Assignment 4, Specification SFWR ENG 2AA4 April 9, 2018

CardTypes Module

Module

CardTypes

Uses

N/A

Syntax

Exported Constants

None

Exported Types

```
\begin{aligned} & \text{ValueT} = \{\text{A, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, J, Q, K} \} \\ & \text{SuitT} = \{\text{Heart, Diamond, Club, Spade}\} \\ & \text{PileType} = \{\text{Tableau, Cell, Foundation}\} \end{aligned}
```

Exported Access Programs

None

Semantics

State Variables

None

State Invariant

None

CardADT Module

Template Module

CardT

Uses

N/A

Syntax

Exported Types

CardT = ?

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
CardT	\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}	CardT	
Value		ValueT	
suit		SuitT	

Semantics

State Variables

val: ValueT suit: SuitT

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

The constructor CardT is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object. Also assume that the user will only call the constructor with real life card values and suits(i.e. A - King and Heart, Diamond, Club or Spades).

Access Routine Semantics

CardT(V, S):

- $\bullet \ \ {\rm transition} \colon val, suit := V, S$
- output: out := self
- exception: None

Value():

- ullet output: out := val
- exception: None

Suit():

- \bullet output: out := suit
- exception: None

PileADT Module

Template Module

PileT

Uses

CardT, CardTypes

Syntax

Exported Types

PileT = ?

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
PileT		PileT	
getCard	N	CardT	pile_empty
top		CardT	pile_empty
NumCards		N	
addCard	CardT		
removeTop			pile_empty

Semantics

State Variables

Cards: std::vector < CardT >

 $h: \mathbb{N}$

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

The constructor PileT is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object. The user will only be using the class' methods with realistic cards, which are valid cards in all operations.

Access Routine Semantics

PileT():

- transition: h := 0
- \bullet output: out := self
- exception: none

getCard(i):

- output: out := Cards[i]
- exception: $exc := (|Cards| = 0 \implies pile_empty)$

top():

- \bullet output: out := Cards[|Cards| 1]
- exception: $exc := (|Cards| = 0 \implies pile_empty)$

NumCards():

- output: out := h
- exception: None

$\operatorname{addCard}(\operatorname{CardT\ card})$:

- transition: Cards := Cards || < card >
- exception: None

removeTop():

- transition: Cards := Cards[0..|Cards| 2] (becomes the same vector minus the last entry)
- exception: $exc := (|Cards| = 0 \implies pile_empty)$

BoardADT Module

Template Module

BoardT

Uses

PileT, CardT, CardTypes

Syntax

Exported Types

BoardT = ?

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
BoardT	PileT	BoardT	
getPile	PileType, Z	PileT	invalid_argument
MoveCard	PileType, Z, PileType, Z		inval_arg, illegal_move, fromPile_empty
Complete		\mathbb{B}	

Semantics

State Variables

Tableaus: sequence of PileT Cells: sequence of PileT

Foundations: sequence of PileT

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

• The constructor BoardT is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor cannot be called on an existing object. If no deck is given for constructor call with deafult constructor that generates a deck automatically and distributes uniformly.

Access Routine Semantics

BoardT(deck):

- transition: $(i \in [0..52]|Tableaus[i\%8] := Tableaus[i\%8]|| < deck[|deck| i] >)$ (distributes a deck of cards evenly to each tableau)
- \bullet output: out := self
- exception: None

getPile(pType, i):

- output: $out := ((pType = Tableau \implies Tableaus[i])|$ $(pType = Cell \implies Cells[i])|$ $(pType = Foundation \implies Foundations[i]))$
- exception: exc := $((\neg (pType \in PileTypes) \implies invalid_argument)|$ $(pType = Tableau \land (i < 0 \lor i >= 8) \implies invalid_argument)|$ $((pType = Cell \lor pType = Foundation) \land (i < 0 \lor i >= 4) \implies invalid_argument))$

MoveCard(fromPile, i, ToPile, j):

 \bullet output: transition :=

caepac. cranstoten.	
from Pile = Tableau, To Pile = Tableau	moveTopTo(Tableaus[i], Tableaus[j])
from Pile = Tableau, To Pile = Cell	moveTopTo(Tableaus[i], Cells[j])
from Pile = Tableau, To Pile = Foundation	moveTopTo(Tableaus[i], Foundations[j])
from Pile = Cell, To Pile = Tableau	moveTopTo(Cells[i], Tableaus[j])
fromPile = Cell, ToPile = Cell	moveTopTo(Cells[i], Cells[j])
fromPile = Cell, ToPile = Foundation	moveTopTo(Cells[i], Foundations[j])
from Pile = Foundation, To Pile = Tableau	moveTopTo(Foundations[i], Tableaus[j])
from Pile = Foundation, To Pile = Cell	moveTopTo(Foundations[i], Cells[j])
from Pile = Foundation, To Pile = Foundation	moveTopTo(Foundations[i], Foundations[j])

• exception: exc :=

fromPile, ToPile	Condition	Exception
	fromPileEmpty(fromPile, i)	fromPile_empty
	$\neg PileTypeValid(fromPile, i) \lor \neg PileTypeValid(ToPile, j)$	invalid_argument
	$\neg indexValid(fromPile, i) \lor \neg indexValid(ToPile, j)$	invalid_argument
Tab, Tab	$\neg \operatorname{canMoveTabToTab}(i, j)$	illegal_move
Tab, Tab	$\neg \operatorname{canMoveTabToTab}(i, j)$	illegal_move
Tab, Cell	$\neg \operatorname{canMoveTabToCell}(i, j)$	illegal_move
Tab, Found	$\neg canMoveTabToFoundation(i, j)$	illegal_move
Cell, Tab	$\neg \text{canMoveCellToTab}(i, j)$	illegal_move
Cell, Cell	$\neg \text{canMoveCellToCell}(i, j)$	illegal_move
Cell, Found	\neg canMoveCellToFoundation (i, j)	illegal_move
Found, Tab	\neg canMoveFoundationToTab (i, j)	illegal_move
Found, Cell	$\neg \text{canMoveCellToCell}(i, j)$	illegal_move
Found, Found	\neg canMoveFoundationToFoundation (i, j)	illegal_move

Complete():

- output: $out := (i \in [0..3]|Foundations[i].NumCards() = 0 \implies True)$
- exception: exc := None

Local Functions

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moveTopTo: PileT x PileT \rightarrow PileT x PileT moveTopTo(fromPile, ToPile) \equiv ToPile.addCard(fromPile.top()) \rightarrow fromPile.removeTop()

Potential Moves: fromPileEmpty: PileType x \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{B} fromPileEmpty(fromPile, j) \equiv ((fromPile = Tableau \implies Tableaus[i].NumCards() = 0 \implies True))

PileTypeValid: PileType x \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{B} PileTypeValid(fromPile, j) \equiv ((fromPile = Tableau \lor fromPile = Cell \lor fromPile = Foundation))

indexValid: PileType x \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{B} indexValid(fromPile, j) \equiv ((fromPile = Tableau \land i < 0 \land i >= 8) \lor (fromPile = Cell \land i < 0 \land i >= 4) \lor (fromPile = Foundation \land i < 0 \land i >= 4) \Longrightarrow True)
```

```
canMoveTabToTab: \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{B}
canMoveTabToTab(i, j)
\equiv ((Tableaus[i].top().Value() = Tableaus[j].top().Value()-1) \land
((Tableaus[i].top().Suit() = (Heart \lor Diamond) \land Tableaus[i].top().Suit() = (Club \lor Spade)) \lor
(Tableaus[i].top().Suit() = (Club \lor Spade) \land Tableaus[j].top().Suit() = (Heart \lor Diamond)))
\implies True
canMoveTabToCell: \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{B}
canMoveTabToCell(i, j)
\equiv ((|Tableaus[i]| \neq 0 \land |Cells[j] = 0 \implies True)
can
MoveTabToFoundation: \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{B}
canMoveTabToFoundation(i, j)
\equiv ((Tableaus[i].top().Value() = Foundations[j].top().Value()+1) \land
(Tableaus[i].top().Suit() = Foundations[j].top().Suit()) \implies True)
can
MoveCellToTab: \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{B}
canMoveTabToTab(i, j)
\equiv ((|Cells[i]| = 1) \land (Cells[i].top().Value() = Tableaus[j].top().Value()-1) \land
((Cells[i].top().Suit() = (Heart \lor Diamond) \land Tableaus[j].top().Suit() = (Club \lor Spade)) \lor
(Cells[i].top().Suit() = (Club \lor Spade) \land Tableaus[j].top().Suit() = (Heart \lor Diamond)))
\implies True
can
MoveCellToCell: \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{B}
canMoveCellToCell(i, j)
\equiv ((|Cells[i]| \neq 0 \land |Cells[j] = 0 \implies True)
can
MoveCellToFoundation: \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{B}
canMoveCellToFoundation(i, j)
\equiv ((Cells[i].top().Value() = Foundations[j].top().Value()+1) \land
(Cells[i].top().Suit() = Foundations[j].top().Suit()) \implies True)
can Move Foundation To Tab: \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{B}
canMoveTabToTab(i, j)
\equiv ((|Foundations[i]| = 1) \land (Foundations[i].top().Value() = Tableaus[j].top().Value()-1)
((Foundations[i].top().Suit() = (Heart \vee Diamond) \wedge Tableaus[j].top().Suit() = (Club \vee Iableaus[i].top().Suit())
Spade))\vee
(Foundations[i].top().Suit() = (Club \lor Spade) \land Tableaus[j].top().Suit() = (Heart \lor Diamond)))
\implies True
```

```
\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{canMoveFoundationToCell:} \ \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{B} \\ & \operatorname{canMoveCellToCell}(i,j) \\ & \equiv ((|Foundations[i]| \neq 0 \land |Cells[j] = 0 \implies True) \\ & \operatorname{canMoveFoundationToFoundation:} \ \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{B} \\ & \operatorname{canMoveFoundationToFoundation}(i,j) \\ & \equiv ((Foundations[i].\operatorname{top}().\operatorname{Value}() = Foundations[j].\operatorname{top}().\operatorname{Value}() + 1) \land \\ & (Foundations[i].\operatorname{top}().\operatorname{Suit}() = Foundations[j].\operatorname{top}().\operatorname{Suit}()) \implies True) \end{aligned}
```