ES6 cheat sheet

Arrow function

```
const sum = (a, b) \Rightarrow a + b
console.log(sum(2, 6)) // prints 8
```

Default parameters

let scope

```
let a = 3

if (true) {
        let a = 5
        console.log(a) // prints 5
}

console.log(a) // prints 3
```

const

// can be assigned only once: const a = 55 a = 44 // throws an error

Multiline string

```
console.log(`
This is a
multiline string
`)
```

Template strings

const name = 'Leon'
const message = `Hello \${name}`
console.log(message) // prints "Hello Leon"

String includes()

console.log('apple'.includes('pl')) // prints true console.log('apple'.includes('tt')) // prints false

String startsWith()

console.log('apple'.startsWith('ap')) // prints true console.log('apple'.startsWith('bb')) // prints false

String repeat()

console.log('ab'.repeat(3)) // prints "ababab"

Destructuring array

let [a, b] = [3, 7];

console.log(a); // 3 console.log(b); // 7

Destructuring object

```
let obj = {
    a: 55,
    b: 44
};
let { a, b } = obj;
console.log(a); // 55
console.log(b); // 44
```

object property assignement

```
const a = 2
const b = 5

const obj = { a, b }

// Before es6:
// obj = { a: a, b: b }

console.log(obj) // prints { a: 2, b: 5 }
```

object function assignement

spread operator

```
const a = [1, 2]

const b = [3, 4]

const c = [...a, ...b]

console.log(c) // [1, 2, 3, 4]
```

Object.assign()

```
const obj1 = { a: 1 }
const obj2 = { b: 2 }

const obj3 = Object.assign({}, obj1, obj2)

console.log(obj3) // { a: 1, b: 2 }
```

Object.entries()

```
const obj = {
     firstName: 'Vipul',
     lastName: 'Rawat',
     age: 22,
     country: 'India',
};
const entries = Object.entries(obj);
/* returns an array of [key, value]
     pairs of the object passed
*/
console.log(entries);
/* prints
     [
          ['firstName', 'Vipul'],
          ['lastName', 'Rawat'],
          ['age', 22],
          ['country', 'India']
     ];
*/
```

spread operator

```
const a = {
         firstName: "Barry",
         lastName: "Manilow",
}
const b = {
         lastName: "White",
         canSing: true,
}
console.log(a) // {firstName: "Barry", lastName: };
"Manilow"}
console.log(b) // {firstName: "Barry", lastName: Person;
"White", canSing: true}
// great for modifying objects without side
```

Destructuring Nested Objects

```
const Person = {
    name: "John Snow",
    age: 29,
    sex: "male",
    materialStatus: "single",
    address: {
         country: "Westeros",
         state: "The Crownlands",
         city: "Kings Landing",
         pinCode: "500014",
    },
const { address : { state, pinCode }, name } =
console.log(name, state, pinCode) // John Snow
The Crownlands 500014
```

effects/affecting the original

Exponent operator

```
const byte = 2 ** 8
// Same as: Math.pow(2, 8)
```

Promises with finally

console.log(city) // ReferenceError

```
promise
     .then((result) => { \cdots })
     .catch((error) => { ··· })
     .finally(() => { // logic independent of
success/error })
```

// The handler is called when the promise is fulfilled or rejected.

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