000	1.000000
50%	8.000000	68.000000	12.000000	8.000000
75%	33.000000	230.000000	50.000000	34.000000
max	199.000000	1725.000000	259.000000	262.000000

	MntGoldProds ...	marital_Together	marital_Widow	education_2n Cycle \
count	2021.000000 ...	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000
mean	43.921821 ...	0.251856	0.034636	0.090549
std	51.678211 ...	0.434186	0.182902	0.287038
min	0.000000 ...	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	9.000000 ...	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	25.000000 ...	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
75%	56.000000 ...	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000
max	321.000000 ...	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000

	education_Basic	education_Graduation	education_Master	education_PhD \
count	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000
mean	0.024245	0.502227	0.165760	0.217219
std	0.153848	0.500119	0.371957	0.412455

min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000
75%	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000
max	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000

	MntTotal	MntRegularProds	AcceptedCmpOverall
count	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000
mean	563.789213	519.867392	0.302326
std	576.775749	554.797857	0.680812
min	4.000000	-283.000000	0.000000
25%	55.000000	42.000000	0.000000
50%	343.000000	288.000000	0.000000
75%	964.000000	883.000000	0.000000
max	2491.000000	2458.000000	4.000000

[8 rows x 37 columns]

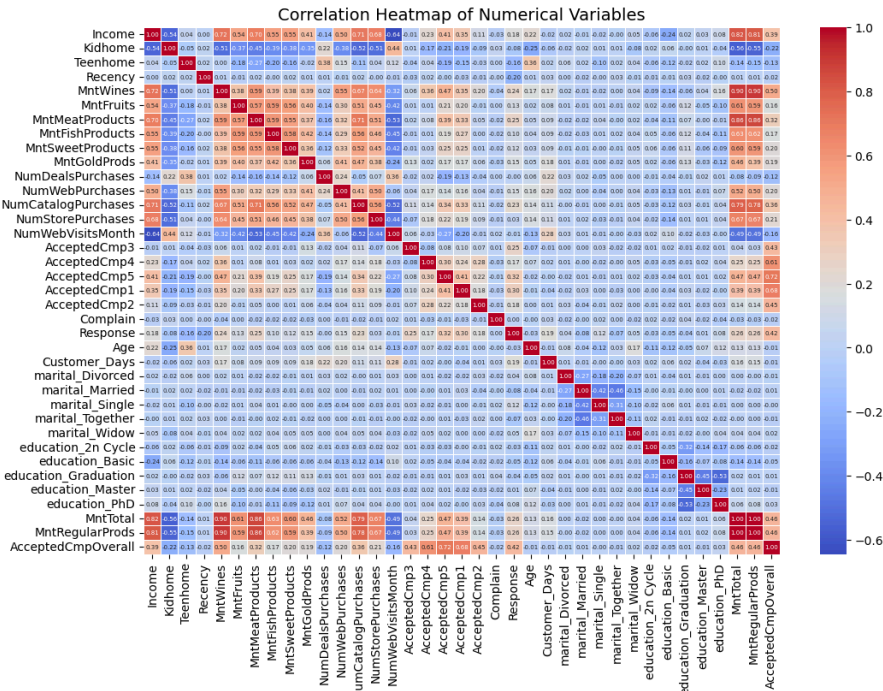
```
# Check if there are categorical columns
categorical_vars = df.select_dtypes(include=['category']).columns
```

```
if not categorical_vars.empty:
    # Generate descriptive statistics for categorical columns
    categorical_stats = df[categorical_vars].describe()
    print(categorical_stats)
else:
    print("No categorical columns found in the DataFrame.")
```

No categorical columns found in the DataFrame.

```
# Compute the correlation matrix
correlation_matrix = df[numerical_vars].corr()
```

```
# Create a heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt=".2f", linewidths=0.5, annot_kws={"size":5 })
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap of Numerical Variables', fontsize=14)
plt.xticks(fontsize=10)
plt.yticks(fontsize=10)
plt.show()
```



```
df.describe()
```

	Income	Kidhome	Teenhome	Recency	MntWines	MntFruits	MntI
count	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000	2021.000000	
mean	51687.258783	0.443345	0.509649	48.880752	306.492331	26.364671	
std	20713.046401	0.536196	0.546393	28.950917	337.603877	39.776518	
min	1730.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	35416.000000	0.000000	0.000000	24.000000	24.000000	2.000000	
50%	51412.000000	0.000000	0.000000	49.000000	178.000000	8.000000	
75%	68274.000000	1.000000	1.000000	74.000000	507.000000	33.000000	
max	113734.000000	2.000000	2.000000	99.000000	1493.000000	199.000000	

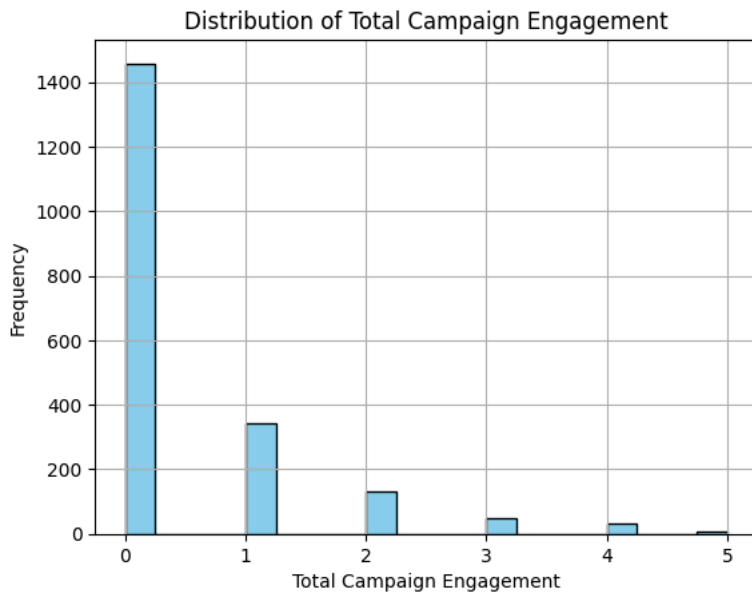
8 rows × 37 columns

New feature

Create a new feature representing total campaign engagement

```
df['TotalCampaignEngagement'] = df[['AcceptedCmp1', 'AcceptedCmp2', 'AcceptedCmp3', 'AcceptedCmp4', 'AcceptedCmp5', 'Response']].sum(axis=1)
```

```
# Plot histogram of TotalCampaignEngagement
plt.hist(df['TotalCampaignEngagement'], bins=20, color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')
plt.xlabel('Total Campaign Engagement')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Distribution of Total Campaign Engagement')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



K-Means Clustering

1. Standardising data
2. Principal Component Analysis (PCA)
3. Elbow method
4. Silhouette score analysis

```
# Select only a few columns for K-means clustering
cols_for_clustering = ['Income', 'Recency', 'MntWines', 'NumWebPurchases', 'Age', 'TotalCampaignEngagement']
```

```
# Create a new DataFrame with selected features
X = df[cols_for_clustering]
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
```

```
# Standardize the data
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)
```

```
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
```

```
# Apply PCA
pca = PCA(n_components=2) # Specify the number of components to keep
X_pca = pca.fit_transform(X_scaled)
```

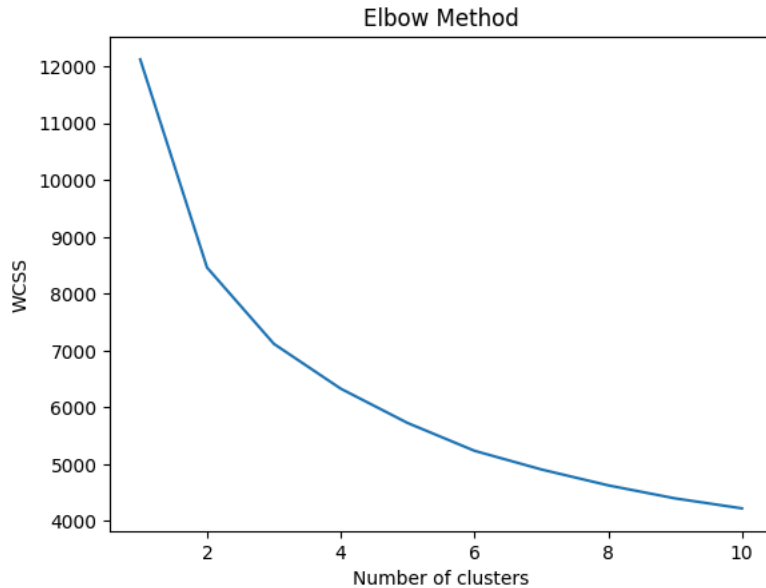
```

from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Determine optimal number of clusters using elbow method
wcss = []
for i in range(1, 11):
    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++', max_iter=300, n_init=10, random_state=0)
    kmeans.fit(X_scaled)
    wcss.append(kmeans.inertia_)

# Plotting the elbow method graph
plt.plot(range(1, 11), wcss)
plt.title('Elbow Method')
plt.xlabel('Number of clusters')
plt.ylabel('WCSS')
plt.show()

```



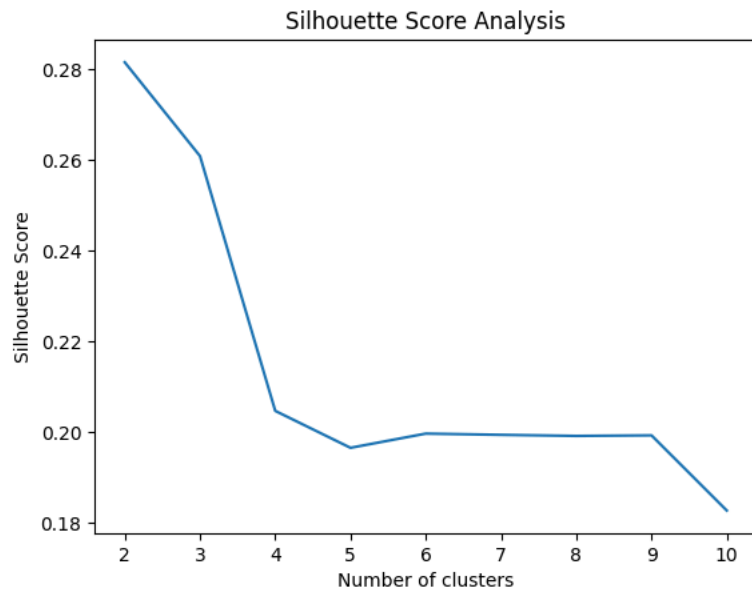
```

from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_score

# Calculate silhouette score for different number of clusters
silhouette_scores = []
for i in range(2, 11):
    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++', max_iter=300, n_init=10, random_state=0)
    cluster_labels = kmeans.fit_predict(X_scaled)
    silhouette_scores.append(silhouette_score(X_scaled, cluster_labels))

# Plotting silhouette scores
plt.plot(range(2, 11), silhouette_scores)
plt.title('Silhouette Score Analysis')
plt.xlabel('Number of clusters')
plt.ylabel('Silhouette Score')
plt.show()

```

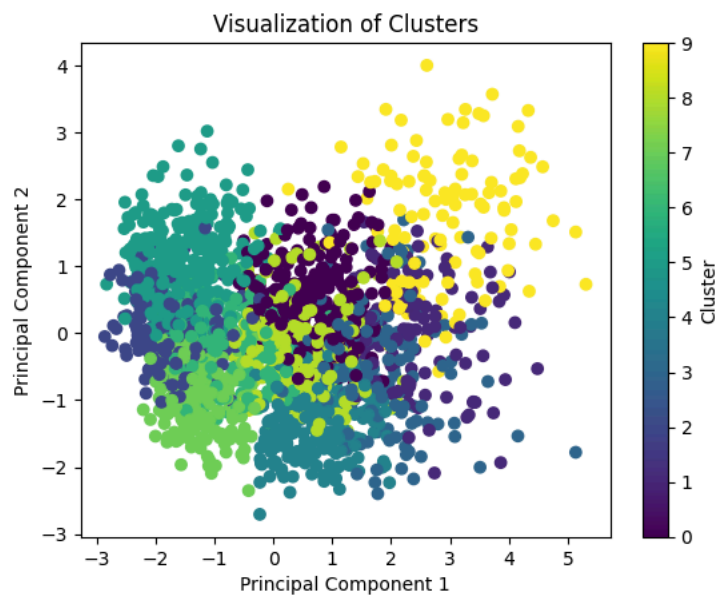
```
# Elbow Method
optimal_clusters_elbow = wcss.index(min(wcss)) + 1
print("Optimal number of clusters using elbow method:", optimal_clusters_elbow)

# Silhouette Score Analysis
optimal_clusters_silhouette = silhouette_scores.index(max(silhouette_scores)) + 2
print("Optimal number of clusters using silhouette score analysis:", optimal_clusters_silhouette)

# Select the highest number of clusters
highest_number_of_clusters = max(optimal_clusters_elbow, optimal_clusters_silhouette)
print("Highest number of clusters:", highest_number_of_clusters)
```

```
Optimal number of clusters using elbow method: 10
Optimal number of clusters using silhouette score analysis: 2
Highest number of clusters: 10
```

```
plt.scatter(X_pca[:, 0], X_pca[:, 1], c=kmeans.labels_, cmap='viridis')
plt.xlabel('Principal Component 1')
plt.ylabel('Principal Component 2')
plt.title('Visualization of Clusters')
plt.colorbar(label='Cluster')
plt.show()
```

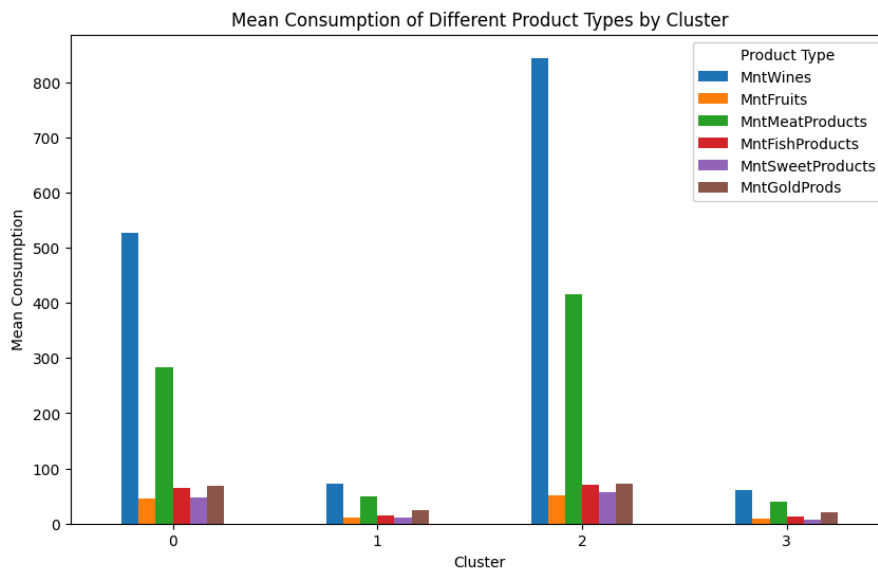


```
# Fit KMeans to the scaled data
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=4, init='k-means++', max_iter=300, n_init=10, random_state=0)
kmeans.fit(X_scaled)

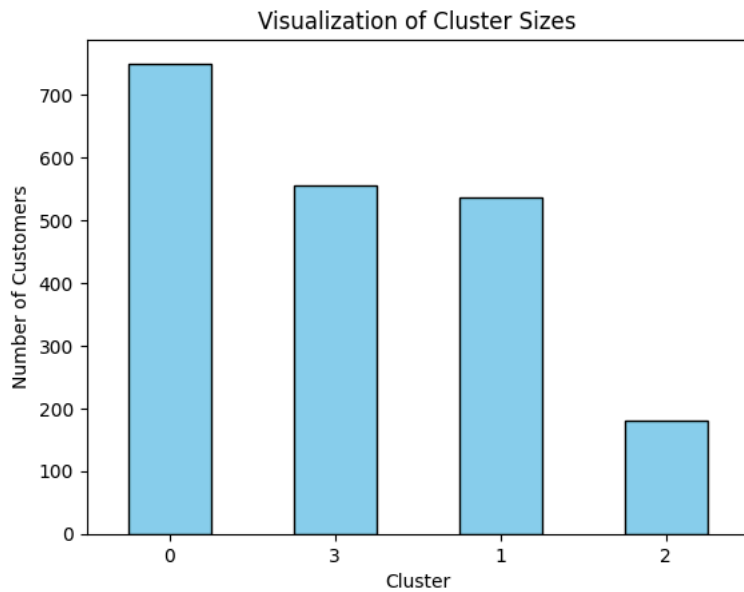
# Add cluster labels to the DataFrame
df['Cluster'] = kmeans.labels_

# Group data by cluster and calculate mean consumption of different product types
mean_consumption_by_cluster = df.groupby('Cluster')[['MntWines', 'MntFruits', 'MntMeatProducts', 'MntFishProducts', 'MntSweetProducts', 'MntGoldProds']]

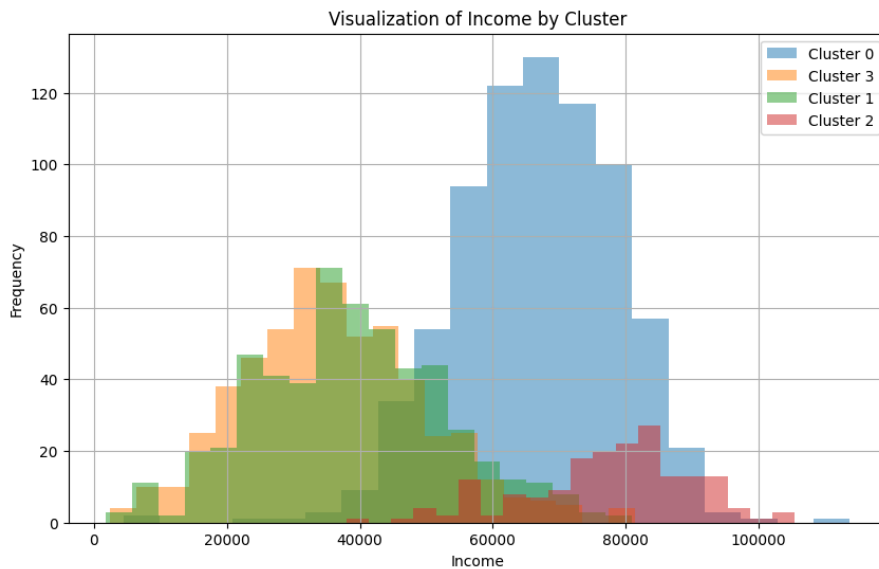
# Plot mean consumption of different product types by cluster
mean_consumption_by_cluster.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10, 6))
plt.title('Mean Consumption of Different Product Types by Cluster')
plt.xlabel('Cluster')
plt.ylabel('Mean Consumption')
plt.xticks(rotation=0)
plt.legend(title='Product Type')
plt.show()
```



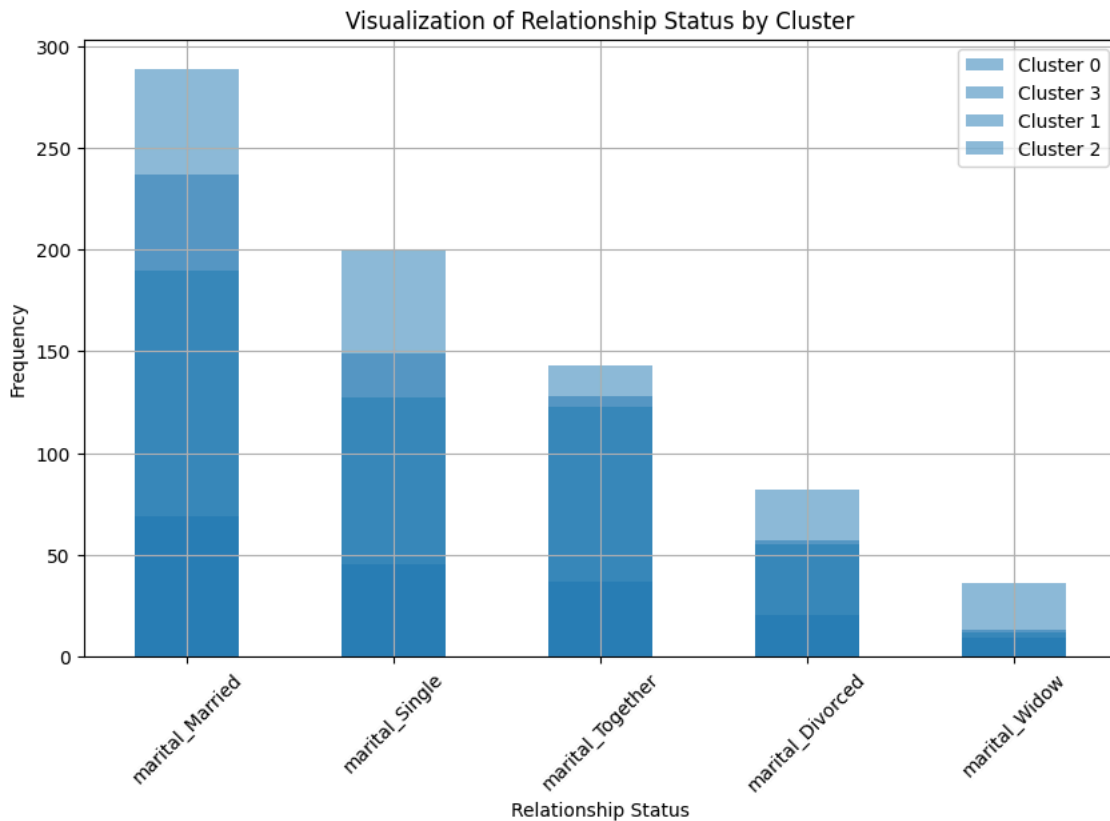
```
# Visualize cluster sizes
cluster_sizes = df['Cluster'].value_counts()
cluster_sizes.plot(kind='bar', color='skyblue', edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Visualization of Cluster Sizes')
plt.xlabel('Cluster')
plt.ylabel('Number of Customers')
plt.xticks(rotation=0)
plt.show()
```



```
# Visualize income by cluster
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
for cluster_label in df['Cluster'].unique():
    cluster_data = df[df['Cluster'] == cluster_label]
    plt.hist(cluster_data['Income'], bins=20, alpha=0.5, label=f'Cluster {cluster_label}')
plt.title('Visualization of Income by Cluster')
plt.xlabel('Income')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
# Visualize relationship status by cluster
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
for cluster_label in df['Cluster'].unique():
    cluster_data = df[df['Cluster'] == cluster_label]
    cluster_data['marital_status'] = cluster_data[['marital_Divorced', 'marital_Married', 'marital_Single', 'marital_Together', 'marital_Widowed']]
    cluster_data['marital_status'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar', alpha=0.5, label=f'Cluster {cluster_label}')
plt.title('Visualization of Relationship Status by Cluster')
plt.xlabel('Relationship Status')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.legend()
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

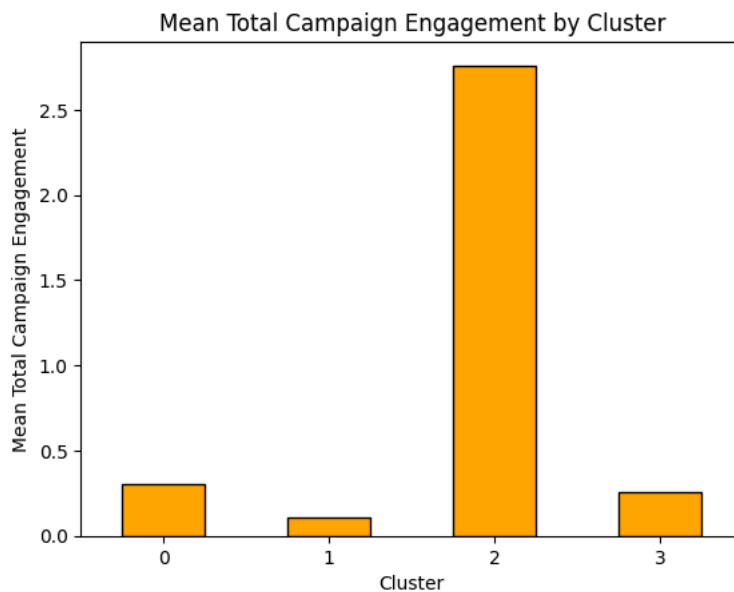


Visualizations to illustrate customer segments based on the clustering results:

```
plt.scatter(X_pca[:, 0], X_pca[:, 1], c=kmeans.labels_, cmap='viridis')
plt.xlabel('Principal Component 1')
plt.ylabel('Principal Component 2')
plt.title('Customer Segments (PCA)')
plt.colorbar(label='Cluster')
plt.show()
```



```
mean_campaign_engagement = df.groupby('Cluster')['TotalCampaignEngagement'].mean()
mean_campaign_engagement.plot(kind='bar', color='orange', edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Mean Total Campaign Engagement by Cluster')
plt.xlabel('Cluster')
plt.ylabel('Mean Total Campaign Engagement')
plt.xticks(rotation=0)
plt.show()
```



Insights and Recommendations: Analyzed characteristics of each segment and insights.

```

# Analyze characteristics of each segment
segment_characteristics = df.groupby('Cluster').agg({
    'Income': 'mean',
    'Age': 'mean',
    'TotalCampaignEngagement': 'mean',
    'MntWines': 'mean',
    'MntFruits': 'mean',
    'MntMeatProducts': 'mean',
    'MntFishProducts': 'mean',
    'MntSweetProducts': 'mean',
    'MntGoldProds': 'mean',
    'NumWebPurchases': 'mean',
    'NumCatalogPurchases': 'mean',
    'NumStorePurchases': 'mean',
    'NumWebVisitsMonth': 'mean',
    'Response': 'mean'
})

# Provide insights
for cluster_label, characteristics in segment_characteristics.iterrows():
    print(f"Cluster {cluster_label} Insights:")
    print(f"Average Income: ${characteristics['Income']:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Age: {characteristics['Age']:.2f} years")
    print(f"Average Total Campaign Engagement: {characteristics['TotalCampaignEngagement']:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Wine Purchases: {characteristics['MntWines']:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Fruit Purchases: {characteristics['MntFruits']:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Meat Product Purchases: {characteristics['MntMeatProducts']:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Fish Product Purchases: {characteristics['MntFishProducts']:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Sweet Product Purchases: {characteristics['MntSweetProducts']:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Gold Product Purchases: {characteristics['MntGoldProds']:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Number of Web Purchases: {characteristics['NumWebPurchases']:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Number of Catalog Purchases: {characteristics['NumCatalogPurchases']:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Number of Store Purchases: {characteristics['NumStorePurchases']:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Number of Web Visits per Month: {characteristics['NumWebVisitsMonth']:.2f}")
    print(f"Average Response Rate: {characteristics['Response']:.2%}")
    print()

```