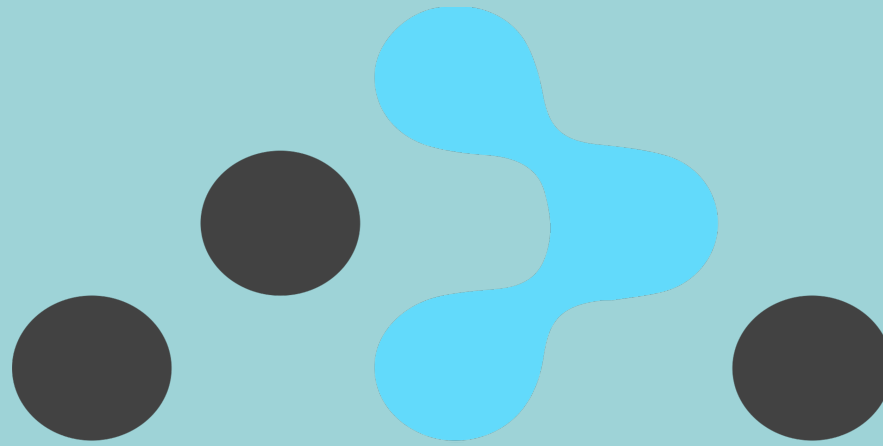


# Agenda

- **More Routing samples.**
- **More Design pattern samples.**
- **Custom Hooks.**
- **Assignment 1 specification.**



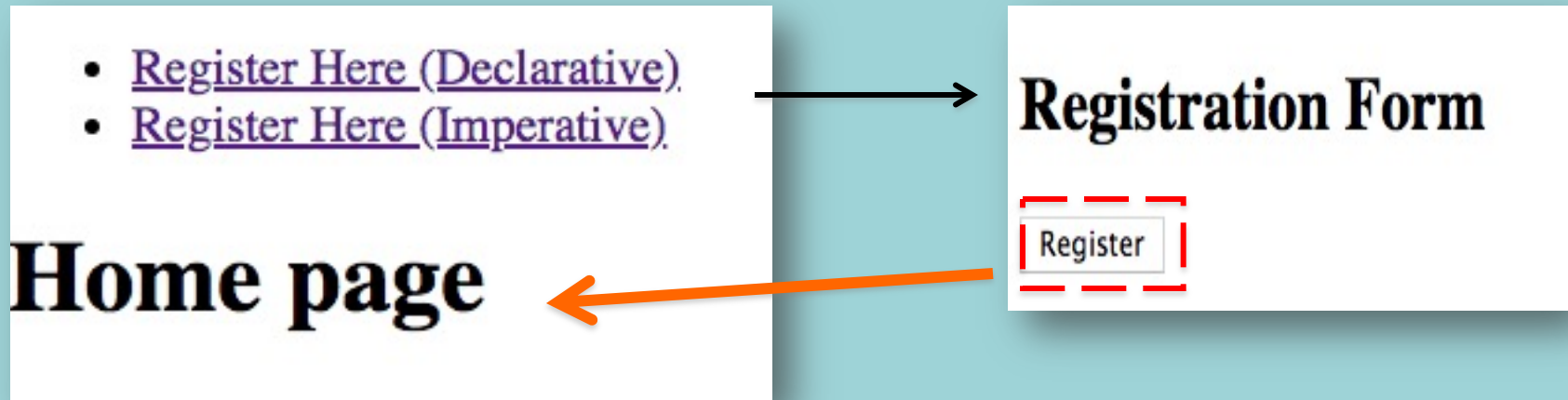


# Navigation

(Continued)

# Programmatic Navigation.

- Performing navigation in JavaScript.
- Two options:
  1. **Declarative** – requires state; use `<Redirect />`.
  2. **Imperative** – requires `withRouter()` ; use `props.history`
- **EX.:** See `/src/sample8/`.



# Summary

- **React Router package adheres to React principles:**
  - **Declarative.**
  - **Component composition.**
  - **The event → state change → re-render**
- **Package's main components - `<BrowserRouter>`, `<Route>`, `<Redirect>`, `<Link>`.**
- **The `withRouter()` higher order component.**
  - **Additional props:**
    - **`props.match.params`; `props.history`; `props.location`**
- **Recently add hooks support (alternative to `withRouter`)**
  - **`useHistory()`, `useParams()`, `useLocation`**



# Design Patterns

(Continues)

# Reusability & Separation of Concerns.

- The DRY principle – Don't Repeat Yourself.
- Techniques to improve DRY(ness) (increase reusability):
  1. Inheritance ( is-a relationships, e.g. Car is an automobile)
  2. Composition ( has-a relationships, e.g. Car has an Engine)
- React favors composition.
- Core React composition Patterns:
  1. Containers.
  2. Render Props.
  3. Higher Order Components.

# The Render Prop pattern

- **Use the pattern to share logic between components.**
- **Dfn.:** A render prop is a function prop that a component uses to know what to render.

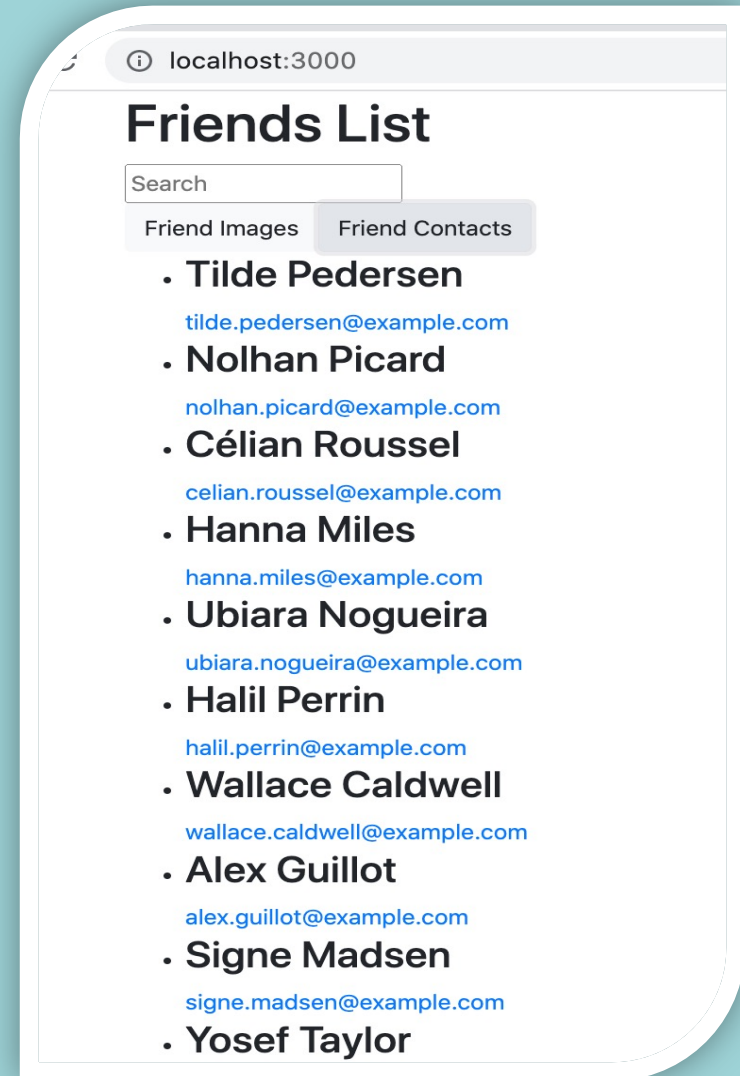
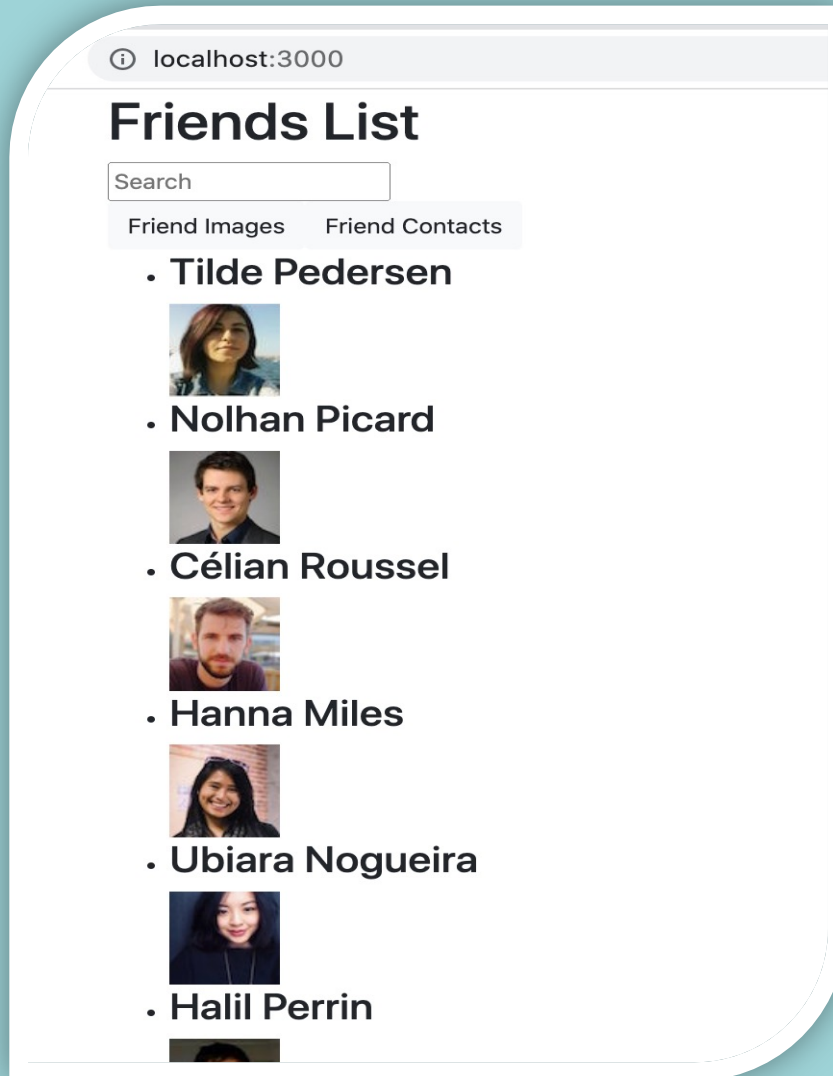
```
const SharedComponent = (props) => {  
    
  return (  
    <div className="classX"  
      onMouseOver={funcY}  
      { props.render() }  
    </div>  
  );  
};
```

- SharedComponent **receives its render logic from the consumer, i.e. SayHello.**
- Prop name is arbitrary.

```
const SayHello = (props) => {  
  return (  
    <SharedComponent render={() =>  
      <span>Say Hello</span>  
    } />  
  )  
};
```

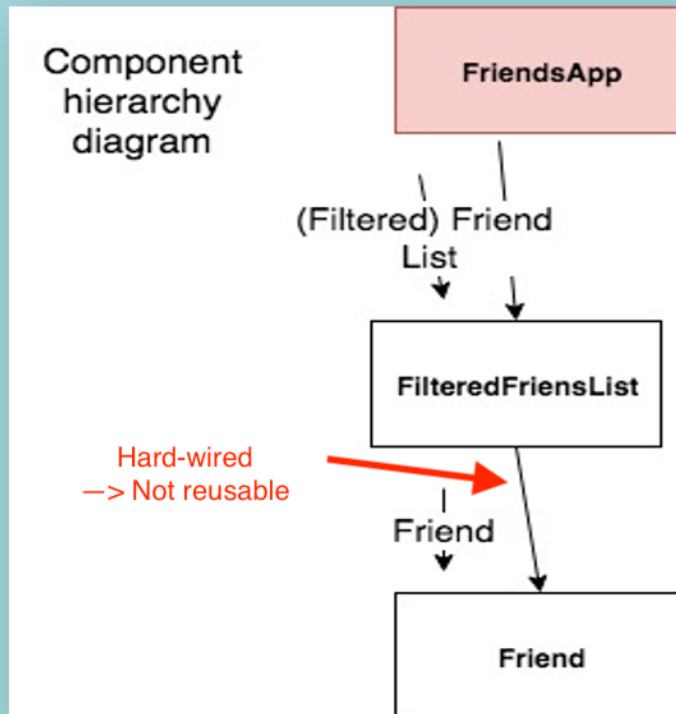
```
<div className="classX"  
| | | | onMouseOver={funcY} >  
| | <span>Say Hello</span>  
</div>
```

# The Render Prop - Sample App.





# The Render Props - Sample App.



- Problem: **The FilteredFriendList component is statically bound to a Friend component type.**
- **We want to support multiple types of Friend components.**
- Solution: **Tell FilteredFriendList how to render a Friend, using a render prop.**
- **Promotes the DRY principle.**

```

1  import React from "react";
2  // import Friend from .... STATIC DEPENDENCY
3  const FilteredFriendList = ({list, render}) => {
4    const friends = list.map((item) =>
5      render(item)
6    );
7    return <ul>{friends}</ul>;
8  };
9
10 export default FilteredFriendList;

```

- FilteredFriendList **does not statically import** the component for rendering a friend.
- It receives this via the render prop instead.

```

2  import FilteredFriendList from "../components/filteredFriendList";
3  import FriendContact from "../components/friendContact";
4  import FriendImage from "../components/friendImage";
5
6  const FriendsApp = () => {
7    const [searchText, setSearchText] = useState("");
8    const [format, setFormat] = useState("image");
9    const [friends, setFriends] = useState([]);
10
11    const Friend = format === "image" ? FriendImage : FriendContact;
12

```

```

<FilteredFriendList
  list={filteredList}
  render={(friend) => <Friend key={friend.email} friend={friend} />}
/>

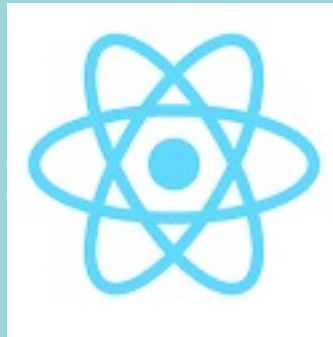
```

# Reusability.

- **Core React composition Patterns:**
  1. **Containers**
  2. **Render Props**
  3. **Higher Order Components.**
- **HOC is a function that takes a component and returns an enhanced version of it.**
  - **Enhancements could include:**
    - **Statefulness**
    - **Props**
    - **UI**

# Summary.

- **Objectives – Reusability, Separation of Concerns (Single Responsibility), DRY.**
- **Benefits - Maintainability, Understandability, Extendability, Adaptability.**
- **Means – Apply design patterns.**
- **React SPA development:**
  - **Composition.**
  - **Patterns – Container, Render Prop, Higher Order Component.**
  - **Hooks have replaced some of these patterns' use cases.**
- **More patterns later**



# Custom Hooks

# Custom Hooks.

- Custom Hooks let you extract component logic into reusable functions.
- Improves code readability and modularity.

Example:

```
const BookPage = props => {  
  const isbn = props.isbn;  
  const [book, setBook] = useState(null);  
  useEffect(() => {  
    fetch(  
      `https://api.for.books?isbn=${isbn}`  
    ).then(res => res.json())  
      .then(book => {  
        setBook(book);  
      });  
  }, [isbn]);  
  . . . .rest of component code . . . .  
}
```

**Objective – Extract the book-related state code into a custom hook.**

# Custom Hook Example.

Solution:

```
const useBook = isbn => {  
  const [book, setBook] = useState(null);  
  useEffect(() => {  
    fetch(  
      `https://api.for.books?isbn=${isbn}`  
    ).then(res => res.json())  
    .then(book => {  
      setBook(book);  
    });  
  }, [isbn]);  
  return [book, setBook];  
};
```

```
const BookPage = props => {  
  const isbm = props.isbn;  
  const [book, setBook] = useBook(isbn);  
  
  . . . .rest of component code . . . .  
}
```

- Custom Hook is an ordinary function BUT should only be called from a React component function.
- Prefix hook function name with `use` to leverage linting support.
- Function can return any collection type (array, object), with any number of entries.

