Variations on Line Plots

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Import the Libraries and Dataset

Variations on Line Plots

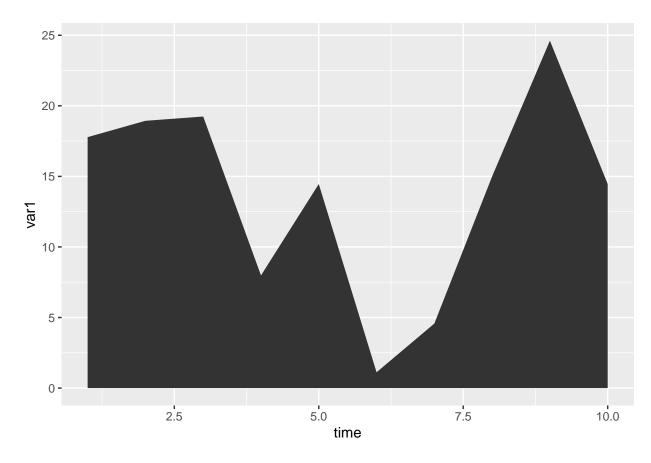
Area Plots

- You might think that you should use a fill aesthetic and geom_line(). It turns out that the best way to do this is by using geom_area().
- reference: https://r-graphics.org/recipe-line-graph-area

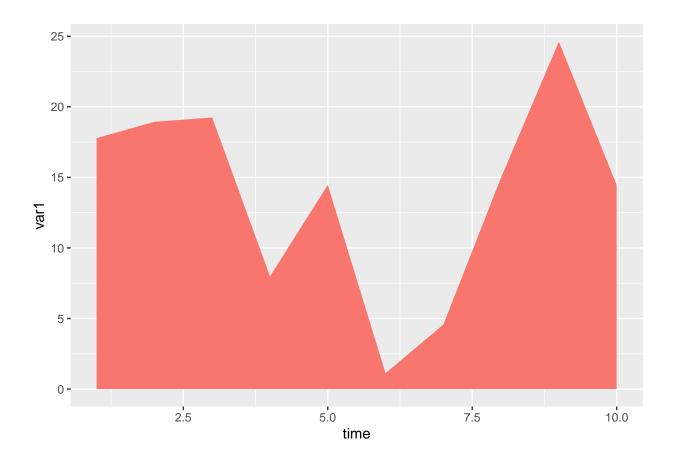
```
var1 <- runif(10, 0, 25)
time <- seq(1, 10)

df <- tibble(var1, time)

# just filling in the space under the line
ggplot(df, aes(x = time, y = var1))+
    geom_area()</pre>
```



```
# a little aesthetic tweaking
ggplot(df, aes(x = time, y = var1, fill = 'red'))+
  geom_area()+
  guides(fill = "none")
```



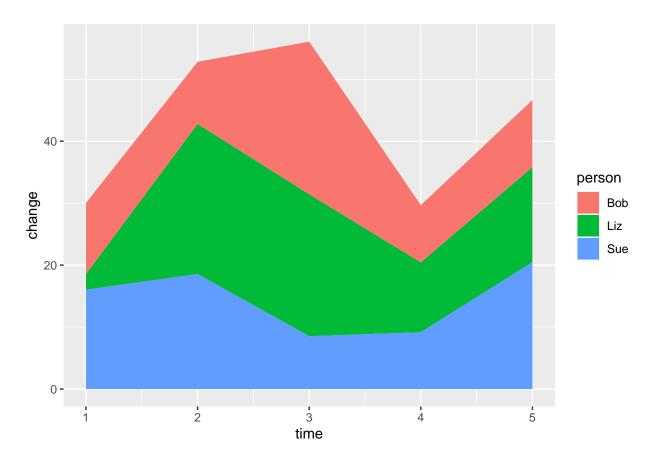
A Stacked Line Graph

• Adapted form https://r-graphics.org/recipe-line-graph-stacked-area

```
# Create fake data for three people at three different time points
Bob <- tibble(person = rep("Bob", 5), time = seq(1:5), change = runif(5, 0, 25))
Sue <- tibble(person = rep("Sue", 5), time = seq(1:5), change = runif(5, 0, 25))
Liz <- tibble(person = rep("Liz", 5), time = seq(1:5), change = runif(5, 0, 25))
df <- bind_rows(Bob, Sue, Liz)
df</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 15 x 3
##
      person time change
##
      <chr> <int>
                    <dbl>
##
    1 Bob
                    11.5
##
    2 Bob
                  2
                    10.1
##
    3 Bob
                 3
                    24.7
##
    4 Bob
                      9.25
##
    5 Bob
                    10.9
##
    6 Sue
                 1
                    16.0
                    18.6
##
    7 Sue
                 2
##
                 3
                     8.53
    8 Sue
    9 Sue
                      9.18
## 10 Sue
                    20.5
```

```
# plot the stacked lineplot
ggplot(df, aes(x = time, y = change, fill = person))+
geom_area()
```



```
# test your understanding of what the plot is showing
df_wide <- df %>%
  pivot_wider(id_cols = time, values_from = change, names_from = person)
df_wide
```

```
## # A tibble: 5 x 4
          Bob
                Sue
##
     time
##
    <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1
        1 11.5 16.0
                     2.48
## 2
        2 10.1 18.6 24.2
## 3
        3 24.7
                8.53 22.9
## 4
        4 9.25 9.18 11.2
## 5
       5 10.9 20.5 15.3
```

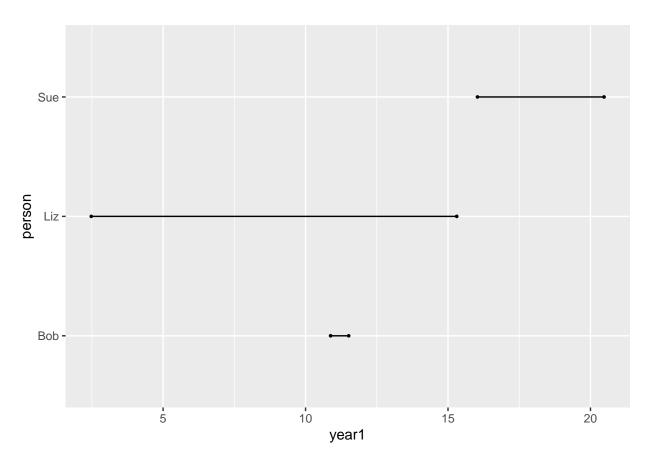
```
# note that the stacked areas add up to the totals
df_wide$total <- df_wide$Bob + df_wide$Sue + df_wide$Liz</pre>
df_wide
## # A tibble: 5 x 5
     time
           Bob
                 Sue
                       Liz total
     <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
        1 11.5 16.0
## 1
                      2.48
                            30.0
## 2
        2 10.1 18.6 24.2
                             52.8
## 3
        3 24.7 8.53 22.9
                             56.1
## 4
        4 9.25 9.18 11.2
                             29.7
## 5
        5 10.9 20.5 15.3
                             46.7
```

Dumbell Chart

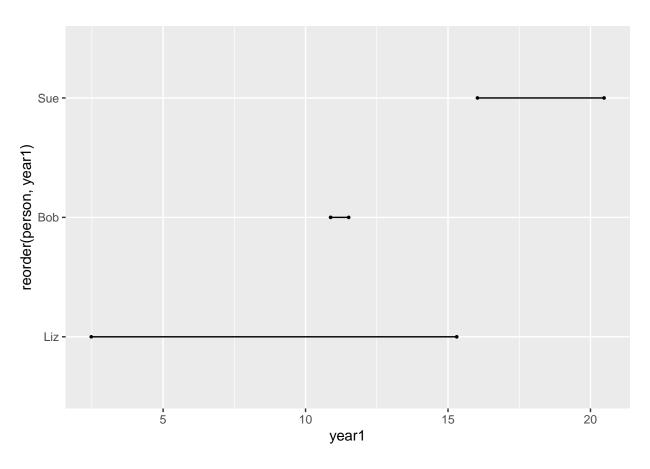
geom_dumbbell()

 $\bullet \ \ Adapted \ from \ https://rkabacoff.github.io/datavis/Time.html\#dummbbell-charts$

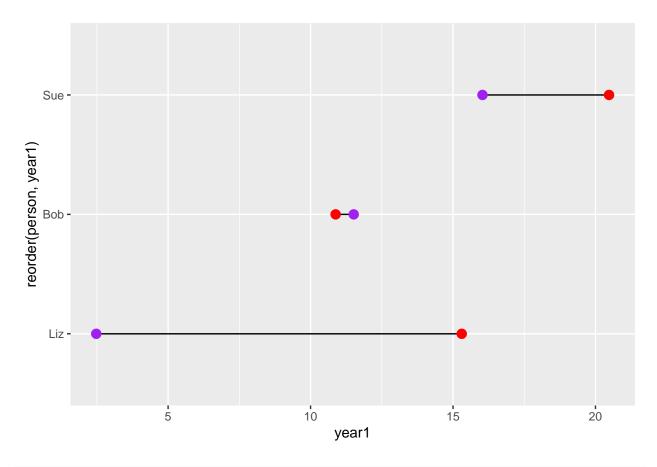
```
# install.packages("ggalt")
library(ggalt)
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'ggalt':
##
     method
                              from
##
     grid.draw.absoluteGrob
                             ggplot2
##
     grobHeight.absoluteGrob ggplot2
     grobWidth.absoluteGrob ggplot2
##
     grobX.absoluteGrob
                             ggplot2
     grobY.absoluteGrob
                             ggplot2
##
# reformat the fake data from the stacked area chart, so we are comparing times at 1 and 5 for Bob, Sue
df2 <- df %>%
  filter(time == 1 \mid \text{time} == 5) \%%
  pivot_wider(names_from = time, values_from = change) %>%
  rename(year1 = "1", year5 = "5")
df2
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
     person year1 year5
##
     <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Bob
            11.5
                  10.9
## 2 Sue
            16.0
                   20.5
             2.48 15.3
## 3 Liz
# basic dumbell chart
ggplot(df2,
       aes(y = person,
                            # the starting point, earliest time
                            # the ending point, final time
            x = year1,
            xend = year5))+ # connects the points
```



```
# reorder the y axis
ggplot(df2,
    aes( y = reorder(person, year1), # reorder the y axis
    x = year1,
    xend = year5))+
geom_dumbbell()
```



```
ggplot(df2,
    aes( y = reorder(person, year1), # reorder the y axis
    x = year1,
    xend = year5))+
geom_dumbbell(
    colour_x = "purple",
    colour_xend = "red",
    size_x = 3,
    size_xend = 3
)
```



change the color and sizes