

Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Daily Situation Report of the Robert Koch Institute

28/03/2020 - UPDATED STATUS FOR GERMANY

Germany

| Confirmed cases | Deaths | Deaths (%) | |
|-----------------|--------|------------|--|
| 48,582 | 325 | 0.7% | |
| (+6.294*) | (+72*) | 0.770 | |

⁻ Changes since the last report are marked blue in the text -

*Change from previous day

Summary (as of 28/03/2020, 12:00 AM)

- In total, 48,582 COVID-19 cases and 325 deaths due to COVID-19 have been electronically reported in Germany.
- All 16 federal states are affected. The incidence of COVID-19 is highest in Hamburg,
 Baden-Württemberg and Bavaria.
- Most cases are between 35 and 59 years old; men are more often affected than woman.
- 87% of deaths occurred in persons aged 70 years or older.
- As of March 23/2020, gatherings of more than 2 persons (with the exception of families and household members) were banned in all states. Restaurants and businesses concerned with body care were closed.
- The government introduced a new law enhancing public protection in the event of epidemic emergencies with national concern, by which the national level will get additional competencies for combating the epidemic in different areas.

Epidemiological Situation in Germany

Geographical distribution of cases

Epidemiological analyses are based on validated cases notified electronically to RKI according to the Protection Against Infection Law (Data closure: 12 AM daily).

Since 27/01/2020, a total of 48.582 (+6,294) laboratory-confirmed cases of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) have been electronically reported to and validated at the RKI, including 325 deaths. (see Table 1 and Figure 1). In addition, diagnosis is ongoing for suspected cases in several federal states. Information on confirmed cases are also available on the RKI website at

https://www.rki.de/DE/Content/InfAZ/N/Neuartiges_Coronavirus/Fallzahlen.html and https://corona.rki.de

Table 1: Distribution of the laboratory-confirmed COVID-19-cases per federal state in Germany (28/03/2020, 12:00 AM)

| | | Electronically submitted cases | | |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Federal State | Number | Difference | Cases/100,000 pop. | Number of deaths |
| Baden-Wuerttemberg | 9,781 | 1,620 | 88 | 101 |
| Bavaria | 11,150 | 1,669 | 85 | 77 |
| Berlin | 2,161 | 206 | 58 | 8 |
| Brandenburg | 645 | 108 | 26 | 1 |
| Bremen | 260 | 19 | 38 | 2 |
| Hamburg | 1,765 | 72 | 96 | 2 |
| Hesse | 2,604 | 281 | 42 | 9 |
| Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania | 308 | 49 | 19 | 0 |
| Lower Saxony | 3,150 | 340 | 39 | 12 |
| North Rhine-Westphalia | 10,607 | 1,372 | 59 | 80 |
| Rhineland-Palatinate | 2,212 | 241 | 54 | 11 |
| Saarland | 550 | 45 | 56 | 2 |
| Saxony | 1,432 | 127 | 35 | 9 |
| Saxony-Anhalt | 458 | 0 | 21 | 2 |
| Schleswig-Holstein | 915 | 103 | 32 | 4 |
| Thuringia | 584 | 42 | 27 | 5 |
| Total | 48,582 | 6,294 | 58 | 325 |

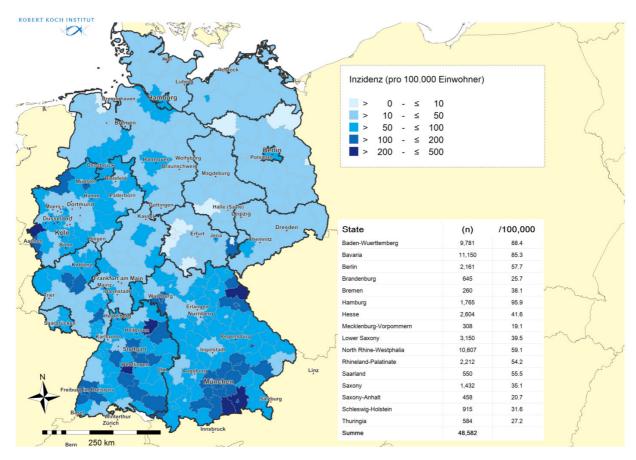


Figure 1: Distribution of the 48,582 electronically reported COVID-19-cases in Germany by county and state (28/03/2020, 12:00 AM). Please see the COVID dashboard (https://corona.rki.de/) for information on number of cases by local health authority.

Time course

Known dates of symptom onset ranged from 23/01/2020 through 27/03/2020. In 19,873 cases, onset of symptoms is unknown and therefore date of reporting is shown (see Figure 2).

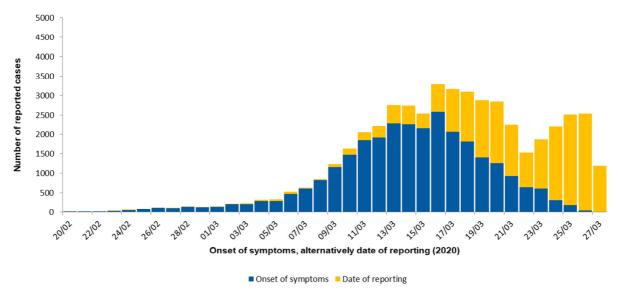


Figure 2: Epidemiological curve of the electronically reported COVID-19-cases in Germany by onset of symptoms and alternatively by date of reporting from 20/02/2020 (28/03/2020, 12:00 AM)

Demographic distribution

Among these cases, 25,814 are male (53%) and 22,595 female (47%). In total, 343 children under the age of 5, 971 children aged 5 to 14 years, 36,537 persons aged 15 to 59 years and 10,587 persons 60 years and older (see Figure 3). The age of 144 notified cases is unknown. The median age is 48 years.

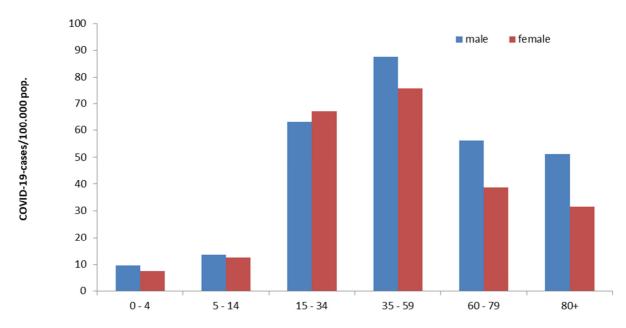


Figure 3: Electronically reported COVID-19-cases/100,000 population in Germany by age group and sex (n=48.277) cases with data available; 28/03/2020, 12:00 AM)

Clinical aspects

Clinical information is available for 35,011 of the notified cases, of which 1,062 cases were reported as not having any symptoms considered significant for COVID-19. The most common manifestations are cough (18,768; 54%), fever (14,566; 42%), rhinorrhoea (8,065; 23%) and pneumonia (626; 2%). Hospitalisation was reported in 3,906 (11%) of the 35,346 COVID-19 cases with data available.

An estimated 9,600 persons have recovered from their COVID-19 infection. Cases were considered to have recovered if they had a known onset of disease on or before 14/03/2020, were not reported to have pneumonia or dyspnea, did not require hospitalisation or had already been discharged and did not die. Cases were included in the algorithm only if information on date of illness onset, symptoms, hospitalisation status and vital status were available.

The 325 COVID-19-related deaths reported in Germany since 09/03/2020 concerned 214 men and 110 women. The median age was 82 years and the range 28 to 100 years. Of all deaths, 283 (87%) were in persons 70 years or older (but only 10% of all cases). A 28 year old woman with severe underlying healt conditions died in Bavaria.

Assessment by the RKI

At the global and the national level, the situation is very dynamic and must be taken seriously. Severe and fatal courses occur in some cases. The number of cases in Germany continues to increase. The RKI currently assesses the risk to the health of the German population overall as **high**, but as **very high** for risk groups. The probability of serious disease progression increases with increasing age and existing previous illnesses. The risk varies from region to region. The burden on the health care system depends on the regional distribution of cases, health care capacity and initiation of containment

measures (isolation, quarantine, social distancing etc.), and may be very high in some regions. This assessment may change on short notice as a result of new findings.

Measures taken by Germany

Particularly affected areas in Germany

- The following regions are classified as particularly affected areas in Germany:
 - District of Heinsberg (North Rhine-Westphalia) since 12/03/2020

International risk areas

- The following countries and regions are classified as risk areas (28/03/2020) (https://www.rki.de/DE/Content/InfAZ/N/Neuartiges Coronavirus/Risikogebiete.html):
 - o Austria
 - o Egypt
 - o Iran
 - Italy
 - In France: Region Grand Est (this region includes Alsace, Lorraine and Champagne-Ardenne) and Iles-de-France (incl. Paris)
 - o In South Korea: The province of Gyeongsangbuk-do (North-Gyeongsang)
 - o In Spain: Madrid, the provinces Navarra and La Rioja and the Basque Country (Pais Vasco)
 - o In Switzerland: the cantons of Tessin, Waadt and Geneva
 - In the United States: The states of California, Washington, New York and New Jersey

The province of Hubei in China is no longer classified as an international risk area.

Other measures

- The government introduced a new law enhancing public protection in the event of epidemic emergencies with national concern. With this law the government (national level) will get additional competencies regarding different areas (e.g. in the area of public transport, securing provision of pharmaceuticals and medical products, as well as regarding ressources of the health sector) for combating an epidemic of national concern. Furthermore there will be a compensation arrangement for parents experiencing reduced income due to child care needs.
- The German Federal Ministry of the Interior proclaimed an entry ban for seasonal workers such as harvest workers as of 25 March 2020. The regulation applies to entry from all third countries and from most EU countries.
- As of March 23/2020, gatherings of more than 2 persons (with the exception of families and household members) are banned in all states. Restaurants and businesses concerned with body care were closed. In public spaces, all persons must maintain a distance of 1.5 metres to other indivduals https://www.bundesregierung.de/breg-de/themen/coronavirus/besprechung-derbundeskanzlerin-mit-den-regierungschefinnen-und-regierungschefs-der-laender-1733248
- As of March 16/2020, the Federal Government has temporarily restricted cross-border traffic from France, Austria, Luxembourg, Switzerland and Denmark.
- On March 18, 2020, the Federal Government of Germany implemented entry restrictions for non-EU citizens to Germany. Citizens of EU countries and Great Britain, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland are permitted to travel through Germany.