

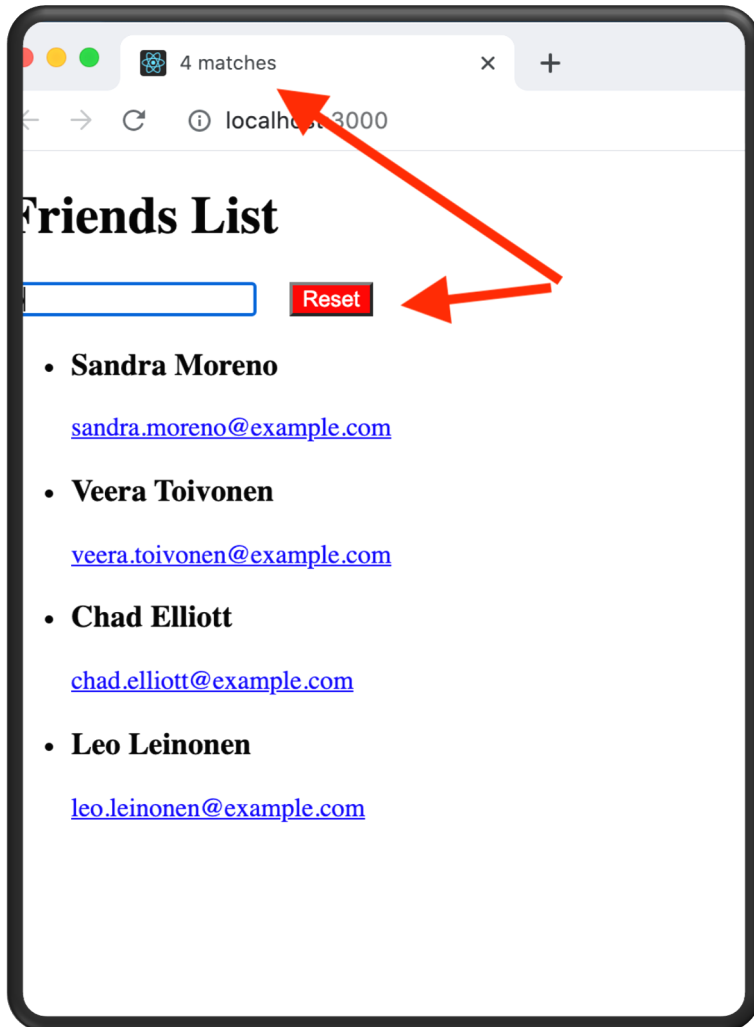
ReactJS.

The Component model (Contd)

Topics

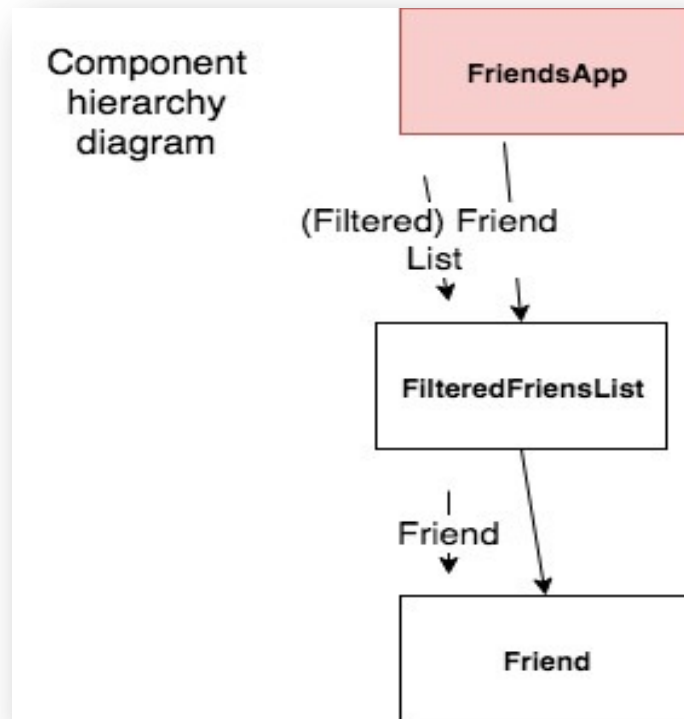
- **Hooks and Component Lifecycle.**
- **Data Flow patterns – Data Down, Action Up pattern.**
- **The Virtual DOM**

Sample App 1 – Version 2



- **App UI changes:**
 1. A 'Reset' button – loads a new list of friends. Overwriting the current list.
 2. Browser tab title - shows # of matching friends (side effect).
- See lecture archive for source code

Sample App 1 (v2) - Design



- **3 state variables:**
 1. **List of friends from API.**
 2. **Text box content.**
 3. *Reset button toggle.*
- **2 side effects:**
 1. **'Fetch API data' - dependent on change to reset button toggle.**
 2. **'Set browser tab title' - dependent on change to matching list length.**

Sample App 1 (v2) - Events

The image shows a side-by-side comparison of a web application and its Redux state management logs. On the left is the application interface, and on the right is the Redux DevTools log.

Application Interface (Left):

- Friends List**
- Search input:
- Reset** button
- Friends list:
 - **Dennis Allen**
dennis.allen@example.com
 - **Valerie Welch**
valerie.welch@example.com
 - **Tobias Thomsen**
tobias.thomsen@example.com
 - **Gissele Oliveira**

Redux DevTools Log (Right):

- [HMR] Waiting for update signal from WDS...
- Initial mounting**
 - Render FriendsApp
 - fetch effect
 - set title effect
 - Render FriendsApp
 - set title effect
- After typing 1 character**
 - Render FriendsApp
 - set title effect
- After clicking reset button**
 - Render FriendsApp
 - fetch effect
 - Render FriendsApp
 - set title effect

Sample App 1 - Events.

- **On mounting of FriensApp component:**
Both effects execute (Set browser tab to '0 matches').
 - **'Fetch data' effect changes 'friends list' state.**
 - **Component re-renders + 'Set browser tab' effect executes.**
- **On typing a character in the text box:**
'Text box' state change.
 - **FriendsApp rerenders + Matching friends list length changes**
 - **'Set browser title' effect executes.**
- **On clicking Reset button:**
'Reset toggle' state changes.
 - **FriendsApp re-renders.**
 - **'Fetch data' effect executes.**
 - **'Friends list' state changes.**
 - **FriendsApp re-renders + Matching list length changes.**
 - **'Set browser title' effect executes.**

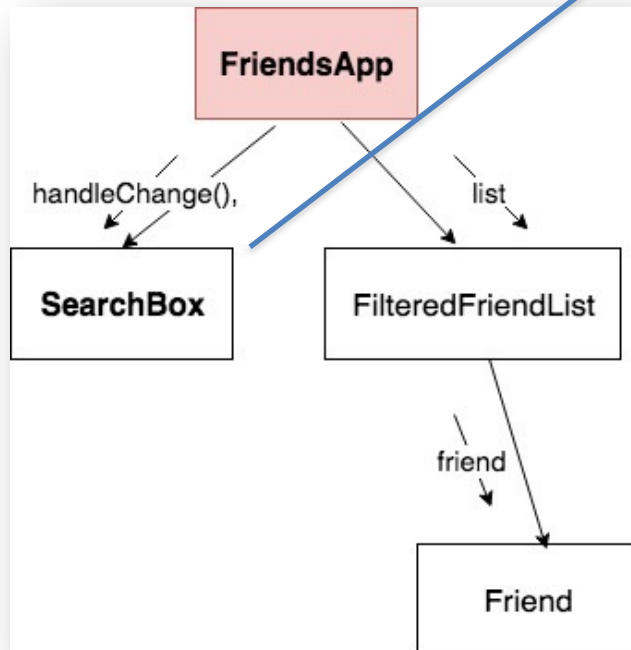
Topics

- **Hooks and Component Lifecycle.**
- **Data Flow patterns – Data Down, Action Up pattern.**
- **The Virtual DOM**

Sample App 2

(Data down, actions up pattern or Inverse data flow pattern)

- **What if a component's state is influenced by an event in a subordinate component?**
- **Solution:** The data down, action up pattern.



Friends List

- **Joe Bloggs**
jbloggs@here.con
- **Paula Smith**
psmith@here.con
- **Catherine Dwyer**
cdwyer@here.con
- **Paul Briggs**
pbriggs@here.con

Data down, Action up.

Pattern:

1. Stateful component (FriendsApp) provides a callback to the subordinate (SearchBox).
2. Subordinate invokes callback when the event (onChange) occurs.

```
const FriendsApp = () => {  
  const [searchText, setSearchText] = useState("");  
  const [friends, setFriends] = useState([]);  
  
  useEffect(() => { ...  
  }, []);  
  
  const filterChange = text =>  
    setSearchText(text.toLowerCase());  
  
  const updatedList = friends.filter(friend => { ...  
  });  
  return (  
    <>  
      <h1>Friends List</h1>  
      <SearchBox handleChange={filterChange} />  
      <FilteredFriendList list={updatedList} />  
    </>  
  )  
}
```

```
const SearchBox = props => {  
  const onChange = event => {  
    event.preventDefault();  
    const newText = event.target.value.toLowerCase();  
    props.handleChange(newText);  
  };  
  
  return <input type="text" placeholder="Search"  
    onChange={onChange} />;  
};
```

Topics

- **Hooks and Component Lifecycle.**
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- **The Virtual DOM**

Modifying the DOM

- **DOM** – an internal data structure representing the browser's current 'display area' ; **DOM** always in sync with the display.
- **Traditional performance best practice:**
 1. Minimize direct accessing of the **DOM**.
 2. Avoid 'expensive' **DOM** operations.
 3. Update elements offline, then replace in the **DOM**.
 4. Avoid changing layouts in Javascript.
 5. . . . etc.
- Should the developer be responsible for low-level **DOM** optimization? Probably not.
 - React provides a *Virtual DOM* to shield developers from these concerns.

The Virtual DOM

- **How React works:**
 1. It create a lightweight, efficient form of the DOM, termed the *Virtual DOM*.
 2. Your app changes the V. DOM via components' JSX.
 3. React engine:
 1. Performs a *diff* operation between current and previous V. DOM instance.
 2. Computes the *set of changes* to apply to real DOM.
 3. Batch update the real DOM.
- **Benefits:**
 - a) Cleaner, more descriptive programming model.
 - b) Optimized DOM updates and reflows.

Automatic Re-rendering (detail)

- **EX.: The Counter component.**

User clicks button

→ onClick event handler executed

→ component state is changed

→ component re-executed (re-renders)

→ The Virtual DOM has changed

→ React diffs the changes between the current and previous Virtual DOM

→ React batch updates the Real DOM

Re-rendering & the real DOM

- What happens when the user types in the text box?

User types a character in text box

→ *onChange event handler executes*

→ *Handler changes a state variable*

→ *React re-renders FriendsApp component*

→ *React re-renders children (FilteredFriendList) with new prop values.*

→ *React re-renders children of FilteredFriendList.*

(Re-rendering completed)

→ *(Pre-commit phase) React computes the updates required to the browser's DOM*

→ *(Commit phase) React batch updates the DOM.*

→ *Browser repaints screen*

Summary

- A state variable change always causes a component to re-render.
 - State change logic is usually part of an event handler function.
 - Event handler may be in a subordinate component.
- Side effects:
 - Always execute at mount time.
 - The dependency array will either reference a state variable, a value computed from a state variable, or a prop.
 - Can be multiple entries
 - Callback performs the side-effect, and may also cause a state change.
- Data flows downward, actions flow upward.

