

Software architecture

Week 12 - Web services (JAX-WS & JAX-RS)

Requirements

1. Netbeans 11
2. Java Development Kit 8
3. Payara Server

Webservices with JAX-WS

In this exercise, we will create a project that implements webservises using Java API for XML Web Services. In this project, we will deploy the Web Service and create a client that will submit a request to our web services and display the result.

Let's create a new project (Web Application) called JAX-WS in Netbeans.

To create a new Webservice, right-click on your project > New > Web Services > Web Service. Let's call it SimpleCalculator and let's save it under `com.mycompany.jax.ws` and

implement the Web Service as Stateless Session Bean.

The screenshot shows the 'New Web Service' wizard in an IDE. The window title is 'New Web Service'. On the left, the 'Steps' pane shows two steps: '1. Choose File Type' and '2. Name and Location', with the second step being the active one. The main area is titled 'Name and Location' and contains the following fields and options:

- Web Service Name:** A text field containing 'SimpleCalculator'.
- Project:** A text field containing 'JAX-WS-1.0-SNAPSHOT'.
- Location:** A dropdown menu with 'Source Packages' selected.
- Package:** A dropdown menu with 'com.mycompany.jax.ws' selected.
- Creation Method:** Two radio buttons are present:
 - ☒ Create Web Service from Scratch
 - ☐ Create Web Service from Existing Session Bean
- Enterprise Bean:** A text field with a 'Browse...' button to its right.
- Implementation Type:** A checked checkbox labeled 'Implement Web Service as Stateless Session Bean'.

At the bottom right, there are five buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', 'Finish' (highlighted in blue), 'Cancel', and 'Help'.

Add Operation...

| Name | Type | Final |
|------|------|--------------------------|
| n1 | int | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| n2 | int | <input type="checkbox"/> |

As we mentioned above, our newly generated WebMethods will take two inputs (n1 and n2).

Write the operation in the newly generated WebMethods and return the results.

To test your web service, start Payara Server (Services > Servers > Payara Server), right click on SimpleCalculator and click on Test Web Service.

Client application

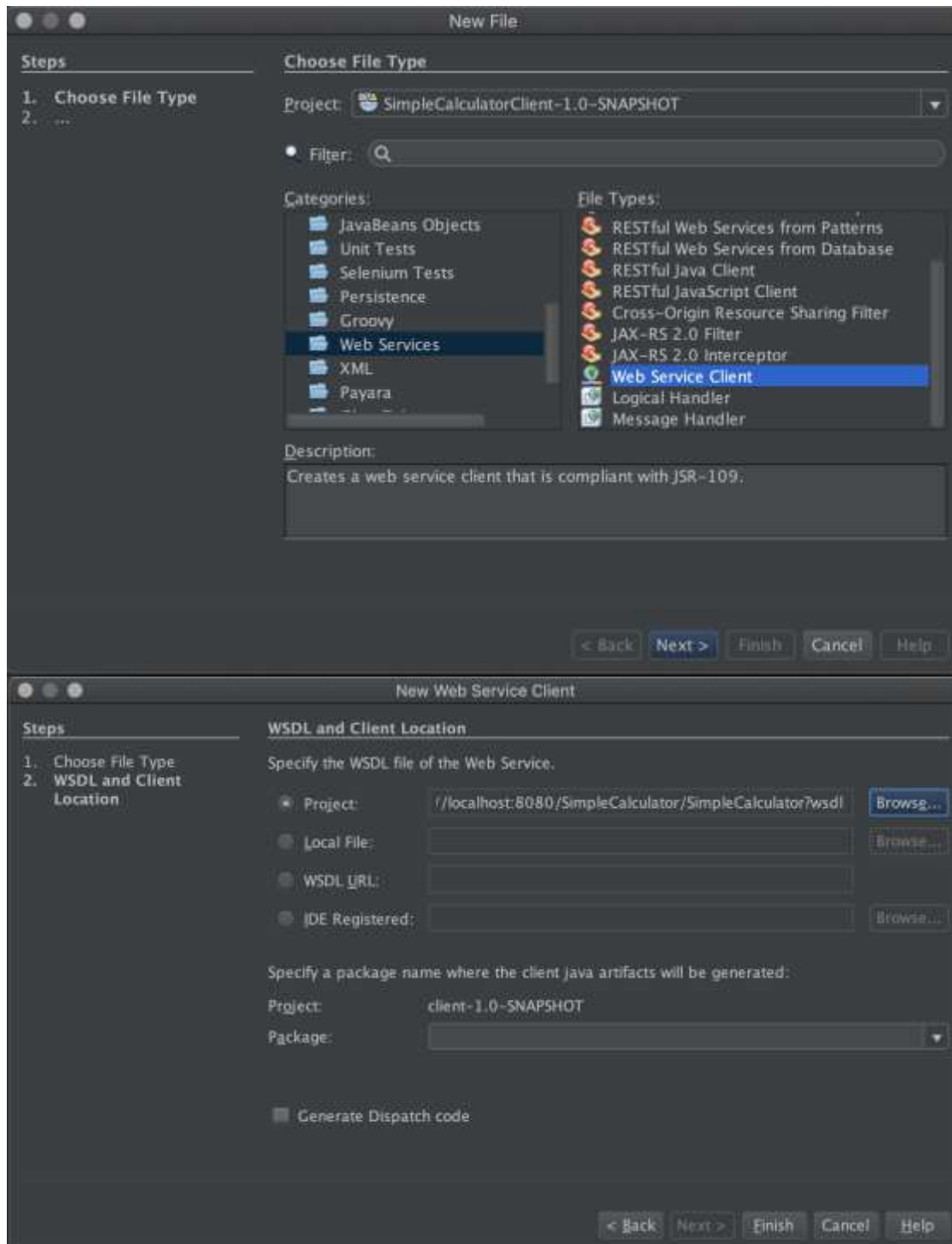
Once the webservice is deployed, we can create a client that will make a request to the Web service and return the results of the operations.

We can either create a new Java Application or a Web Application. For this exercise session, we will go for a Web Application.

Create a new Web project called SimpleCalculatorClient.

To create a new WebService client, Right-click on your project > New > Other > Web Services > Web Service Client.

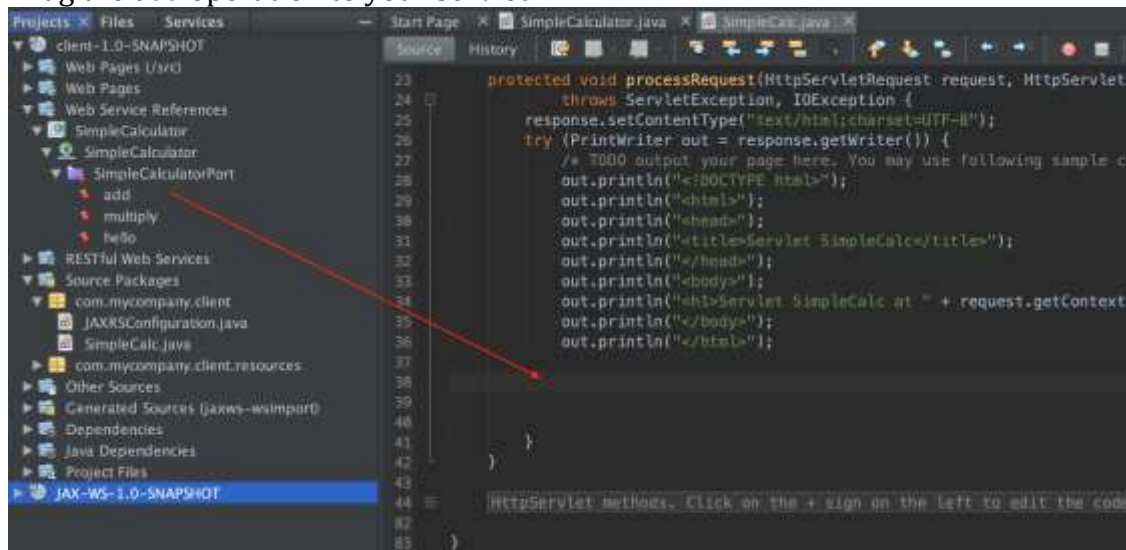
In the Project's input field, select your project, then click on Finish.



Now, you have to create a new Servlet to make a request to the Web Service. You can name it ClientServlet.

In the Web Service References node, expand the node that represents the web service. The add operation, which you will invoke from the client, is now exposed.

Drag the add operation to your servlet.



Run your project!

Common errors

- package javax.jws does not exist: Make sure that you use jdk 1.8. To change the JDK version for your project, you have to right-click on the project > Properties > Build > Compile > Java Platform. Select the right JDK version
- Package com.mycompany.jax.ws... does not exist: Clear the Netbeans cache.

Webservices with JAX-RS

1. Create a new web application, call it **JAX_RS**
2. If you still have BANKDB that we used in 6th week in JPA_BankExercise, connect to the BANKDB. If you already have it, you can skip to the 4th step. Otherwise, you should create a new database connection.
3. The database connection should have 2 tables, which are called **ACCOUNT** and **PAYMENT**
 1. **ACCOUNT** should have 4 fields:
 1. **ID** Type: REAL Constraints: Primary Key, Unique, and Index
 2. **LASTNAME** Type: VARCHAR Size: 255 Constraints: Null
 3. **FIRSTNAME** Type: VARCHAR Size: 255 Constraints: Null
 4. **BALANCE** Type: DOUBLE Default: 0.0 Constraints: Null

2. **PAYMENT** should have 3 fields:
 1. **ID** Type: REAL Constraints: Primary Key, Unique, and Index
 2. **EXECDATE** Type: DATE Constraints: Null
 3. **AMOUNT** Type: DOUBLE Default: 0.0 Constraints: Null
4. Right-click on the project >> New >> Other >> Web Services >> RESTful Web Services from Database
5. Choose your database connection, then choose both Account and Payment tables.
6. Write **ch.unil.doplab** as the package name and finish it.
7. Create 2 packages called **ch.unil.doplab.ejb** and **ch.unil.doplab.web**.
8. Inside the **ch.unil.doplab.ejb** package, create an interface and call it **BankBeanLocal**. Add 6 method signatures described below:
 1. **openAccount** : takes 2 String parameters (*lastName* and *firstName*), has Account return type.
 2. **closeAccount**: takes 1 long parameter (*accountID*), doesn't have any return type.
 3. **deposit**: takes 1 long parameter (*accountID*) and 1 double parameter (*amount*), has double return type.
 4. **withdraw**: takes 1 long parameter (*accountID*) and 1 double parameter (*amount*), has double return type.
 5. **findAccountByID**: takes 1 long parameter (*accountID*), has Account return type.
 6. **findAccountsByLastName**: takes 1 String parameter (*lastName*), has List<Account> return type.
 7. **findAllAccounts**: doesn't take any parameters, has List<Account> return type.
9. Inside the **ch.unil.doplab.ejb** package, create a @Stateless EJB called **BankBean**, which implements the interface **BankBeanLocal**, described in the step 8.
 1. Then, add the following class annotation:

```
@TransactionManagement(javax.ejb.TransactionManagementType.CONTAINER)
```
 2. Add 2 instance variables:

```
@Resource  
SessionContext context;
```

```
@PersistenceContext
private EntityManager manager;
```

3. Override the 7 methods which come from the interface, **BankBeanLocal**.

```
@Override
public Account openAccount(String lastName, String firstName) {
    Account account = new Account(lastName, firstName);
    System.out.println("before persisting ->" + account);
    manager.persist(account);
    System.out.println("after persisting ->" + account);
    return account;
}
```

```
@Override
public void closeAccount(long accountID) {
    Account account = manager.find(Account.class, accountID);
    manager.remove(account);
}
```

```
@Override
public double deposit(long accountID, double amount) {
    Account account = manager.find(Account.class, accountID);
    return account.deposit(amount);
}
```

```
@Override
public double withdraw(long accountID, double amount) {
    Account account = manager.find(Account.class, accountID);
    if (account.getBalance() - amount < 0) {
        context.setRollbackOnly();
        throw new IllegalArgumentException("insufficient balance");
    }
    return account.withdraw(amount);
}
```

```
@Override
public Account findAccountByID(long accountID) {
    return manager.find(Account.class, accountID);
}
```

```
@Override
public List<Account> findAllAccounts() {
    Query query = manager.createQuery("SELECT a FROM Account a");
    return query.getResultList();
}
```

```
@Override
public List<Account> findAccountsByLastName(String lastName) {
```

```

        Query query = manager.createNamedQuery("findByLastName");
        return query.setParameter("lastName", lastName).getResultList();
    }

```

10. Inside the **ch.unil.doplab.ejb** package, create a `@Stateful` EJB called **AccountBean**.

1. Add 2 instance variables:

```

@PersistenceContext(type = PersistenceContextType.EXTENDED)
private EntityManager manager;

private Account account = null;

```

2. Add 4 methods:

```

public void open(int accountID) {
    account = manager.find(Account.class, accountID);
    if (account == null) {
        account = new Account();
        manager.persist(account);
    }
}

public void associate(int accountID) {}

public void deposit(int amount) {
    if (account == null) throw new IllegalStateException();
    account.deposit(amount);
}

public String getLastName() {
    if (account == null) throw new IllegalStateException();
    return account.getLastName();
}

```

11. Inside the **ch.unil.doplab.web** package, create a servlet called **BankServlet** and change its `processRequest(...)` as follows:

```

response.setContentType("text/html;charset=UTF-8");
try (PrintWriter out = response.getWriter()) {
    /* TODO output your page here. You may use following sample code.
    */

    out.println("<!DOCTYPE html>");
    out.println("<html>");
    out.println("<head>");
    out.println("<title>Banking - Output</title>");
    out.println("</head>");
    out.println("<body>");
    out.println("<h1>Servlet BankServlet at " +
request.getContextPath() + "</h1>");

```



```

String operation = request.getParameter("action");
out.println("-----<br>");
out.println("operation = " + operation + "<br>");
out.println("-----<br>");
if (operation.equals("open")) {
    String lastName = request.getParameter("lastname");
    String firstName = request.getParameter("firstname");
    out.println("opening an account for " + firstName + " " +
lastName + "<br>");
    Account account = theBank.openAccount(lastName, firstName);
    out.println("account = " + account + "<br>");
    HttpSession mySession = request.getSession();
    if (mySession.isNew()) {
        mySession.setAttribute("lastName", lastName);
        mySession.setAttribute("firstName", firstName);
    } else {
        lastName = (String) mySession.getAttribute("lastName");
        firstName = (String) mySession.getAttribute("firstName");
    }
} else if (operation.equals("close")) {
    long accountID =
Long.parseLong(request.getParameter("account"));
    Account account = theBank.findAccountByID(accountID);
    if (account == null) {
        out.println("account " + accountID + " does not
exist<br>");
    } else {
        theBank.closeAccount(accountID);
        out.println("closing account " + accountID + " of " +
account.getFirstName() + " " + account.getLastName() + "<br>");
    }
} else if (operation.equals("deposit")) {
    long accountID =
Long.parseLong(request.getParameter("account"));
    double amount =
Double.parseDouble(request.getParameter("amount"));
    double balance = theBank.deposit(accountID, amount);
    Account account = theBank.findAccountByID(accountID);
    out.println("the new balance of " + account + " is $" +
balance + "<br>");
} else if (operation.equals("withdraw")) {
    long accountID =
Long.parseLong(request.getParameter("account"));
    double amount =
Double.parseDouble(request.getParameter("amount"));
    double balance = theBank.withdraw(accountID, amount);
    Account account = theBank.findAccountByID(accountID);
    out.println("the new balance of " + account + " is $" +
balance + "<br>");
} else if (operation.equals("find all accounts")) {

```

```

        List<Account> accounts = theBank.findAllAccounts();
        if (accounts.isEmpty()) {
            out.println("-> no accounts found <br>");
        } else {
            for (Account account : accounts) {
                out.println("-> " + account + "<br>");
            }
        }
    } else if (operation.equals("find accounts by name")) {
        String lastName = request.getParameter("lastname");
        out.println("-> last name = " + lastName + "<br>");
        List<Account> accounts =
theBank.findAccountsByLastName(lastName);
        if (accounts.isEmpty()) {
            out.println("-> no accounts found <br>");
        } else {
            for (Account account : accounts) {
                out.println("-> " + account + "<br>");
            }
        }
    } else {
        out.println("unknown action<br>");
    }
    out.println("-----<br>");
    out.println("</body>");
    out.println("</html>");
}

```

12. As for your **index.html** file, you can take the following code as it is:

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Online Banking </title>
    <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8">
</head>
<body>
    Open Account<br><br>
    <form method="post" action="bank">
        Last Name   <input type="text" name="lastname" value="Simpson"><br>
        First Name  <input type="text" name="firstname" value="Marge"> <br>
        <input type="submit" name="action" value="open">
    </form>
    -----<br>
    Close Account<br><br>
    <form method="post" action="bank">
        Account   <input type="text" name="account" value="1"><br>
        <input type="submit" name="action" value="close">
    </form>
    -----<br>
    Transfer Money<br><br>

```

```

<form method="post" action="bank">
  Account  <input type="text" name="account" value="1"><br>
  Amount  <input type="text" name="amount" value="100"> <br>
    <input type="submit" name="action" value="deposit">
    <input type="submit" name="action" value="withdraw">
</form>
-----<br>
List Accounts<br><br>
<form method="post" action="bank">
  Last Name  <input type="text" name="lastname" value="Simpson"><br>
    <input type="submit" name="action" value="find all accounts">
    <input type="submit" name="action" value="find accounts by name">
</form>

</body>
</html>

```

13. Run your code!

Exercises

- Using JAX-RS, write a program that takes a message as input and returns the encoded version using Cesar Cipher (Week 5)