

## Math 7120 – Homework 3 – Due: February 16, 2022

### Practice problems:

**Problem 1.** Dummit and Foot 10.4 numbers 2,3,4

**Problem 2.** Prove that tensor product commutes with direct sum, i.e. if  $M, M', N$  are  $R$ -modules, then

$$(M \oplus M') \otimes_R N \cong (M \otimes_R N) \oplus (M' \otimes_R N).$$

Conclude that if  $S$  is an  $\mathbb{R}$ -algebra, then  $S \otimes_R R^n \cong S^n$  as  $R$ -algebras.

### Test prep:

**Problem 3.** Simplify the following tensor products:

- (1)  $\mathbb{Z}_4 \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Z}_2$
- (2)  $\mathbb{Z}_4 \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Z}$
- (3)  $\mathbb{Z}_4 \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} \mathbb{Q}$

Type solutions to the following problems in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X, and email the tex and PDF files to me at [dbernstein1@tulane.edu](mailto:dbernstein1@tulane.edu) by 10am on the indicated date. Please title them as [lastname].tex and [lastname].pdf. When preparing your solutions, you must follow the rules as laid out in the course syllabus.

### Graded Problems:

**Problem 4.** Let  $R$  be a commutative ring with a 1 and let  $I, J$  be ideals of  $R$ .

- (1) Let  $I = (2, x)$  be the ideal of the ring  $R = \mathbb{Z}[x]$ . Show that  $2 \otimes 2 + x \otimes x$  is not a simple tensor in  $I \otimes_R I$ , i.e. cannot be written in the form  $a \otimes b$  for some  $a, b \in I$ .
- (2) Prove that every element of  $R/I \otimes_R R/J$  can be written as a simple tensor of the form  $(1 \bmod I) \otimes r \bmod J$
- (3) Prove that there is an  $R$ -module isomorphism  $R/I \otimes_R R/J \cong R/(I + J)$  mapping  $(r \bmod I) \otimes (s \bmod J)$  to  $rs \bmod (I + J)$ .
- (4) Suppose  $R$  is an integral domain and  $I$  is a principal ideal. Prove that  $I \otimes_R I$  has no nonzero torsion elements.

**Problem 5.** Prove the part of the splitting lemma left as an exercise in class, i.e. that if  $0 \rightarrow A \xrightarrow{\psi} B \xrightarrow{\phi} C \rightarrow 0$  is a short exact sequence of  $R$ -modules and there exists  $f : B \rightarrow A$  such that  $f \circ \psi = \text{id}_A$ , then the sequence splits.