## **levads Java**

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## What Is the Java<sup>TM</sup> Technology?

- Java technology is:
  - A programming language
  - A development environment
  - An application environment
  - A deployment environment
- It is similar in syntax to C++.
- It is used for developing both *applets* and *applications*.



## Primary Goals of the Java Technology

- Provides an easy-to-use language by:
  - Avoiding many pitfalls of other languages
  - Being object-oriented
  - Enabling users to create streamlined and clear code
- Provides an interpreted environment for:
  - Improved speed of development
  - Code portability



## Primary Goals of the Java Technology

- Enables users to run more than one thread of activity
- Loads classes dynamically; that is, at the time they are actually needed
- Supports changing programs dynamically during runtime by loading classes from disparate sources
- Furnishes better security



## Primary Goals of the Java Technology

The following features fulfill these goals:

- The Java Virtual Machine (JVM™)1
- Garbage collection
- The Java Runtime Environment (JRE)
- JVM tool interface



#### The Java Virtual Machine

- Provides hardware platform specifications
- Reads compiled byte codes that are platform-independent
- Is implemented as software or hardware
- Is implemented in a Java technology development tool or a Web browser



#### The Java Virtual Machine

#### JVM provides definitions for the:

- Instruction set (central processing unit [CPU])
- Register set
- Class file format
- Stack
- Garbage-collected heap
- Memory area
- Fatal error reporting
- High-precision timing support



#### The Java Virtual Machine

- The majority of type checking is done when the code is compiled.
- Implementation of the JVM approved by Sun Microsystems must be able to run any compliant class file.
- The JVM executes on multiple operating environments.



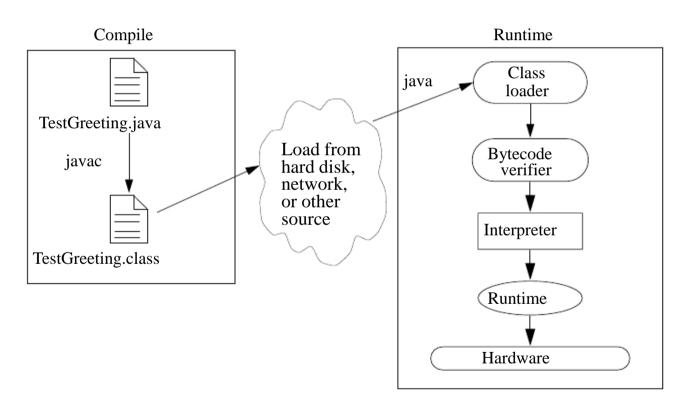
## Garbage Collection

- Allocated memory that is no longer needed should be deallocated.
- In other languages, deallocation is the programmer's responsibility.
- The Java programming language provides a system-level thread to track memory allocation.
- Garbage collection has the following characteristics:
  - Checks for and frees memory no longer needed
  - Is done automatically
  - Can vary dramatically across JVM implementations

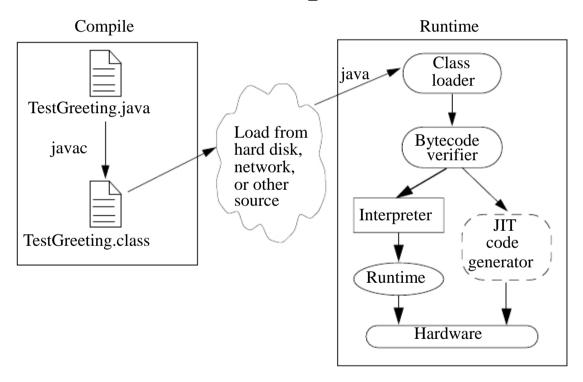


#### The Java Runtime Environment

The Java application environment performs as follows:



# Operation of the JRE With a Just-In-Time (JIT) Compiler



#### JVM<sup>TM</sup> Tasks

The JVM performs three main tasks:

- Loads code
- Verifies code
- Executes code



#### The Class Loader

- Loads all classes necessary for the execution of a program
- Maintains classes of the local file system in separate namespaces
- Prevents spoofing



## The Bytecode Verifier

#### **Ensures that:**

- The code adheres to the JVM specification.
- The code does not violate system integrity.
- The code causes no operand stack overflows or underflows.
- The parameter types for all operational code are correct.
- No illegal data conversions (the conversion of integers to pointers) have occurred.



## A Simple Java Application

#### The TestGreeting.java Application

```
1  //
2  // Sample "Hello World" application
3  //
4  public class TestGreeting{
5    public static void main (String[] args) {
6      Greeting hello = new Greeting();
7      hello.greet();
8    }
9  }
```

#### The Greeting.java Class

```
public class Greeting {
   public void greet() {
      System.out.println("hi");
}
```



## The TestGreetingApplication

- Comment lines
- Class declaration
- The main method
- Method body



## The GreetingClass

- Class declaration
- The greet method



## Compiling and Running the TestGreeting Program

• Compile TestGreeting.java:

javac TestGreeting.java

- The Greeting.java is compiled automatically.
- Run the application by using the following command:
   java TestGreeting
- Locate common compile and runtime errors.



## Compile-Time Errors

- javac: Command not found
- Greeting.java:4: cannot resolve symbol symbol: method printl (java.lang.String) location: class java.io.PrintStream System.out.printl("hi");

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• TestGreet.java:4: Public class TestGreeting must be defined in a file called "TestGreeting.java".



#### **Runtime Errors**

- Can't find class TestGreeting
- Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NoSuchMethodError: main



Java Technology Runtime Environment

