MATSDP

The materials simulation and data processing toolkit

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Chapter 1

Introduction

MATSDP is a materials simulation and data processing toolkit. The Vienna ab-initio simulation package (VASP) and the Three-dimensional atom probe tomography (APT) analyzing and data processing tools are included.

1.1 Functions

VASP analyzing and data processing tools:

- Build model by atom substitution or atom selection based on a POSCAR file
- Read VASP inputs and outputs
- Plot model in the POSCAR/CONTCAR (also support color mapping of atom properties).
- Plot DOS (PDOS, LDOS, TDOS), band structure (including fat band).
- Calculate the nearest neighbor information.
- Perform simple common neighbor analysis
- Calculate structural energy.
- Write atom force information into the POSCAR file.

APT postprocessing tools:

- Read the concentration profile *.csv file
- Plot the concentration profile

DVM tools:

- Read the *.input, *.incar, *.otput files
- Write the *.input, *.incar, IND.DAT files
- Write the interatomic energy (IE) files (including the IEs of the first nearest neighbor atoms)
- The *.incar file can also be prepared by atom selection from the vasp_build function in the vasp module

Others tools:

- file format conversion
- project manager

The matsdp package contains the vasp module, the apt module and the dvm module as shown in Figure 1.1. The structures of the vasp module, the apt module and the dvm module are shown in Figure 1.2, Figure 1.3, and Figure 1.4.

1.2 Requirements

- numpy
- scipy
- scikit-learn
- matplotlib

1.3 Installation

For the Python users, the package can be retrieved by the following command.

```
pip install matsdp
```

For the GUI users, please run the matsdp gui.exe directly.

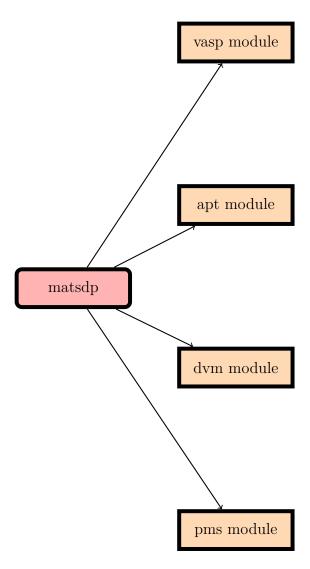


Figure 1.1: subpackages of the matsdp program.

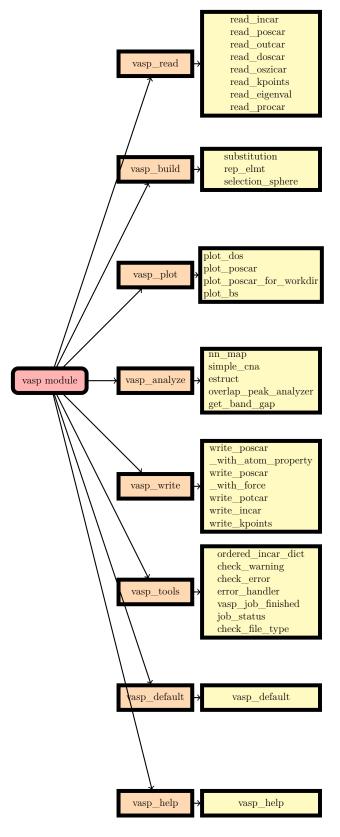


Figure 1.2: vasp module.

1.4. USAGE 11

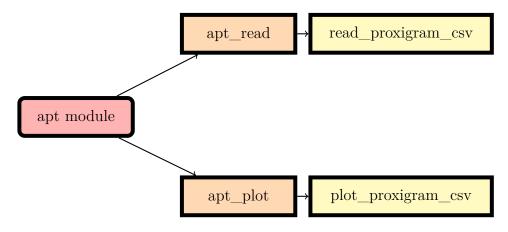


Figure 1.3: apt module.

1.4 Usage

1.4.1 Running with Python environment

After installing the matsdp package, the program can be used by importing the modules and call the related functions.

1.4.2 Running Graphical User Interface (GUI) application

The program provides a graphical user interface (matsdp_gui.exe). The GUI is shown in the Figure 1.5:

1.5 Notes

Note that for the module that requires POSCAR/CONTCAR, OUTCAR and DOSCAR files, these files need to be in the same folder.

The following sections will introduce the settings of the parameters in the GUI.

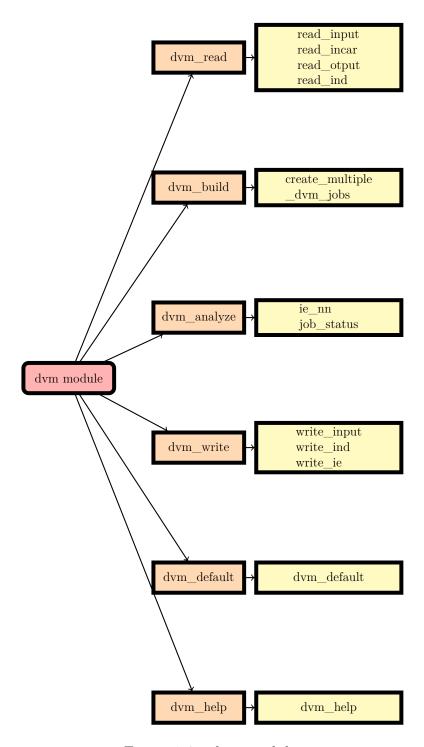


Figure 1.4: dvm module.

1.5. NOTES 13

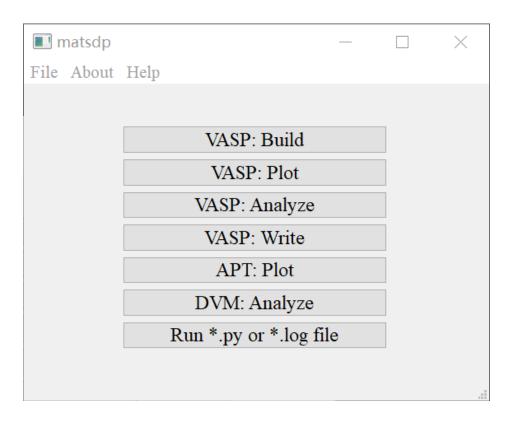


Figure 1.5: GUI for the main program

Chapter 2

Subpackage: vasp

Modules that may be imported before using the vasp package

- from matsdp.vasp import vasp_read
- from matsdp.vasp import vasp_build
- from matsdp.vasp import vasp plot
- from matsdp.vasp import vasp_analyze
- from matsdp.vasp import vasp write
- from matsdp.vasp import vasp_tools
- from matsdp.vasp import vasp_default
- from matsdp.vasp import vasp_help

2.1 vasp_build module

2.1.1 vasp_build.substitution

Descriptions

Building models by substitution of atoms

Syntax

```
from matsdp.vasp import vasp_build
vasp_build.substitution(
    substitution_list_file = './example/vasp/example/
    vasp.subst',
    poscar_file_path = './example/vasp/POSCAR_NoDope',
    )
```

Arguments

- substitution_list_file: String format. It specifies the directory of the .subst file (substitution list file)
- poscar_file_path: String format. The directory of the POSCAR file which is to be substituted. It can either be full path or relative path.

.subst file

Descriptions

- The .subst file (substitution list file) is required and should consists of system entries.
- A system corresponds to a specific model configuration.
- System entries specifies how atoms are substituted in different systems.
- A system entry is a block of successive lines without line breaks.
- Each system entries must be separated by blank lines.

File formats. A typical system entry has the following format:

```
n_subst
elment_name_to_be_substituted new_element_name
elment_name_to_be_substituted new_element_name
...
(n_subst lines of elment_name_to_be_substituted
elment_subindx new_element_name)
```

where, elment_name_to_be_substituted is he name of the element which is to be substituted. new_element_name is the name of the new element which take the place of the substituted atom. If new_element_name = Va, then a vacancy is added. As shown above, each system should start with a line which specifies a number: n_subst. n_subst is the number of atoms to be substituted in the system. Then each of the following n_subst lines specifies the element(s) to be substituted and the element(s) which take its/their place(s).

A specific example .subst file is as follow:

```
1
Ni244 W
2
Ni244 Re
Al12 Re
...
```

GUI

Outputs

Outputs: The final system name is L(line_number)_composition_D(duplicate)

2.1.2 vasp_build.selection_sphere

Descriptions

Building models by selection of atoms. The atoms within a sphere will be selected.

Syntax

```
from matsdp.vasp import vasp_build
vasp_build.selection_sphere(
    poscar_file_path = './tests/vasp/CONTCAR',
    origin_atom_name = 'Re1',
    radius = 7,
```

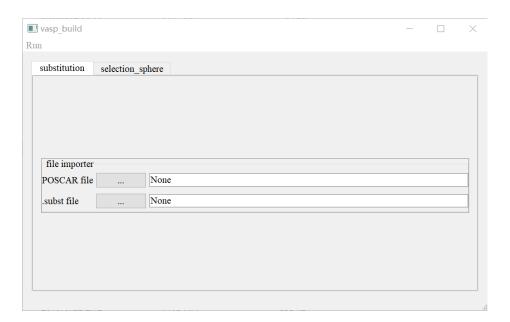


Figure 2.1: GUI for Substitution

```
include_mirror_atoms = False ,
output_file_name = 'example'
)
```

Arguments

- poscar_file_path: String format. The directory of the POSCAR file. It can either be full path or relative path.
- origin_atom_name: String type. It defines the origin atom of the sphere
- radius: Float type. The atoms within a distance "radius" from the original atom are selected (units in Angstroms);
- include_mirror_atoms: Logical value. Whether to include the mirror atoms or not;
- output file name: user-defined output file name.

GUI

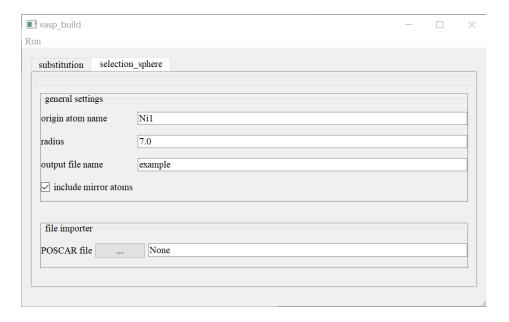


Figure 2.2: GUI for selection_sphere

Outputs

Outputs: *.vasp, *.xyz, and *.incar files. The *.incar file can be used as the input file for the DVM program.

2.2 vasp_plot module

$2.2.1 \quad vasp_plot.plot_poscar$

Descriptions

- Visualization of POSCAR model. Euler angles are used to rotate the view of the model.
- Viewer direction is in x direction. The original orientation: x direction is perpendicular to the paper, z direction is in the paper and point to upper direction

- Reference for Eulerian angles: Herbert Goldstein, Charles P. Poole Jr. and John L. Safko, Classical Mechanics (3rd Edition). Goldstein Poole & Safko, 2001.
- This module can also show the atom properties by color mapping. The POSCAR file with additional data columns used to save the data of the atom properties.

Syntax

```
from matsdp.vasp import vasp plot
vasp_plot.plot_poscar(
    poscar_file_path = './example/vasp/POSCAR',
    euler angle type = 'zyz',
    phi = -3,
    theta = 4,
    psi = 0,
    elmt_color = { 'Ni ': 'red ', 'Re': 'blue'},
    draw mirror atom = True,
    box_on = True,
    axis_indicator =True,
    plot cell basis vector label = True,
    plot_atom_label = None,
    fig_format = 'png',
    fig\_dpi = 100,
    draw colormap = False,
    colormap column indx = 1,
    colormap_vmin = None,
    colormap \quad vmax = None
    vmin color = 'blue',
    vmax\_color = 'red',
    colorbar_alignment = 'vertical'
```

Arguments

• poscar_file_path: String format. Directory of the POSCAR file which you want to plot

• euler_angle_type: string of length 3. It specify the type of rotations based on Eulerian angles. Choices are 'zyz', 'zxz', 'zyx', etc.. Usually the 'zyz' type is used.

'zyz': proper Euler angle, y-convention. Perform consecutive rotations at axes counter-clockwisely. z-y-z rotation. First rotate the z axes of atoms by an angle phi, then rotate the intermediate y axis of atoms by an angle psi

'zxz': proper Euler angle, x-convention. Perform consecutive rotations at axes counter-clockwisely. z-x-z rotation. First rotate the z axes of atoms by an angle phi, then rotate the intermediate x axis of atoms by an angle theta, finally rotate the final z axis of atoms by an angle psi

'zyx': Tait-Bryan angles. z-y-x rotation. Perform consecutive rotations at axes counter-clockwisely. z-y-x rotation. First rotate the z axes of atoms by an angle phi, then rotate the intermediate y axis of atoms by an angle theta, finally rotate the final x axis of atoms by an angle psi

- phi, theta, psi: float formats. The first, second, and third rotation Eulerian angles, units in degrees.
- elmt_color: dictionary formats. this dictionary sepcifies the color for each element. For example elmt_color = {'Ni':'black','Al':'magenta'}
- draw_mirror_atom: Logical value. Whether to plot the mirror atoms at the periodic boundary
- box_on: Logical value. Whether to plot the box or not
- axis_indicator: Logic value. Whether to plot the axis indicator
- plot_cell_basis_vector_label: Logical value. Whether to plot the cell basis vector labels (i.e., to label the three basis vectors of the cell as a, b, and c)
- plot_atom_label: String value. values: "atom_name", "atom_index", "atom_species", "fix_info", "position_direct", "position_cartesian', "added_atom_data" or None/"None". It plots atom label to each atom

- fig_format: String format. fig_format is a string that defines output figure format. Supported fig_format: 'png', 'eps', 'pdf', 'tif', 'tiff', 'jpg', 'jpeg', 'svg', 'svgz', 'pgf', 'ps', 'raw', 'rgba'
- fig_dpi: float format. The DPI for non-vector graphics.
- draw_colormap: Logical value. If true, the color mapping of atom properties will be Performed. Default: False.
- colormap_column_indx: Integer value. Define which column of the atom property columns will be color mapped. Default: 1.
- colormap_vmin: Float value. Define the minimum value of the color map. If colormap_vmin=None, the minimum value of the original data will be used. Default: None.
- colormap_vmax: Float value. Define the maximum value of the color map. If colormap_vmax=None, the maximum value of the original data will be used. Default: None.
- vmin_color = 'blue': String type. Define the color for the smallest value of the atom properties in the color map. Default: 'blue'.
- vmax_color = 'red': String type. Define the color for the largest value of the atom properties in the color map. Default: 'red'.
- colorbar_alignment: String type. Defines the alignment of the color bar in the figure of the color map. The value can be either 'vertical' or 'horizontal'. Default: 'vertical'.

GUI

The GUI of the plot poscar module is shown in the Figure 2.3

Outputs

Figures of POSCAR models.

Examples

The examples are shown in the Figure 2.4, Figure 2.5, Figure 2.6 and Figure 2.7.

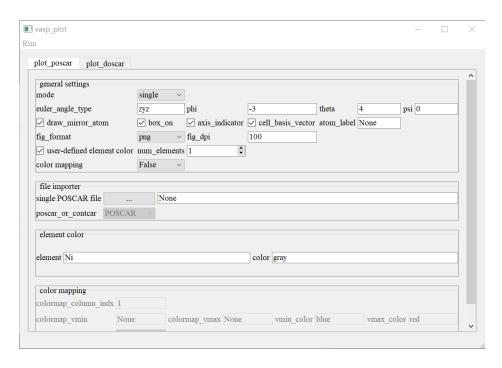


Figure 2.3: GUI for matsdp.vasp.vasp_plot.plot_poscar

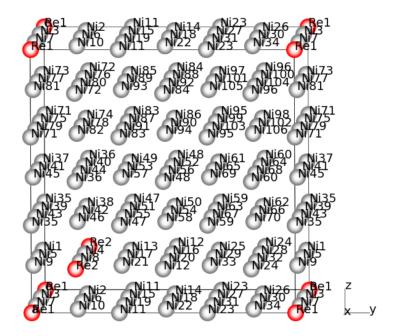


Figure 2.4: Result of the plot_poscar module. The atom label is added.

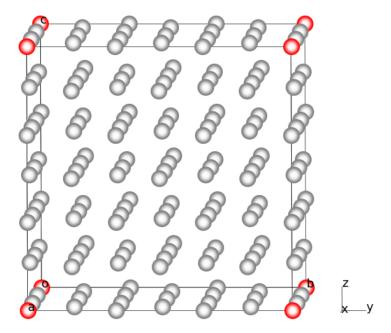


Figure 2.5: Result of the plot_poscar module. The atom label is removed.

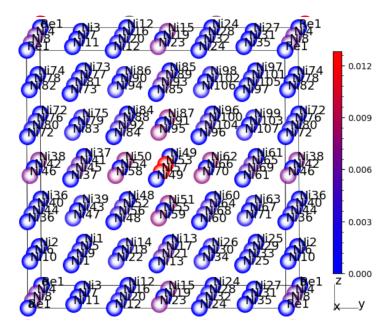


Figure 2.6: Result of the plot_poscar module: color mapping of atom properties. The color bar is vertically aligned.

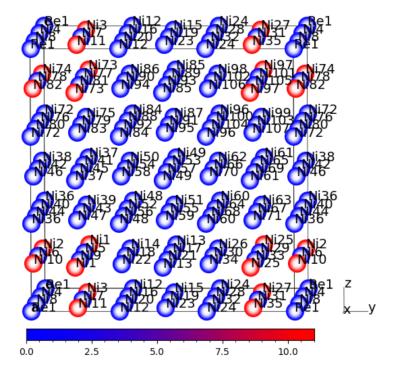


Figure 2.7: Result of the plot_poscar module: color mapping of atom properties. The color bar is horizontally aligned.

2.2.2 vasp_plot.plot_poscar_for_workdir

Descriptions

- Visualization of POSCARs.
- The mother folder needs to be specified which contains the folders with POSCARs
- Euler angles are used to rotate the view of the model
- This module can also show the atom properties by color mapping. The POSCAR file with additional data columns used to save the data of the atom properties.

Syntax

```
from matsdp.vasp import vasp_plot
vasp_plot.plot_poscar_for_workdir(
    workdir = './tests/vasp/',
    euler angle type = 'zyx',
    phi = -3,
    theta = 4,
    psi = 0,
    elmt\_color = None,
    draw_mirror_atom = True,
   box_on = True,
    axis indicator =True,
    plot_cell_basis_vector_label = True,
    plot_atom_label = None,
    poscar_or_contcar = 'POSCAR',
    fig format = 'png',
    fig\_dpi = 100,
    draw_colormap = False,
    colormap\_column\_indx = 1,
    colormap vmin = None,
    colormap_vmax = None,
    vmin_color = 'blue',
    vmax\_color = 'red',
    colorbar alignment = 'vertical'
```

)

Arguments

- workdir: String format. The mother folder which contains the folders with POSCARs
- euler_angle_type: string of length 3. It specify the type of rotations based on Eulerian angles. Choices are 'zyz', 'zxz', 'zyx', etc.. Usually the 'zyz' type is used.

'zyz': proper Euler angle, y-convention. Perform consecutive rotations at axes counter-clockwisely. z-y-z rotation. First rotate the z axes of atoms by an angle phi, then rotate the intermediate y axis of atoms by an angle theta, finally rotate the final z axis of atoms by an angle psi

'zxz': proper Euler angle, x-convention. Perform consecutive rotations at axes counter-clockwisely. z-x-z rotation. First rotate the z axes of atoms by an angle phi, then rotate the intermediate x axis of atoms by an angle theta, finally rotate the final z axis of atoms by an angle psi

'zyx': Tait-Bryan angles. z-y-x rotation. Perform consecutive rotations at axes counter-clockwisely. z-y-x rotation. First rotate the z axes of atoms by an angle phi, then rotate the intermediate y axis of atoms by an angle theta, finally rotate the final x axis of atoms by an angle psi

- phi, theta, psi: float formats. The first, second, and third rotation Eulerian angles, units in degrees.
- elmt_color: dictionary formats. this dictionary sepcifies the color for each element. For example elmt_color = {'Ni':'black','Al':'magenta'}
- draw_mirror_atom: Logical value. Whether to plot the mirror atoms at the periodic boundary
- box_on: Logical value. Whether to plot the box or not
- axis_indicator: Logic value. Whether to plot the axis indicator

- plot_cell_basis_vector_label: Logical value. Whether to plot the cell basis vector labels (i.e., to label the three basis vectors of the cell as a, b, and c)
- plot_atom_label: Logical value. If true, then plot the atom name of each atom.
- poscar_or_contcar: String format. Determine whether to plot POSCAR or CONTCAR. Either 'POSCAR' or 'CONTCAR' can be used.
- fig_format: String format. fig_format is a string that defines output figure format. Supported fig_format: 'png', 'eps', 'pdf', 'tif', 'tiff', 'jpg', 'jpeg', 'svg', 'svgz', 'pgf', 'ps', 'raw', 'rgba'
- fig_dpi: float format. The DPI for non-vector graphics.
- draw_colormap: Logical value. If true, the color mapping of atom properties will be Performed. Default: False.
- colormap_column_indx: Integer value. Define which column of the atom property columns will be color mapped. Default: 1.
- colormap_vmin: Float value. Define the minimum value of the color map. If colormap_vmin=None, the minimum value of the original data will be used. Default: None.
- colormap_vmax: Float value. Define the maximum value of the color map. If colormap_vmax=None, the maximum value of the original data will be used. Default: None.
- vmin_color = 'blue': String type. Define the color for the smallest value of the atom properties in the color map. Default: 'blue'.
- vmax_color = 'red': String type. Define the color for the largest value of the atom properties in the color map. Default: 'red'.
- colorbar_alignment: String type. Defines the alignment of the color bar in the figure of the color map. The value can be either 'vertical' or 'horizontal'. Default: 'vertical'.

Outputs

Figures of POSCAR models.

2.2.3 vasp plot.plot dos

Descriptions

* Plot PDOS, LDOS, TDOS, now only available for LORBIT = 11. * There are three types of input arguments: atom related input arguments, subplot related input arguments, and others

Syntax

```
from matsdp.vasp import vasp plot
dos1 file path = './tests/vasp/DOSCAR'
vasp_plot.plot_dos(
    atom\_doscar\_file\_path\_list = [dos1\_file\_path],
    atom sysname list = ['C5'],
    atom indx list = ['Ni1'],
    atom_palette_list = ['black'],
    atom_subplot_arg_list = [111],
    subplot arg list = [111],
    subplot_xlo_list = [-6.5],
    subplot_xhi_list = [4.0],
    subplot_ylo_list = [None],
    subplot whi list = [None],
    subplot xtick list = [True],
    subplot_ytick_list = [True],
    subplot_xlabel_list = [False],
    subplot ylable list = [False],
    subplot_share_xy_list = [False, False],
    mainplot_axis_label_list = [True, True],
    xtick_direction = 'out',
    ytick direction = 'out',
    dos mode dict = None,
    fermi_shift_zero = True,
    peak_analyzer = False,
    peak analyzer factor = 0.02,
```

```
smoothing = False,
    smoothing\_factor = 0.05,
    line width = 2.0,
    font_size = 18,
    fig_format = 'png',
    fig\_size = [13.0, 9.5],
    fig\_dpi = 600,
vasp_plot.plot_dos(
    atom_doscar_file_path_list = [dos1_file_path],
    dos1 file path],
    atom_sysname_list = ['C1', 'C1'],
    atom_indx_list = ['Ni1', 'Re1'],
    atom_palette_list = ['black', 'red'],
    atom\_subplot\_arg\_list = [111, 111],
    subplot_arg_list = [111],
    subplot_xlo_list = [-6.5],
    subplot_xhi_list = [4.0],
    subplot ylo list = [None],
    subplot_yhi_list = [None],
    subplot_xtick_list = [True],
    subplot ytick list = [True],
    subplot_xlabel_list = [False],
    subplot_ylable_list = [False],
    subplot_share_xy_list = [False, False],
    mainplot axis label list = [True, True],
    xtick direction = 'out',
    ytick_direction = 'out',
    dos_mode_dict = { 'Ni ': [ 'd '], 'Re ': [ 'd ']},
    fermi shift zero = True,
    peak_analyzer = False,
    peak_analyzer_factor = 0.02,
    smoothing = False,
    smoothing factor = 0.05,
    line\_width = 2.0,
    font\_size = 18,
    fig_format = 'png',
    fig\_size = [11.0, 9.5],
```

```
fig_dpi = 600,
)
```

Arguments

Atom related Args

- atom_doscar_file_path_list: list format. Contains DOSCAR files for each atom. The directory of DOSCAR files can either be full path or relative path
- atom_sysname_list: system name for each atom, it corresponds to the atoms in the atom_doscar_file_path_list. This is for the purpose of labeling the DOS curves in the legend.

If sysnameList = None, then the label of system name will not shown in the legend

For example, sysnameList = ['System1', 'System1', 'System2']

• atom_indx_list: list format. Atom index list, it corresponding to the atoms in atom_doscar_file_path_list. If it is integer type then it denotes the atom index, if it is string type then it denotes the atom name

atom_indx_list = [1,2,45] denotes the 1st, 2nd, and the 45th atoms in the POSCAR

atom_indx_list = ['Ni1','Al3','Re3'] denotes Ni1, Al3, and Re3 in the POSCAR

atom_indx_list = ['TDOS'] and atom_indx_list = [0] denotes the total dos

- atom palette list: list format. Color for DOS curves of each atom.
- atom_subplot_arg_list: list format. Defines the DOS curves of the atom are in which subplot. For example, atom_subplot_arg_list = [221, 222] denotes that the DOS curves of the first and the second atoms are in the subplot(221) and subplot(222) subplots, respectively.

Subplot related Args

- subplot_arg_list: list format. The subplot argument list, for example subplot_arg_list=[221,222] corresponds to subplot(221) and subplot(222)
- subplot_xlo_list: list format. Low boundary of the x axis for each subplots. If None value is given, the low boundary of x axis in the data set will be chosen.
- subplot_xhi_list: list format. High boundary of the x axis for each subplots. If None value is given, the high boundary of x axis in the data set will be chosen.
- subplot_ylo_list: list format. Low boundary of the y axis for each subplots. If None value is given, the low boundary of y axis in the data set will be chosen.
- subplot_yhi_list: list format. High boundary of the y axis for each subplots. If None value is given, the high boundary of y axis in the data set will be chosen.
- subplot_xtick_list: list of logical values. If the list element is True (False), then the tick of the x axis will be shown (removed).
- subplot_ytick_list: list of logical values. If the list element is True (False), then the tick of the x axis will be shown (removed).
- subplot_xlabel_list: list of logical values. Defines whether the x-label of each subplots are shown, it won't work for subplot=(111) figure.
- subplot_xlabel_list: list of logical values. Defines whether the y-label of each subplots are shown, it won't work for subplot=(111) figure.
- subplot_share_xy_list: list of logical values of length two. Defines whether the x or y axis will be shared or not. [False, False] denotes both x and y axes will not be shared.

Other Args

• mainplot_axis_label_list: list of logical values of length two. Defines whether the x or y labels of the main figure will be shown or not. [False, False] denotes both x and y labels of the main figure will not be shown.

- xtick_direction: The direction of the x axis tick in the plot (pointing inward or pointing outward).
- ytick_direction: The direction of the y axis tick in the plot (pointing inward or pointing outward).
- dos_mode_dict: A dictionary that defines which partial DOS or whether LDOS is plotted for different element type. e.g.: dos_mode_dict = {'Ni':['s','p','d'], 'Al':['s','p']} or dos_mode_dict = {'Ni':['dxy','dx2']}, or dos_mode_dict = {'Ni':['LDOS']}.
- fermi_shift_zero is a logical value which determines whether to shift Fermi energy level to zero.
- peak_analyzer:logical value. Determines whether to analyze peaks in DOS. if True, the peaks will be labeled.
- peak_analyzer_factor: Float value. Determines the factor for peak analysis. The smaller this value, the more fine peaks can be found.
- smoothing: DOS curve smoothing (Lorentian broadening scheme)
- smoothing_factor: Float type. This defines the smoothing factor. In the case of the Lorentzian broadening scheme, the smoothing factor is the broadening width (units in eV).
- line_width: Float type. Line width. Recommended value 0.5-3.0 (from thin to fat)
- font_size: This value designate the font size for the axis label font size and the legend font size. Recommended value is 18
- fig_format: String format. Defines output figure format. Supported fig_format: 'png', 'eps', 'pdf', 'tif', 'tiff', 'jpg', 'jpeg', 'svg', 'svgz', 'pgf', 'ps', 'raw', 'rgba'
- fig_size: list of floats. Defines the size of the figure, e.g. fig_size = (7.0,6.0)
- fig_dpi: float format. The DPI for non-vector graphics.

GUI

The GUI is shown in Figure 2.8. The panel can be devided into several control regions, which includes "DOSCAR" region, "Atom" region, "Subplot" region, "Element" region and "General settings" region. The settings for the plot_dos function is shown in Figure 2.9. The subplot layout is shown in Figure 2.10

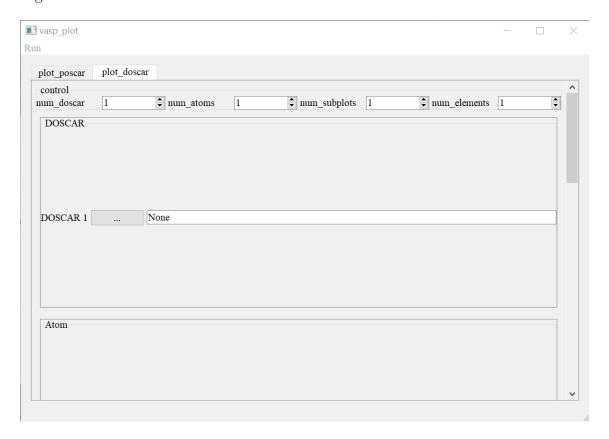
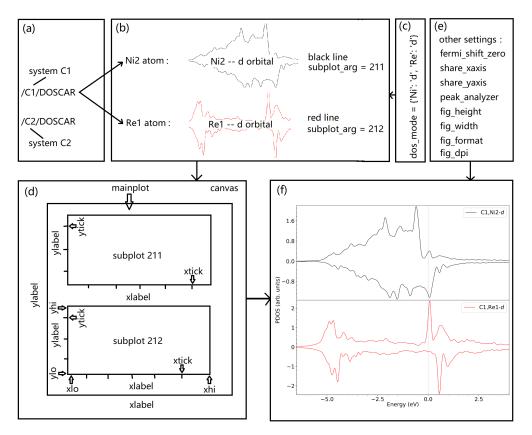


Figure 2.8: GUI for plot_dos

Some of the parameters are listed below:

- num_doscar: Number of DOSCAR files, this region can be used to import different DOSCAR
- num_atoms: Number of atoms for plotting the DOSs
- num elements: Number of elements



- (a) DOSCAR related settings; (b) atom related settings; (c) element related settings;
- (d) subplot related settings; (e) other settings; (f) figure output

Figure 2.9: plot_dos settings

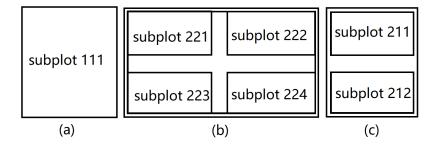


Figure 2.10: Subplot layout

- num_subplots: Number of subplots
- subplot_arg: The position of the subplot. The illustration of the subplot is shown in Fig. 2.10

If only one DOS curve will be plotted, then set num_doscar=1 and num_atom=1. The value of subplot_arg then can be subplot_arg=111. For example, if the PDOSs of "Ni1" and "A2" are to be compared, the parameter num_atom should be taken as num_atom=2.

Output

Figures of DOS curves

Examples

The examples are shown in the Figure 2.11 and Figure 2.12.

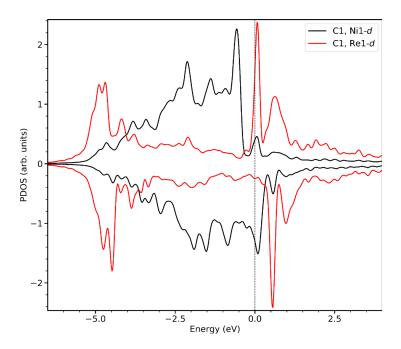


Figure 2.11: Result of the plot_doscar module.

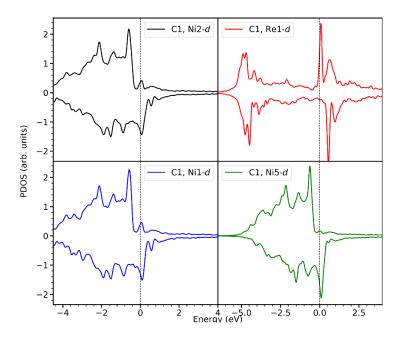


Figure 2.12: Result of the plot_doscar module.

2.2.4 vasp_plot.plot_band

Description

Plot band structure, including fat band.

```
plot_bs(
    infile_path_list,
    xlim = None,
    ylim = None,
    fermi_shift_zero = True,
    band_list = None,
    interp_on = True,
    show_band_data_point = False,
    band_gap_label = False,
    band_palette_dict = None,
    band_lty_dict = None,
```

```
system_color_list = None,
system_lty_list = None,
spd_and_site_projections_file_path_list = None,
projections_point_size_factor = 1,
legend_on = True,
plot_fermi_level = False,
xtick_direction = 'out',
ytick_direction = 'out',
line_width = 2.0,
font_size = 23,
fig_format = 'png',
fig_size = [15,10],
fig_dpi = 600)
```

Arguments

- infile_path_list: A list of input files. The input file can either be EIGENVAL or PROCAR.
- xlim: the limit of the x axis for the band structure plot.
- ylim: the limit of the y axis for the band structure plot.
- fermi shift zero: whether the energies are shifted to zero or not.
- band_list: Defines which bands are to be plotted. Band number starts from 1 (numbered from 1).
- interp_on: whether to interpolate the band data pionts or not.
- show_band_data_point: this is only valid when interp_on = True. if show_band_data_point = True, the raw data of the data points will be shown.
- band_gap_label: Logic value. If band_gap_label = True, then the band gap, CBM, CVM will be labeled.
- band_palette_dict: this is used to define the color of specific band. Dictionary key is the band index (numbered from 1).

- band_lty_dict: this is used to define the linestyle of specific band. Dictionary key is the band index (numbered from 1).
- system_color_list: if multiple infile are to be plotted. the label only label the system index. The line color of different systems, this is used when the band structure for different systems are to be compared.
- system_lty_list: if multiple infile are to be plotted. the band linestyles are designated for each infile. The line style of different systems, this is used when the band structure for different systems are to be compared.
- spd_and_site_projections_file_path_list: The parameter denotes the file which can be used to designate the spd- and site projected wave function character or each orbit. This parameter is only valid when the input file has the PROCAR file format. This file contains five columns: spin, mag, ion, orbit, color.
 - spin: spin status of the projected contribution.
 - mag: Magnetization_density. The total and local magnetizations, i.e. rho (orbital-projected contributions to the wavefunctions for each ion) and magnetization density (orbital-projected contributions to the magnetization) in the x(mx), y(my) and z(mz) directions. Please choose from the quadruplet of texts:

or

. The 'rho' represents 'tot'. The default is

'rho'

.

- ion: the ion name. for example, 'Ni1', 'Al3', 'Te2'.
- orbit: It contains one of the following orbits: 's', 'py', 'pz', 'px', 'dxy', 'dyz', 'dz2', 'dxz', 'dx2'(or 'dx2-y2'), 'tot'.
- color: the color for each plotted projected contribution.
 One example of the spd and site projections file is as follows:

```
spin, mag, ions\_list , orbit, color , legend
None, tot, ['Li1',2] , s , black , None
None, tot, ['tot'] , px , red , Auto
None, tot, ['Li'] , py , pink , 'Li'
None, tot, ['Li3'] , pz , blue , None
None, mx , [1,3] , py , green , Li1+Li3 $p_{y} $m_x$
...
```

in which, the first line 'spin, mag, ion, orbit, color' is the header line. The parameter choices for the spd_and_site_projections_file is as follows (In " x / y ", x is the parameter, y is the internal label of the parameters in the program.):

| legend | None | Auto | $^{\prime}$ Li $^{\prime}$ | $^{\prime}$ Li3 $_{\square}$ py $_{\square}$ 8 $^{\circ}$ | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--|---|--------------------|---------|------------|-----------|-------|---------|
| , | , | , | , | , | , | , | , | , | , | , |
| color | $_{ m black}$ | red | $_{ m plue}$ | pink | green | | | | | |
| • | , | , | , | , | , | , | , | , | , | , |
| orbit | 0 / s | py / 1 | pz / 2 | px / xd | dxy / 4 | dyz / 5 | $dz_2 / 6$ | dxz / 2xp | dx2/8 | tot / 9 |
| $ions \setminus list$, | ['tot'] / [4] , | ['Te2', 'Li5'] / [2, 7], | $[\ ^{\circ} Se5 \ ^{\circ}] / [4] $, | \ | ['Bi3'] / $[12]$, | ^ | • | • | • | |
| | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • |
| mag | None / 0 | tot / 0 | mx / 1 | my / 2 | mz / 3 | | | | | |
| spin , | None $/$ 0 , | up / 1 , | dw / 2 , | • | • | • | • | • | , | • |

- projections_point_size_factor: the scaling factor for the fat band point size. Default value is 1.
- legend on: if True, the legend will be shown.
- plot_fermi_level: if True, the Fermi level will be shown.

Output

A figure of band structure

Examples

```
\# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
import os
import sys
package_path = '/user/specified/path/to/matsdp/'
sys.path.insert(0, os.path.abspath(package_path))
from matsdp.vasp import vasp_plot
vasp_plot.plot_bs(infile_path_list = ['./bs_soc/PROCAR'],
                  xlim = None,
                  ylim = [-4, 8.5],
                  interp on = True,
                  spd\_and\_site\_projections\_file\_path\_list =
                   None,
                  legend_on = True,
                   plot_fermi_level = True,
                   fig\_size = [13, 9],
                  band_gap_label = True,
vasp_plot.plot_bs(infile_path_list = ['./bs/PROCAR'],
                  xlim = None,
                  ylim = [-4, 8.5],
                  interp_on = False,
                  spd_and_site_projections_file_path_list =
                    ['./projections_li.txt'],
                   projections point size factor = 0.7,
```

```
legend_on = True,
plot_fermi_level = True,
fig_size = [13, 9],
)
```

projections_li.txt

```
orbit
                                           color
             ions_list
                                                           legend
spin, mag,
             [ 'Li ']
     , tot,
                                           black
                                                           Auto
                             tot
up
             [ 'Li ']
dw
       tot,
                                                           Auto
                             tot
                                           gray
              ['Li']
                                                           Auto
up
       tot,
                                           red
                             рx
              [ 'Li ']
                                           darkviolet
                                                           Auto
dw
       tot,
                             рх
       tot,
              [ 'Li ']
                                           blue
                                                           Auto
up
                           , py
              [ 'Li '
dw
       tot,
                                           steelblue
                                                           Auto
                             ру
       tot,
              [ 'Li']
                                                           Auto
up
                           , pz
                                           green
              ['Li']
dw
                                                           Auto
       tot,
                           , pz
                                           seagreen
```

The examples are shown in the Figure 2.13 and Figure 2.14.

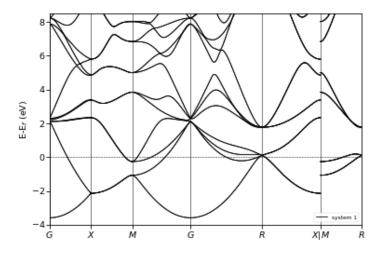


Figure 2.13: Result of the plot_bs module.

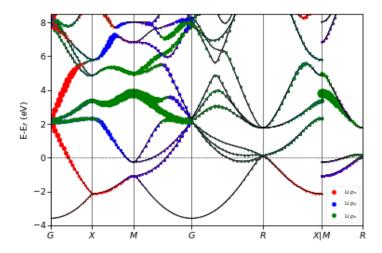


Figure 2.14: Result of the plot_bs module.

2.3 vasp_read module

2.3.1 vasp_read.read_doscar

Descriptions

Read DOSCAR and dump density of states inoformation file into the folder where the DOSCAR lies

Syntax

```
from matsdp.vasp import vasp_read
vasp_read.read_doscar(
   doscar_file_path = './tests/vasp/DOSCAR',
   atom_indx = 2,
   save_dos_arr = True,
)
```

Arguments

• doscar_file_path: String format. The directory of the DOSCAR file. It can either be full path or relative path

- atom_indx: Integer format. The real atom index in the POSCAR. If there are N atoms then the atom indices are frim 1 to N. Note that atom_indx = 0 means to extract TDOS information
- save_dos_arr: logical format. If save_dos_arr = True, the density of states inoformation will be saved to files. If save_dos_arr = False, the density of states inoformation will not be saved to files

Outputs

DOS information file for the specified atom

2.4 vasp_analyze module

2.4.1 vasp_analyze.nn_map

Calculate the nearest neighbor (NN) map.

Descriptions

Calculate the nearest neighbor (NN) map.

Syntax

```
from matsdp.vasp import vasp_analyze
vasp_analyze.nn_map(
   poscar_file_path = './tests/vasp/POSCAR',
   a0 = 3.545,
   n_shell = 2,
   )
```

Args

- poscar_file_path: String format. It specifies the directory of the POSCAR file
- a0: Float format. The lattice constant of the model. Unit in Angstrom

• n_shell: Integer format. It determines up to which crystallographic shell the nearest neighbour map calculates

GUI

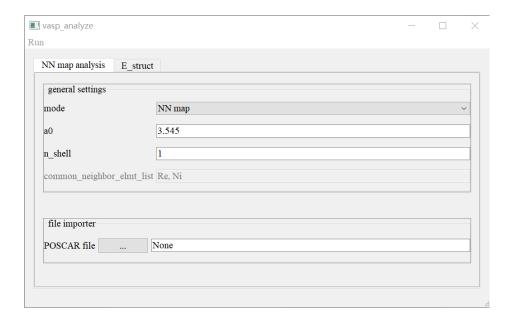


Figure 2.15: GUI for nn_map

2.4.2 vasp_analyze.simple_cna

Peform simple common neighbor analysis (CNA).

Descriptions

Peform simple common neighbor analysis (CNA). Atom A is the common neighbor of element E1 and E2, this module will count the times that A appeared as the common neighbor of E1 and E2.

```
from matsdp.vasp import vasp_analyze
vasp_analyze.simple_cna(
    poscar_file_path = './tests/vasp/POSCAR',
    a0 = 3.545,
    common_neighbor_elmt_list = ['Re', 'W', 'Ta', 'Ni']
)
```

Args

- poscar_file_path: String format. It specifies the directory of the POSCAR file
- a0: Float format. The lattice constant of the model. Unit in Angstrom
- common_neighbor_elmt_list: List format. It determines what elements are taken into account in the common neighbor analysis. If common_neighbor_elmt_list = ['Re', 'W', 'Ta'], then the common neighbor to Re-Re, Re-W, Re-Ta, W-W, W-Ta, Ta-Ta will be counted and printed.

GUI

2.4.3 vasp analyze.estruct

Descriptions

- Calculates the structural energies at each atomic site
- The definition of E_{struct} can be found in the literature of the author Chongyu Wang [2, 3]

```
from matsdp.vasp import vasp_analyze
vasp_analyze.estruct(
   doscar_file_path = './tests/vasp/DOSCAR',
   sysname = 'DOS1',
)
```

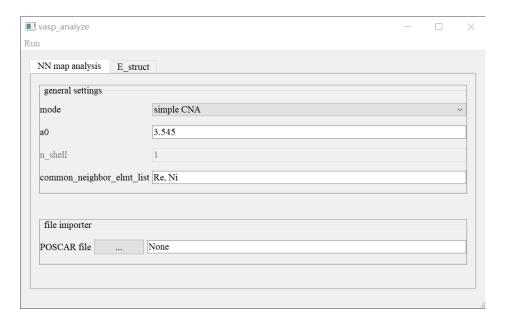


Figure 2.16: GUI for simple_cna

Arguments

- dOScar_file_path: String format. It specifies the directory of the DOSCAR
- sysname: String format. User defined system name

GUI

Output

The first column is the atom name, the second column is E_{struct} for each atom

2.4.4 vasp_analyze.overlap_peak_analyzer

Descriptions

- Finding the overlapped orbitals of two neighboring atoms in the DOS analysis.
- DOS peak analyses for selected atoms with their neighboring atoms.

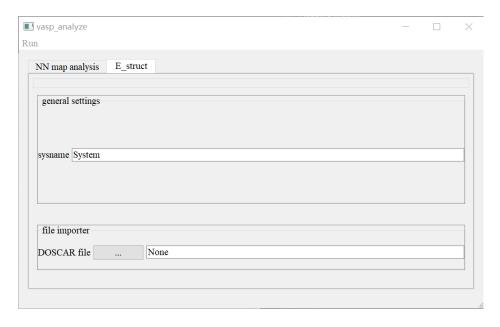


Figure 2.17: GUI for estruct

• Find the overlapped orbitals and their corresponding energy levels.

Syntax

```
from matsdp.vasp import vasp_analyze
vasp_analyze.overlap_peak_analyzer(
    doscar_file_path = './tests/vasp/DOSCAR',
    sysname = 'DOS1',
    atom_indx_list = ['Ni1', 'Re1'],
    n_shell = 2,
    a0 = 3.52,
    dos_mode_dict = {'Ni':['d'], 'Re':['d']},
    fermi_shift_zero = True,
    )
```

Arguments

• doscar_file_path: String format. The directory which contains the DOSCAR file, abstract path can be accepted

- sysname: String format. A string character which specifies the name of the system, this string will be used as part of the output file name
- atom indx list: List of strings. Specifies the list of selected atoms.
- n_shell: float format. Up to which crystallographic shell(up to which nearest neighbor) of the selected atom will be considered
- a0: float format. The approximate lattice constant of the crystal
- dos_mode_dict: dictionary format. Determines which orbital will be considered, f, d, p, s, dxy, dyz, ... can be used
- fermi_shift_zero: A logical value determining whether the energy levels of the DOS will be shifted to zero

Outputs

overlapped peak files

2.4.5 vasp_analyze.job_status

Check the job status for multiple jobs

Descriptions

Check the job status for multiple jobs

Syntax

```
from matsdp.vasp import vasp_analyze
vasp_analyze.job_status(
    job_parent_dir = './tests/vasp/'
)
```

Args

• job_parent_dir: This is the parent directory which contains the multiple VASP jobs.

2.4.6 Output

The vasp_job_status.txt file. This file tells us which job has been finished and which job has not been finished.

2.5 vasp_write module

2.5.1 vasp_write.write_poscar_with_force

Descriptions

write atom force data into the POSCAR file.

Syntax

```
from matsdp.vasp import vasp_write
vasp_write.write_poscar_with_force(
   outcar_file_path = './tests/vasp/OUTCAR',
   ionic_step = 'last',
   output_poscar_file_name = None
)
```

Arguments

- outcar_file_path: String format. It specifies the directory of the OUT-CAR
- ionic_step: String format or interger type. If string type value is taken, either ionic_step='last' or ionic_step='first' can be taken. If integer type value is taken, ionic_step defines the ionic step number. ionic_step = 3 denotes that the force of each atom for the third ionic step will be written to the POSCAR file.
- output_poscar_file_name: String type or None. If string type is taken, this parameter lets the user define the POSCAR file name which contains the atom force information. If output_poscar_file_name=None, the program determines the name of the output POSCAR file.

GUI

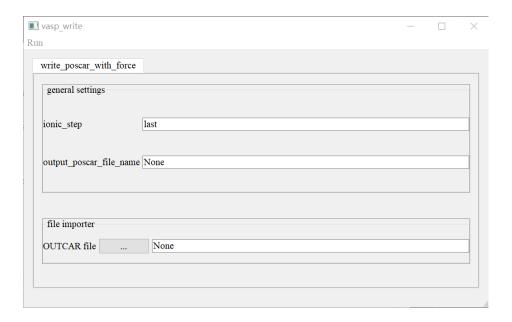


Figure 2.18: GUI for write_poscar_with_force

Output

The POSCAR file which contains the force on each atom.

Chapter 3

Subpackage: apt

Modules that may be imported before using the apt package

- from matsdp.apt import apt_read
- from matsdp.apt import apt_plot
- 3.1 apt_read module
- 3.1.1 apt_read.read_proxigram_csv

Descriptions

- Read the concentration profile file (*.csv file)

Syntax

```
from matsdp.apt import apt_read
apt_read.read_proxigram_csv(proxigram_csv_file_path)
```

Arguments

• proxigram_csv_file_path: string type. The concentration profile file.

Outputs

- data_set: numpy array type. The original data of the concentration profile file
- elmtname_list: List type. The elements contained in the concentration profile file
- 3.2 apt_plot module
- 3.2.1 apt_plot.plot_proxigram_csv

Descriptions

• Plot the concentration profile based on the proxigram *.csv file

Syntax

```
from matsdp.apt import apt_plot
apt_plot.plot_proxigram_csv(
    proxigram_csv_file_path = './tests/apt/profile-
    interface0.csv',
    sysname = 'M2',
    visible_elmt_list = ['Ni', 'Al'],
    interplation_on = False,
    fig_width = 6,
    fig_height = 5,
    fig_dpi = 600,
    fig_format = 'png',
)
```

Arguments

- proxigram_csv_file_path: string type. The concentration profile file.
- sysname: string type. The system name.
- visible_elmt_list: List type. The elements which are to be plotted. For example, ['Ni','Al'].

- interpolation_on: logical type. whether to interpolate the concentration profile or not.
- fig width: float type. Figure width.
- fig_height: float type. Figure height.
- fig_dpi: float format. The DPI for non-vector graphics.
- fig_format: String format. fig_format is a string that defines output figure format. Supported fig_format: 'png', 'eps', 'pdf', 'tif', 'tiff', 'jpg', 'jpeg', 'svg', 'svgz', 'pgf', 'ps', 'raw', 'rgba'

GUI

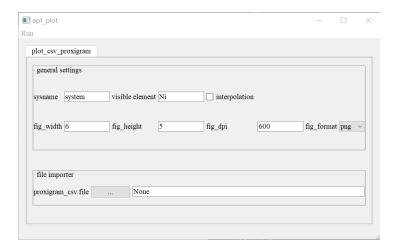


Figure 3.1: GUI for plot_concentration_profile

Examples

The example is shown in the Figure 2.11.

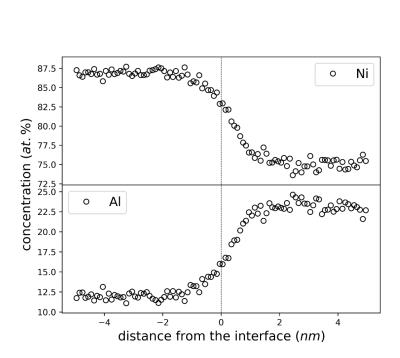


Figure 3.2: Result of the plot_proxigram_csv module.

Chapter 4

Subpackage: dvm

Modules that may be imported before using the dvm package

- from matsdp.dvm import dvm_read
- from matsdp.dvm import dvm_build
- from matsdp.dvm import dvm_analyze
- from matsdp.dvm import dvm_write
- from matsdp.dvm import dvm_default
- from matsdp.dvm import dvm_help

4.1 dvm_build module

4.1.1 create_multiple_dvm_jobs

Descriptions

create multiple DVM jobs (the *.incar, *.input, IND.DAT files will be created) based on atom selection (spherical) of the POSCAR files.

```
from matsdp.dvm import dvm build
poscar_file_path_dict = {}
origin atom name list dict = \{\}
poscar_file_path_dict['L0000926'] = './outputs/example
/L0000926 Ta7Re6Ni332Al47 D2/CONTCAR'
poscar_file_path_dict['L0000911'] = './outputs/example
/L0000911 Ta7Re6Ni332Al47 D1/CONTCAR
poscar_file_path_dict['L0000941'] = './outputs/example
/L0000941 Ta7Re6Ni326Al53 D1/CONTCAR
poscar file path dict ['L0000956'] = './outputs/
example/L0000956 Ta7Re6Ni326Al53 D2/CONTCAR'
origin_atom_name_list_dict['L0000926'] = ['Ta4', '
Ni124']
origin_atom_name_list_dict['L0000911'] = ['Re2', '
Ni124']
origin atom name list dict['L0000941'] = ['Re1', '
Ni124']
origin atom name list dict['L0000956'] = ['Ta1', '
Ni124']
elmt_ind_file_dir = './dvm_ind/'
radius = 11
dvm_build.create_multiple_dvm_jobs(
    poscar_file_path_dict = poscar_file_path_dict,
    origin atom name list dict =
    origin_atom_name_list_dict,
    elmt ind file dir = elmt ind file dir,
    radius = radius,
    include mirror atoms = True
```

Arguments

- poscar_file_path_dict: Dictionary type. A dictionary which contains the POSCAR file path, the key of the dictionary will be used as part of the DVM job name.
- origin atom name list dict: Dictionary type. A dictionary which

contains the list of origin atom names. The origin atoms in the center of the sphere in the atom selection (spherical) of the POSCAR. The key of the dictionary will be used as part of the DVM job name.

- elmt_ind_file_dir: the top directory which contains the IND.DAT files of the elements
- radius: the radius of the sphere in the atom selection (spherical) of the POSCAR
- include_mirror_atoms: whether to include the mirror atoms

Outputs

Outputs: The *.input, *.incar, IND.DAT, *.vasp files

4.2 dvm read module

4.2.1 dvm read.read input

Descriptions

read the *.input file of the DVM program

Syntax

```
from matsdp.dvm import dvm_read
read_input(input_file_path)
```

Arguments

• input_file_path: the *.input file path

Outputs

a dictionary with input parameters

4.2.2 dvm_read.read_ind

Descriptions

read the *.ind file of the DVM program

Syntax

```
from matsdp.dvm import dvm_read
read_ind(ind_file_path)
```

Arguments

• ind_file_path: the file path of the IND.DAT file

Outputs

a dictionary with IND.DAT parameters

4.2.3 dvm read.read incar

Descriptions

read the *.incar file of the DVM program

Syntax

```
from matsdp.dvm import dvm_read
read_incar(incar_file_path)
```

Arguments

• incar_file_path: the *.incar file path

Outputs

a dictionary with *.incar parameters

4.2.4 dvm read.read otput

Descriptions

read the *.otput file of the DVM program

Syntax

```
from matsdp.dvm import dvm_read
read_otput(otput_file_path)
```

Arguments

• otput_file_path: the *.otput file path

Outputs

a dictionary with *.otput parameters

4.3 dvm analyze module

4.3.1 dvm_analyze.ie_nn

extract interatomic energy between the atoms and their nearest neighbor atoms. This module has been tested for the source_23oct05 version of the DVM program

Descriptions

extract interatomic energy between the atoms and their nearest neighbor atoms. This module has been tested for the source_23oct05 version of the DVM program

```
from matsdp.dvm import dvm_analyze
dvm_analyze.ie_nn(
    dvm_otput_file_path = dvm_otput_file_path,
```

```
a0 = 3.54
```

Args

- dvm_otput_file_path: the *.otput file of the DVM output
- a0: Float format. The lattice constant of the model. Unit in Angstrom

GUI



Figure 4.1: GUI for ie_nn

Output

The files which contains the information of interatomic energies between the first nearest neighbor atoms pairs.

4.3.2 dvm_analyze.job_status

Check the job status for multiple jobs

Descriptions

Check the job status for multiple jobs

Syntax

```
from matsdp.dvm import dvm_analyze
dvm_analyze.job_status(
    job_parent_dir = './tests/dvm/'
)
```

Args

• job_parent_dir: This is the parent directory which contains the multiple DVM jobs.

4.3.3 Output

The dvm_job_status.txt file. This file tells us which job has been finished and which job has not been finished.

4.4 dvm write module

4.4.1 dvm write.write input

Descriptions

Write the *.input file for a DVM calculation based on the atom position file (*.incar or POSCAR format) Currently, for the pos_file_path, only the POSCAR format is supported. In the future the *.incar will also be surpported and the automatic file format recognition should be used.

```
from matsdp.dvm import dvm_write
dvm_write.write_input(pos_file_path, dvm_input_dict =
None)
```

Arguments

- pos_file_path: the file path for the file which contains the atom coordinates, now the POSCAR file is supported.
- dvm_input_dict: the dictionary which contains the input parameters of the *.input file. If dvm_input_dict = None, then the default value of the parameters in the *.input file will be used

Output

The *.input file.

4.4.2 dvm write.write ind

Descriptions

write the IND.DAT file for a DVM calculation

Syntax

```
from matsdp.dvm import dvm_write
dvm_write.write_ind(
    pos_file_path = pos_file_path,
    elmt_ind_file_dir = './dvm\_ind/')
```

Arguments

- pos_file_path: the file path for the file which contains the atom coordinates, now the POSCAR file is supported.
- elmt_ind_file_dir: the directory which contains the element IND.DAT files. The element IND.DAT files if the file with IND.DAT information of each element

An example of the tipical element IND.DAT file is shown below:

```
0 0 Al ATOM 13 1S2-2S2-2P6-3S2-3P1
300 5 35.00000000 30.00000000 13.00000000
0.0000000 0.000000
```

| $\begin{bmatrix} 0.30000000\\ 0.00000001 \end{bmatrix}$ | | 0000 | 2500.00 | 0.00000001 |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|------------|
| 4.00 | -2.0 | 0 | 6.0 | 0.0 |
| $\begin{array}{c c} 0 & 150 \\ -0.70000000 \end{array}$ | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | 0 | |
| 1.0 0.0 | | 0.00000 | 2.0000 | |
| $\begin{bmatrix} 2.0 & 0.0 \\ 2.0 & 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$ | | 0.00000 0.00000 | 2.000 6.000 | |
| 3.0 0.0 | | 0.00000 | 2.0000 | |
| 3.0 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.00000 | 1.0000 | 0.00000 |

If the element IND.DAT file is named as IND_Al.DAT and its path is ./dvm_ind/IND_Al.DAT, then elmt_ind_file_dir = './dvm_ind/'

Output

The IND.DAT file.

4.4.3 dvm_write.write_ie

Descriptions

extract interatomic energy between all the first nearest neighbor atom pairs. This module has been tested for the source_23oct05 version of the DVM program

Syntax

```
from matsdp.dvm import dvm_write dvm_write.write_ie(dvm_otput_file_path)
```

Arguments

• dvm_otput_file_path: the *.otput file of the DVM output

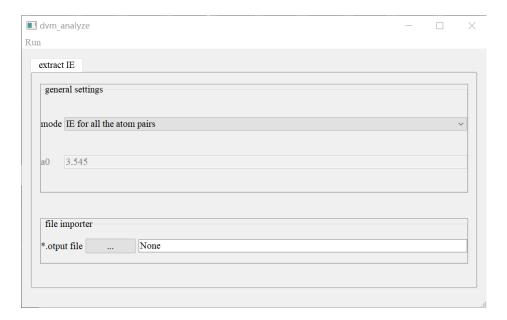


Figure 4.2: GUI for write_ie

GUI

Output

The files which contains the information of interatomic energies between the atoms pairs.

Chapter 5

Subpackage: pms

Modules that may be imported before using the pms package

- from matsdp.pms import project_manager
- from matsdp.pms import task_manager

5.1 task_manager module

$5.1.1 \quad task_manager.write_task_summary$

Functions

Write task summary for the jobs in a specific directory

```
write_task_summary(
    task_dir,
    task_type = 'VASP',
    band_gap_label = True,
    plot_fatband = False,
    band_struct_ylim = None,
    num_added_bands = 3)
```

Examples

```
from matsdp.pms import task_manager
task_manager.write_task_summary('./outputs/example/')
```

Chapter 6

Other functions

- 6.1 funcs.py
- 6.1.1 cp()

```
from matsdp import funcs
funcs.cp(src_filedir, dst_filedir)
```

6.1.2 write_file()

```
from matsdp import funcs
funcs.write_file(input_str, dest_file_path)
```

6.1.3 merge_files

```
from matsdp import funcs
funcs.merge_files(file1, file2)
```

6.1.4 dir_tree()

```
from matsdp import funcs
funcs.dir_tree('./outputs/')
```

Chapter 7

Tests

The test files are in the "matsdp/tests/" folder. The runtests.py file can be used to automatically run multiple tests.

Appendix A

Other plotting settings

A.1 Named colors in the program

The named colors which can be used by the program is listed in Figure $A.1^1$.

¹https://matplotlib.org/3.1.0/gallery/color/named_colors.html

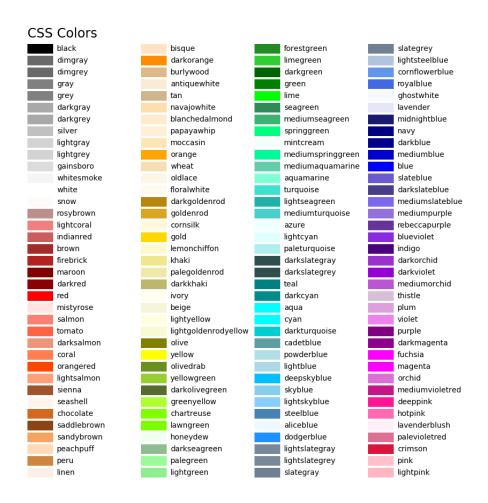


Figure A.1: The named colors supported by the current program

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