

**Gestionare raiduri în jocuri MMORPG**

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**Grupa 244**

## 1. Prezențați pe scurt baza de date (utilitatea ei).

Din cauza volumului mare de jucători care există de obicei într-un joc de rol online în masă (MMORPG) este necesară crearea unei baze de date care să rețină informații despre jucători și activitatea lor, raiduri, inamici etc.

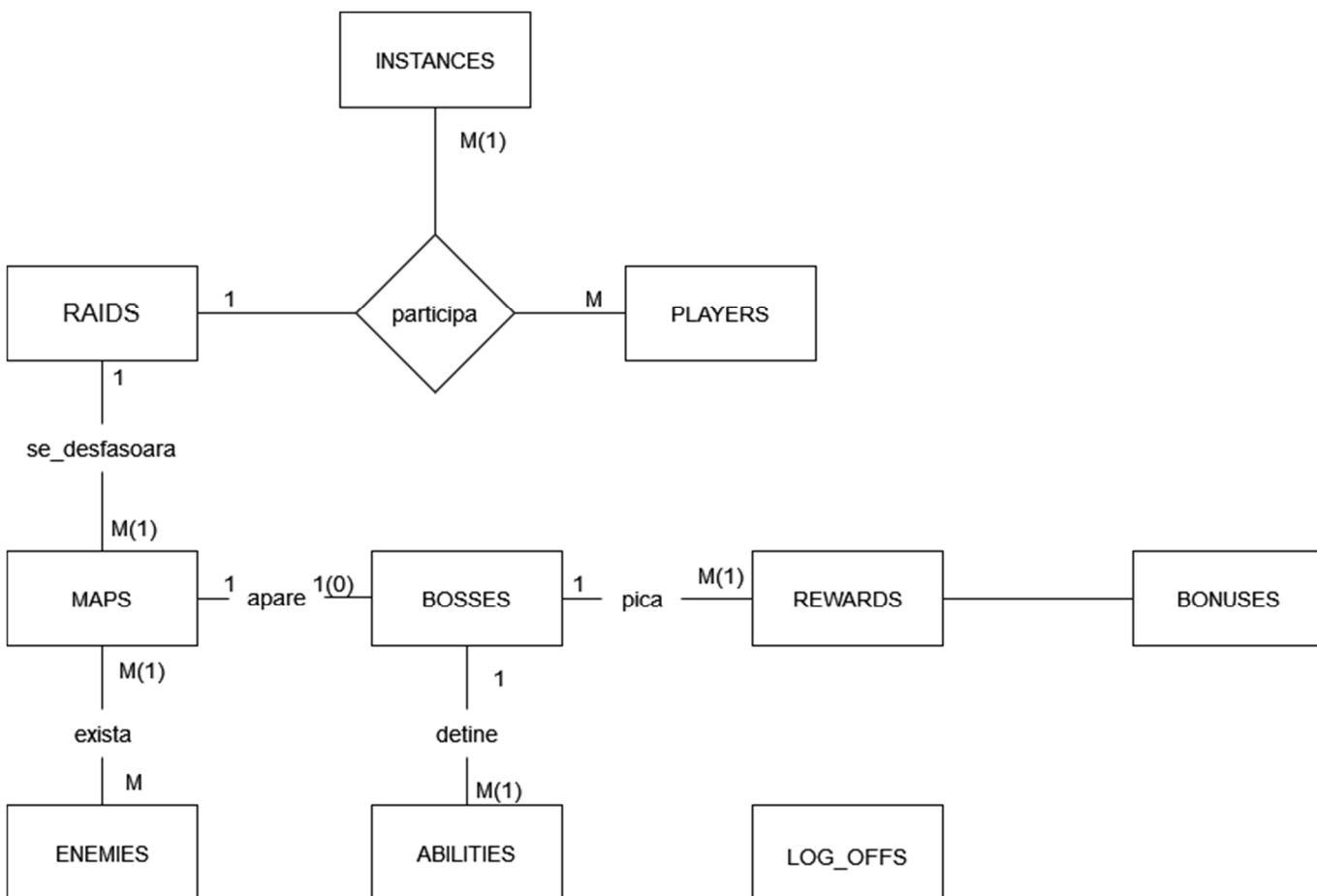
La un raid pot participa mai mulți jucători. Jucătorii participă la un raid printr-o instanță. Pentru fiecare jucător se reține: numele, *realm*-ul din care vine, rasa, genul, clasa, rolul și nivelul. Pentru fiecare raid se reține: numele, locația, numărul maxim de jucători și nivelul minim necesar pe care un jucător trebuie să îl aibă pentru a lua parte la raid. Pentru o instanță se va reține data creării.

Un raid se poate desfășura pe mai multe hărți. Pentru o hartă se va reține numele hărții. Pe o hartă se află mai mulți inamici pe care jucătorii trebuie să îi înfrângă că să ajungă la *boss*. Pe unele hărți se află și *boss*-i. Pe o hartă se poate afla doar un singur *boss*. Pot exista hărți care au și *boss*-i și inamici pe ele. Pentru un inamic se va reține: numele, viața și *damage*-ul.

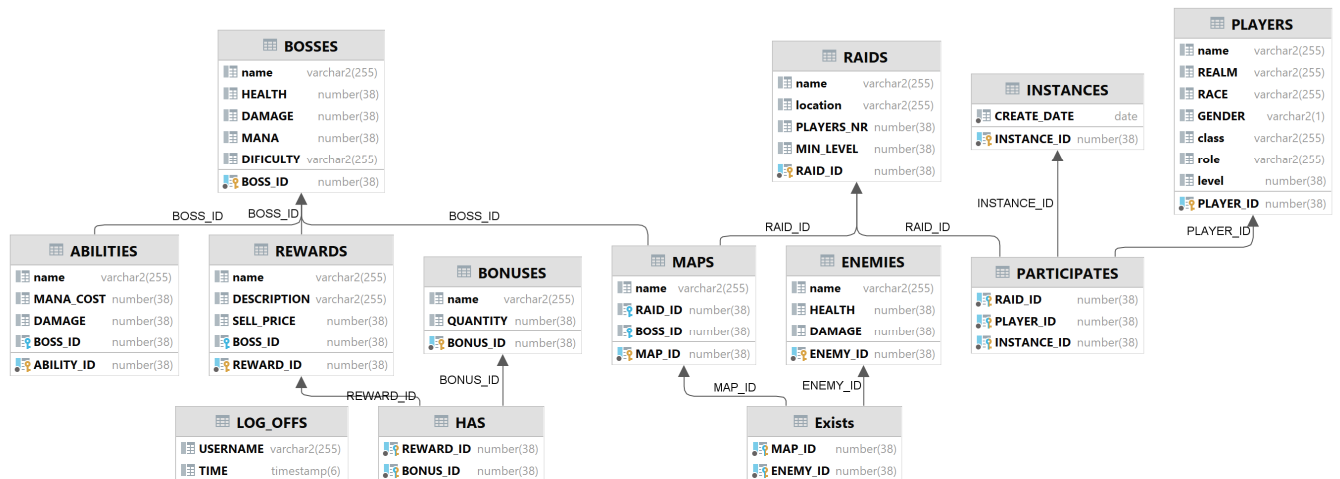
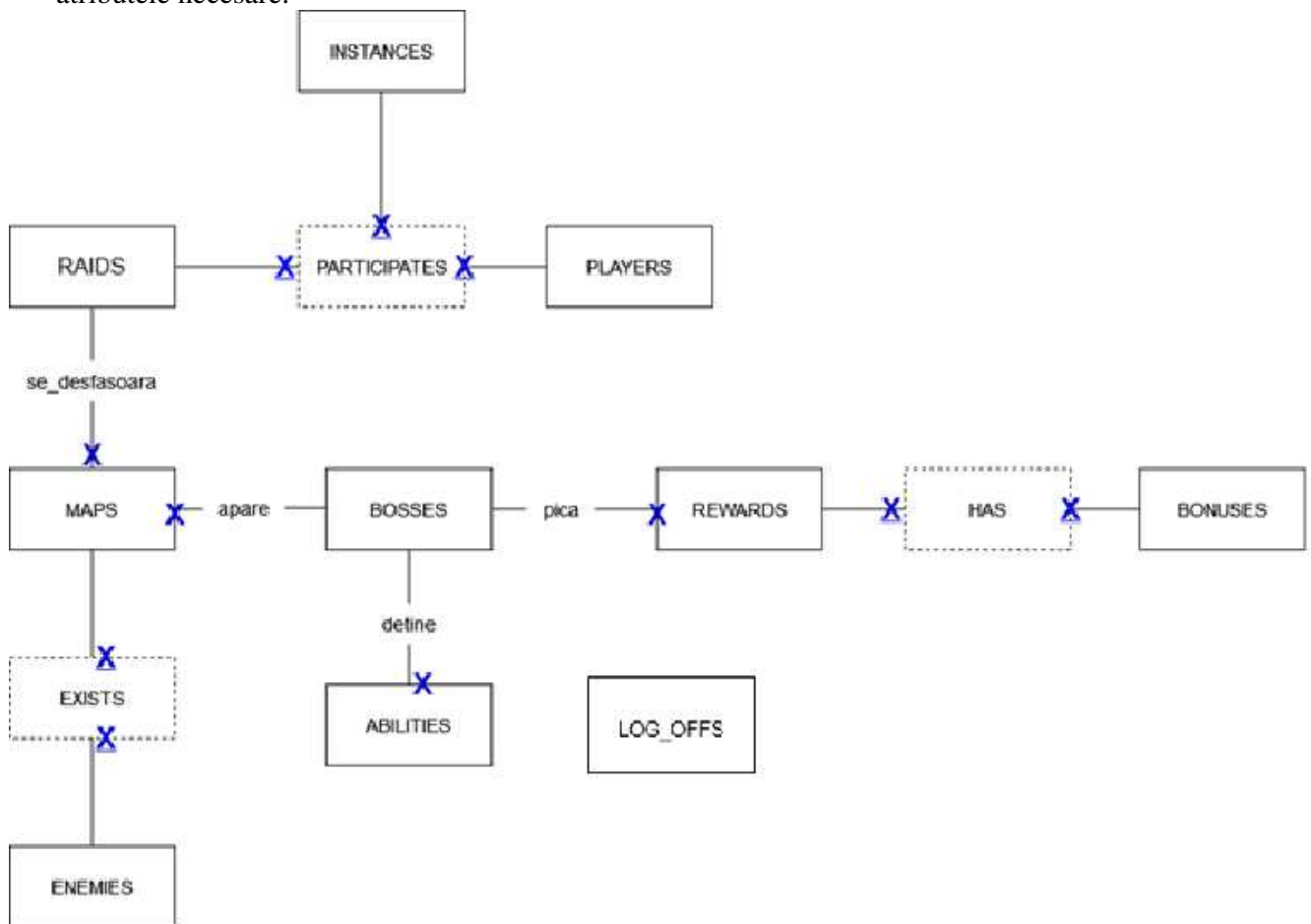
Pentru un *boss* se reține: numele, viața, *damage*-ul și *mana*. Un *boss* are mai multe abilități. Pentru o abilitate se reține: numele, *mana* necesară pentru a folosi abilitatea și *damage*-ul. Atunci când un *boss* este înfrânt jucătorii primesc o recompensă. De la fiecare *boss* pot pica mai multe recompense. Recompensele sunt specifice fiecărui *boss*. Pentru o recompensă se reține: numele, o scurtă descriere, prețul la vânzare și bonusurile. Pentru bonusuri se reține: numele bonusului și un număr, bonusul efectiv (ex: Magic: 20).

În plus, vom reține informații despre delogările utilizatorilor bazei de date într-o tabelă.

## 2. Realizați diagrama entitate-relație (ERD).



3. Pornind de la diagrama entitate-relație realizați **diagrama conceptuală** a modelului propus, integrând toate atributele necesare.



4. Implementați în Oracle diagrama conceptuală realizată: definiți toate tabelele, implementând toate constrângerile de integritate necesare (chei primare, cheile externe etc).

```

CREATE TABLE raids
(
    raid_id    NUMBER(38) PRIMARY KEY,
    "name"     VARCHAR(255),
    "location" VARCHAR(255),
    players_nr NUMBER(38) CHECK (players_nr BETWEEN 5 AND 45),
    min_level  NUMBER(38) CHECK (min_level BETWEEN 10 AND 60)
);

CREATE TABLE players
(
    player_id  NUMBER(38) PRIMARY KEY,
    "name"     VARCHAR(255),
    realm      VARCHAR(255),

```

```

    race          VARCHAR(255),
    gender        VARCHAR(1) CHECK (gender LIKE 'M' OR gender LIKE 'F'),
    "class"       VARCHAR(255),
    "role"        VARCHAR(255) CHECK ("role" LIKE 'healer' OR "role" LIKE 'tank' OR "role" LIKE
'damage-dealer'),
    "level"       NUMBER(38) DEFAULT 1 CHECK ("level" BETWEEN 1 AND 60)
);

CREATE TABLE instances
(
    instance_id NUMBER(38) PRIMARY KEY,
    create_date DATE NOT NULL
);

CREATE TABLE bosses
(
    boss_id NUMBER(38) PRIMARY KEY,
    "name"   VARCHAR(255),
    health   NUMBER(38),
    damage   NUMBER(38),
    mana     NUMBER(38)
);

ALTER TABLE bosses
    ADD difficulty VARCHAR(255);

CREATE TABLE maps
(
    map_id   NUMBER(38) PRIMARY KEY,
    "name"   VARCHAR(255),
    raid_id  NUMBER(38) REFERENCES raids (raid_id),
    boss_id  NUMBER(38) REFERENCES bosses (boss_id)
);

CREATE TABLE enemies
(
    enemy_id NUMBER(38) PRIMARY KEY,
    "name"   VARCHAR(255),
    health   NUMBER(38),
    damage   NUMBER(38)
);

CREATE TABLE abilities
(
    ability_id NUMBER(38) PRIMARY KEY,
    "name"     VARCHAR(255),
    mana_cost  NUMBER(38),
    damage     NUMBER(38),
    boss_id    NUMBER(38) REFERENCES bosses (boss_id)
);

CREATE TABLE rewards
(
    reward_id  NUMBER(38) PRIMARY KEY,
    "name"     VARCHAR(255),
    description VARCHAR(255),
    sell_price  NUMBER(38),
    boss_id    NUMBER(38) REFERENCES bosses (boss_id)
);

CREATE TABLE bonuses
(
    bonus_id NUMBER(38) PRIMARY KEY,
    "name"   VARCHAR(255),
    quantity NUMBER(38)
);

CREATE TABLE participates
(
    raid_id      NUMBER(38) REFERENCES raids (raid_id),
    player_id    NUMBER(38) REFERENCES players (player_id),
    instance_id  NUMBER(38) REFERENCES instances (instance_id),
    PRIMARY KEY (raid_id, player_id, instance_id)
);

```

```

CREATE TABLE "Exists"
(
    map_id    NUMBER(38) REFERENCES maps (map_id),
    enemy_id  NUMBER(38) REFERENCES enemies (enemy_id),
    PRIMARY KEY (map_id, enemy_id)
);

CREATE TABLE has
(
    reward_id NUMBER(38) REFERENCES rewards (reward_id),
    bonus_id  NUMBER(38) REFERENCES bonuses (bonus_id),
    PRIMARY KEY (reward_id, bonus_id)
);

CREATE TABLE log_offs
(
    username VARCHAR(255),
    time      TIMESTAMP
);

```

**5. Adăugați informații coerente în tabelele create (minim 5 înregistrări pentru fiecare entitate independentă; minim 10 înregistrări pentru tabela asociativă).**

```

CREATE SEQUENCE ids
START WITH 1
INCREMENT BY 1
MINVALUE 0
MAXVALUE 1000000
NOCYCLE;

INSERT INTO raids
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Eternal Palace', 'Nazjatar', 5, 60);
INSERT INTO raids
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Sanctum of Domination', 'Torghast', 5, 40);
INSERT INTO raids
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Icecrown Citadel', 'Icecrown', 5, 35);
INSERT INTO raids
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'The Nighthold', 'Suramar', 5, 35);
INSERT INTO raids
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Court of Stars', 'Suramar', 5, 50);

INSERT INTO bosses
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Queen Azhara', 121000, 4000, 100, NULL);
INSERT INTO bosses
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Sylvanas Windrunner', 143000, 6000, 400, NULL);
INSERT INTO bosses
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Lich King', 4300, 300, 40, NULL);
INSERT INTO bosses
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Elisande', 6300, 700, 60, NULL);
INSERT INTO bosses
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Talixae Flamewreath', 100000, 3000, 600, NULL);

INSERT INTO maps
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Queens throne', 1, 6);
INSERT INTO maps (map_id, "name", raid_id)
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'The entrance', 1);
INSERT INTO maps
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Pinnacle of Domination', 2, 7);
INSERT INTO maps
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'The nightspire', 4, 9);
INSERT INTO maps
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'The Frozen Throne', 3, 8);
INSERT INTO maps
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Court of Stars', 5, 10);

INSERT INTO players
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Elisa', 'Outland', 'Night elf', 'F', 'mage', 'damage-dealer', 60);
INSERT INTO players

```

```

VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Tiana', 'Outland', 'Blood elf', 'F', 'hunter', 'damage-dealer', 50);
INSERT INTO players
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Julieta', 'Outland', 'Human', 'F', 'warrior', 'tank', 60);
INSERT INTO players
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Melissa', 'Outland', 'Night elf', 'F', 'priest', 'healer', 60);
INSERT INTO players
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Tyrande', 'Silvermoon', 'Night elf', 'F', 'priest', 'damage-dealer',
60);
INSERT INTO players
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Zara', 'Moonglave', 'High elf', 'F', 'paladin', 'healer', 55);

INSERT INTO instances
VALUES (ids.nextval, DATE'2022-06-10');
INSERT INTO instances
VALUES (ids.nextval, DATE'2022-06-11');
INSERT INTO instances
VALUES (ids.nextval, DATE'2022-06-24');
INSERT INTO instances
VALUES (ids.nextval, DATE'2022-07-24');
INSERT INTO instances
VALUES (ids.nextval, DATE'2022-07-25');

INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (2, 17, 23);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (2, 18, 23);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (2, 19, 23);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (2, 20, 23);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (4, 21, 24);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (4, 22, 24);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (4, 17, 24);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (4, 18, 24);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (4, 19, 24);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (2, 17, 25);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (2, 18, 25);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (2, 19, 25);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (3, 20, 26);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (3, 18, 26);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (1, 19, 27);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (1, 21, 27);

INSERT INTO rewards
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Bindings of the Herald', 'Binds when picked up', 320, 7);
INSERT INTO rewards
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'The Lady''s Necklace',
    'The necklace shimmers, a remarkable piece of jewelry that doesn''t seem to succumb to
the gloom that permeates the Ghostlands. Given the inscription, and where you found it, it
must be the lost property of Lady Sylvanas Windrunner herself!',
    1000, 7);
INSERT INTO rewards
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Convergence of Fates', 'Binds when picked up', 400, 9);
INSERT INTO rewards
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Mana-Tinged Pack',
    'Contains assorted potions and magical reagents from the Broken Isles. Looted by
players with the Manaseeker enchantment.',
    50, 10);
INSERT INTO rewards
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Warmace of Menethil', 'Binds when picked up', 430, 8);
INSERT INTO rewards

```

```
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Cursed Lover's Ring', 'No not touch! Ups I've touched it', 300, 6);
INSERT INTO rewards (reward_id, "name", description, boss_id)
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Banshee's Bow', 'A bow made out of a human spine. It has o dark violet
glow.', 7);
```

```
INSERT INTO bonuses
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Stamina', 18);
INSERT INTO bonuses
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Haste', 39);
INSERT INTO bonuses
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Versatility', 29);
INSERT INTO bonuses
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Magic', 100);
INSERT INTO bonuses
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Stamina', 50);
INSERT INTO bonuses
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Atack speed', 20);
INSERT INTO bonuses
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Mastery', 30);
```

```
INSERT INTO has
VALUES (28, 35);
INSERT INTO has
VALUES (28, 36);
INSERT INTO has
VALUES (28, 37);
INSERT INTO has
VALUES (30, 37);
INSERT INTO has
VALUES (31, 37);
INSERT INTO has
VALUES (31, 38);
INSERT INTO has
VALUES (31, 39);
INSERT INTO has
VALUES (32, 40);
INSERT INTO has
VALUES (32, 41);
INSERT INTO has
VALUES (32, 39);
INSERT INTO has
VALUES (29, 39);
```

```
INSERT INTO enemies
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Fallen angel', 100, 12);
INSERT INTO enemies
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Agatha', 200, 24);
INSERT INTO enemies
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Fellfire hunt dog', 200, 32);
INSERT INTO enemies
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Shivara', 300, 14);
INSERT INTO enemies
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Skeleton', 300, 12);
```

```
INSERT INTO "Exists"
VALUES (11, 42);
INSERT INTO "Exists"
VALUES (11, 43);
INSERT INTO "Exists"
VALUES (12, 44);
INSERT INTO "Exists"
VALUES (12, 45);
INSERT INTO "Exists"
VALUES (13, 46);
INSERT INTO "Exists"
VALUES (13, 42);
INSERT INTO "Exists"
VALUES (14, 43);
INSERT INTO "Exists"
VALUES (14, 44);
INSERT INTO "Exists"
VALUES (15, 45);
INSERT INTO "Exists"
VALUES (15, 46);
```

```

INSERT INTO "Exists"
VALUES (16, 44);
INSERT INTO "Exists"
VALUES (16, 45);

```

```

INSERT INTO abilities
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Fury of Frostmourne', 10, 100, 8);
INSERT INTO abilities
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Raise Dead', 20, 120, 8);
INSERT INTO abilities
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Domination Arrows', 11, 101, 7);
INSERT INTO abilities
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Stop Time', 12, 130, 9);
INSERT INTO abilities
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Bond of Flame', 20, 300, 10);
INSERT INTO abilities
VALUES (ids.nextval, 'Catastrophic Failure', 18, 180, 6);

```

player_id	"name"	realm	race	gender	"class"	"role"	"level"
1	17 Elisa	Outland	Night elf	F	mage	damage-dealer	60
2	18 Tiana	Outland	Blood elf	F	hunter	damage-dealer	50
3	19 Julieta	Outland	Human	F	warrior	tank	60
4	20 Melissa	Outland	Night elf	F	priest	healer	60
5	21 Tyrande	Silvermoon	Night elf	F	priest	damage-dealer	60
6	22 Zara	Moonglade	High elf	F	paladin	healer	55

raid_id	player_id	instance_id
1	1	19
2	1	21
3	3	18
4	3	20
5	2	17
6	2	18
7	2	19
8	4	17
9	4	18
10	4	19
11	4	21
12	4	22
13	2	17
14	2	18
15	2	19

instance_id	create_date
23	2022-06-10
24	2022-06-11
25	2022-06-24
26	2022-07-24
27	2022-07-25

raid_id	"name"	"location"	players_nr	min_level
1	1 Eternal Palace	Nazjatar	5	60
2	2 Sanctum of Domination	Torghast	5	40
3	3 Icecrown Citadel	Icecrown	5	35
4	4 The Nighthold	Suramar	5	35
5	5 Court of Stars	Suramar	5	50



	map_id	"name"	raid_id	boss_id
1	11	Queens throne	1	6
2	12	The entrance	1	<null>
3	13	Pinnacle of Domination	2	7
4	14	The nightspire	4	9
5	15	The Frozen Throne	3	8
6	16	Court of Stars	5	10

	reward_id	"name"	description	sell_price	boss_id
1	28	Bindings of the Herald	Binds when picked up	320	7
2	29	The Lady's Necklace	The necklace shimmers, a remarkable piece of jewelry that doesn...	1000	7
3	30	Convergence of Fates	Binds when picked up	400	9
4	31	Mana-Tinged Pack	Contains assorted potions and magical reagents from the Broken ...	50	10
5	32	Warmace of Menethil	Binds when picked up	430	8
6	33	Cursed Lover's Ring	No not touch! Ups I've touched it	300	6
7	34	Banshee's Bow	A bow made out of a human spine. It has o dark violet glow.	<null>	7

	boss_id	"name"	health	damage	mana	difficulty
1	6	Queen Azhara	121000	4000	100	<null>
2	7	Sylvanas Windrunner	143000	6000	400	<null>
3	8	Lich King	4300	300	40	Medium
4	9	Elisande	6300	700	60	Easy
5	10	Talixae Flamewreath	100000	3000	600	<null>

	bonus_id	"name"	quantity
1	35	Stamina	18
2	36	Haste	39
3	37	Versatility	29
4	38	Magic	100
5	39	Stamina	50
6	40	Attack speed	20
7	41	Mastery	30

	reward_id	bonus_id
1	28	35
2	28	36
3	28	37
4	29	39
5	30	37
6	31	37
7	31	38
8	31	39
9	32	39
10	32	40
11	32	41

	ability_id	"name"	mana_cost	damage	boss_id
1	47	Fury of Frostmourne	10	100	8
2	48	Raise Dead	20	120	8
3	49	Domination Arrows	11	101	7
4	50	Stop Time	12	130	9
5	51	Bond of Flame	20	300	10
6	52	Catastrophic Failure	18	180	6

	map_id	enemy_id
1	11	42
2	11	43
3	12	44
4	12	45
5	13	42
6	13	46
7	14	43
8	14	44
9	15	45
10	15	46
11	16	44
12	16	45

	enemy_id	"name"	health	damage
1	42	Fallen angel	100	12
2	43	Agatha	200	24
3	44	Fellfire hunt dog	200	32
4	45	Shivara	300	14
5	46	Skeleton	300	12

	username	time
1	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:00:04.422000
2	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:00:04.429000
3	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:00:24.609000
4	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:00:24.610000
5	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:01:09.679000
6	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:01:09.683000
7	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:19:14.085000
8	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:19:14.086000
9	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:19:36.556000
10	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:19:36.557000
11	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:31:01.394000

6. Formulați în limbaj natural o problemă pe care să o rezolvați folosind un **subprogram stocat independent** care să utilizeze două tipuri diferite de colecții studiate. Apelați subprogramul.

Pentru fiecare raid să se afișeze clasamentul jucătorilor din luna și anul specificat. Clasamentul se face după numărul de boss-i înfrânți și mai mulți jucători nu pot împărți același loc. Pentru un jucător se vor afișa numele, realm-ul și numărul de boss-i înfrânți.

- Coletii utilizare: **tabel indexat de înregistrări care conțin un vector, vector, înregistrare**
- Subprogram stocat de tip **procedură**.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE ex6(month NUMBER, year NUMBER)
IS
    TYPE player_rec IS RECORD
    (
        name players."name"%TYPE,
        realm players.realm%TYPE,
        kills NUMBER
    );
    TYPE vect_players IS VARRAY(1000) OF player_rec;
    TYPE raid_ranking IS RECORD
    (
        raid_name raids."name"%TYPE,
        players vect_players
    );
    -- colectie 1 : colectie imbricata care contine numele raidului si lista de jucatori a
    -- celui raid
    TYPE rankings_tbl IS TABLE OF raid_ranking
    INDEX BY BINARY_INTEGER;
    rankings rankings_tbl;
    v_players vect_players;
    -- colectie 2: vector de raiduri
    TYPE raids_vect IS VARRAY(100) OF raids%ROWTYPE;
    v_raids raids_vect;
BEGIN
    SELECT * BULK COLLECT
    INTO v_raids
    FROM raids;

    FOR i IN v_raids.first..v_raids.last
    LOOP
        SELECT MAX(players."name"),
               MAX(players.realm),
               COUNT(*) BULK COLLECT
        INTO v_players
        FROM players
        JOIN participates USING (player_id)
        JOIN instances USING (instance_id)
        JOIN raids USING (raid_id)
        JOIN maps USING (raid_id)
        JOIN bosses USING (boss_id)
        WHERE raid_id = v_raids(i).raid_id
        AND EXTRACT(MONTH FROM instances.create_date) = month
        AND EXTRACT(YEAR FROM instances.create_date) = year
        GROUP BY player_id
        ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC;

        rankings(i).raid_name := v_raids(i)."name";
        rankings(i).players := v_players;
    END LOOP;

    FOR i IN rankings.first..rankings.last
    LOOP
        dbms_output.put_line('Raid: ' || rankings(i).raid_name);

        IF rankings(i).players.count = 0 THEN
            dbms_output.put_line('The are no raids with the given dates.');
```

```

rankings(i).players(j).kills);
        END LOOP;
    END IF;
    dbms_output.put_line('-----');
END LOOP;
END ex6;

BEGIN
    ex6(6, 2022);
END;

```

Output of the procedure execution:

```

DIANA> BEGIN
    ex6(6, 2022);
END;
[2023-01-13 13:51:15] completed in 8 ms
Raid: Eternal Palace
The are no raids with the given dates.
-----
Raid: Sanctum of Domination
Place  Player  Realm  Kills
1      Elisa   Outland  2
2      Julieta  Outland  2
3      Tiana    Outland  2
4      Melissa  Outland  1
-----
Raid: Icecrown Citadel
The are no raids with the given dates.
-----
Raid: The Nighthold
Place  Player  Realm  Kills
1      Zara    Moonglave  1
2      Tyrande  Silvermoon  1
3      Julieta  Outland  1
4      Tiana    Outland  1
5      Elisa    Outland  1
-----
Raid: Court of Stars
The are no raids with the given dates.
-----
Raid: Eternal palace
The are no raids with the given dates.

```

7. Formulați în limbaj natural o problemă pe care să o rezolvați folosind un **subprogram stocat independent** care să utilizeze 2 tipuri diferite de cursoare studiate, unul dintre acestea fiind cursor parametrizat. Apelați subprogramul.

Pentru fiecare raid să se afișeze cel mai activ jucător care face parte din ream-ul dat ca parametru.

- Subprogram stocat de tip **procedură**
- Tipuri de cursoare: **expresie cursor cu parametru, ciclu cursor**

```

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE ex7(realm_name players.realm%TYPE)
IS
    TYPE refcursor IS REF CURSOR;
    v_cursor refcursor;
    -- cursor 1 : cursor imbricat cu parametru
    CURSOR c(realm_name players.realm%TYPE) IS
        (SELECT extern."name",
            CURSOR (SELECT MAX("name"), COUNT(*)
                FROM players
                JOIN participates USING (player_id)
                WHERE LOWER(realm) LIKE LOWER(realm_name)
                AND participates.raid_id = extern.raid_id
                GROUP BY player_id
                HAVING COUNT(*) = (SELECT MAX(COUNT(*))
                    FROM players
                    JOIN participates USING (player_id)
                    WHERE LOWER(realm) LIKE LOWER(realm_name)
                    AND participates.raid_id = extern.raid_id
                    GROUP BY player_id))
            FROM raids extern);
    v_raid raids."name"%TYPE;
    v_nr NUMBER;
    v_name players."name"%TYPE;

```

```

found    NUMBER := 0;
-- cursor 2 :
CURSOR c2 IS (SELECT DISTINCT realm
               FROM players);
error    players.realm%TYPE;
no_realm EXCEPTION;
PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (no_realm, -9090);
BEGIN
  SELECT COUNT(*)
  INTO error
  FROM players
  WHERE LOWER(realm) LIKE LOWER(realm_name);

  IF error = 0 THEN
    RAISE no_realm;
  END IF;

  OPEN c(realm_name);
  LOOP
    FETCH c INTO v_raid, v_cursor;
    EXIT WHEN c%NOTFOUND;
    dbms_output.put_line('-----');
    dbms_output.put_line('RAID ' || UPPER(v_raid));
    dbms_output.put_line('-----');
    found := 0;
    LOOP
      FETCH v_cursor INTO v_name, v_nr;
      EXIT WHEN v_cursor%NOTFOUND;
      found := 1;
      dbms_output.put_line(v_name || ' total raids: ' || v_nr);
    END LOOP;
    IF found = 0 THEN
      dbms_output.put_line('None.');

```



```

-- 7.
-- procedura care afieaza pentru fiecare raid cel mai activ jucator care face pc
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE ex7(realn_name players.realm%TYPE)
IS
TYPE refcursor IS REF CURSOR;
v_cursor refcursor;
-- cursor 1 : cursor imbricat cu paramentru
CURSOR c(realn_name players.realm%TYPE) IS
(SELECT extern."name",
  CURSOR (SELECT MAX("name"), COUNT(*)
    FROM players
      JOIN participates USING (player_id)
    WHERE LOWER(realn) LIKE LOWER(realn_name)
      AND participates.raid_id = extern.raid_id
    GROUP BY player_id
    HAVING COUNT(*) = (SELECT MAX(COUNT(*))
      FROM players
        JOIN participates USING (player_id)
        WHERE LOWER(realn) LIKE LOWER(realn_name)
        AND participates.raid_id = extern.raid_id
        GROUP BY player_id))
    FROM raids extern);
v_raid    raids."name"%TYPE;
v_nr      NUMBER;
v_name    players."name"%TYPE;
found     NUMBER := 0;

-- cursor 2 :
CURSOR c2 IS (SELECT DISTINCT realm
  FROM players);
error     players.realm%TYPE;

```

```

END;
[2023-01-13 14:31:25] completed in 8 ms

RAID ETERNAL PALACE
-----
Julieta total raids: 1
-----
RAID SANCTUM OF DOMINATION
-----
Elisa total raids: 2
Tiana total raids: 2
Julieta total raids: 2
-----
RAID ICECROWN CITADEL
-----
Melissa total raids: 1
Tiana total raids: 1
-----
RAID THE NIGHTHOLD
-----
Elisa total raids: 1
Tiana total raids: 1
Julieta total raids: 1
-----
RAID COURT OF STARS
-----
None.

DIANA> BEGIN
  ex7('nu exista');
END;
[2023-01-13 14:31:25] completed in 8 ms
No realm with name: nu exista
Reaml list:
Silvermoon
Outland
Moonglave

```

8. Formulati în limbaj natural o problemă pe care să o rezolvați folosind un **subprogram stocat independent de tip funcție** care să utilizeze **într-o singură comandă SQL** 3 dintre tabelele definite. Definiți minim 2 excepții. Apelați subprogramul astfel încât să evidențiați **toate** cazurile tratate.

Se dă un vector de id-uri. Pentru fiecare boss din vectorul de id-uri să se afle din mulțimea totală a recompenselor recompensele care au măcar un bonus mai mare decât toate bonusurile oferite de boss-ul curent.

- Tabele utilizate: **rewards, has, bonuses**
- Excepții: **boss\_not\_found, empty\_vector, null\_vector**
- Subprogram stocat de tip **funcție** care returnează un tabel imbricat de vectori

```

CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE vect_b IS VARRAY(5000) OF NUMBER(38);
CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE vect_r IS TABLE OF VARCHAR(255);
CREATE OR REPLACE TYPE tabel IS TABLE OF vect_r;
/

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ex8(bosses_vect vect_b)
RETURN tabel IS
-- 3 exceptii
boss_not_found EXCEPTION;
PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (boss_not_found, -2000);

empty_vector EXCEPTION;
PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (empty_vector, -3000);

null_vector EXCEPTION;
PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (null_vector, -4000);
nr      NUMBER;

```

```

maxi    bosses.boss_id%TYPE;
vector vect_r := vect_r();
output tabel := tabel();
BEGIN
    IF bosses_vect IS NULL THEN
        RAISE null_vector;
    END IF;

    IF bosses_vect.count = 0 THEN
        RAISE empty_vector;
    END IF;

    -- !!!!!!!
    SELECT MAX(boss_id)
    INTO maxi
    FROM bosses;

    FOR i IN 1..maxi
        LOOP
            output.extend;
        END LOOP;

    FOR i IN bosses_vect.first..bosses_vect.last
        LOOP
            SELECT COUNT(*)
            INTO nr
            FROM bosses
            WHERE boss_id = bosses_vect(i);

            IF nr = 0 THEN
                RAISE boss_not_found;
            END IF;

            -- comanda cu 3 tabele
            SELECT DISTINCT rewards."name" BULK COLLECT
            INTO vector
            FROM rewards
                JOIN has ON has.reward_id = rewards.reward_id
                JOIN bonuses ON bonuses.bonus_id = has.bonus_id
            WHERE bonuses.quantity > ALL (SELECT bonuses.quantity
                                         FROM rewards
                                         JOIN has ON has.reward_id =
rewards.reward_id
                                         JOIN bonuses ON bonuses.bonus_id =
has.bonus_id
                                         WHERE rewards.boss_id = bosses_vect(i));

            IF vector IS NULL THEN
                output(bosses_vect(i)) := vect_r();
            ELSE
                output(bosses_vect(i)) := vector;
            END IF;
        END LOOP;
    RETURN output;
EXCEPTION
    WHEN empty_vector THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('Vector is empty. ');
        RETURN NULL;
    WHEN null_vector THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('Vector is null. ');
        RETURN NULL;
    WHEN boss_not_found THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('No boss found. ');
        RETURN NULL;
END ex8;
-- corect
DECLARE
    rezultat tabel := tabel();
    -- corect
    input1 vect_b := vect_b(7, 8, 10);
BEGIN
    rezultat := ex8(input1);
    IF rezultat IS NOT NULL THEN
        FOR i IN rezultat.first..rezultat.last
            LOOP
                IF rezultat(i) IS NOT NULL THEN

```

```

        dbms_output.put_line('          BOSS_ID: ' || i || ' ');

        IF rezultat(i).count != 0 THEN
            FOR j IN rezultat(i).first..rezultat(i).last
                LOOP
                    dbms_output.put_line(rezultat(i)(j));
                END LOOP;
        ELSE
            dbms_output.put_line('None. ');
        END IF;
        dbms_output.put_line('-----');
    END IF;
END LOOP;
END IF;
END;
BEGIN
    IF bosses_vect IS NULL THEN
        RAISE null_vector;
    END IF;

    IF bosses_vect.count = 0 THEN
        RAISE empty_vector;
    END IF;

    -- !!!!!
    [2023-01-13 15:02:16] completed in 12 ms
    BOSS_ID: 7
    Mana-Tinged Pack
    -----
    BOSS_ID: 8
    Mana-Tinged Pack
    -----
    BOSS_ID: 10
    None.
    -----
    -- boss not found
DECLARE
    rezultat tabel := tabel();
    -- boss not found
    input2 vect_b := vect_b(7, 8, 100);
BEGIN
    rezultat := ex8(input2);
    IF rezultat IS NOT NULL THEN
        FOR i IN rezultat.first..rezultat.last
            LOOP
                IF rezultat(i) IS NOT NULL THEN
                    dbms_output.put_line('          BOSS_ID: ' || i || ' ');

                    IF rezultat(i).count != 0 THEN
                        FOR j IN rezultat(i).first..rezultat(i).last
                            LOOP
                                dbms_output.put_line(rezultat(i)(j));
                            END LOOP;
                    ELSE
                        dbms_output.put_line('None. ');
                    END IF;
                    dbms_output.put_line('-----');
                END IF;
            END LOOP;
        END IF;
    END;

```



```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ex8(bosses_vect vect_b)
RETURN tabel IS

-- 3 exceptii
boss_not_found EXCEPTION;
PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (boss_not_found, -2000);

empty_vector EXCEPTION;
PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (empty_vector, -3000);

null_vector EXCEPTION;

ELSE
    dbms_output.put_line('None.');
```

END IF;

dbms\_output.put\_line('-----');

END IF;

END LOOP;

END IF;

END;

[2023-01-13 15:05:17] completed in 14 ms

No boss found.

-- empty vector

```

DECLARE
    rezultat tabel := tabel();
    -- empty vector
    input3 vect_b := vect_b();
BEGIN
    rezultat := ex8(input3);
    IF rezultat IS NOT NULL THEN
        FOR i IN rezultat.first..rezultat.last
        LOOP
            IF rezultat(i) IS NOT NULL THEN
                dbms_output.put_line('          BOSS_ID: ' || i || '          ');

                IF rezultat(i).count != 0 THEN
                    FOR j IN rezultat(i).first..rezultat(i).last
                    LOOP
                        dbms_output.put_line(rezultat(i)(j));
                    END LOOP;
                ELSE
                    dbms_output.put_line('None.');
```

END IF;

dbms\_output.put\_line('-----');

END IF;

END LOOP;

END IF;

END;

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ex8(bosses_vect vect_b)
RETURN tabel IS

-- 3 exceptii
boss_not_found EXCEPTION;
PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (boss_not_found, -2000);

empty_vector EXCEPTION;
PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (empty_vector, -3000);

null_vector EXCEPTION;
PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (null_vector, -4000);
nr      NUMBER;
maxi    bosses.boss_id%TYPE;

```

```

>> ELSE
    dbms_output.put_line('None. ');
    END IF;
    dbms_output.put_line('-----');
    END IF;
    END LOOP;
    END IF;
END;
[2023-01-13 15:07:46] completed in 21 ms
Vector is empty.

```

-- null vector

```

DECLARE
    rezultat tabel := tabel();
    -- null vector
    input4 vect_b;
BEGIN
    rezultat := ex8(input4);
    IF rezultat IS NOT NULL THEN
        FOR i IN rezultat.first..rezultat.last
        LOOP
            IF rezultat(i) IS NOT NULL THEN
                dbms_output.put_line('          BOSS_ID: ' || i || ' ');

                IF rezultat(i).count != 0 THEN
                    FOR j IN rezultat(i).first..rezultat(i).last
                    LOOP
                        dbms_output.put_line(rezultat(i)(j));
                    END LOOP;
                ELSE
                    dbms_output.put_line('None. ');
                END IF;
                dbms_output.put_line('-----');
            END IF;
        END LOOP;
    END IF;
END;

```

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ex8(bosses_vect vect_b)
RETURN tabel IS

```

```

-- 3 exceptii
boss_not_found EXCEPTION;
PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (boss_not_found, -2000);

empty_vector EXCEPTION;

```

```

> ELSE
    dbms_output.put_line('None. ');
    END IF;
    dbms_output.put_line('-----');
    END IF;
    END LOOP;
    END IF;
END;
[2023-01-13 15:09:20] completed in 10 ms
Vector is null.

```

9. Formulați în limbaj natural o problemă pe care să o rezolvați folosind un **subprogram stocat independent de tip procedură** care să utilizeze **într-o singură comandă SQL 5** dintre tabelele definite. Tratați toate excepțiile care pot apărea, incluzând excepțiile `NO_DATA_FOUND` și `TOO_MANY_ROWS`. Apelați subprogramul astfel încât să evidențiați toate cazurile tratate.

Pentru un jucător să se afle câștigul mediu (câștig mediu = câștig / nr\_raiduri\_la\_care\_a\_participat).

- Subprogram stocat de tip **procedură** care returnează rezultatul printr-un paramentru OUT
- Tabele folosite: **participates, raids, bosses, rewards, maps**
- Exceții: `NO_DATA_FOUND`, `TOO_MANY_ROWS`, **no\_rewards, zero\_divide**

*-- pentru a testa mai introduc niste date.*

```
INSERT INTO players
VALUES (10000, 'Maia', 'Outland', 'Night elf', 'F', 'mage', 'damage-dealer', 60);
INSERT INTO players
VALUES (10001, 'Ana', 'Outland', 'Night elf', 'F', 'mage', 'damage-dealer', 60);
INSERT INTO players
VALUES (10002, 'Ana', 'Outland', 'Night elf', 'F', 'mage', 'damage-dealer', 60);
INSERT INTO players
VALUES (10003, 'Camila', 'Outland', 'Night elf', 'F', 'mage', 'damage-dealer', 60);
```

```
INSERT INTO instances
VALUES (100, SYSDATE);
```

```
INSERT INTO raids
VALUES (1001, 'raid', 'locatie', 30, 40);
```

```
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (1001, 10000, 100);
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE ex9(input_name players."name"%TYPE, output OUT NUMBER)
IS
    id          players.player_id%TYPE;
    raids_nr    NUMBER;
    v_sum       NUMBER;
    no_rewards  EXCEPTION;
    PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (no_rewards, -3000);
BEGIN
    SELECT player_id
    INTO id
    FROM players
    WHERE "name" = input_name;

    SELECT COUNT(*)
    INTO raids_nr
    FROM participates
    WHERE player_id = id;

    SELECT SUM(NVL(sell_price, 0))
    INTO v_sum
    FROM participates
        JOIN raids USING (raid_id)
        JOIN maps USING (raid_id)
        JOIN bosses USING (boss_id)
        JOIN rewards USING (boss_id)
    WHERE player_id = id;

    output := NVL(v_sum, 0) / raids_nr;

    IF v_sum IS NULL THEN
        RAISE no_rewards;
    END IF;

EXCEPTION
    WHEN too_many_rows THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('More players with name: ' || input_name);
    WHEN no_data_found THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('No player with name: ' || input_name);
    WHEN no_rewards THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('Player ' || input_name || ' has no rewards');
    WHEN zero_divide THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('Player ' || input_name || ' has not participated to any
raid yet');
END ex9;
```

```

-- correct
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9('Tiana', output);
    dbms_output.put_line('Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;
-- too many rows
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9('Ana', output);
    dbms_output.put_line('Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;
-- no data found
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9('nu exista', output);
    dbms_output.put_line('Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;
-- no rewards
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9('Maia', output);
    dbms_output.put_line('Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;
-- zero divide
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9('Camila', output);
    dbms_output.put_line('Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;

```

```

    dbms_output.put_line( A: 'Player ' || input_name || ' has no rewards');
WHEN zero_divide THEN
    dbms_output.put_line( A: 'Player ' || input_name || ' has not participate
END ex9;

```

```

-- correct
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9( input_name: 'Tiana', output: output);
    dbms_output.put_line( A: 'Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;

```

```

-- too many rows

```

```

DECLARE
    output NUMBER;

DIANA> DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9('Tiana', output);
    dbms_output.put_line('Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;
[2023-01-13 15:45:56] completed in 8 ms
Average earning: 867.5

```

```

-- too many rows
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9( input_name: 'Ana', output: output);
    dbms_output.put_line( A: 'Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;

```

```

-- no data found

```

```

DECLARE
    output NUMBER;

DIANA> DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9('Ana', output);
    dbms_output.put_line('Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;
[2023-01-13 15:47:10] completed in 7 ms
More players with name: Ana
Average earning: -1

```

```

-- no data found
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9( input_name: 'nu exista', output: output);
    dbms_output.put_line( A: 'Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;

-- no rewards
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9( input_name: 'Maia', output: output);
    dbms_output.put_line( A: 'Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;

[2023-01-13 15:48:04] completed in 6 ms
No player with name: nu exista
Average earning: -1

-- no rewards
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9( input_name: 'Maia', output: output);
    dbms_output.put_line( A: 'Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;

-- zero divide
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9( input_name: 'Camila', output: output);
    dbms_output.put_line( A: 'Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;

[2023-01-13 15:48:33] completed in 8 ms
Player Maia has no rewards
Average earning: 0

-- zero divide
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9( input_name: 'Camila', output: output);
    dbms_output.put_line( A: 'Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;

-- 10
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    ex9( input_name: 'Camila', output: output);
    dbms_output.put_line( A: 'Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;

[2023-01-13 15:49:07] completed in 6 ms
Player Camila has not participated to any raid yet
Average earning: -1

```

10. Definiți un *trigger* de tip LMD la nivel de comandă. Declanșați *trigger*-ul.

Definesc un trigger care de fiecare dată când se adaugă o instanță nouă le șterge pe cele expirate (care sunt mai vechi de 5 ani).

```

-- pentru a testa am inserat niste instante expirate
INSERT INTO instances
VALUES (200, DATE'2000-01-01');
INSERT INTO instances
VALUES (201, DATE'2001-01-01');
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (1, 17, 200);

```

```

INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (1, 19, 200);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (2, 18, 201);
INSERT INTO participates
VALUES (2, 17, 201);

CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_10
  AFTER INSERT
  ON instances
DECLARE
BEGIN
  FOR i IN (SELECT *
            FROM instances
            WHERE EXTRACT(YEAR FROM SYSDATE) - EXTRACT(YEAR FROM create_date) > 5)
  LOOP
    dbms_output.put_line('Expired instance found.');
```

```

DELETE FROM participates WHERE instance_id = i.instance_id;
DELETE FROM instances WHERE instance_id = i.instance_id;
  END LOOP;
END;
/

-- declansare trigger
INSERT INTO instances
VALUES (203, DATE'2010-01-01');
```

```

-- stergere trigger
drop trigger trg_10;
```

```

SELECT *
FROM instances;
```

## Înainte:

```
drop trigger trg_10;
```

```

SELECT *
FROM instances;
```

instance_id	create_date
1	23 2022-06-10
2	24 2022-06-11
3	25 2022-06-24
4	26 2022-07-24
5	27 2022-07-25
6	100 2023-01-13 15:39:35
7	200 2000-01-01
8	201 2001-01-01

## După:

```

-- stergere trigger
drop trigger trg_10;
```

```

SELECT *
FROM instances;
```

instance_id	create_date
1	23 2022-06-10
2	24 2022-06-11
3	25 2022-06-24
4	26 2022-07-24
5	27 2022-07-25
6	100 2023-01-13 15:39:35

```

SELECT *
FROM instances;
```

```

[2023-01-13 16:02:06] 8 rows retrieved starting from 1 in 67 ms (exe
DIANA> INSERT INTO instances
VALUES (203, DATE'2010-01-01')
[2023-01-13 16:03:41] 1 row affected in 9 ms
Expired instance found.
Expired instance found.
Expired instance found.
```

## 11. Definiți un *trigger* de tip LMD la nivel de linie. Declanșați *trigger*-ul.

Definesc un *trigger* care nu mă va lăsa să atribui unui inamic health mai mic decât o treime din medie sau health mai mare decât triplul medie.

- Trigger pe tabel mutatuing

```
-- compound trigger
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_11
FOR UPDATE OR INSERT
ON enemies
COMPOUND TRIGGER
TYPE rec IS RECORD
(
    enemy_id enemies.enemy_id%TYPE,
    health    enemies.health%TYPE
);

TYPE ind_tb IS TABLE OF rec INDEX BY PLS_INTEGER;
tab ind_tb;

AFTER EACH ROW IS
BEGIN
    tab(tab.count + 1).enemy_id := :new.enemy_id;
    tab(tab.count).health := :new.health;
END AFTER EACH ROW;

AFTER STATEMENT IS
    avgi NUMBER;
BEGIN
    SELECT AVG(health)
    INTO avgi
    FROM enemies
    WHERE health > 0;

    FOR i IN tab.first..tab.last
    LOOP
        IF tab(i).health < avgi / 3 OR tab(i).health > avgi * 3
        THEN
            UPDATE enemies
            SET health = avgi -- media rotunjita
            WHERE enemies.enemy_id = tab(i).enemy_id;
        END IF;
    END LOOP;
END AFTER STATEMENT;
END trg_11;

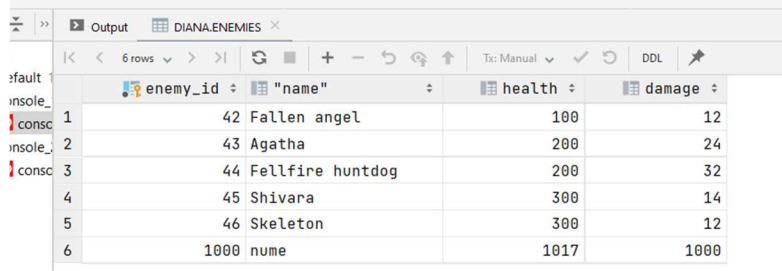
-- declansare trigger
INSERT INTO enemies
VALUES (1000, 'nume', 5000, 1000);

-- stergere trigger
drop trigger trg_11;
-- declansare trigger
INSERT INTO enemies
VALUES (1000, 'nume', 5000, 1000);

-- stergere trigger
drop trigger trg_11;

SELECT *
FROM enemies;

-- 12
-- trigger care inregistreaza toti useri care se delogheaza in timpul
```



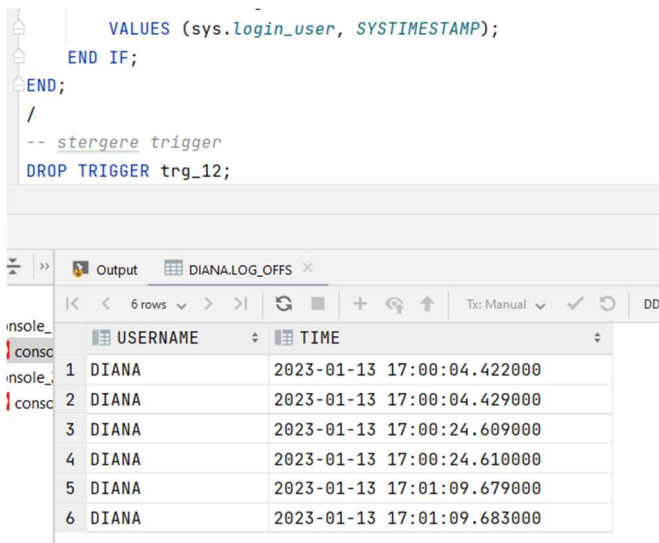
	enemy_id	"name"	health	damage
1	42	Fallen angel	100	12
2	43	Agatha	200	24
3	44	Fellfire hunt dog	200	32
4	45	Shivara	300	14
5	46	Skeleton	300	12
6	1000	nume	1017	1000

## 12. Definiți un *trigger* de tip LDD. Declanșați *trigger*-ul.

Definesc un *trigger* care reține în tabelul *log\_offs* userii care s-au delogat în timpul programului.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_12
  BEFORE LOGOFF
  ON SCHEMA
BEGIN
  IF TO_CHAR(SYSDATE, 'HH24') BETWEEN 6 AND 18 THEN
    INSERT INTO log_offs
      VALUES (sys.login_user, SYSTIMESTAMP);
  END IF;
END;
/
-- stergere trigger
DROP TRIGGER trg_12;

SELECT *
FROM log_offs;
```



	USERNAME	TIME
1	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:00:04.422000
2	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:00:04.429000
3	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:00:24.609000
4	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:00:24.610000
5	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:01:09.679000
6	DIANA	2023-01-13 17:01:09.683000

## 13. Definiți un pachet care să conțină toate obiectele definite în cadrul proiectului.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE pack_13 IS
  TYPE vect_b IS VARRAY(5000) OF NUMBER(38);
  TYPE vect_r IS TABLE OF VARCHAR(255);
  TYPE tabel IS TABLE OF vect_r;

  PROCEDURE ex6(month NUMBER, year NUMBER);
  PROCEDURE ex7(realm_name players.realm%TYPE);
  FUNCTION ex8(bosses_vect vect_b)
    RETURN tabel;
  PROCEDURE ex9(input_name players."name"%TYPE, output OUT NUMBER);
END pack_13;

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY pack_13 IS
  PROCEDURE ex6(month NUMBER, year NUMBER)
  IS
    TYPE player_rec IS RECORD
      (
        name players."name"%TYPE,
        realm players.realm%TYPE,
        kills NUMBER
      );
    TYPE vect_players IS VARRAY(1000) OF player_rec;
    TYPE raid_ranking IS RECORD
      (
        raid_name raids."name"%TYPE,
        players vect_players
      );
    -- colectie 1 : colectie imbricata care contine numele raidului si lista de jucatori a
    -- celui raid
    TYPE rankings_tbl IS TABLE OF raid_ranking
      INDEX BY BINARY_INTEGER;
    rankings rankings_tbl;
```



```

v_players vect_players;
-- colectie 2: vector de raiduri
TYPE raids_vect IS VARRAY(100) OF raids%ROWTYPE;
v_raids      raids_vect;
BEGIN
SELECT * BULK COLLECT
INTO v_raids
FROM raids;

FOR i IN v_raids.first..v_raids.last
LOOP
SELECT MAX(players."name"),
MAX(players.realm),
COUNT(*) BULK COLLECT
INTO v_players
FROM players
JOIN participates USING (player_id)
JOIN instances USING (instance_id)
JOIN raids USING (raid_id)
JOIN maps USING (raid_id)
JOIN bosses USING (boss_id)
WHERE raid_id = v_raids(i).raid_id
AND EXTRACT(MONTH FROM instances.create_date) = month
AND EXTRACT(YEAR FROM instances.create_date) = year
GROUP BY player_id
ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC;

rankings(i).raid_name := v_raids(i).name;
rankings(i).players := v_players;
END LOOP;

FOR i IN rankings.first..rankings.last
LOOP
dbms_output.put_line('Raid: ' || rankings(i).raid_name);

IF rankings(i).players.count = 0 THEN
dbms_output.put_line('The are no raids with the given dates. ');
ELSE
dbms_output.put_line('Place Player Realm Kills');
FOR j IN rankings(i).players.first..rankings(i).players.last
LOOP
dbms_output.put_line(j || CHR(9) || CHR(9) ||
rankings(i).players(j).name || CHR(9) ||
CHR(9) ||
rankings(i).players(j).realm || CHR(9) ||
rankings(i).players(j).kills);
END LOOP;
END IF;
dbms_output.put_line('-----');
END LOOP;
END ex6;

PROCEDURE ex7(realm_name players.realm%TYPE)
IS
TYPE refcursor IS REF CURSOR;
v_cursor refcursor;
-- cursor 1 : cursor imbricat cu paramentru
CURSOR c(realm_name players.realm%TYPE) IS
(SELECT extern."name",
CURSOR (SELECT MAX("name"), COUNT(*)
FROM players
JOIN participates USING (player_id)
WHERE LOWER(realm) LIKE LOWER(realm_name)
AND participates.raid_id = extern.raid_id
GROUP BY player_id
HAVING COUNT(*) = (SELECT MAX(COUNT(*))
FROM players
JOIN participates USING (player_id)
WHERE LOWER(realm) LIKE LOWER(realm_name)
AND participates.raid_id = extern.raid_id
GROUP BY player_id))
FROM raids extern);
v_raid raids."name"%TYPE;
v_nr NUMBER;
v_name players."name"%TYPE;
found NUMBER := 0;

```

```

-- cursor 2 :
CURSOR c2 IS (SELECT DISTINCT realm
               FROM players);
error      players.realm%TYPE;
no_realm EXCEPTION;
PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (no_realm, -9090);
BEGIN
    SELECT COUNT(*)
    INTO error
    FROM players
    WHERE LOWER(realm) LIKE LOWER(realm_name);

    IF error = 0 THEN
        RAISE no_realm;
    END IF;

    OPEN c(realm_name);
    LOOP
        FETCH c INTO v_raid, v_cursor;
        EXIT WHEN c%NOTFOUND;
        dbms_output.put_line('-----');
        dbms_output.put_line('RAID ' || UPPER(v_raid));
        dbms_output.put_line('-----');
        found := 0;
        LOOP
            FETCH v_cursor INTO v_name, v_nr;
            EXIT WHEN v_cursor%NOTFOUND;
            found := 1;
            dbms_output.put_line(v_name || ' total raids: ' || v_nr);
        END LOOP;
        IF found = 0 THEN
            dbms_output.put_line('None.');

```

```

        output.extend;
    END LOOP;

    FOR i IN bosses_vect.first..bosses_vect.last
    LOOP
        SELECT COUNT(*)
        INTO nr
        FROM bosses
        WHERE boss_id = bosses_vect(i);

        IF nr = 0 THEN
            RAISE boss_not_found;
        END IF;

        -- comanda cu 3 tabele
        SELECT DISTINCT rewards."name" BULK COLLECT
        INTO vector
        FROM rewards
            JOIN has ON has.reward_id = rewards.reward_id
            JOIN bonuses ON bonuses.bonus_id = has.bonus_id
        WHERE bonuses.quantity > ALL (SELECT bonuses.quantity
                                     FROM rewards
                                     JOIN has ON has.reward_id =
rewards.reward_id
                                     JOIN bonuses ON bonuses.bonus_id =
has.bonus_id
                                     WHERE rewards.boss_id = bosses_vect(i));

        IF vector IS NULL THEN
            output(bosses_vect(i)) := vect_r();
        ELSE
            output(bosses_vect(i)) := vector;
        END IF;
    END LOOP;
    RETURN output;
EXCEPTION
    WHEN empty_vector THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('Vector is empty. ');
        RETURN NULL;
    WHEN null_vector THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('Vector is null. ');
        RETURN NULL;
    WHEN boss_not_found THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('No boss found. ');
        RETURN NULL;
END ex8;

PROCEDURE ex9(input_name players."name"%TYPE, output OUT NUMBER)
IS
    id          players.player_id%TYPE;
    raids_nr    NUMBER;
    v_sum       NUMBER;
    no_rewards  EXCEPTION;
    PRAGMA EXCEPTION_INIT (no_rewards, -3000);
BEGIN
    SELECT player_id
    INTO id
    FROM players
    WHERE "name" = input_name;

    SELECT COUNT(*)
    INTO raids_nr
    FROM participates
    WHERE player_id = id;

    SELECT SUM(NVL(sell_price, 0))
    INTO v_sum
    FROM participates
        JOIN raids USING (raid_id)
        JOIN maps USING (raid_id)
        JOIN bosses USING (boss_id)
        JOIN rewards USING (boss_id)
    WHERE player_id = id;

    output := NVL(v_sum, 0) / raids_nr;

    IF v_sum IS NULL THEN
        RAISE no_rewards;
    END IF;
END ex9;

```

```

        END IF;

    EXCEPTION
        WHEN too_many_rows THEN
            dbms_output.put_line('More players with name: ' || input_name);
        WHEN no_data_found THEN
            dbms_output.put_line('No player with name: ' || input_name);
        WHEN no_rewards THEN
            dbms_output.put_line('Player ' || input_name || ' has no rewards');
        WHEN zero_divide THEN
            dbms_output.put_line('Player ' || input_name || ' has not participated to any raid
yet');
    END ex9;
END pack_13;

```

```

-- ex 6
BEGIN
    pack_13.ex6(6, 2022);
END;

```

```

-- apel
-- ex 6
BEGIN
    pack_13.ex6( MONTH: 6, YEAR: 2022);
END;

-- ex 7
BEGIN

```

DIANA> BEGIN  
 pack\_13.ex6(6, 2022);  
 END;  
 [2023-01-13 17:25:04] completed in 10 ms  
 Raid: Eternal Palace  
 The are no raids with the given dates.  
 -----  
 Raid: Sanctum of Domination  
 Place    Player    Realm    Kills

```

-- ex 7
BEGIN
    pack_13.ex7('Outland');
END;

```

```

-- ex 7
BEGIN
    pack_13.ex7( REALM_NAME: 'Outland');
END;

```

DIANA> BEGIN  
 pack\_13.ex7('Outland');  
 END;  
 [2023-01-13 17:25:50] completed in 9 ms  
 -----  
 RAID ETERNAL PALACE  
 -----  
 Julieta total raids: 1  
 -----  
 RAID SANCTUM OF DOMINATION  
 -----

```

-- ex 8
DECLARE
    rezultat pack_13.tabel := pack_13.tabel();
    -- corect
    input1 pack_13.vect_b := pack_13.vect_b(7, 8, 10);
BEGIN
    rezultat := pack_13.ex8(input1);
    IF rezultat IS NOT NULL THEN
        FOR i IN rezultat.first..rezultat.last
        LOOP
            IF rezultat(i) IS NOT NULL THEN
                dbms_output.put_line('          BOSS_ID: ' || i || '          ');

                IF rezultat(i).count != 0 THEN
                    FOR j IN rezultat(i).first..rezultat(i).last

```

```

        LOOP
            dbms_output.put_line(rezultat(i)(j));
        END LOOP;
    ELSE
        dbms_output.put_line('None. ');
    END IF;
    dbms_output.put_line('-----');
END IF;
END LOOP;
END IF;
END;

```

```

-- ex 8
DECLARE
    rezultat pack_13.tabel := pack_13.tabel();
    -- correct
    input1 pack_13.vect_b := pack_13.vect_b(7, 8, 10);
BEGIN
    rezultat := pack_13.ex8( BOSSSES_VECT: input1);
    IF rezultat IS NOT NULL THEN
        FOR i IN rezultat.first..rezultat.last
            LOOP
                IF rezultat(i) IS NOT NULL THEN

```

```

                END IF;
            END;
        END;
[2023-01-13 17:26:17] completed in 9 ms
        BOSS_ID: 7
        Mana-Tinged Pack
        -----
        BOSS_ID: 8
        Mana-Tinged Pack

```

```

-- ex 9
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    pack_13.ex9('Tiana', output);
    dbms_output.put_line('Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;

```

```

-- ex 9
DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    pack_13.ex9( INPUT_NAME: 'Tiana', OUTPUT: output);
    dbms_output.put_line( A: 'Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;

DIANA> DECLARE
    output NUMBER;
BEGIN
    pack_13.ex9('Tiana', output);
    dbms_output.put_line('Average earning: ' || NVL(output, -1));
END;
[2023-01-13 17:28:17] completed in 10 ms
Average earning: 867.5

```

**14. Definiți un pachet care să includă tipuri de date complexe și obiecte necesare unui flux de acțiuni integrate, specifice bazei de date definite (minim 2 tipuri de date, minim 2 funcții, minim 2 proceduri).**

```
-- adaug nou boss la raid-ul "Enternal Palace"
INSERT INTO bosses
VALUES (1000, 'Boss 1', 100, 1000, 100, NULL);

INSERT INTO maps
VALUES (1000, 'harta boss 1', 1, 1000);

INSERT INTO abilities
VALUES (1000, 'Abilitate boss 1', 100, 5001, 1000);

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE pack_14 IS
    -- cursor imbricat cu parametru care pentru un raid dat
    -- selecteaza bossi si abilitatile lor
    CURSOR bosses_cursor(raid_id_input raids.raid_id%TYPE) IS
        (SELECT extern.boss_id,
            extern."name",
            CURSOR (SELECT *
                FROM abilities
                WHERE boss_id = extern.boss_id)
        FROM bosses extern
        JOIN maps ON extern.boss_id = maps.boss_id
        WHERE raid_id = raid_id_input);
    -- functie care returneaza id-ul unui raid fiind dat ca param numele sau
    FUNCTION get_raid(raid_name raids."name"%TYPE)
        RETURN raids.raid_id%TYPE;
    --pentru fiecare boss din raidul dat sa ii se calculeze dificultatea (in functie de cat de
    puternice sunt abilitatile sale)
    PROCEDURE calc_dif(raid_name raids."name"%TYPE);

    TYPE player_list_type IS VARRAY(1000) OF players%ROWTYPE;
    TYPE team_rec IS RECORD
        (
            raid_name raids."name"%TYPE,
            raid_id raids.raid_id%TYPE,
            player_list player_list_type
        );
    -- tab indexat de vectori care retine echipele de jucatori si raidul la care au participat
    TYPE teams_type IS TABLE OF team_rec
        INDEX BY PLS_INTEGER;
    teams teams_type;
    FUNCTION get_reward_money(idd raids.raid_id%TYPE)
        RETURN NUMBER;
    PROCEDURE calc_teams;
    PROCEDURE print_teams;

END pack_14;

CREATE OR REPLACE PACKAGE BODY pack_14 IS
    -- functie care returneaza id-ul unui raid fiind dat ca param numele sau
    FUNCTION get_raid(raid_name raids."name"%TYPE)
        RETURN raids.raid_id%TYPE IS
        id raids.raid_id%TYPE;
    BEGIN
        SELECT raid_id
        INTO id
        FROM raids
        WHERE LOWER("name") LIKE LOWER(raid_name);
        RETURN id;
    EXCEPTION
        WHEN no_data_found THEN
            dbms_output.put_line('No raid with name: ' || raid_name);
            RETURN NULL;
        WHEN too_many_rows THEN
            dbms_output.put_line('More raids with name: ' || raid_name);
            RETURN NULL;
    END get_raid;

    --pentru fiecare boss din raidul dat sa ii se calculeze dificultatea (in functie de cat de
    puternice sunt abilitatile sale)
    -- dc sum(damage) < 200 => easy
    -- 200 <= sum(damage) < 400 => medium
    -- altfel => hard
    PROCEDURE calc_dif(raid_name raids."name"%TYPE) IS
```

```

id          raids.raid_id%TYPE;
id_boss     bosses.boss_id%TYPE;
name        bosses."name"%TYPE;
TYPE refcursor IS REF CURSOR;
v_cursor    refcursor;
summ        NUMBER;
dific       VARCHAR(255);
ability     abilities%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
id := get_raid(raid_name);
IF id IS NOT NULL THEN
    OPEN bosses_cursor(id);
    LOOP
        FETCH bosses_cursor INTO id_boss, name, v_cursor;
        EXIT WHEN bosses_cursor%NOTFOUND;
        summ := 0;
        LOOP
            FETCH v_cursor INTO ability;
            EXIT WHEN v_cursor%NOTFOUND;
            summ := summ + NVL(ability.damage, 0);
        END LOOP;
        CASE
            WHEN summ < 200 THEN dific := 'Easy';
            WHEN summ < 400 THEN dific := 'Medium';
            ELSE dific := 'Hard';
        END CASE;
        UPDATE bosses
        SET bosses.difficulty = dific
        WHERE boss_id = id_boss;
    END LOOP;
    CLOSE bosses_cursor;
END IF;
END calc_dif;

-- procedura care afla fiecare echipa din baza de date
-- (echipa = jucatori care au participat la aceeaasi instanta)
PROCEDURE calc_teams IS
player_list player_list_type;
raid_name   raids."name"%TYPE;
idd         raids.raid_id%TYPE;
nr          NUMBER := 0;
BEGIN
FOR inst IN (SELECT DISTINCT instance_id FROM participates)
    LOOP
        SELECT players.* BULK COLLECT
        INTO player_list
        FROM players
            JOIN participates ON players.player_id = participates.player_id
        WHERE instance_id = inst.instance_id;

        SELECT DISTINCT "name", raid_id
        INTO raid_name, idd
        FROM participates
            JOIN raids USING (raid_id)
        WHERE instance_id = inst.instance_id;

        nr := nr + 1;
        teams(nr).player_list := player_list;
        teams(nr).raid_name := raid_name;
        teams(nr).raid_id := idd;
    END LOOP;
END calc_teams;

-- functie care returneaza suma totala de bani castigata in cadrul raidului dat
-- ca parametru
FUNCTION get_reward_money(idd raids.raid_id%TYPE)
RETURN NUMBER
IS
summ NUMBER := 0;
err   raids.raid_id%TYPE;
BEGIN
SELECT raid_id
INTO err
FROM raids
WHERE raid_id = idd;

SELECT SUM(NVL(sell_price, 0))

```

```

        INTO summ
    FROM raids
        JOIN maps USING (raid_id)
        JOIN bosses USING (boss_id)
        JOIN rewards USING (boss_id)
    WHERE raid_id = idd;
    RETURN summ;
EXCEPTION
    WHEN no_data_found THEN
        dbms_output.put_line('No raid with id: ' || idd);
        RETURN NULL;
END get_reward_money;

-- procedura care afiseaza echipele impreuna cu suma de bani castigata
PROCEDURE print_teams IS
BEGIN
    calc_teams;
    FOR i IN teams.first..teams.last
        LOOP
            dbms_output.put_line('TEAM ' || i || ' ');
            dbms_output.put_line('raid: ' || teams(i).raid_name);
            FOR p IN teams(i).player_list.first..teams(i).player_list.last
                LOOP
                    dbms_output.put_line(teams(i).player_list(p).player_id || ' ' ||
                        teams(i).player_list(p)."name");
                END LOOP;
            dbms_output.put_line('money earned ' ||
                NVL(get_reward_money(teams(i).raid_id), 0));
            dbms_output.put_line('-----');
        END LOOP;
    END print_teams;
END pack_14;

-- apelare cursor

INSERT INTO abilities
VALUES (1001, 'abilitate1', 123, 123, 6);

DECLARE
    TYPE refcursor IS REF CURSOR;
    v_cursor refcursor;
    id        bosses.boss_id%TYPE;
    name       bosses."name"%TYPE;
    ability    abilities%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
    OPEN pack_14.bosses_cursor(1);
    LOOP
        FETCH pack_14.bosses_cursor INTO id, name, v_cursor;
        EXIT WHEN pack_14.bosses_cursor%NOTFOUND;
        dbms_output.put_line('-----');
        dbms_output.put_line('BOSS ' || UPPER(name) || ' ID: ' || id);
        dbms_output.put_line('-----');
        LOOP
            FETCH v_cursor INTO ability;
            EXIT WHEN v_cursor%NOTFOUND;
            dbms_output.put_line(ability."name" || ' ' || ability.damage);
        END LOOP;
    END LOOP;
    CLOSE pack_14.bosses_cursor;
END;

-- apelare functie get_raid
INSERT INTO raids
VALUES (1000, 'Eternal palace', 'locatie', 12, 40);

BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line('ID: ' || pack_14.get_raid('The Nighthold'));
END;
BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line('ID: ' || pack_14.get_raid('Nu exista'));
END;
BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line('ID: ' || pack_14.get_raid('Eternal palace'));
END;

-- apelare procedura calc_dif

```



```

INSERT INTO raids
VALUES (1001, 'raid fara boss-i', 'loc', 5, 60);

BEGIN
    pack_14.calc_dif('nu exista');
END;
BEGIN
    pack_14.calc_dif('Eternal palace');
END;
BEGIN
    pack_14.calc_dif('Icecrown Citadel');
END;
BEGIN
    pack_14.calc_dif('raid fara boss-i');
END;

-- apel proc calc_teams
BEGIN
    pack_14.print_teams;
END;

```

```

-- apelare cursor

INSERT INTO abilities
VALUES (1001, 'abilitate1', 123, 123, 6);

DECLARE
    TYPE refcursor IS REF CURSOR;
    v_cursor refcursor;
    id          bosses.boss_id%TYPE;

```

```

        CLOSE pack_14.bosses_cursor;
    END;

```

[2023-01-13 18:01:58] completed in 8 ms

BOSS QUEEN AZHARA ID: 6

Catastrophic Failure 180  
abilitate1 123

BOSS BOSS 1 ID: 1000

Abilitate boss 1 5001

```

BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line('ID: ' || pack_14.get_raid( RAID_NAME: 'The Nighthold'));
END;
BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line('ID: ' || pack_14.get_raid( RAID_NAME: 'Nu exista'));
END;
BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line('ID: ' || pack_14.get_raid( RAID_NAME: 'Eternal palace'));
END;

```

```

DIANA> BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line('ID: ' || pack_14.get_raid('The Nighthold'));
END;

```

[2023-01-13 18:02:41] completed in 8 ms  
ID: 4

```

DIANA> BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line('ID: ' || pack_14.get_raid('Nu exista'));
END;

```

[2023-01-13 18:02:41] completed in 8 ms  
No raid with name: Nu exista  
ID:

```

DIANA> BEGIN
    dbms_output.put_line('ID: ' || pack_14.get_raid('Eternal palace'));
END;

```

[2023-01-13 18:02:41] completed in 7 ms  
More raids with name: Eternal palace  
ID:

```

BEGIN
    pack_14.calc_dif( RAID_NAME: 'nu exista');
END;
BEGIN
    pack_14.calc_dif( RAID_NAME: 'Eternal palace');
END;
BEGIN
    DIANA> BEGIN
        pack_14.calc_dif('nu exista');
    END;
    [2023-01-13 18:03:39] completed in 7 ms
    No raid with name: nu exista
    DIANA> BEGIN
        pack_14.calc_dif('Eternal palace');
    END;
    [2023-01-13 18:03:39] completed in 9 ms
    More raids with name: Eternal palace

BEGIN
    pack_14.calc_dif( RAID_NAME: 'Icecrown Citadel');
END;
BEGIN
    pack_14.calc_dif( RAID_NAME: 'raid fara boss-i');
END;

```

```

DIANA> BEGIN
    pack_14.calc_dif('Icecrown Citadel');
END;
[2023-01-13 18:05:10] completed in 8 ms
DIANA> BEGIN
    pack_14.calc_dif('raid fara boss-i');
END;
[2023-01-13 18:05:10] completed in 9 ms

```

Output DIANA.BOSSES						
	boss_id	"name"	health	damage	mana	difficulty
1	6	Queen Azhara	121000	4000	100	<null>
2	7	Sylvanas Windrunner	143000	6000	400	<null>
3	8	Lich King	4300	300	40	Medium
4	9	Elisande	6300	700	60	Easy
5	10	Talixae Flamewreath	100000	3000	600	<null>
6	1000	Boss 1	100	1000	100	<null>

16 5 234

-- apel proc calc\_teams

BEGIN

pack\_14.print\_teams;

END;

diana

co

co

co

raid: Sanctum of Domination

17 Elisa

18 Tiana

19 Julieta

money earned 1320

-----

TEAM 2

raid: Icecrown Citadel

18 Tiana

20 Melissa

money earned 430

-----

TEAM 3

raid: The Nighthold

17 Elisa

18 Tiana

19 Julieta

21 Tyrande

22 Zara

money earned 400

-----

TEAM 4

raid: Sanctum of Domination

17 Elisa

18 Tiana

19 Julieta

20 Melissa

money earned 1320

-----

TEAM 5