## CS 525: Theory of Computation Problem Set 5, Re-do

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6.15 **Solution:** For any language A, we can create a language B that consists of the set of all strings that map to Turing Machines that decide A. If we have an oracle for B, then the following Turing Machine,  $T^B$ , decides A:

 $T^B = \text{On input } w$ , where w is a string:

- (a) Enumerate strings and test for membership in B. Start with strings of length 1, and then length 2, and so on.
- (b) If A is decidable, then eventually a string  $\langle M \rangle$  in B will be found since some Turing Machine must decide A.
- (c) Convert the string  $\langle M \rangle$  into TM M, and simulate  $\langle M, w \rangle$ . Since M decides A, it will halt on w. If M accepts, accept. If M rejects, reject.

If such an oracle for B exists, then A is decidable. Therefore,  $A \leq_T B$ . On the other hand, if an oracle for A exists, we can't use it to decide B.