## Particle in an electromagnetic plane wave

Suggested notations: Use capital latter to denote matrices and small to denote co- (cotra-)variant vectors

restart: with (Physics): with (Physics [Vectors]): Setup (mathematical notation = true):

## Making some assumptions

 $Setup(real objects = \{c, e, m\})$ :

$$Setup \left( real objects = \left\{ \text{eta, xi, tau, } w, v_x(\text{xi}), v_y(\text{xi}) \right\} \right);$$

$$\left[ real objects = \left\{ \widehat{i}, \widehat{j}, \widehat{k}, \widehat{\phi}, \widehat{r}, \widehat{\rho}, \widehat{\theta}, c, e, \eta, m, \phi, r, \rho, \tau, \theta, w, x, \xi, y, z, v_x(\xi), v_y(\xi) \right\} \right]$$
(1)

 $PDE tools[declare]((v_x, v_y)(xi));$ 

$$v_{x}(\xi)$$
 will now be displayed as  $v_{x}$ 

$$v_{v}(\xi)$$
 will now be displayed as  $v_{v}$  (2)

## Cliford conjugation

$$ClifordConj := (X) \rightarrow \langle \langle X[2,2] | -X[1,2] \rangle, \langle -X[2,1] | X[1,1] \rangle \rangle$$
:

Define a contravariant vector v from a paravector P

$$DefContrVect := (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ ) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ ) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ ) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( Array \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ ) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( 1 ...4, \ (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot Trace(P.Psigma[l]) \ \right) \ ) : = (v, P) \rightarrow Define \left( v_{\sim \text{mu}} = Simplify \left( 1 ...4, \ (l$$

Extract the electric field vector from the Faraday matrix

$$GetElectricField := (F) \rightarrow Simplify \bigg( Vector \bigg( 3, (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}(Trace(Psigma[l].F)) \bigg) . Vector([\_i, \_j, \_k]) \bigg) :$$

Extract the magnetic field vector from the Faraday matrix

$$\textit{GetMagneticField} := (F) \rightarrow \textit{Simplify} \bigg( \textit{Vector} \bigg( 3, \, (l) \rightarrow \frac{1}{2 \cdot c} \, \operatorname{Im} (\textit{Trace}(\textit{Psigma}[l].F) \,) \, \bigg) . \textit{Vector} ( [\_i, ]) \bigg) . \text{Vector} ( [\_i, ])$$

$$\_j, \_k])$$
:

Specifying the eigenspinor

$$\Lambda := Matrix \left( \left[ \left[ \exp\left(\frac{\operatorname{eta}}{2}\right), 0 \right], \left[ 0, \exp\left(-\frac{\operatorname{eta}}{2}\right) \right] \right] \right) \cdot Matrix \left( \left[ \left[ 1, v_x(\operatorname{xi}) - I \cdot v_y(\operatorname{xi}) \right], \left[ 0, 1 \right] \right] \right);$$

$$\Lambda := \begin{bmatrix} e^{\frac{\eta}{2}} & e^{\frac{\eta}{2}} \\ e^{\frac{\eta}{2}} & e^{\frac{\eta}{2}} \end{bmatrix} \\ 0 & e^{-\frac{\eta}{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$
(3)

The electromagnetic field (w is a parametric measure)

$$F := w \cdot \frac{2 \cdot m \cdot c}{e} \cdot diff(\Lambda, xi).ClifordConj(\Lambda);$$

$$F := \begin{bmatrix} 2 w m c \left(e^{\frac{\eta}{2}}\right)^2 \left(v_{x_{\xi}} - I v_{y_{\xi}}\right) \\ e \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(4)$$

Extract the electromagnetic fields from the matrix F

GetElectricField(F);

$$\frac{\left(v_{x_{\xi}}\hat{i} + v_{y_{\xi}}\hat{j}\right)e^{\eta}cmw}{e}$$
(6)

**(5)** 

GetMagneticField(F);

$$\frac{\left(v_{x_{\xi}}\hat{j}-v_{y_{\xi}}\hat{i}\right)e^{\eta}mw}{e} \tag{7}$$

Fix the parametric weight w

 $simplify(subs(w = c \cdot \exp(-eta), GetElectricField(F)));$ 

$$\frac{\left(v_{x_{\xi}}\hat{i}+v_{y_{\xi}}\hat{j}\right)c^{2}m}{e}$$
(9)

 $simplify(subs(w = c \cdot \exp(-eta), GetMagneticField(F)));$ 

$$\frac{\left(v_{x_{\xi}}\hat{j}-v_{y_{\xi}}\hat{i}\right) m c}{e} \tag{10}$$

 $w := c \cdot \exp(-\operatorname{eta});$ 

$$w \coloneqq c \, \mathrm{e}^{-\eta} \tag{11}$$

Extracting proper velocity

 $U := simplify(\Lambda.Dagger(\Lambda));$ 

$$U := \begin{bmatrix} e^{\eta} \left( v_x^2 + v_y^2 + 1 \right) & v_x - I v_y \\ v_x + I v_y & e^{-\eta} \end{bmatrix}$$
 (12)

Extract trajectory (as a contravariant vector)

$$Define \left( trajectory_{\sim mu} = Array \left( 1 ..4, (l) \rightarrow Int \left( \frac{c}{2 \cdot w} \cdot Trace(U.Psigma[1]), xi \right) \right) \right);$$

$$Defined objects with tensor properties$$

$$\left\{ \gamma_{\mu}, \sigma_{\mu}, \partial_{\mu}, g_{\mu, \nu}, \delta_{\mu, \nu}, \epsilon_{\alpha, \beta, \mu, \nu}, trajectory^{\mu} \right\}$$
(13)

the parameter  $\xi$  corresponds to the forward ligh-cone variable

Energy

$$\frac{m \cdot c^2}{2} \cdot Trace(U.Psigma[0]);$$

$$\frac{m c^{2} \left(e^{\eta} \left(v_{x}^{2}+v_{y}^{2}+1\right)+e^{-\eta}\right)}{2}$$
 (15)

Define contravariant vector of the velocity

DefContrVect(u, U);

Defined objects with tensor properties

$$\left\{ \gamma_{\mu}, \sigma_{\mu}, \partial_{\mu}, g_{\mu, \nu}, u^{\mu}, \delta_{\mu, \nu}, \epsilon_{\alpha, \beta, \mu, \nu}, trajectory^{\mu} \right\}$$
 (16)

 $u[\sim 2];$   $v_y$  (17)