

Low Level Design Document (HLD) Crop Production Analysis in INDIA

Author: Dibyendu Biswas.

Version: 1.0

Last Revised Date: 22-Feb-2023



Document Version Control:

Date Issued	Version	Description	Author
20-Feb-2023	1.0	First Version of Complete LLD	Dibyendu Biswas

Reviews:

Version	Date	Review	Comments

Approval Status:

Version	Review Date	Review By	Approved By	Comments



Contents:

1.	. Introduction 0			
	I.	Why this Low-Level Design Document?	04	
	II.	Scope	04	
		•		
2.	Gene	eral Descriptions	05-06	
	I.	Product Prospective	O5	
	II.	Problem Statement		
	III.	Data Collection Strategy	06	
	IV.	Data Descriptions	06	
	V.	Tools used		
	VI.			
3	Design Details 07-0			
	I.	Life Cycle of this Project		
	II.	Detailed Architecture		
	III.	Functions Design		
		8		
4.	Depl	oyment	09-10	
	I.	Load the Dataset in Power BI	09	
	II.	Create an interactive Dashboard	09	
	III.	Publish to Power BI account	10	
	IV.	Create the embedded code	10	
	V.	Share the Public link to Client	10	



Introduction:

Why this Low-Level Design Document:

The Low-level document is to give the internal logic design of the code for the Black Friday Sales Prediction dashboard. LDD describes the class diagrams with the methods and relations between classes and programs specification. It describes the modules so that the person can directly code the program from the document.

It gives the person a complete overview about the whole project, which helps to understand the step-by-step process how to proceed the project and complete it.

Scope:

Low-level design (LLD) is a component-level design process that follows a step-by-step refinement process. The process can be used for designing data structures, required software architecture, source code and ultimately, performance algorithms. Overall, the data organization may be defined during requirement analysis and then refined during data design work



General Descriptions:

Product Perspective:

Crop production is one of the fundamental branches of agriculture. Crop production is the basis for providing the livestock industry with feed, and the population with food. Also, crop products are used in many industries as raw materials of plant origin, such as food, textile, pharmaceutical, fuel and others.

Crop production is a branch of agriculture, which includes the cultivation of crops in field cultivation, vegetable growing, fruit growing, etc. This industry gives necessary food. Consumer goods manufacturing and food industries gets raw materials. Livestock industry, in turn, uses by-products such as straw, silage, and food industry waste.



Agricultural enterprises have a powerful production potential, despite the difficult conditions of production, caused by high prices for production resources, low attractiveness of rural areas, and difficulties in obtaining loans.

This is mainly explained by the fact that domestic producers produce environmentally friendly products, while the production of products uses a minimum number of preservatives. These circumstances create a demand for agricultural products. Moreover, now the demand for farm agricultural products, as products produced in natural conditions, is growing.

Thus, the transition to sustainable economic growth and further improvement of the organization of crop production is impossible without promoting the use of science, technology and innovations. For an individual choice of the necessary implementations, an in-depth study of the actual processes of production of the product, its nature, orientation and dynamics, is necessary.

This analysis helps you understand the overall crop production State/UT wise in several seasons, average annual growth of major crops, year wise damage crop, import-export of crop and pattern of land utilization; and this analysis helps you to take future business decision.



Problem Statements:

- This dataset provides a huge amount of information on crop production in India ranging from several years. Based on the Information the ultimate goal would be to predict crop production and find important insights highlighting key indicators and metrics that influence the crop production.
- Make Reports and dashboards first.
- Make a story out of it.

Data Collection Strategy:

In this "Crop Production Analysis in INDIA" project, I collect data from Indian Gov. data (data.gov.in) and year wise production data that was provided by iNeuron.

Data Descriptions:

This data has 246092 rows and 7 columns.

Categorical features are: <u>state name</u>, <u>district name</u>, <u>crop and season</u>.

Numerical features are: crop year, area, production

- state_name: mention the state name(s),
- **district_name:** mention the district name(s) state wise,
- **crop_year:** mention the year of crop production,
- season: mention the season (in which season crop will produce),
- **crop:** mention the crop category,
- area: mention the area unit in hector,
- **production:** mention the production unit in quintals.

Tool Used:

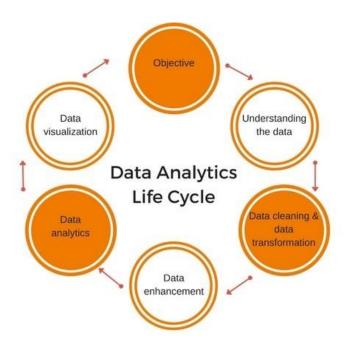
- I have used Business Intelligence tool i.e., MS Excel and Power BI.
- MS Excel, MySQL DB is used for data.
- Jupyter Notebook helps to load and find missing data, etc.





Design Details:

Life Cycle of this Project:

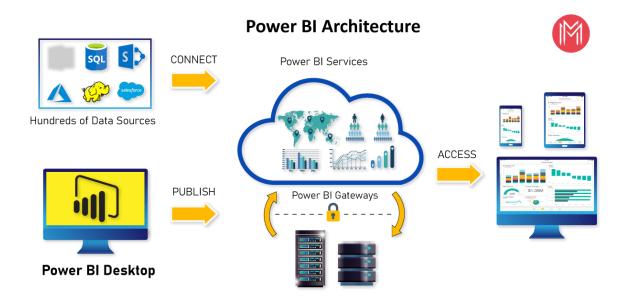


- Objective: Understanding the Business is most important think, in this phase Business
 Analyst can help to provide the detail key factors of this project and then you can
 decide your main objective. Here the main objective of the "Crop Production
 Analysis" project is to creating Reports and Dashboard.
- **Collecting Data:** Based on Business requirements you need to collect the data from various APIs, Open-Source Datasets, Internal Databases etc.
- Understanding Data: Understanding of Data is one of the most of important think before start to create the Reports & Dashboard.
- **Data Cleaning & Transformation:** Data cleaning is the process that removes data that does not belong in your dataset. Data transformation is the process of converting data from one format or structure into another.
- **Data Enhancement:** "Data Enhancement" is a process that involves adding new data elements to an existing Dataset.
- Data Visualization: Data visualization is the graphical representation of information and data. By using visual elements like charts, graphs, and maps, data visualization tools provide an accessible way to see and understand trends, outliers, and patterns in data.
- **Data Analytics:** After visualization data, we create the multiple Reports for analysis the data.

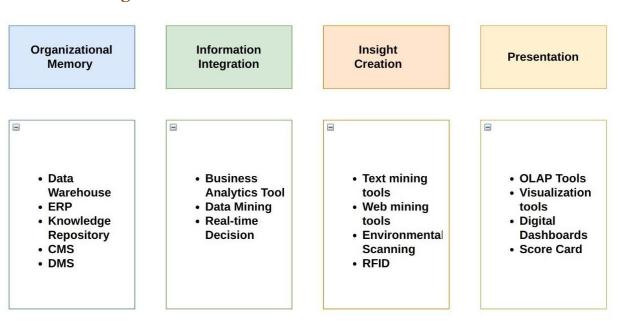


Detailed Architecture:

Detailed Architecture means, Architecture of Power BI.



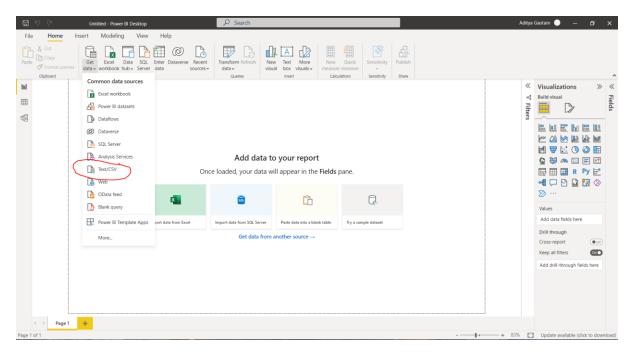
Function Design:



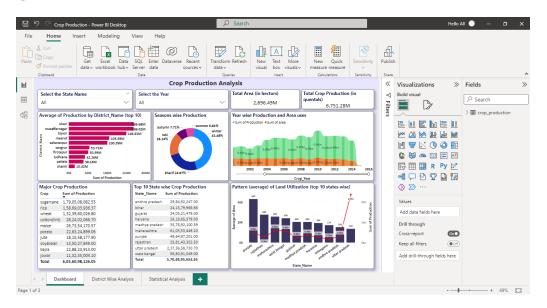


Deployment:

Load Dataset in Power BI:

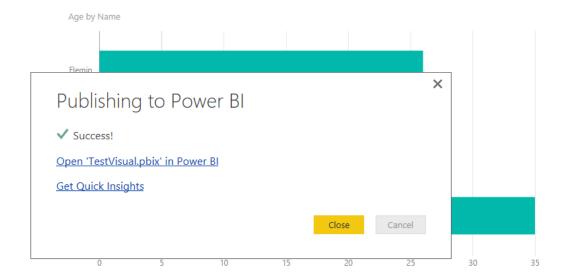


Create an Interactive Dashboard:





Publish to Power BI Account:



Create the Embedded Code:

pass.

Share the Public link to Client:

pass.