

... IN 50 DAYS OR LESS

# About these coding challenges

- These coding challenges are intended for code newbies that want to practice JavaScript
- The challenges are designed to be solved only with basic JavaScript language constructs
- Although intended for beginners, advanced users can have fun too
- Try to solve at least I coding challenge per day
- Any solution that you find is a good solution... we are not looking for the perfect solution
- For convenience, when you work on these challenges, you can use an online coding playground, such as the one from <a href="https://codeguppy.com">https://codeguppy.com</a>
- Feel free to share this booklet with your friends and invite them to complete the coding challenges
- This booklet contains also all the solutions to these challenges
- These challenges are great as coding exercises for CS classrooms!
- Have fun!



#### 50 coding challenges – Part I

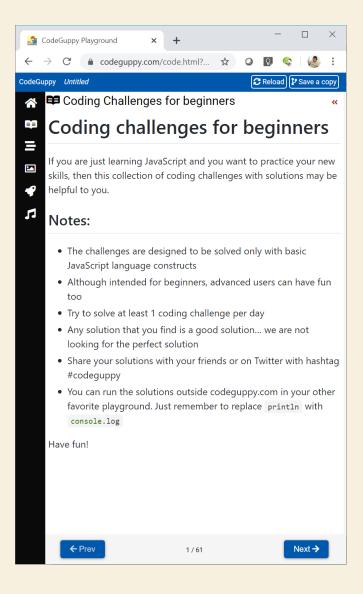
- I. Print numbers from 1 to 10
- Print the odd numbers less than 100
- 3. Print the multiplication table with 7
- 4. Print all the multiplication tables with numbers from 1 to 10
- 5. Calculate the sum of numbers from 1 to 10
- 6. Calculate 10!
- 7. Calculate the sum of even numbers greater than 10 and less than 30
- 8. Create a function that will convert from Celsius to Fahrenheit
- 9. Create a function that will convert from Fahrenheit to Celsius
- 10. Calculate the sum of numbers in an array of numbers
- 11. Calculate the average of the numbers in an array of numbers
- 12. Create a function that receives an array of numbers as argument and returns an array containing only the positive numbers
- 13. Find the maximum number in an array of numbers
- 14. Print the first 10 Fibonacci numbers without recursion
- 15. Create a function that will find the n<sup>th</sup> Fibonacci number using recursion

- 16. Create a function that will return a Boolean specifying if a number is prime
- 17. Calculate the sum of digits of a positive integer number
- 18. Print the first 100 prime numbers
- 19. Create a function that will return in an array the first "p" prime numbers greater than "n"
- 20. Rotate an array to the left I position
- 21. Rotate an array to the right I position
- 22. Reverse an array
- 23. Reverse a string
- 24. Create a function that will merge two arrays and return the result as a new array
- 25. Create a function that will receive two arrays of numbers as arguments and return an array composed of all the numbers that are either in the first array or second array but not in both
- 26. Create a function that will receive two arrays and will return an array with elements that are in the first array but not in the second

#### 50 coding challenges – Part II

- 27. Create a function that will receive an array of numbers as argument and will return a new array with distinct elements
- 28. Calculate the sum of first 100 prime numbers and return them in an array
- 29. Print the distance between the first 100 prime numbers
- 30. Create a function that will add two positive numbers of indefinite size. The numbers are received as strings and the result should be also provided as string.
- 31. Create a function that will return the number of words in a text
- 32. Create a function that will capitalize the first letter of each word in a text
- 33. Calculate the sum of numbers received in a comma delimited string
- 34. Create a function that returns an array with words inside a text.
- 35. Create a function to convert a CSV text to a "bi-dimensional" array
- **36.** Create a function that converts a string to an array of characters
- 37. Create a function that will convert a string in an array containing the ASCII codes of each character
- 38. Create a function that will convert an array containing ASCII codes in a string
- 39. Implement the Caesar cypher
- 40. Implement the bubble sort algorithm for an array of numbers
- 41. Create a function to calculate the distance between two points defined by their x, y coordinates

- 42. Create a function that will return a Boolean value indicating if two circles defined by center coordinates and radius are intersecting
- 43. Create a function that will receive a bi-dimensional array as argument and a number and will extract as a unidimensional array the column specified by the number
- 44. Create a function that will convert a string containing a binary number into a number
- 45. Create a function to calculate the sum of all the numbers in a jagged array (contains numbers or other arrays of numbers on an unlimited number of levels)
- 46. Find the maximum number in a jagged array of numbers or array of numbers
- 47. Deep copy a jagged array with numbers or other arrays in a new array
- 48. Create a function to return the longest word in a string
- 49. Shuffle an array of strings
- 50. Create a function that will receive n as argument and return an array of n random numbers from 1 to n. The numbers should be unique inside the array.
- **51.** Find the frequency of letters inside a string. Return the result as an array of arrays. Each subarray has 2 elements: letter and number of occurrences.
- 52. Calculate Fibonacci(500) with high precision (all digits)
- 53. Calculate 70! with high precision (all digits)



The source code of the solutions presented in this booklet is available online at:

https://codeguppy.com/code.html?t=coding\_challenges

You can type-in the full link above, or just go to codeguppy.com and browse to locate the "Coding Challenges" project.

# Coding challenge #1: Print numbers from 1 to 10

```
CodeGuppy Playground
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           CodeGuppy coding_challenge_1 >

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      ∢ ▶ Code
      1 // Coding challenge #1: Print numbers from 1 to 10
        for(var i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
            println(i);
```

Print the odd numbers less than 100

```
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CodeGuppy coding_challenge_2 /
          Code
       1 // Coding challenge #2: Print the odd numbers less than 100
       3 for(var i = 1; i \le 100; i += 2)
N.
       4 * {
      5
             println(i);
       6
 5
```

Print the multiplication table with 7

```
\times
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CodeGuppy coding_challenge_3 >
⇮
         Code
        // Coding challenge #3: Print the multiplication table with 7
        for(var i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
var row = "7 * " + i + " = " + 7 * i;
            println(row);
5
```

Print the multiplication tables with numbers from 1 to 10

```
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       4 🕨
           Code
           // Coding challenge #4: Print all the multiplication tables
           // with numbers from 1 to 10
 for(var i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
               printTable(i);
               println("");
        8
           function printTable(n)
       11 * {
       12
               for(var i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
       13 -
                   var row = n + " * " + i + " = " + n * i;
        14
                   println(row);
       15
       16
       17
       18
```

Calculate the sum of numbers from 1 to 10

```
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       ♦ Code
           // Coding challenge #5: Calculate the sum of numbers from 1 to 10
           var sum = 0;
 5 for(var i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
         6 + {
               sum += i;
         8
         9
           println(sum);
       11
```

Calculate 10!

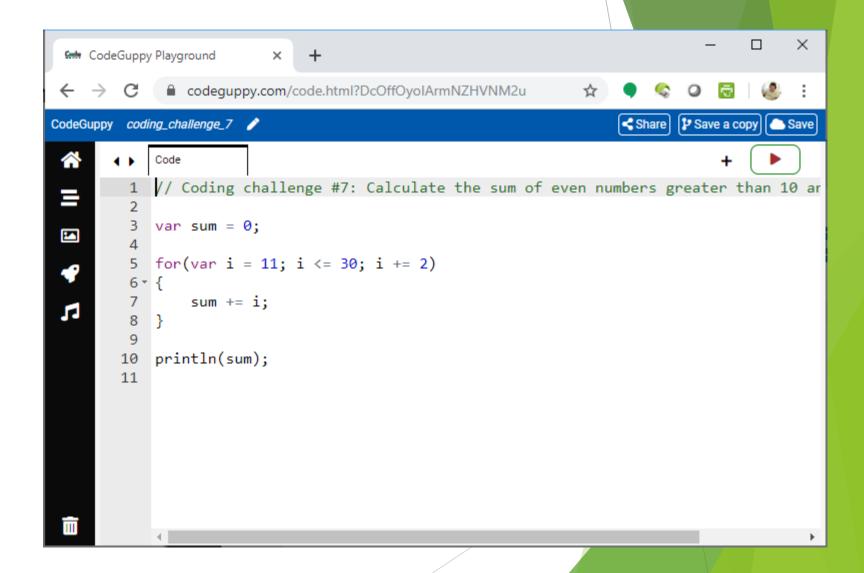
Reminder n! = 1 \* 2 \* ... \* n

```
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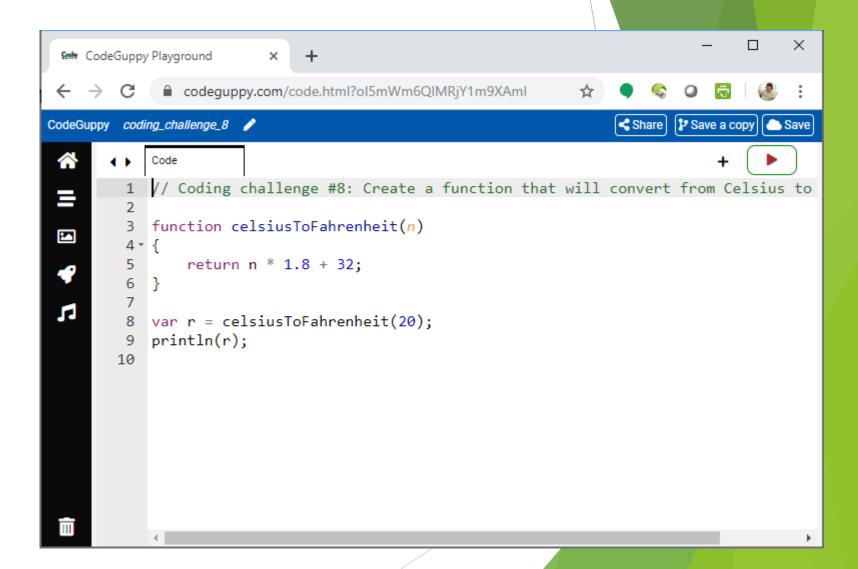
CodeGuppy coding_challenge_6 /
 ⇮
           Code
           // Coding challenge #6: Calculate 10!
           var prod = 1;
 for(var i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
               prod *= i;
           println(prod);
       11
```

Calculate the sum of odd numbers greater than 10 and less or equal than 30



Create a function that will convert from Celsius to Fahrenheit

Reminder: C = F - 32 / 1.8



Create a function that will convert from Fahrenheit to Celsius

Reminder: C = F - 32 / 1.8

```
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菪
      ( )
          Code
          // Coding challenge #9: Create a function that will convert from Fahrenheit
          function fahrenheitToCelsius(n)
N
              return (n - 32) / 1.8;
          var r = fahrenheitToCelsius(68);
          println(r);
      10
```

Calculate the sum of numbers in an array of numbers.

Example array: [2, 3, -1, 5, 7, 9, 10, 15, 95]

Expected output: 145

```
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 ⇮
      ∢ ▶ Code
           // Coding challenge #10: Calculate the sum of numbers in
           // an array of numbers
function sumArray(ar)
               var sum = 0;
5
              for(var i = 0; i < ar.length; i++)</pre>
       10
                  sum += ar[i];
       11
       12
       13
               return sum;
       14
       15
          var ar = [2, 3, -1, 5, 7, 9, 10, 15, 95];
          var sum = sumArray(ar);
           println(sum);
       19
```

Calculate the average of the numbers in an array of numbers

Example array: [1, 3, 9, 15, 90]

Expected output: 23.6

```
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CodeGuppy coding_challenge_11 /
          Code
          // Coding challenge #11: Calculate the average of the numbers
        2 // in an array of numbers
          function averageArray(ar)
              var n = ar.length;
              var sum = 0;
              for(var i = 0; i < n; i++)
       10 -
       11
                  sum += ar[i];
       12
       13
       14
              return sum / n;
       15
       16
          var ar = [1, 3, 9, 15, 90];
          var avg = averageArray(ar);
       19
          println("Average: ", avg);
```

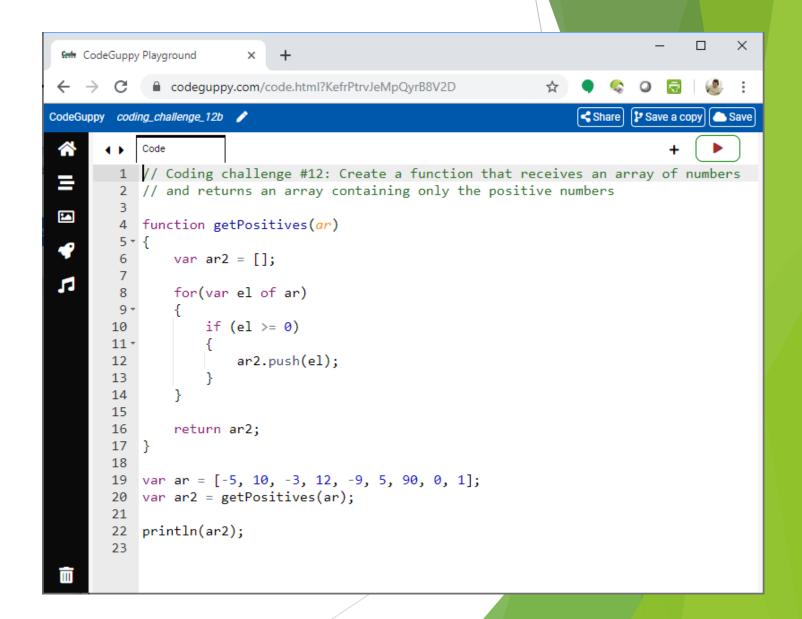
Create a function that receives an array of numbers and returns an array containing only the positive numbers.

Requirement: Use a "for" loop

```
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                                                                       Save a copy Save
           Code
      4 •
           // Coding challenge #12: Create a function that receives an array of numbers
          // and returns an array containing only the positive numbers
function getPositives(ar)
        5 +
               var ar2 = [];
               for(var i = 0; i < ar.length; i++)</pre>
       10
                  var el = ar[i];
       11
                  if (el >= 0)
       12
       13 -
                      ar2.push(el);
       14
       15
       16
       17
       18
               return ar2;
       19
       20
          var ar = [-5, 10, -3, 12, -9, 5, 90, 0, 1];
           var ar2 = getPositives(ar);
       23
           println(ar2);
       25
```

Create a function that receives an array of numbers and returns an array containing only the positive numbers.

Requirement: Use a "for ... of" loop



Create a function that receives an array of numbers and returns an array containing only the positive numbers.

Requirement: Use .filter() array method

```
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      CodeGuppy Playground
                                                                CodeGuppy coding_challenge_12c /

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                                                          Code
                                                        // Coding challenge #12: Create a function that receives an array of numbers
                                            2 // and returns an array containing only the positive numbers
    4 function getPositives(ar)
                                                                             return ar.filter(el => el >= 0);
                                                     var ar = [-5, 10, -3, 12, -9, 5, 90, 0, 1];
                                                     var ar2 = getPositives(ar);
                                                          println(ar2);
                                      12
```

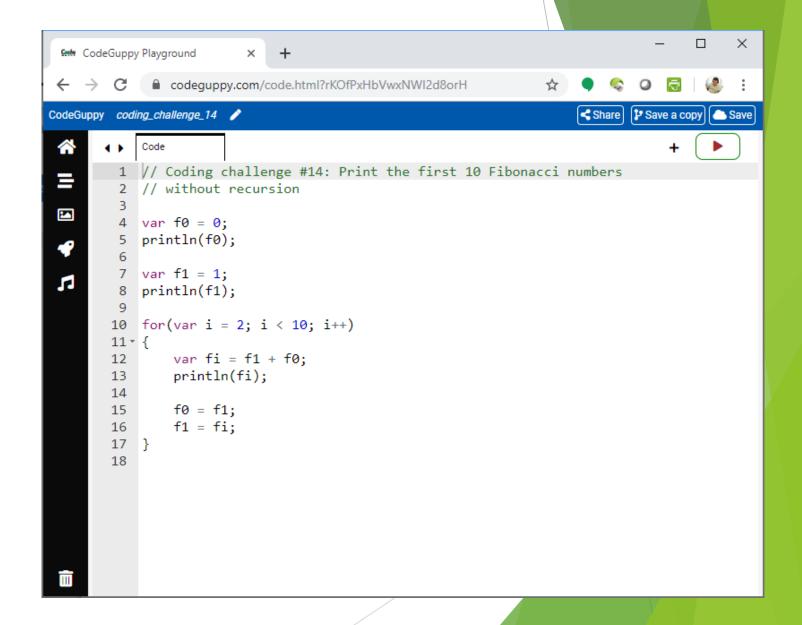
Find the maximum number in an array of numbers

```
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CodeGuppy coding_challenge_13 /
           Code
          // Coding challenge #13: Find the maximum number in an array of numbers
          function findMax(ar)
              var max = ar[0];
              for(var i = 0; i < ar.length; i++)</pre>
                  if (ar[i] > max)
       10 -
       11
                      max = ar[i];
       12
       13
       14
       15
              return max;
       16
       17
          var ar = [-5, 10, -3, 12, -9, 5, 90, 0, 1];
          var max = findMax(ar);
           println("Max: ", max);
       21
```

Print the first 10 Fibonacci numbers without using recursion.

#### Reminder:

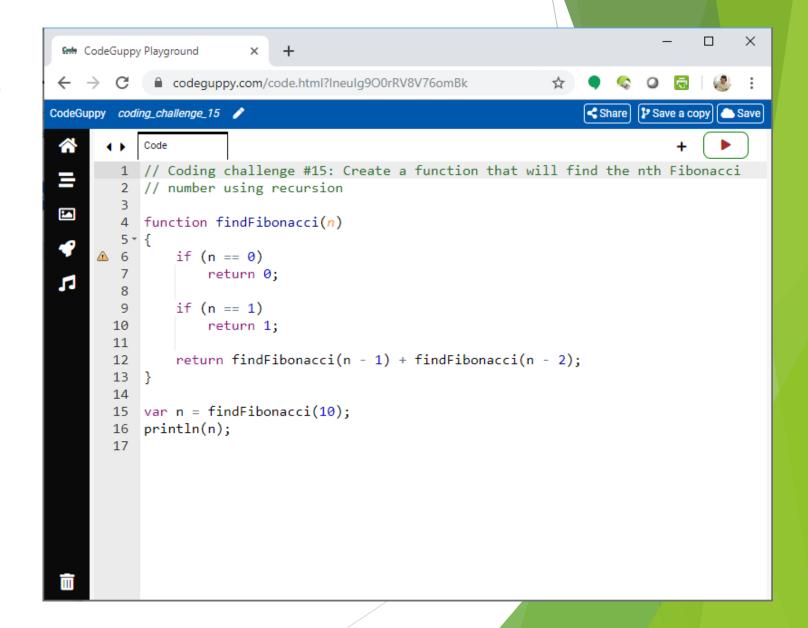
$$F(0) = 0$$
  
 $F(1) = 1$   
 $F(n) = F(n-1) + F(n-2)$ 



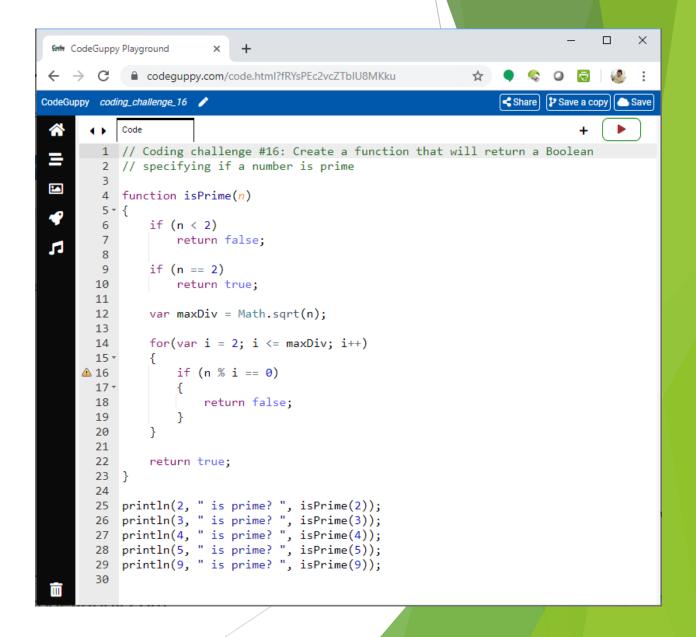
Create a function that will find the nth Fibonacci number using recursion.

#### Reminder:

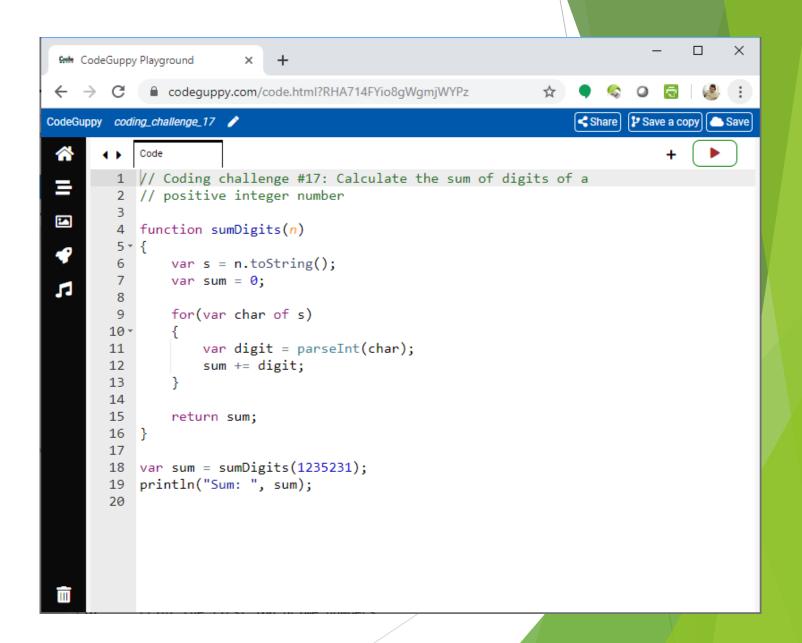
$$F(0) = 0$$
  
 $F(1) = 1$   
 $F(n) = F(n-1) + F(n-2)$ 



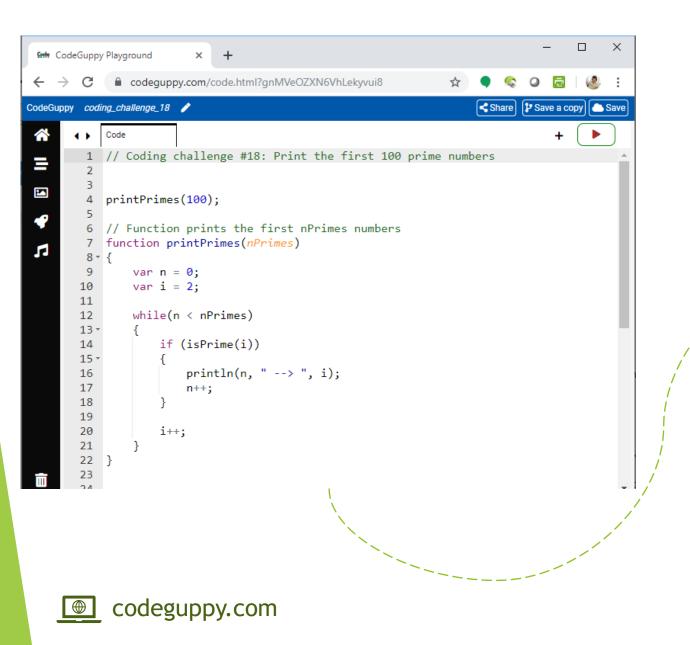
Create a function that will return a Boolean specifying if a number is prime

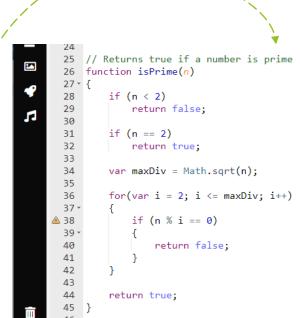


Calculate the sum of digits of a positive integer number

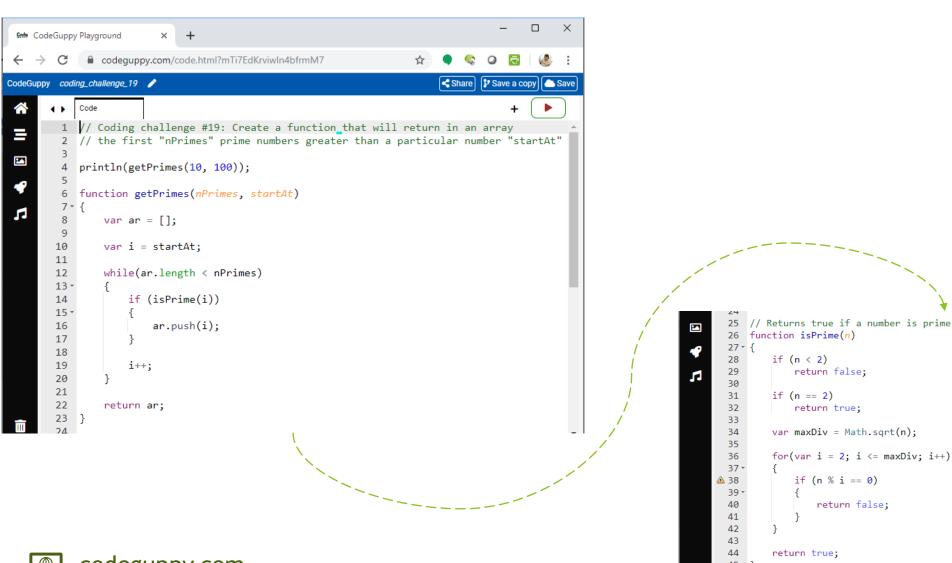


# Coding challenge #18: Print the first 100 prime numbers





**Coding challenge #19:** Create a function that will return in an array the first "nPrimes" prime numbers greater than a number "startAt"





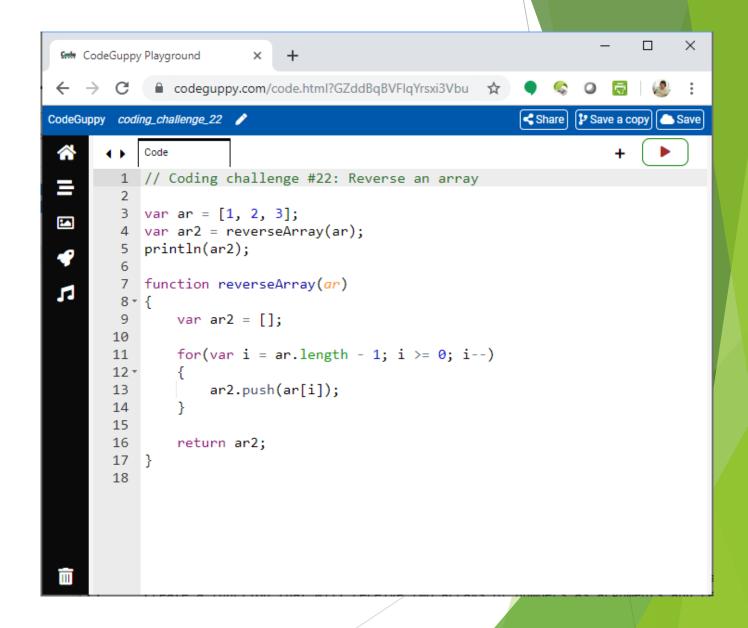
Rotate an array to the left 1 position

```
CodeGuppy Playground
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CodeGuppy coding_challenge_20 >
         Code
      4 >
          // Coding challenge #20: Rotate an array to the left 1 position
         var ar = [1, 2, 3];
          rotateLeft(ar);
          println(ar);
          function rotateLeft(ar)
       8 +
       9
             var first = ar.shift();
              ar.push(first);
       10
       11 }
      12
```

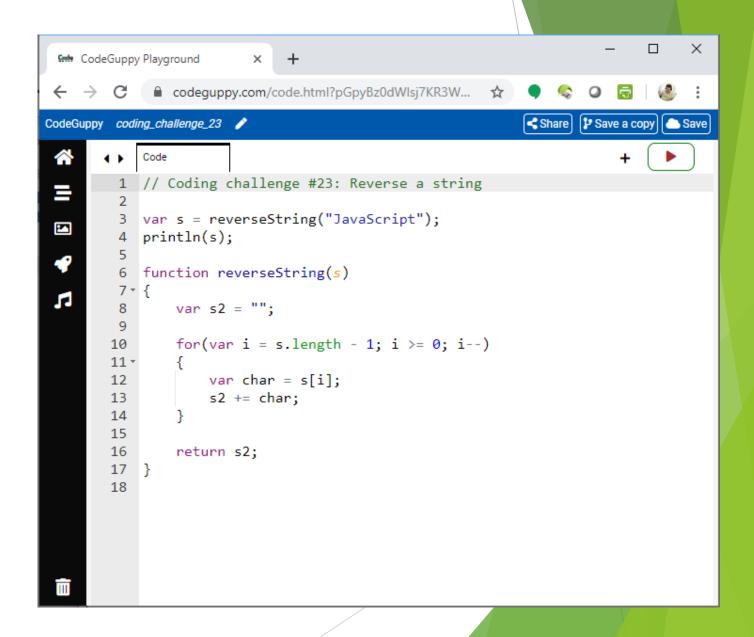
Rotate an array to the right 1 position

```
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                                                                 CodeGuppy Playground
                         +
           CodeGuppy coding_challenge_21 >
                                                   Share Save a copy Save
          Code
          // Coding challenge #21: Rotate an array to the right 1 position
       2
         var ar = [1, 2, 3];
          rotateRight(ar);
          println(ar);
          function rotateRight(ar)
              var last = ar.pop();
              ar.unshift(last);
      10
      11 }
      12
```

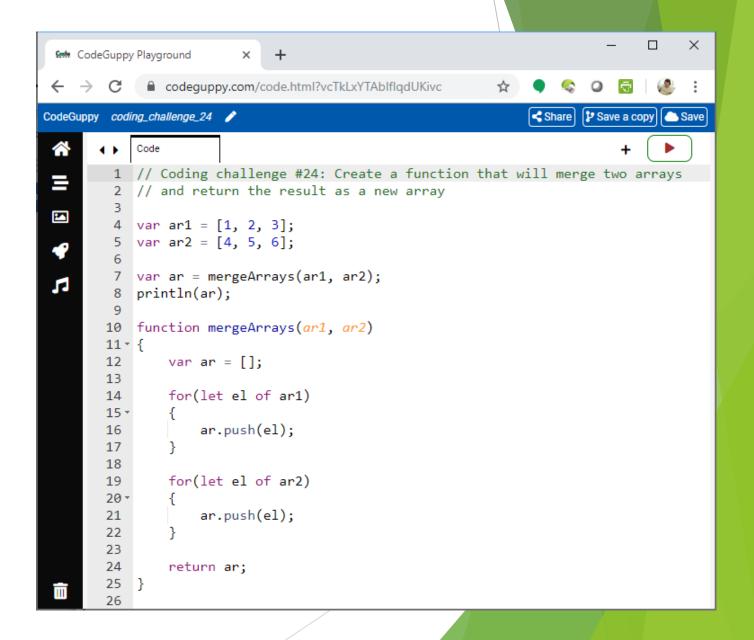
Reverse an array



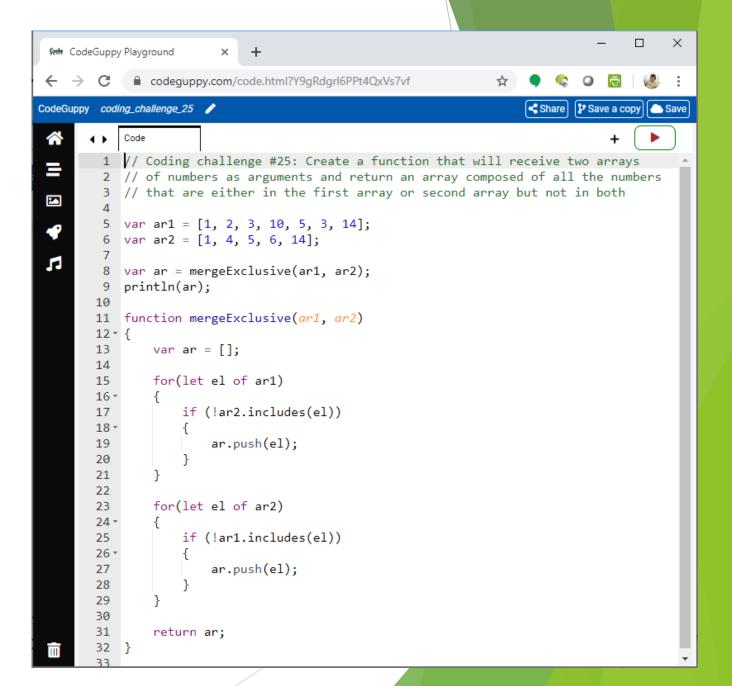
Reverse a string



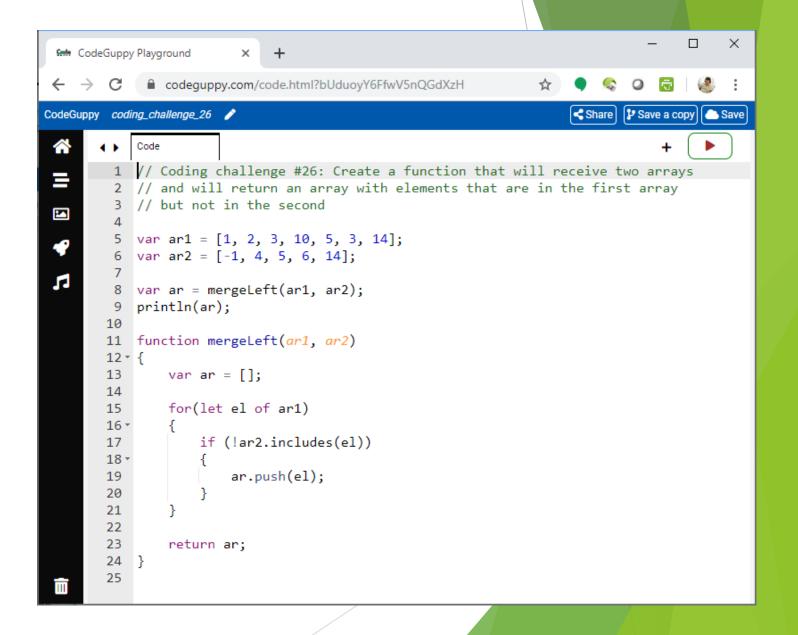
Create a function that will merge two arrays and return the result as a new array



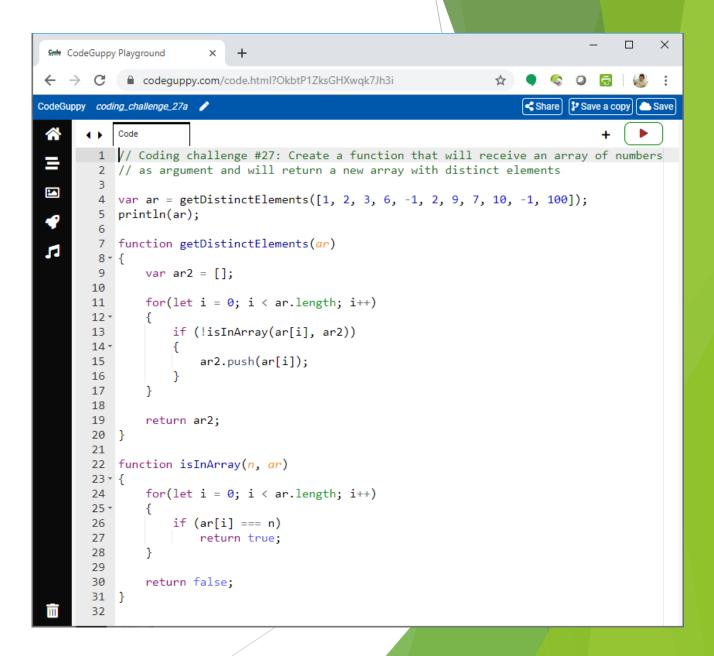
Create a function that will receive two arrays of numbers as arguments and return an array composed of all the numbers that are either in the first array or second array but not in both



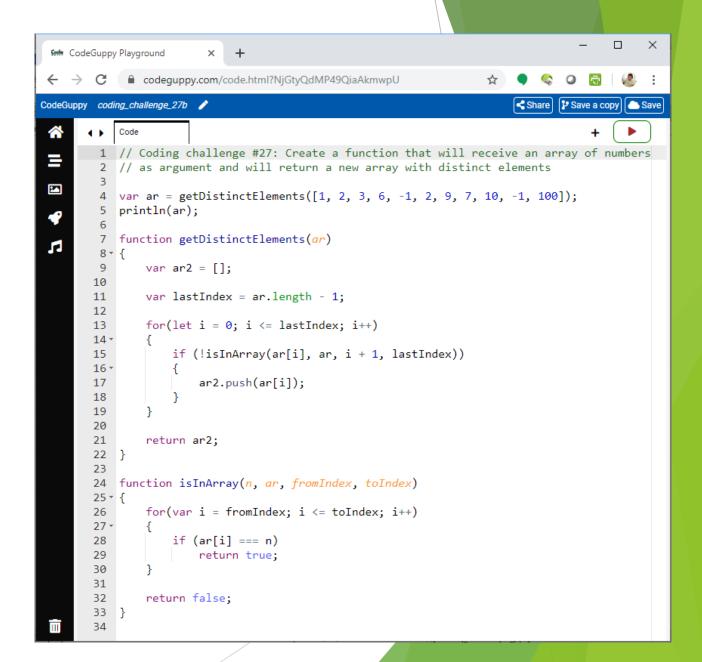
Create a function that will receive two arrays and will return an array with elements that are in the first array but not in the second



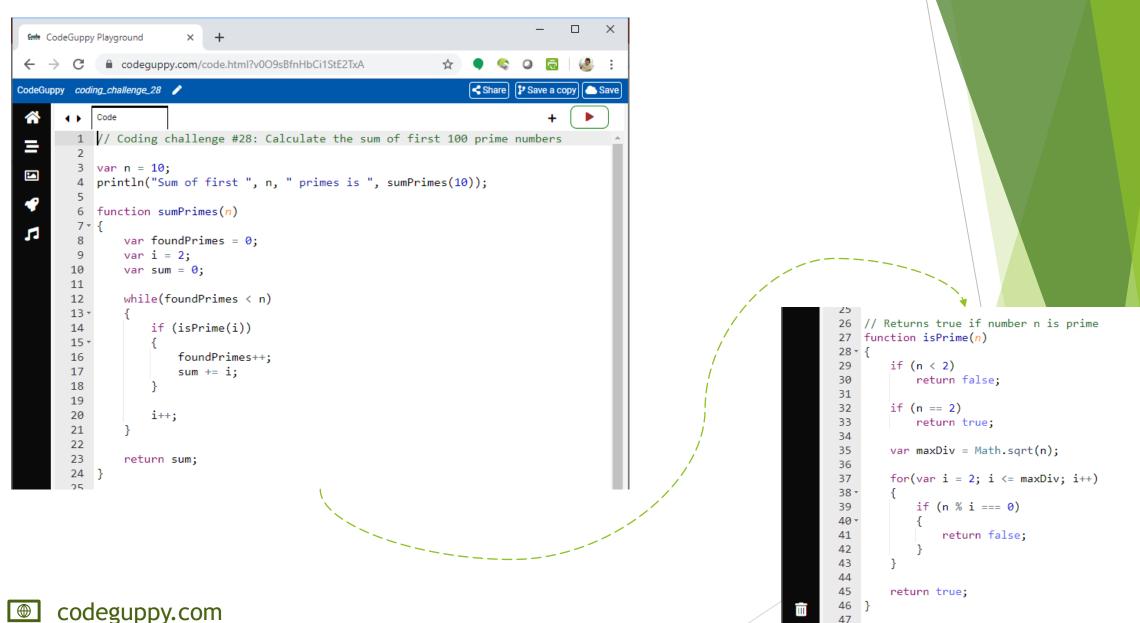
Create a function that will receive an array of numbers as argument and will return a new array with distinct elements



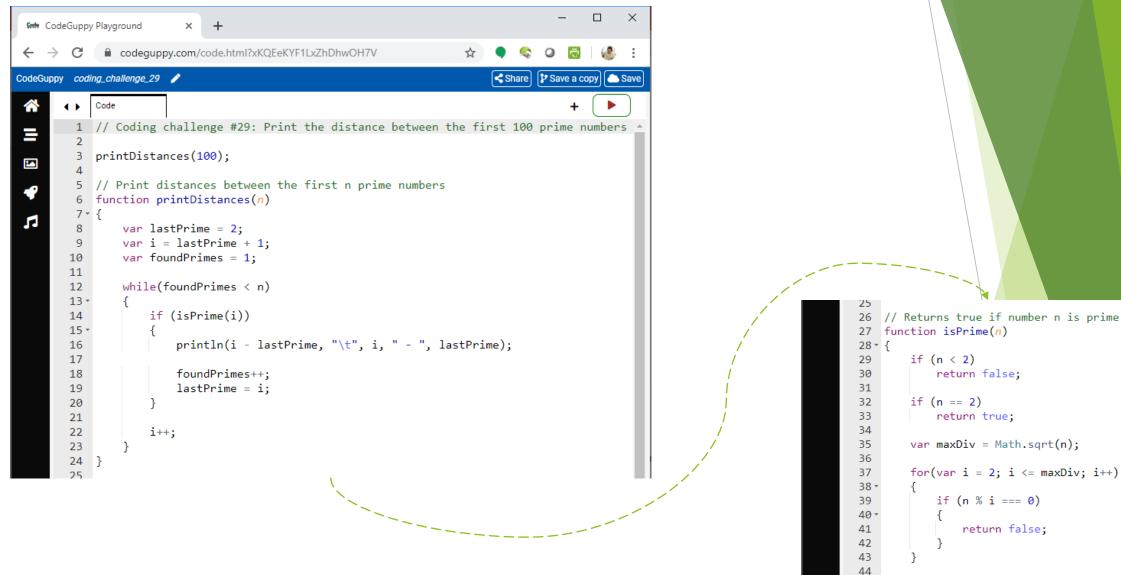
Create a function that will receive an array of numbers as argument and will return a new array with distinct elements



# Coding challenge #28: Calculate the sum of first 100 prime numbers



## Coding challenge #29: Print the distance between the first 100 prime numbers



if (n < 2)

if (n == 2)

return true;

45

return false;

return true;

var maxDiv = Math.sqrt(n);

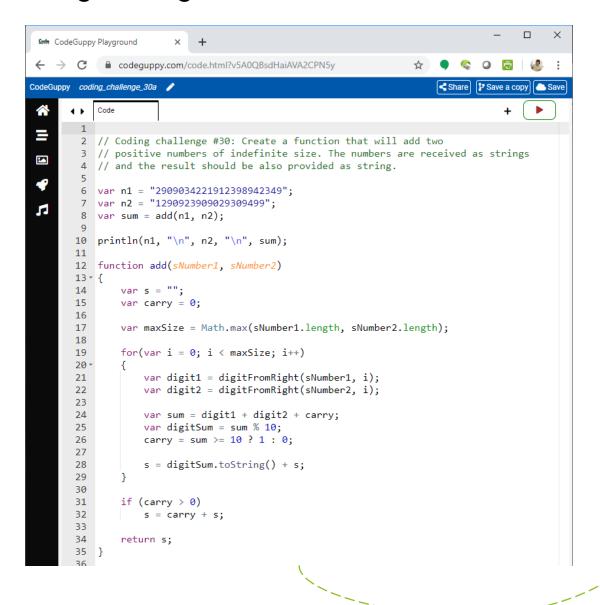
if (n % i === 0)

return false;

for(var i = 2;  $i \le maxDiv$ ; i++)

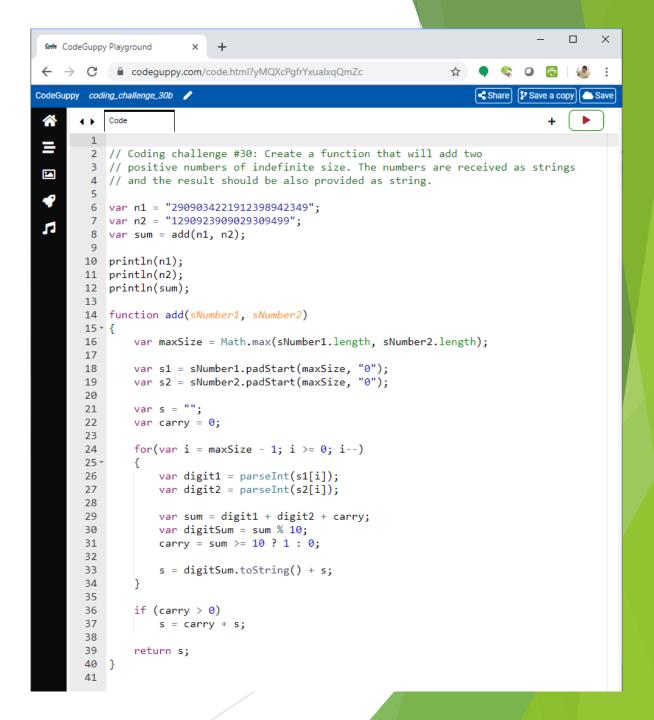


### Coding challenge #30a: Create a function that will add two indefinite size numbers.



Requirements: Only positive numbers will be used and will be provided to the function as strings. The result should be also returned as a string.

Coding challenge #30b: Create a function that will add two indefinite size numbers. Only positive numbers will be used and will be provided to the function as strings. The result should be also returned as a string.



**Coding challenge #31-a:** Create a function that will return the number of words in a text



```
CodeGuppy Playground
            CodeGuppy coding_challenge_31a 🧪
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          Code
       1 // Create a function that will return the number of words in a text
          // Solution 1
        5 function countWords(text)
               var wasSeparator = true;
               var words = 0;
       10
               for(var c of text)
       11 -
       12
                   // if current character is separator then advance and
       13
                   // set that the previous character was separator
       14
                   if (isSeparator(c))
       15 -
       16
                       wasSeparator = true;
       17
                       continue;
       18
       19
       20
                   // if current character is not separator
       21
                   // ... but if previous was separator...
       22
                   if (wasSeparator)
       23 '
                       words++;
       24
       25
                       wasSeparator = false;
       26
       27
       28
       29
               return words;
       30
       31
       32
          function isSeparator(c)
       33 ₹ {
               var separators = [" ", "\t", "\n", "\r", ",", ";", ".", "!", "?"];
       34
       35
               return separators.includes(c);
       36
       37
           println(countWords(""));
          println(countWords("
          println(countWords("JavaScript!!!
           println(countWords("
                                    JavaScript"));
       42 println(countWords("
                                   JavaScript is cool
           println(countWords("I like to learn JavaScript with codeguppy"));
       44
```

Coding challenge #31-b: Create a function that will return the number of words in a text



```
CodeGuppy Playground
             codeguppy.com/code.html?8pdZSfchSXNxBK1f7r7s
CodeGuppy coding_challenge_31b >
                                                                        Share Save a copy Save
        1 // Create a function that will return the number of words in a text
        3 // Solution 2
5 function countWords(text)
        6 +
                var words = 0;
               if (text.length > 0 && !isSeparator(text[0]))
       10
                    words++;
       11
       12
                for(var i = 1; i < text.length; i++)</pre>
       13 -
       14
                    var currChr = text[i];
                    var prevChr = text[i - 1];
       15
       16
       17
                    if (!isSeparator(currChr) && isSeparator(prevChr))
       18 -
       19
                        words++;
        20
       21
       22
       23
                return words;
       24
       25
        26 function isSeparator(c)
       27 - {
               var separators = [" ", "\t", "\n", "\r", ",", ";", ".", "!", "?"];
       28
                return separators.includes(c);
       29
       30 }
        31
        32 println(countWords(""));
        33 println(countWords("
       34 println(countWords("JavaScript!!! "));
        35 println(countWords("
                                     JavaScript"));
       36 println(countWords("
                                    JavaScript is cool
       37 println(countWords("I like to learn JavaScript with codeguppy"));
```

Coding challenge #32: Create a function that will capitalize the first letter of each word in a text

```
CodeGuppy Playground
            CodeGuppy coding_challenge_32 🧪
                                                                    Share Save a copy Save
       1 // Coding challenge #32. Create a function that will capitalize the first
        2 // letter of each word in a text
          println(captializeWords("Create a function that will capitalize the first letter o
          function captializeWords(text)
              var text2 = "";
       10
              for(var i = 0; i < text.length; i++)</pre>
      11 -
       12
                  var currChr = text[i];
                  var prevChr = i > 0 ? text[i - 1] : " ";
       13
      14
                  if (!isSeparator(currChr) && isSeparator(prevChr))
       15
       16 *
                      currChr = currChr.toUpperCase();
       17
       18
       19
       20
                  text2 += currChr;
       21
       22
       23
               return text2;
       24
       25
          function isSeparator(c)
       27 ₹ {
              var separators = [" ", "\t", "\n", "\r", ",", ";", ".", "!", "?"];
       28
       29
              return separators.includes(c);
       30
      31
```

# Coding challenge #33: Calculate the sum of numbers received in a comma delimited string

```
CodeGuppy Playground
           CodeGuppy coding_challenge_33 >
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         Code
       1 // Coding challenge #33. Calculate the sum of numbers received in a
        2 // comma delimited string
          println(sumCSV("1.5, 2.3, 3.1, 4, 5.5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10.9"));
          function sumCSV(s)
        7 - {
              var ar = s.split(",");
              var sum = 0;
       11
              for(var n of ar)
       12
       13 -
                  sum += parseFloat(n);
       15
       16
       17
              return sum;
       18
       19
```

Coding challenge #34: Create a function that will return an array with words inside a text



```
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CodeGuppy coding_challenge_34 🧪
          Code
        1 // Coding challenge #34. Create a function that will return
        2 // an array with words inside a text
          var text = "Create a function, that will return an array (of string), with the wor
           println(getWords(text));
        8 function getWords(text)
        9 + {
               let startWord = -1;
               let ar = [];
       11
       12
               for(let i = 0; i <= text.length; i++)</pre>
       13
       14 -
                  let c = i < text.length ? text[i] : " ";</pre>
       15
       16
       17
                   if (!isSeparator(c) && startWord < 0)</pre>
                       startWord = i;
       19
       20
       21
       22
                   if (isSeparator(c) && startWord >= 0)
       23 -
                       let word = text.substring(startWord, i);
                       ar.push(word);
       25
       26
                       startWord = -1;
       27
       28
       29
       30
       31
               return ar;
       32
       33
       34 function isSeparator(c)
       35 + {
               var separators = [" ", "\t", "\n", "\r", ",", ";", ".", "!", "?", "(", ")"];
               return separators.includes(c);
       37
       38 }
```

## **Coding challenge #35:** Create a function to convert a CSV text to a "bi-dimensional" array

```
CodeGuppy Playground
            Share
CodeGuppy coding_challenge_35 /
                                                                          P Save a copy 6 Save
          Code
        1 // Coding challenge #35. Create a function to convert
        2 // a CSV text to a "bi-dimensional" array
          var data = "John;Smith;954-000-0000\n" +
                       "Mich; Tiger; 305-000-0000\n" +
                       "Monique; Vasquez; 103-000-0000";
        8 var ar = csvToArray(data);
           println(JSON.stringify(ar));
       11 function csvToArray(data)
       12 - {
       13
               var arLines = data.split("\n");
       14
       15
               for(var i = 0; i < arLines.length; i++)</pre>
       16 -
                  var arLine = arLines[i].split(";");
       17
                  arLines[i] = arLine;
       18
       19
       20
               return arLines;
       22
```

**Coding challenge #36:** Create a function that converts a string to an array of characters

**Coding challenge #37:** Create a function that will convert a string in an array containing the ASCII codes of each character

```
CodeGuppy Playground
                           +
                       ×
            Share Save a copy Save
CodeGuppy coding_challenge_37 >
           Code
      4 )
           // Coding challenge #37. Create a function that will convert a string
           // in an array containing the ASCII codes of each character
          println(getCharCodes("I like JavaScript"));
          function getCharCodes(s)
              var ar = [];
              for(var i = 0; i < s.length; i++)</pre>
       10
       11 -
                  var code = s.charCodeAt(i);
       12
       13
                  ar.push(code);
       14
       15
       16
              return ar;
       17
       18
```

Coding challenge #38: Create a function that will convert an array containing ASCII codes in a string

```
CodeGuppy Playground
                      X
           P Save a copy  Save
CodeGuppy coding_challenge_38 >
          Code
       1 // Coding challenge #38. Create a function that will convert
       2 // an array containing ASCII codes in a string
println(codesToString([73,32,108,105,107,101,32,74,97,118,
                                97,83,99,114,105,112,116] ));
       7 function codesToString(ar)
              return String.fromCharCode(...ar);
      10 }
      11
```

Coding challenge #39: Implement the Caesar cypher



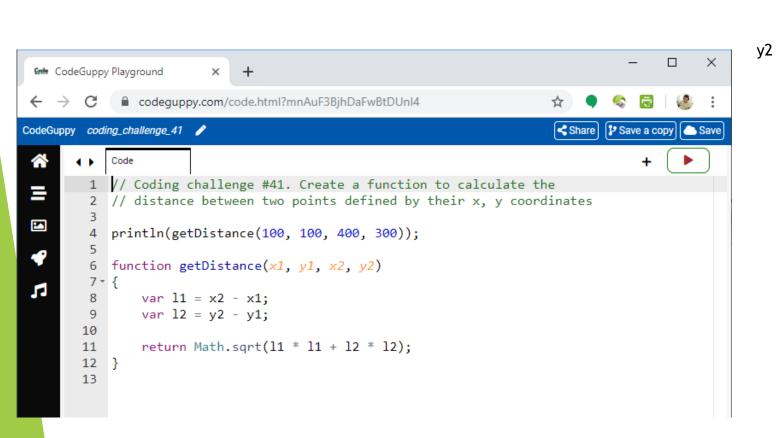
```
CodeGuppy Playground
            Share Save a copy Save
CodeGuppy coding_challenge_39 /
        1 // Coding challenge #39. Implement the Caesar cypher
        3 var text = "I LOVE JAVASCRIPT";
        4 var textEnc = encrypt(text, 13);
        5 var textDec = decrypt(textEnc, 13);
           println(text); println(textEnc); println(textDec);
        9 // Decrypt a message by inversing the key (e.g. rotate in the other direction)
       10 function decrypt(msg, key)
       11 - {
       12
               return encrypt(msg, key * -1);
       13 }
       14
       15 // Function will implement Caesar Cipher to encrypt / decrypt the msg
       16 // by shifting the letters of the message acording to the key
       17 function encrypt(msg, key)
       18 - {
       19
               var encMsg = "";
       20
       21
               for(var i = 0; i < msg.length; i++)</pre>
       22 -
       23
                   var code = msg.charCodeAt(i);
       24
       25
                   // Encrypt only letters in 'A' ... 'Z' interval
                   if (code >= 65 \&\& code <= 65 + 26 - 1)
       26
       27 -
       28
                       code -= 65;
       29
                       code = mod(code + key, 26);
       30
                       code += 65;
       31
       32
       33
                   encMsg += String.fromCharCode(code);
       34
       35
       36
               return encMsg;
       37 }
       38
       39 // Modulo function: n mod p
       40 function mod(n, p)
       41 - {
               if ( n < 0 )
                   n = p - Math.abs(n) \% p;
       45
               return n % p;
```

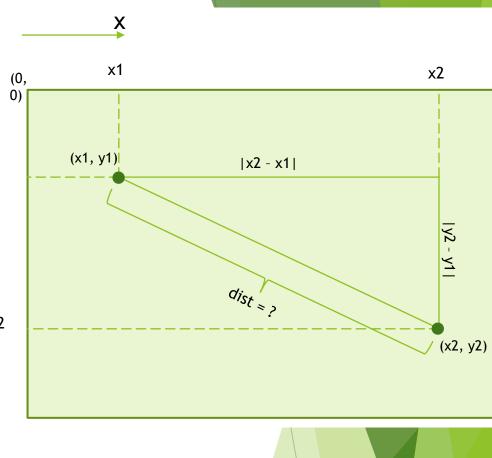
Coding challenge #40: Implement the bubble sort

algorithm for an array of numbers

```
CodeGuppy Playground
                        ×
            CodeGuppy coding_challenge_40
                                                                      Share Reload Save a copy
 Code
           // Coding challenge #40. Implement the bubble sort algorithm
        2 // for an array of numbers
           var ar = [23, 1000, 1, -1, 8, 3];
           println(ar);
           bubbleSort(ar);
           println(ar);
           function bubbleSort(ar)
       10 - {
               var shouldSort = true;
       11
               var length = ar.length;
       12
       13
               while(shouldSort)
       14
       15 -
                   shouldSort = false;
       16
                   length--;
       17
       18
                   for(var i = 0; i < length; i++)</pre>
       19
       20 -
        21
                       var a = ar[i];
        22
                       if ( a > ar[i+1] )
        23 -
                           ar[i] = ar[i+1];
        24
                           ar[i+1] = a;
        25
                           shouldSort = true;
        26
       27
       28
       29
       30
       31
```

**Coding challenge #41:** Create a function to calculate the distance between two points defined by their x, y coordinates





y1

codeguppy.com

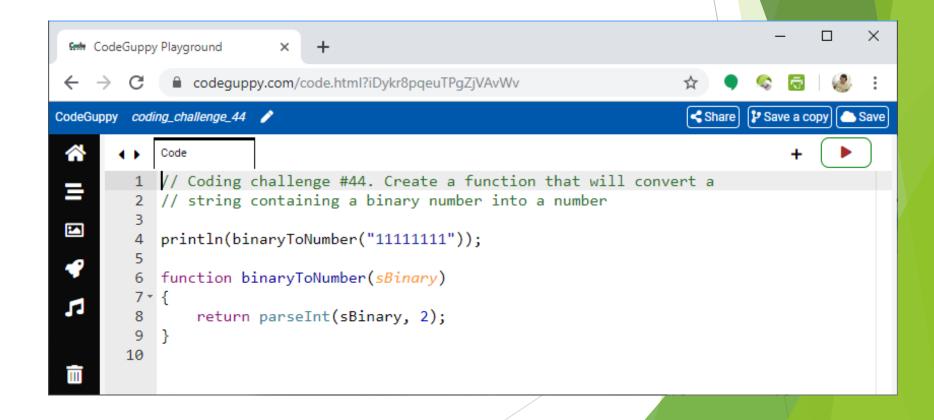
Coding challenge #42: Create a function that will return a Boolean value indicating if two circles defined by center coordinates and radius are intersecting

```
CodeGuppy Playground
            CodeGuppy coding_challenge_42 >
                                                                    Share Save a copy Save
        1 // Coding challenge #42. Create a function that will return true
          // if two circles defined by center coordinates and radius are intersecting
           println(collisionCircleCircle(200, 200, 100, 300, 300, 50));
        6 function collisionCircleCircle(circle1X, circle1Y, circle1R,
                                          circle2X, circle2Y, circle2R)
        8 + {
        9
               var d = getDistance(circle1X, circle1Y, circle2X, circle2Y);
               return d <= circle1R + circle2R;
       10
       11
       12
           // Calculate the distance between the two specified points
           function getDistance(x1, y1, x2, y2)
       15 ₹ {
               var 11 = x2 - x1;
       16
               var 12 = y2 - y1;
       17
       18
               return Math.sqrt(l1 * l1 + l2 * l2);
       19
       20
       21
```

**Coding challenge #43:** Create a function that will receive a bidimensional array as argument and a number and will extract as a unidimensional array the column specified by the number

```
CodeGuppy Playground
                       × +
            Share Save a copy Save
CodeGuppy coding_challenge_43 >
           Code
       1 // Coding challenge #43. Create a function that will receive a bi-dimensional
       2 // array and a number and will extract the column specified by the number
       4 var ar = [ ["John", 120],
                      ["Jane", 115],
                      ["Thomas", 123],
                      ["Mel", 112],
                       ["Charley", 122]
                   ];
       11 var numbers = extractCol(ar, 1);
          println(numbers);
       13
       14 function extractCol(ar, colNo)
       15 - {
              var arCol = [];
       16
       17
       18
              for(var i = 0; i < ar.length; i++)
       19 -
                  arCol.push(ar[i][colNo]);
       20
       21
       22
       23
              return arCol;
       24 }
       25
```

**Coding challenge #44:** Create a function that will convert a string containing a binary number into a number



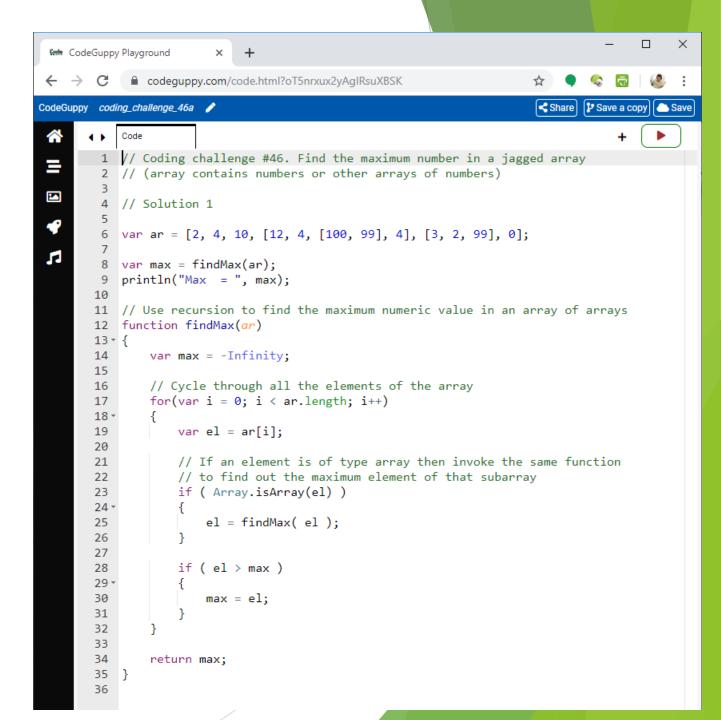
**Coding challenge #45:** Create a function to calculate the sum of all the numbers in a jagged array (array contains numbers or other arrays of numbers on an unlimited number of levels)

```
CodeGuppy Playground
            CodeGuppy coding_challenge_45 /
                                                                   Share
                                                                          P Save a copy Save
           Code
           // Coding challenge #45. Create a function to calculate the sum of all the
          // numbers in a jagged array (array contains numbers or other arrays of numbers)
          var ar = [1, 2, [15, [23], [5, 12]], [100]];
          println(sumArray(ar));
           function sumArray(ar)
               var sum = 0;
              for(var el of ar)
       12
       14
                  if (Array.isArray(el))
                      el = sumArray(el);
       18
       19
                   sum += el;
       20
       21
       22
               return sum;
       23
```

Coding challenge #46-a: Find the maximum number in a jagged array of numbers or array of numbers

Requirements: Use recursion





Coding challenge #46-b: Find the maximum number in a jagged array of numbers or array of numbers

Requirements: Do not use recursion



```
CodeGuppy Playground
            Share Save a copy Save
CodeGuppy coding_challenge_46b /
          Code
        4 // Solution 2
        6 var ar = [2, 4, 10, [12, 4, [100, 99], 4], [3, 2, 99], 0];
        8 var max = findMax(ar);
          println("Max = ", max);
       11 // Use a stack to find the maximum numeric value in an array of arrays
       12 function findMax(arElements)
       13 - {
       14
               var max = -Infinity;
       15
       16
               // This is the stack on which will put the first array and then
       17
               // all the other sub-arrays that we find as we traverse an array
       18
               var arrays = [];
       19
       20
               arrays.push(arElements);
       21
               // Loop as long as are arrays added to the stack for processing
       23
               while(arrays.length > 0)
       24
                  // Extract an array from the stack
       25
       26
                   ar = arrays.pop();
       27
       28
                   // ... and loop through its elements
       29
                   for(var i = 0; i < ar.length; i++)
       30 1
       31
                       var el = ar[i];
       32
       33
                       // If an element is of type array, we'll add it to stack
       34
                       // to be processed later
       35
                       if ( Array.isArray(el) )
       36 -
       37
                           arrays.push(el);
       38
                           continue;
       39
                       if ( el > max )
                           max = el;
       44
       47
               return max;
```

**Coding challenge #47:** Deep copy a jagged array with numbers or other arrays in a new array

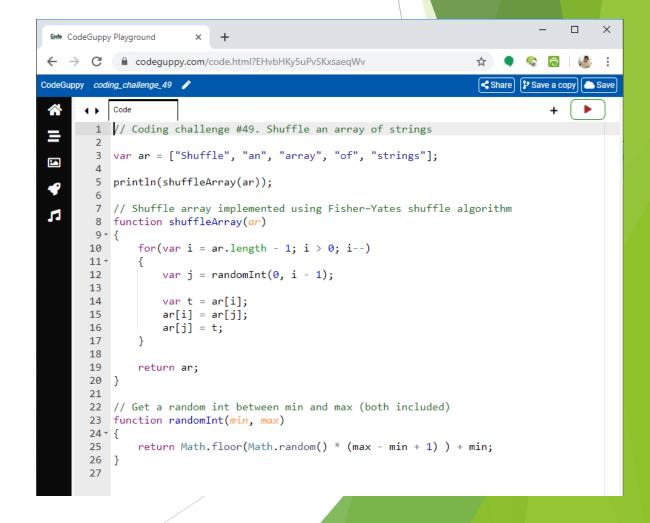
```
CodeGuppy Playground
                       ×
                           +
           CodeGuppy coding_challenge_47 /
                                                                  Share Save a copy Save
       1 // Coding challenge #47. Deep copy a jagged array with numbers or other arrays
       2 // in a new array
       4 var ar1 = [2, 4, 10, [12, 4, [100, 99], 4], [3, 2, 99], 0];
       5 var ar2 = copyArray(ar1);
          println(ar2);
          function copyArray(ar)
       10 - {
       11
              var ar2 = [];
       12
      13
              for(var el of ar)
       14 -
       15
                  if (Array.isArray(el))
       16 -
                      el = copyArray(el);
       17
       18
       19
                  ar2.push(el);
       20
       21
       22
       23
              return ar2;
       24
       25
```

```
CodeGuppy Playground
             codeguppy.com/code.html?6O219iv12e5UaC30fcbG
CodeGuppy coding_challenge_48 /
                                                                         Share Save a copy Save
           Code
         1 // Coding challenge #48. Create a function to return
        2 // the longest word(s) in a string
         4 var text = "Create a function to return the longest word(s) in a sentance.";
            println(getLongestWords(text));
        8
           function getLongestWords(text)
        9 + {
        10
                var words = getWords(text);
       11
       12
                var maxSize = 0;
       13
                var maxPositions = [];
       14
                for(var i = 0; i < words.length; i++)</pre>
       15
       16 *
       17
                    var currWordSize = words[i].length;
       18
                    if (currWordSize > maxSize)
       19
       20 -
        21
                        maxSize = currWordSize;
        22
                        maxPositions = [ i ];
       23
                    else if (currWordSize === maxSize)
        24
        25 -
       26
                        maxPositions.push(i);
       27
       28
       29
       30
                return getElements(words, maxPositions);
       31
       32
        33
           // Get only the elements from specified positions from the array
           function getElements(ar, arPositions)
       35 +
       36
                var arNew = [];
       37
       38
                for(var pos of arPositions)
        39 -
        40
                    arNew.push(ar[pos]);
       41
        42
        43
                return arNew;
        44
        45
        46
```

Coding challenge #48: Create a function to return the longest word(s) in a string

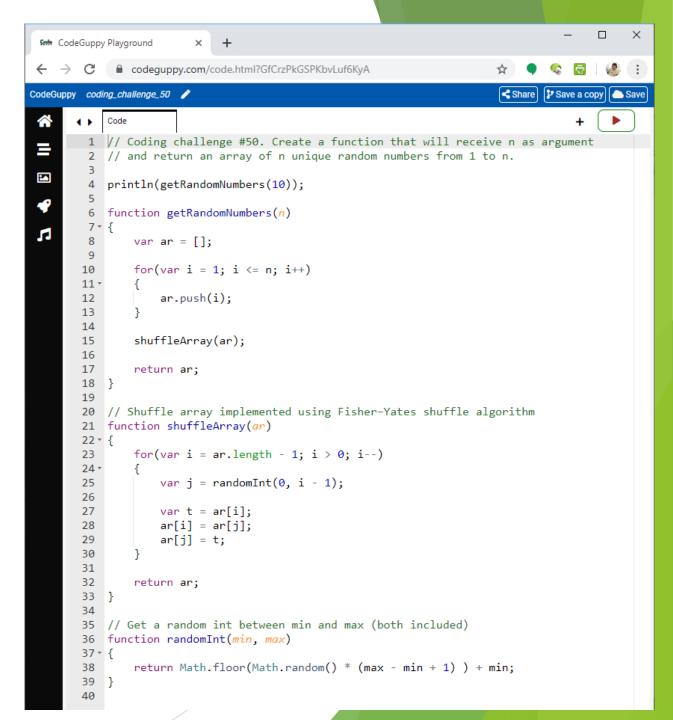
```
// Returns an array with the words from specified text
47 function getWords(text)
48 - {
        let startWord = -1;
49
        let ar = [];
51
52
        for(let i = 0; i <= text.length; i++)</pre>
53 -
54
            let c = i < text.length ? text[i] : " ";</pre>
55
56
            if (!isSeparator(c) && startWord < 0)</pre>
57 -
58
                startWord = i;
59
61
            if (isSeparator(c) && startWord >= 0)
62 *
63
                let word = text.substring(startWord, i);
64
                ar.push(word);
65
                startWord = -1;
67
68
70
        return ar;
71 }
72
73 function isSeparator(c)
74 - {
        var separators = [" ", "\t", "\n", "\r", ",", ";", ".", "!", "?", "(", ")"];
76
        return separators.includes(c);
77 }
```

### Coding challenge #49: Shuffle an array of strings



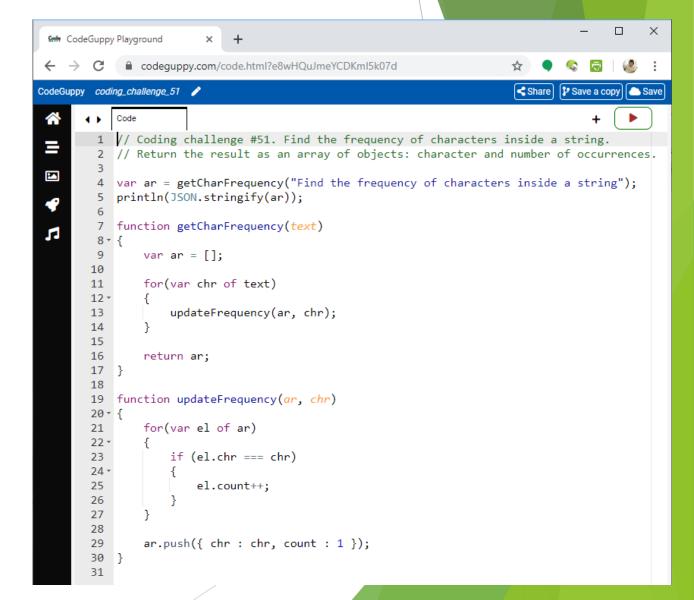
**Coding challenge #50:** Create a function that will receive n as argument and return an array of n random numbers from 1 to n





**Coding challenge #51:** Find the frequency of characters inside a string. Return the result as an array of objects.

Each object has 2 fields: character and number of occurrences.



```
CodeGuppy Playground
          CodeGuppy coding_challenge_52 >
                                                                  Share Save a copy Save
          // Coding challenge #52. Calculate Fibonacci(500) with high precision
          println(fibonacci(500));
         function fibonacci(n)
              if (n === 0)
                 return "0";
      10
              if (n === 1)
      11
                 return "1";
      12
      13
              var n1 = "0";
      14
              var n2 = "1";
      15
              for(var i = 2; i \le n; i++)
      16
      17 -
      18
                 var sum = add(n1, n2);
      19
      20
                 n1 = n2;
                  n2 = sum;
      22
              return n2;
      25 }
```

Coding challenge #52: Calculate Fibonacci(500) with high precision (all digits)

```
27 function add(sNumber1, sNumber2)
       var maxSize = Math.max(sNumber1.length, sNumber2.length);
       var s1 = sNumber1.padStart(maxSize, "0");
       var s2 = sNumber2.padStart(maxSize, "0");
33
34
       var s = "";
35
       var carry = 0;
36
37
        for(var i = maxSize - 1; i >= 0; i--)
38 -
39
           var digit1 = parseInt(s1[i]);
           var digit2 = parseInt(s2[i]);
           var sum = digit1 + digit2 + carry;
           var digitSum = sum % 10;
           carry = sum >= 10 ? 1 : 0;
46
           s = digitSum.toString() + s;
47
       if (carry > 0)
50
           s = carry + s;
52
        return s;
53
```

### Coding challenge #53: Calculate 70! with high precision (all digits)

```
CodeGuppy Playground
            CodeGuppy coding_challenge_53 >
                                                                     Share Save a copy Save
          // Coding challenge #53. Calculate 70! with high precision (all decimals)
           println(factorial(70));
        5 // Calculate factorial(n) ... using big number calculations
        6 function factorial(n)
        7 - {
        8
               var prod = "1";
        9
       10
               for(var i = 2; i <= n; i++)
       11 -
       12
                  prod = mult(prod, i.toString());
       13
       14
       15
               return prod;
       16
       17
       18 // Multiplies sNumber1 * sNumber2
       19 // Each number is provided as string
       20 function mult(sNumber1, sNumber2)
       21 - {
       22
               // Calculate partial results according to multiplication algorithm
       23
               var partialResults = [];
       24
       25
               for(var i = sNumber2.length - 1; i >= 0; i--)
       26 -
       27
                  var digit = parseInt(sNumber2[i]);
       28
       29
                  var partialResult = multDigit(sNumber1, digit);
       30
                  partialResult += "0".repeat(partialResults.length);
       31
       32
                  partialResults.push(partialResult);
       33
       34
       35
               // Sum partial results to obtain the product
       36
               var sum = "";
       37
       38
               for(var r of partialResults)
       39 +
       40
                  sum = add(sum, r);
       41
       42
       43
               return sum;
       44 }
```

```
46 // Multiplies number sNumber (as string) with a single digit number
47 function multDigit(sNumber, digit)
48 - {
49
        var p = "";
50
        var carry = 0;
51
52
         for(var i = sNumber.length - 1; i >= 0; i--)
53 ₹
54
             var numberDigit = parseInt(sNumber[i]);
55
56
             var prod = digit * numberDigit + carry;
57
             var prodDigit = prod % 10;
             carry = Math.floor(prod / 10);
58
59
60
             p = prodDigit.toString() + p;
61
62
                                           70 function add(sNumber1, sNumber2)
                                          71 - {
63
        if (carry > 0)
                                           72
                                                  var maxSize = Math.max(sNumber1.length, sNumber2.length);
64
             p = carry + p;
                                          73
65
                                          74
                                                  var s1 = sNumber1.padStart(maxSize, "0");
66
         return p;
                                          75
                                                  var s2 = sNumber2.padStart(maxSize, "0");
67 }
                                          76
                                          77
                                                  var s = "";
                                          78
                                                  var carry = 0;
                                          79
                                                  for(var i = maxSize - 1; i >= 0; i--)
                                           80
                                           81 -
                                           82
                                                      var digit1 = parseInt(s1[i]);
                                                     var digit2 = parseInt(s2[i]);
                                           83
                                           84
                                           85
                                                      var sum = digit1 + digit2 + carry;
                                                      var digitSum = sum % 10;
                                           87
                                                      carry = sum >= 10 ? 1 : 0;
                                           88
                                           89
                                                      s = digitSum.toString() + s;
                                           90
                                           91
                                           92
                                                  if (carry > 0)
                                          93
                                                  s = carry + s;
                                          94
                                           95
                                                  return s;
                                           96 }
```

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