## **Presentation Content**

- 1) Hands-On!
- 2) How to download?
  - a) PC
  - b) Mobile APK/IOS
  - c) Chrome Browser or other browsers
- 3) Explain each block from the built-in blocks.
  - a) Built-in blocks
    - i) Blocks vs Code
      - (1) Advantage
      - (2) Disadvantage
      - (3) But why blocks help us?
      - (4) Blocks as Visual Aid
      - (5) Using Makeblock to inspire others to like computers
    - ii) Doer Blocks and Value Holder Blocks
      - (1) Doer Blocks (aka Functions)
        - (a) It does something
        - (b) It can use values from you (user input)
        - (c) It can use values from value holders
        - (d) It can give a value to a variable and to another function (return)
        - (e) Other complex function concepts
          - (i) Recursion (a function calling itself)
          - (ii) Function as a function argument
          - (iii) Functions giving functions
      - (2) Value Holder Blocks (aka Variables)
        - (a) It still does something: It only hold values
        - (b) Why mBot need variables
          - (i) For the mBot to remember information from his surroundings
          - (ii) For the mBot to manipulate data or information
            - 1. It will use the information for deciding his actions
              - a. Example: If true then do that, if false, do this instead
            - 2. To do calculations (algebra)
              - a. The importance of variables in algebra
    - iii) Types of Variables
      - (1) True or False (Boolean)
      - (2) Numbers (Integers, Float, etc)
      - (3) Strings (words, collection of characters)
        - (a) Characters: ASCII code
        - (b) Unicode: can represent 143,000 characters
          - (i) These are the commonly used types of variables in MakeBlock.
    - iv) User Input:
      - (1) String input
        - (a) Holes in the blocks
  - b) Extension blocks

- c) Extension blocks: More Options
  - i) Specifying each of the mBot Ranger's motor's power and direction
- 4) Programs
  - a) Line Tracing
    - i) When mRanger starts
      - (1) It will do forever:
        - (a) Check if the light sensor, senses
          - (i) Black black
            - 1. On track
            - 2. forward
          - (ii) Black white
            - 1. Partially on track
            - 2. Turn left
          - (iii) White black
            - 1. Partially on track
            - 2. Turn right
          - (iv) White white
            - 1. Lost from track
            - 2. Backward
  - b) Sumo Bot
    - i) When mRanger starts
      - (1) It will do forever:
        - (a) Go forward
        - (b) Check sonar sensor
          - (i) If an object is:
            - 1. Not sensed
              - a. Distance > 100%
              - b. Change the speed to 40%
            - 2. Sensed but not that close
              - a. Distance < 50%
              - b. Change the speed to 60%
            - 3. Sensed, and it is close
              - a. Distance < 10%
              - b. Change the speed to 80%
        - (c) Check light sensor
          - (i) If the floor is black
            - 1. Go backward
            - 2. Turn a certain degree (say 60 degrees)
              - a. Motor 1 backward
              - b. Motor 2 forward
              - c. Wait for a certain time (0.5 seconds)
        - (d) Change lights color base on action done
          - (i) Red an object is close
          - (ii) Orange Sensed but not close

- (iii) Green Not sensed
- (iv) White The floor is black
- (v) Pink Going backward (after knowing: the floor is black)
- (vi) Blue Turning (after going backward)
- 5) Arduino C
  - a) C Language
  - b) Conversion of MBlock's blocks into codes
- 6) Sprites
  - a) Using mBlock without a physical robot
  - b) Line tracing using sprites