

# SLACKWARE PACKAGE MANAGEMENT

**`makepkg/slackbuilds/sbopkg`**

# QUICK FACTS ABOUT SLACKWARE

- Oldest linux distribution that continues to get updates
- Most “unix-like”
- Simple
- Very stable
- Most of the packages are unmodified (no change to upstream sources)



# PACKAGE MANAGEMENT IN SLACKWARE

EASY WAY:

BUILT PACKAGES

# BUILT PACKAGES

## Install:

1. Download the package
2. Install-it via  
installpkg

## Upgrade:

1. Download the new package
2. Run upgradepkg

➤ wget

[https://mirrors.slackware.com/slackware/slackware64-current/extra/mplayerplug-in/mplayerplug-in-3.55-x86\\_64-1.txz](https://mirrors.slackware.com/slackware/slackware64-current/extra/mplayerplug-in/mplayerplug-in-3.55-x86_64-1.txz)

➤ sudo installpkg mplayerplug-in-3.55-x86\_64-1.txz

Verifying package mplayerplug-in-3.55-x86\_64-1.txz.

Installing package mplayerplug-in-3.55-x86\_64-1.txz:

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION:

# mplayerplug-in (embedded video player for mozilla based browsers)

#

# mplayerplug-in is a browser plugin to allow playing embedded

# movies on web pages, using MPlayer.

# Media is played embedded in the page or in a separate window

# depending on how the author of the webpage intended the media to

# be displayed.

#

# mplayerplug-in homepage: <http://mplayerplug-in.sf.net/>

#

Executing install script for mplayerplug-in-3.55-x86\_64-1.txz.

Package mplayerplug-in-3.55-x86\_64-1.txz installed.



# SLACKWARE BUILT-PACKAGE PROVIDERS:

- <http://packages.slackware.com/>
- <http://ponce.cc/slackware/>
- <https://slackonly.com/>



RPM TO SLACKPKG

# RPM (REDHAT PACKAGES) TO SLACKPKG (SLACKWARE PACKAGES)

- Not fail proof!!

Example:

```
> rpm2targz cairo-1.15.8-1.fc28.aarch64.rpm
> ls
cairo-1.15.8-1.fc28.aarch64.rpm  cairo-1.15.8-1.fc28.aarch64.tar.gz
> mv cairo-1.15.8-1.fc28.aarch64.tar.gz cairo-1.15.8-1.fc28.aarch64.tgz
> sudo installpkg cairo-1.15.8-1.fc28.aarch64.tgz
Verifying package cairo-1.15.8-1.fc28.aarch64.tgz.
Installing package cairo-1.15.8-1.fc28.aarch64.tgz:
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION:
Package cairo-1.15.8-1.fc28.aarch64.tgz installed.
```





HARD WAY:

BUILDING YOUR OWN PACKAGE

# BASIC STRUCTURE OF A SLACKWARE PACKAGE

```
./  
usr/  
usr/bin/  
usr/bin/makehejaz  
usr/doc/  
usr/doc/makehejaz-1.0/  
usr/doc/makehejaz-1.0/COPYING  
usr/doc/makehejaz-1.0/README  
usr/man/  
usr/man/man1  
usr/man/man1/makehejaz.1.gz  
install/  
install/slack-desc  
install/doinst.sh
```



# SLACKPKG

Slackware builtin package manager uses compressed tarballs for packages.

Package management can be achieved with the following:

- `installpkg`
- `makepkg`
- `removepkg`
- `upgradepkg`
- `explodepkg`
- `rmp2targz`



# BUILDING A SLACKWARE PACKAGE

Check the dependencies

Prepare/compile/install the package to a temporary dir \*

Strip the unnecessary bins and libs

Add the description

Use makepkg to build the package

Use installpkg to install it.

\*If you are building from the source



# SLACKBUILDS

“SlackBuild scripts are simple shell scripts which can automate the compiling and packaging of a program from source.”

- \* `./configure && make && make install`
- \* compile and use `makepkg` by hand
- \* write a SlackBuild script



# WRITING A SLACKBUILD SCRIPT

# THANK YOU !!

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