System and Software Architecture Description (SSAD)

PicShare

Team 02

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Version History

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10/18/15	Adil & Aref	0.9	Added Introduction and System Analysis	• Initial draft for the FC package.
10/25/15	Adil & Aref	1.0	Added admin feature	Completed for FC Package
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			 Analysis Class Diagram Added 	
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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose of the SSAD

The purpose of the SSAD is demonstrating the details about the system architecture, software and hardware parts that will be used in the project. The report presents the key properties of the system by analyzing the system context diagram and showing the use cases.

1.2 Status of the SSAD

This is Version 2.1 of System and Software Architecture Description.

2. System Analysis

2.1 System Analysis Overview

The primary purpose of the PicShare application is to share pictures easier than it is today. With PicShare, users can share pictures in three different ways:

- 1. Post pictures to the "near-by" location. So everyone in the near by can view these pictures.
- 2. Post pictures to public events by using a hash tag. In this way, pictures that are related to a certain public event will be put together.
- 3. Post pictures to a private event. Private events can be set up that only people with password can access them.

2.1.1 System Context

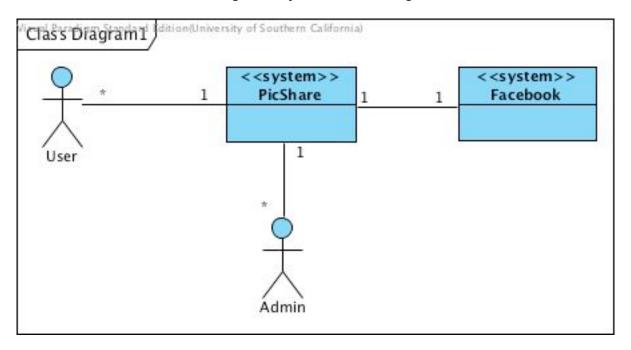


Figure 1: System Context Diagram

Table 1: Actors Summary

Actor	Description	Responsibilities
User	User of the system.	Sharing picture. Creating public and
		private event.

Actor	Description	Responsibilities
Admin	Monitors the system	Viewing pictures and events and moderating them to control the whole
		system.

2.1.2 Artifacts & Information

Visual Paradigm Standard Edition(University of Southern California) 0...1 Picture Public Event Location 0..1 0..1 Event Report creator reporter 0..1 creator Private Event Like User 0..1

Figure 2: Artifacts and Information Diagram

Table 2: Artifacts and Information Summary

Artifact	Purpose		
Picture	Contains all information about picture, including the picture itself and id		
	indicating the picture.		
Location	Contains longitude and latitude for each location.		
User	Contains username (email) and password of the user.		
Report	Contains information about reporting. That is the user id, picture id and the		
	reason of the report.		
Like	Indicates which user has liked which picture.		
Event	Contains event name (hashtag) for each event.		
Private Event	Indicates the private events and contains password alongside the hashtag.		
Public Event	Indicates the public events that will be created by a hashtag.		

2.1.3 Behavior

Below you can see the process diagram (use case diagram). In the next sections we are going to describe some of the use cases.

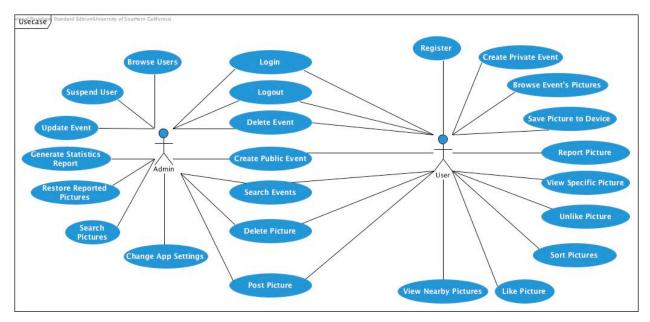


Figure 3: Process Diagram

2.1.3.1.1 Process Post Picture

Table 3: Process Description: Post Picture

Identifier	UC-7: Post Picture	
Purpose Allow a user or admin to add a picture to location or hash		
Requirements	WC_3579, WC_3619	
Development Risks None		
Pre-conditions User is logged in the system.		
Post-conditions	ost-conditions User adds a picture to the system.	

Table 4: Typical Course of Action- Post Picture: Taking Picture

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User/admin clicks on add a picture	
	button.	
2		System shows different ways to add a picture.

3	User selects "Taking picture"	
	option.	
4		System opens up the camera application.
5	User takes a photo.	
6		System shows the picture and also option to share to a location or hashtag.
7	User chooses location option and clicks submit.	
8		System retrieve user's location and posts the picture in that location.

Table 5: Alternate Course of Action- Post Picture: Uploading Picture

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1-2	Refer to the typic	al course of action step 1-2
3	User/admin selects "Uploading Picture" option.	
4		System opens up the gallery application.
5	User/admin selects a photo.	
6		System shows the picture and a text box for user to input the name of hashtag.
7	User/admin enters the hashtag and caption and clicks submit.	
8		System stores the picture with the hashtag and caption.

Table 6: Alternate Course of Action- Post Picture: Hashtag Option

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	Refer to the typical co	ourse of action step 1-6
2	User/admin chooses Hashtag option.	
3		System shows a text box for user to input the name of hashtag.
4	User/admin enters the hashtag and caption and clicks submit.	
		System stores the picture with the hashtag and caption.

2.1.3.1.2 Process Delete Picture

Table 7: Process Description: Delete Picture

Identifier	UC-8: Delete Picture	
Purpose	Allow a user to delete his/her pictures.	
Requirements	WC_3591	
Development Risks	None	
Pre-conditions	User is logged in the system.	
Post-conditions	User removes a picture that belongs to him/her from the system.	

Table 8: Typical Course of Action- Delete Picture: Confirm

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User clicks on remove picture	
	button.	
2		System shows a warning to the user to confirm this
		action.
3	User selects "Ok" option.	
4		System closes the warning and deletes the picture.

Table 9: Alternate Course of Action- Delete Picture: Cancel

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1-2	Refer to the	e typical course of action step 1-2
3	User selects "Cancel" option.	
4		System closes the warning and the picture remains.

2.1.3.1.3 Process View Specific Picture

Table 10: Process Description: View Specific Picture

Identifier	UC-9: View Specific Picture
Purpose	Allow a user to view picture details.
Requirements	WC_3637
Development Risks	None
Pre-conditions	User is logged in the system.
Post-conditions	Details of a specific picture is shown.

Table 11: Typical Course of Action- View Specific Picture

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User asks system to show	
	a specific picture.	
2		System retrieves the picture details (picture, location or
		hashtag, number of likes, a way to like/unlike picture).

2.1.3.1.4 Process Like Picture

Table 12: Process Description: Like Picture

Identifier	UC-10: Like Picture	
Purpose	Allow a user to like a picture.	
Requirements	WC_3751	
Development Risks	None	
Pre-conditions	 User is logged in the system. 	
	 User has not liked the picture before. 	
Post-conditions	User likes the specific picture.	

Table 13: Typical Course of Action-Like Picture

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User asks system to like a specific picture.	
	specific picture.	
2		System stores the like information and new total number of likes is shown to the user.

2.1.3.1.5 Process Unlike Picture

Table 14: Process Description: Unlike Picture

Identifier	UC-11: Unlike Picture	
Purpose	Allow a user to unlike a picture that he/she has liked before.	
Requirements	WC 3751	
Development Risks	None	
Pre-conditions	User is logged in the system.	
	User has liked the picture before.	
Post-conditions	User unlikes the specific picture.	

Table 15: Typical Course of Action- Unlike Picture

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User asks system to unlike a	
	specific picture.	
2		System removes user liking that picture and new total
		number of likes is shown to the user.

2.1.3.1.6 Process Report Picture

Table 16: Process Description: Report Picture

Identifier	UC-12: Report Picture
Purpose	Allow a user to report pictures.
Requirements	WC_3599
Development Risks	None
Pre-conditions	User is logged in the system.
Post-conditions	User reports the specific picture.

Table 17: Typical Course of Action- Report Picture: Submit

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User asks system to report a specific picture.	
2	эроных размаго.	System shows options that why user thinks the picture is inappropriate and also a submit and cancel button.
3	User selects the option and clicks on "submit" button.	
		System stores the report.

Table 18: Alternate Course of Action- Report Picture: Cancel

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1-2	Refer to typical course of action	s step 1-2
3	User clicks on "cancel" button.	
4		System closes the report page.

2.1.3.1.7 Process Save Picture to Device

Table 19: Process Description: Save Picture to Device

Identifier	UC-13: Save Picture to Device	
Purpose	Allow a user to save a picture to device.	
Requirements	WC_3623	
Development Risks	None	
Pre-conditions	User is logged in the system.	
Post-conditions	User stores the specific picture in her/his own device.	

Table 20: Typical Course of Action- Save Picture to Device

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User asks system to download a specific	
	picture.	
2		System saves the picture to the user's
		device.

2.1.3.1.8 Process Browse Event's Pictures

Table 21: Process Description: Browse Event's Pictures

Identifier	UC-14: Browse Event Pictures	
Purpose	Allow a user to view pictures in an event.	
Requirements	WC_3637	
Development Risks	None	
Pre-conditions	User is logged in the system.	
Post-conditions	User views the pictures in a public/private event.	

Table 22: Typical Course of Action- View Event Pictures

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User asks system to view pictures in a	
	public/private event by writing a hashtag.	
2		System shows the pictures related
		with the event to the user.

2.1.3.1.9 Process Sort Pictures

Table 23: Process Description: Sort Pictures

Identifier	UC-15: Sort By Like or Date or location	
Purpose	Allow a user to sort pictures by popularity, date or location.	
Requirements	WC_3637	
Development Risks	None	
Pre-conditions	User is logged in the system.	
	A list of pictures is shown to user.	
Post-conditions	User sorts the picture by popularity, date or location.	

Table 24: Typical Course of Action- Sort By Like, Date or Location

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User asks system to sort pictures by	
	popularity, date or location.	
2		System sorts the pictures in according to
		the option user chose.

2.1.3.1.10 Process Create Private Event

Table 25: Process Description: Create Private Event

Identifier	UC-4: Process Create Private Event	
Purpose	Allow a user to create a private event for invited people.	
Requirements	WC_3621	
Development Risks	Development Risks None	
Pre-conditions	User is logged in the system.	
Post-conditions	User creates a private event that only invited people can attend.	

Table 26: Typical Course of Action - Create Private Event: With a Picture: Event does not exist

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User takes a picture and posts it in a	
	private event.	
2		System shows the private event name and

		password fields to user to fill.
3	User fills the private event name field.	
4		System checks presence of the event and warns
		the user.
5	User fills the password field and	
	clicks "submit" button.	
6		System creates the private event.

Table 27: Alternate Course of Action- Create Private Event: With a Picture: Event exists

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1-4	Refer to typical course of actions step 1-4	
5	User changes the name, fills the password field and clicks	
	the "submit" button.	
6		System creates the private
		event.

Table 28: Typical Course of Action - Create Private Event: Without a picture: Event does not exist

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User clicks the "create private event"	
	button.	
2		System shows the private event name and
		password fields to user to fill.
3	User fills the private event name field.	
4		System checks presence of the event and warns
		the user.
5	User fills the password field and	
	clicks "submit" button.	
6		System creates the private event.

Table 29: Alternate Course of Action- Create Private Event: Without a picture: Event exists

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1-4	Refer to typical course of actions step 1-4	
5	User changes the name, fills the password field and clicks	
	the "submit" button.	
6		System creates the private

	event.
	C / C110.

2.1.3.1.11 Process Delete Event

Table 30: Process Description: Delete Event

Identifier	UC-5: Process Delete Event		
Purpose	Allow admin and a user to delete a private event.		
Requirements	WC 3603		
Development	None		
Risks			
Pre-conditions	User is logged in the system.		
	User is creator of the private event or admin is deleting an event.		
Post-conditions	User deletes a private event with all associated pictures.		

Table 31: Typical Course of Action - Delete Event: Submit

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User/admin asks system to	
	delete an event.	
2		System shows a warning to the user to confirm this
		action.
3	User/admin selects "Ok"	
	option.	
4		System closes the warning and deletes the private event
		with all associated pictures.

Table 32: Alternate Course of Action- Delete Event: Cancel

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1-2	Refer to typical course of actions ste	p 1-2
3	User/admin clicks on "cancel"	
	button.	
4		System closes the warning and the private event
		remains.

2.1.3.1.12 Process Search Events

Table 33: Process Description: Search Events

Identifier UC-6: Process Search Events.	
Purpose	Allow a user to search the presence of an event.
Requirements	WC_3727
Development Risks	None
Pre-conditions	User is logged in the system.
Post-conditions	User searches the presence of an event in the system.

Table 34: Typical Course of Action - Search Events

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User writes the hashtag of the	
	event to the search box.	
2		System searches the presence of that event and
		shows the results in the same page.

2.1.3.1.13 Process Create Pubic Events

Table 35: Process Description: Create Public Events

Identifier	UC-17: Process Create Public Events.	
Purpose	Allow a user to create public events.	
Requirements	WC 3621	
Development Risks	None	
Pre-conditions	User is logged in the system.	
Post-conditions	User creates a public event that everyone can attend and post pictures.	

Table 36: Typical Course of Action - Create Public Event: With a Picture: Event does not exist

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User takes a picture and posts it in a public event.	
2		System shows the public event name field to user to fill.
3	User fills the public event name field.	
4		System checks presence of the event and warns the user.
5	User makes sure that there is no event created before and clicks "submit" button.	
6		System creates the public event.

Table 37: Alternate Course of Action- Create Public Event: With a Picture: Event exists

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1-4	Refer to typical course of actions step 1-4	
5	User changes the name and clicks the "submit" button.	
6		System creates the public event.

Table 38: Typical Course of Action - Create Public Event: Without a Picture: Event does not exist

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User clicks the "create public event" button.	
2		System shows the public event name field to user to fill.
3	User fills the public event name field.	
4		System checks presence of the event and warns the user.
5	User makes sure that there is no event created before and clicks "submit" button.	
6		System creates the public event.

Table 39: Alternate Course of Action- Create Private Event: Without a Picture: Event exists

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1-4	Refer to typical course of actions step 1-4	
5	User changes the name and clicks the "submit" button.	
6		System creates the public event.

2.1.3.1.14 Process Browse Users

Table 40: Process Description: Browse Users

Identifier UC-18: Browse Users	
Purpose	Allow admin to browse users.
Requirements	WC_3765
Development Risks	None
Pre-conditions Admin is logged in the system.	
Post-conditions A list of users is shown to admin and he can search us	

Table 41: Typical Course of Action - Browse Users

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	Admin asks system to display a list of users.	
2		System shows a list of users to admin, alongside a form that admin can use to filter the list.
3	Admin enters information to filter the list.	
4		System displays the new list of users based on the filter form.

2.1.3.1.15 Process Suspend User

Table 42: Process Description: Suspend User

Identifier	UC-19: Suspend User
Purpose	Allow admin to suspend a user
Requirements	WC_3766
Development Risks	None
Pre-conditions	Admin is logged in the system.
Post-conditions	A user is suspended

Table 43: Typical Course of Action - Suspend User: Confirm

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	Admin asks system to suspend a	
	user.	
2		System asks admin if he/she is sure about the
		action.
3	Admin clicks on "ok" button	
4		System suspends the user.

Table 44: Typical Course of Action - Suspend User: Cancel

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	Refer to typical course of actions step 1-2	
3	Admin clicks on "cancel" button	
4		System cancels the suspending action.

2.1.3.1.16 Process Update Event

Table 45: Process Description: Update Event

Identifier	UC-20: Update Event
Purpose	Allow admin to change details of an event
Requirements	WC_3770
Development Risks	None
Pre-conditions	Admin is logged in the system.
Post-conditions	Event's details are changed.

Table 46: Typical Course of Actions - Update Event: Success

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	Admin asks system to update an event.	
2		System retrieves the event and displays a form for changing it.
3	Admin enters event's information and click on "update" button.	
4		System updates the event.

Table 47: Alternate Course of Actions - Update Event: Error

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	Refer to typical course of action step 1-3	
2	System displays errors to admin in order to change the input	

2.1.3.1.17 Process Search Pictures

Table 48: Process Description: Search Pictures

Identifier	UC-21: Search Pictures
Purpose	Allow admin to search pictures.
Requirements	WC_3767
Development Risks	None
Pre-conditions	Admin is logged in the system.
Post-conditions	List of pictures is displayed to admin.

Table 49: Typical Course of Actions - Search Pictures

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	Admin asks system to	
	display a list of pictures.	
2		System retrieves pictures and display a list of them to admin. Also generates a form to filter the list based on
		that.
3	Admin enters form	
	information to filter the list.	
4		System updates the list.

2.1.3.1.18 Process Restore Reported Picture

Table 50: Process Description: Restore Reported Picture

Identifier	UC-22: Restore Reported Picture	
Purpose	Allow admin to restore a reported picture.	
Requirements	WC_3774	
Development Risks	None	
Pre-conditions	Admin is logged in the system.	
Post-conditions	A reported picture restores.	

Table 51: Typical Course of Action - Restore Reported Picture

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	Admin asks system to restore a reported	
	picture.	
2		System retrieves pictures and restores is to the
		system.

2.1.3.1.19 Process Change App Settings

Table 52: Process Description: Change App Settings

Identifier	UC-23: Change App Settings	
Purpose	Allow admin to configure system.	
Requirements	WC_3772	
Development Risks	xs None	
Pre-conditions	Admin is logged in the system.	
Post-conditions	System settings changes.	

Table 53: Typical Course of Action - Change App Settings

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	Admin asks system to show the system settings.	
2		System retrieves settings and displays them to admin in a form that admin can change.
3	Admin changes the settings.	
4		System stores the new settings.

2.1.3.1.20 Process Generate Statistics Report

Table 54: Process Description: Generate Statistics Report

Identifier	UC-24: Generate Statistics Report	
Purpose	Admin generates some report about the system.	
Requirements	WC_3773	
Development Risks	None	
Pre-conditions	Admin is logged in the system.	
Post-conditions	System settings changes.	

Table 55: Typical Course of Action - Generate Statistics Report

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	Admin asks system	
2		System retrieves settings and displays them to admin in a form
		that admin can change.
3	Admin changes the	
	settings.	
4		System stores the new settings.

2.1.3.1.21 Process Login

Table 56: Process Description: Login

Identifier	UC-1: Login
Purpose	Allow a user to log in the system.

Requirements	WC_3583
Development Risks	None
Pre-conditions User needs an email account or Facebook acco	
Post-conditions	User logs in the system.

Table 57: Typical Course of Action – Login: With Email: Success

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User fills email address and password	
	fields with registered information and	
	clicks the log in button.	
2		System checks if the email address and
		password match with the registered information
		in the database and allows user to log in.

Table 58: Typical Course of Action - Login: With Email: Fail

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User fills email address and password	
	fields with registered information and	
	clicks the log in button.	
2		System checks if the email address and
		password match with the registered information
		in the database and returns a proper message.

Table 59: Alternate Course of Actions - Login: With Facebook

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User clicks the log in with Facebook	
	button.	
2		System directs user to Facebook app and asks
		him to log in.
3	User logs into Facebook and he is automatically directed to the PicShare app's main screen.	
		System waits for an action from the user.

2.1.3.1.22 Process Register

Table 60: Process Description: Register

Identifier	UC-3: Register	
Purpose Allow a user to register the syste		
Requirements	WC_3583	
Development Risks None		
Pre-conditions	User needs an email account.	
Post-conditions	User registers the system.	

Table 61: Typical Course of Action – Register: With Email: Success

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User fills email address, password and confirm	
	password fields and clicks the register button.	
2		System checks the email address in the
		database and stores the information.

Table 62: Typical Course of Action – Register: With Email: Fail

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User fills email address, password	
	and confirm password fields.	
2		System checks the email address in the database
		and returns a proper message when it finds.

2.1.3.1.23 Process Logout

Table 63: Process Description: Register

Identifier	UC-2: Logout
Purpose	Allow a user to register the system.
Requirements	WC_3583
Development Risks	None
Pre-conditions	User is logged in.
Post-conditions	User gets logged out.

Table 64: Typical Course of Action – Logout

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User clicks on the logout	
	button.	
2		System gets user logged out of the system and shows a
		success message.

2.1.3.1.24 Process View Nearby Pictures

Table 65: Process Description: View Nearby Pictures

Identifier	UC-16: Register
Purpose	Allow a user to view the pictures nearby.
Requirements	WC_3761
Development Risks	None
Pre-conditions	User logs in the system.
Post-conditions	A list of pictures is shown to user.

Table 66: Typical Course of Action – View Nearby Pictures

Seq#	Actor's Action	System's Response
1	User chooses the radius for browsing	
	pictures in nearby locations.	
2		System retrieves the pictures in a given radius.

2.1.4 Modes of Operation

The PicShare System will not have multiple modes and operate in only one mode, so that no further description is required.

2.2 System Analysis Rationale

We have only one type of operational stakeholder: basically smart phone users between the age of 18-45, but it is not restricted with age. Users will need a smart phone and they must download the application. They also need to create an account to use the application. There is an an option to create an account with current Facebook account, or they can create it with an email address and a password.

The PicShare system provides users with the ability to share their picture to a nearby location or in a public event by writing a hashtag. The system allows users to create a private event with a password. So, only invited people can see the event and access it via password. In this way, multiple users at an event will be able to see the pictures taken from others, and they will be able to have the opportunity to download and store the pictures on their own devices.

Technology-Independent Model

3.1 Design Overview

3.1.1 System Structure Figure 5: Software Component Class Diagram

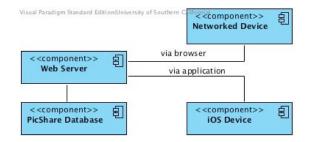
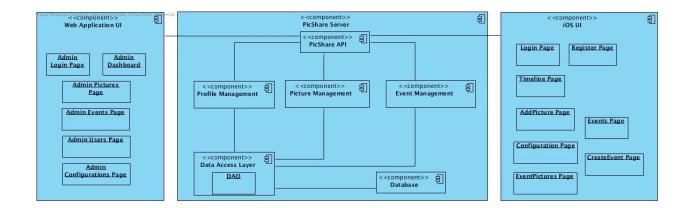


Figure 4: Hardware Component Class Diagram



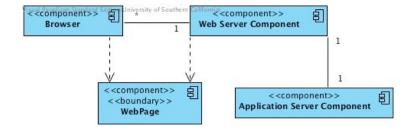


Table 67: Software Component Description

Hardware Component	Description	
Networked Device	Any device that is connected to internet. Admin can open browser	
	with that device and connect to admin module.	
iOS Device	Devices that users use to connect to system.	
Web Server	The server that our server side application will be running on it.	
PicShare Database	Database of our system.	

Table 68: Software Component Description

Software Component	Description
PicShare API	This is the component that UI components have interaction with.
	It provides a way of connecting to inner components of server.
Profile Management	A component that is used for profile and user management.
Event Management	A component that is used for event management.
Picture Management	A component that is used for picture management.
Data Access Layer	A component that is used for accessing the database.
	Implementation of all DAOs will be here.
DAO	Data Access Objects classes that are used for connecting to
	database.
Database	Represents the database of our system.
Login Page	Page for user login in iOS application.
Register Page	Page for user register in iOS application.
Timeline Page	Page for user timeline in iOS application. It contains a list of
	nearby pictures.
Add Picture Page	Page for adding a picture in iOS application.
Events Page	Page for events list in iOS application.
Configuration Page	Page for changing configurations in iOS application.
Create Event Page	Page for creating event in iOS application.
Event Pictures Page	Page for showing pictures of an event in iOS application.
Admin Login Page	Page for admin login in admin website.
Admin Dashboard	Page for showing an overall statistics in admin website.
Admin Pictures Page	Page for managing pictures in admin website.
Admin Events Page	Page for managing events in admin website.
Admin Users Page	Page for managing users in admin website.
Admin Configurations Page	Page for changing configurations in admin website.

Web Framework Component Description An Internet browser that connects to the Volunteer Browser Tracking System web application and is responsible for displaying Volunteer Tracking System web pages. Web Server Component The server component that routes all network traffic and requests between external systems and the application server. **Application Server Component** The server component where the Volunteer Tracking System resides on. All the logical computations are done on this component. Web Pages The actual web pages created by the Volunteer Tracking

Table 69: Web Framework Component Description

3.1.2 Analysis Classes

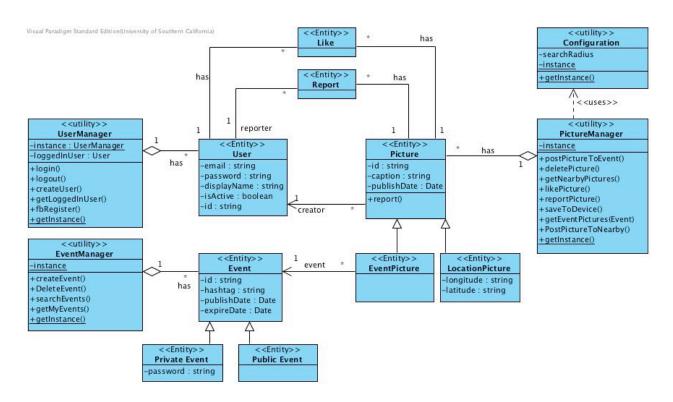


Figure 7: Analysis Class Diagram

Table 70: Analysis Class Description

Class	Type	Description
User	Entity	Describes user and stores user information.
Picture	Entity	Describes picture and stores picture information.
EventPicture	Entity	Describes picture that are associated with events and stores their information.
LocationPicture	Entity	Describes picture that have location and stores their information.
Event	Entity	Describes events and stores their information
PrivateEvent	Entity	Describes private events and stores their information
PublicEvent	Entity	Describes public events and stores their information
Like	Entity	Describes like and stores its information. It has relation with user and picture.
Report	Entity	Describes report and stores its information. It has relation with user and picture.
UserManager	Utility	Used for user management. All the functions to manipulate users and add user or delete them are in here.
PictureManager	Utility	Used for picture management. All the functions to manipulate picture and add picture or delete them are in here.
EventManager	Utility	Used for event management. All the functions to manipulate events and add event or delete them are in here.
Configuration	Utility	Stores the configurations that is being used for searching nearby pictures.

3.1.3 Process Realization

In this section we created some sequence diagrams, to demonstrate some features that were not completely clear.

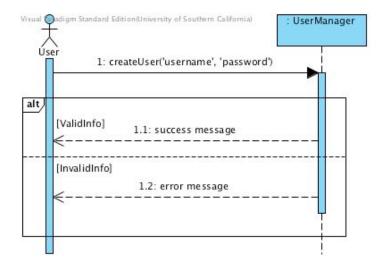


Figure 8: Sequence Diagram - Register with Email

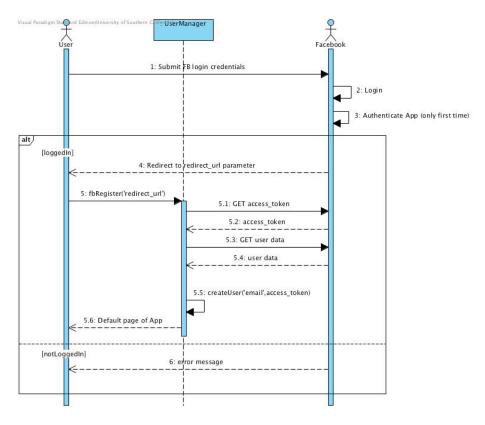


Figure 9: Sequence Diagram - Register with Facebook

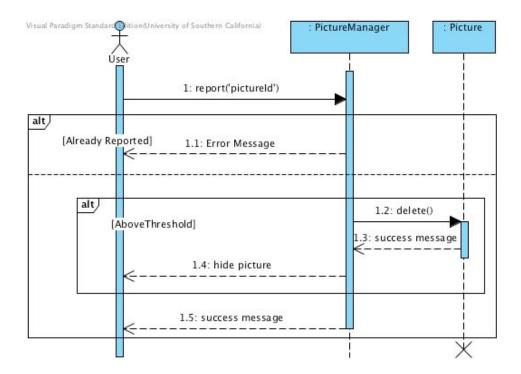


Figure 10: Sequence Diagram - Report Picture

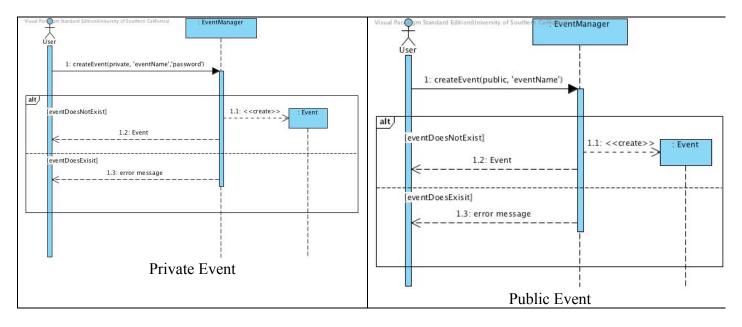


Figure 11: Sequence Diagram - Create Public and Private Event

3.1.4 Entity Relationship Diagram

We wanted to make sure that we have a complete understanding of our system, so we decided to create entity relationship diagram.

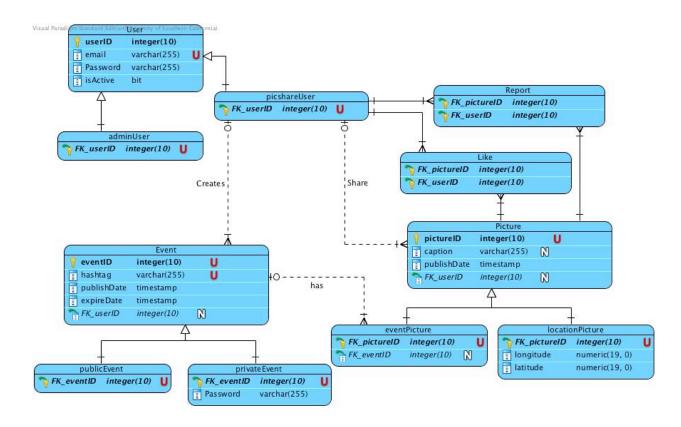


Figure 12: Entity Relationship Diagram

3.2 Design Rationale

We adapted three-tier architecture because our app will have basically presentation tier as user interface, application tier as business logic and all functionalities, and data tier as database processes.

- Presentation Tier
 - User Interface component
- Application Tier
 - o Profile Management Component
 - o Picture Management Component
 - Event Management Component
- Database Management System

The User Interface Component defines all parts of the interface of the application. The user will see main pages and the styles of the application. iOS SDK will provide the foundation tools for this.

The Application Tier includes the class, use case and sequence diagrams that compose the logic of all functionalities for the system. All the business logic will be processed at the background. We chose these diagrams because it's easy to show the relation between processes. With profile management component, the system will be able to create an account for the user by using username and password. Also login and logout functions will be provided to user. Picture management component will include all processes about pictures such as posting a picture, reporting a picture, deleting a picture, saving a picture to device etc. Creating private/public events, deleting private events, saving hashtags are the functionalities for the event management component.

The data tier is the place for storing and retrieving information from a database. It provides access to the data. Retrieved information from the database is passed back to the application tier for processing, then eventually to the end user. We chose to use MySQL because it's widely used and easy to find documentation on the web. It's also compatible with HostGator which we will use for keeping our database files and server.