

MONGODB

Introduction

- Document-oriented database
- A record in MongoDB is a document, which is a data structure composed of field and value pairs.
- MongoDB documents are similar to JSON objects
- Field Values can be other documents, arrays, arrays of other documents.
 - Reduces need for "Joins"
- Community support popular choice

Mongo Terminology

- Each database contains a set of "Collections"
- Collections contain a set of JSON documents
 - there is no schema (in the DB...)
- The documents can all be different
 - means you have rapid development
 - adding a property is easy just starting using in your code
- Makes deployment easier and faster
 - roll-back and roll-forward are safe unused properties are just ignored
- Collections can be indexed and queries
- Operations on individual documents are atomic

```
MongoDB Server
  Database
   Collection
      Document
      {" id":" 5c92448b...",
      "name":"Frank",
      "gender"
                Document
                {"_id":" 3a92c48b...",
                "name":"Frank",
                "gender":"male".
      Document
      {" id":" 7292b48b...",
      "name":"Frank",
      "status":"active",
      "upvotes":0}
```

Mongo Documents

- MongoDB stores data records as BSON documents.
 - BSON is a binary representation of JSON documents.
- Each document stored in a collection requires a unique _id field and is reserved for use as a primary key.
- If an inserted document omits the _id field, the MongoDB driver automatically generates an ObjectId for the _id field.
 - ObjectId values consist of 12 bytes.

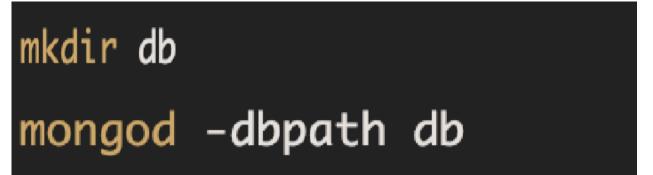
```
_id:ObjectId("5c92448b7fbccf28a0c501aa")
name: "Contact 4"
address: "49 Upper Street"
phone_number: "934-4290"
```

Getting Started (locally)

Install Mongo community edition for your OS:



Specify a directory for your db files and start Mongodb server.



Getting Started (locally)

- Install Mongo Compass, Graphical User Interface for managing MongoDB.
 - For windows, comes as part of mongodb install
 - Other platforms can get it <u>here</u>:

