# Where is my URI?

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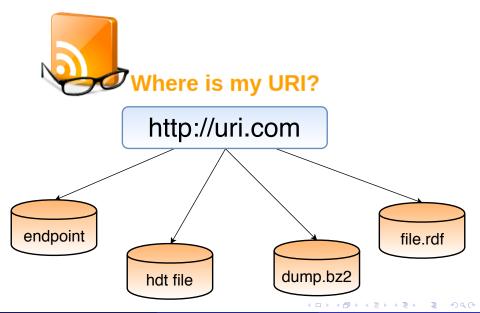






## Outline

- Motivation
- Approach
- Use cases
- Experimental setup
- Statistics about Datasets
- Conclusions and Future work



## Data from the URI

• Problems to obtain data from a URI.

#### Data from the URI

Problems to obtain data from a URI.

#### **URI** dataset

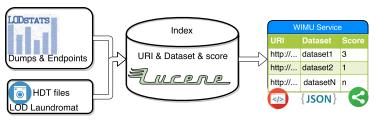
• Which dataset the URI was defined?

## Example: http://dbpedia.org/resource/Leipzig DBpedia **Obvious** Not so http://citeseer.rkbexplorer.com/id/resource-CS116606 km.aifb.kit.edu obvious No dataset http://quotationsbook.com/author/59

#### Goal

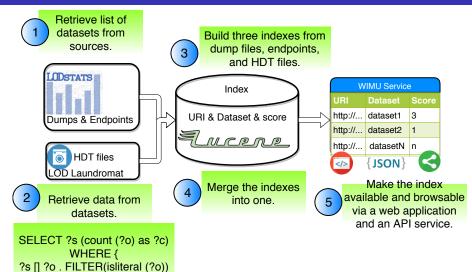
Indexing URIs and their use in order to let Linked Data consumers find the respective RDF data source.

Rank the datasets proportionally to the number of literals.



Keeping the provenance of the URI.

#### Steps to create the index



} GROUP BY ?s

The power of Literals

#### The heuristic

- The raw data that can disambiguate a URI node in the most direct way.
- The semantic web architecture expects that datasets reusing a URI only refer to it without defining more literal values.

# $\mathsf{Approach}^{\mathsf{l}}$

The interface (Web and Json)

# Where is my URI?

http://dbpedia.org/resource/Leipzig	5		Find Datasets	
Dataset	Literals	HDT	Original file	CBD
http://downloads.dbpedia.org/2016-10/core-i18n/en/infobox_properties_en.ttl.bz2	236	=		<b>ॐ</b>
http://gaia.infor.uva.es/hdt/dbpedia2015.hdt.gz	165	=		<b>ॐ</b>
http://km.aifb.kit.edu/projects/btc-2009/btc-2009-chunk-061.gz	142	PO0		<b>ॐ</b>
http://data.dws.informatik.uni-mannheim.de/dbpedia/2014/en/infobox_properties_unredirected_en.nq.bz2	124	P <sub>O</sub> O		<b>ॐ</b>
http://data.dws.informatik.uni-mannheim.de/dbpedia/2014/en/infobox_properties_en.nq.bz2	124	DOG		<b>₩</b>

curl "http://wimu.aksw.org/Find?top=5&uri=http://dbpedia.org/resource/Leipzig"

[{"dataset":"http://downloads.dbpedia.org/2016-10/core-i18n/en/infobox\_properties\_en.ttl.bz2","CountLiteral":"236"), {"dataset":"http://gaia.infor.uva.es/hdt/dbpedia2015.hdt.gz","CountLiteral":"165"},

("dataset":"http://download.lodlaundromat.org/a9dabf348fd6262edfbbcf7256b0f839?type=hdt","CountLiteral":"142"}, ("dataset":"http://download.lodlaundromat.org/dde1dcc095b38a1b65ebfbc7696d7998?type=hdt","CountLiteral":"124" Service: https://wimu.aksw.org/Find

Parameter	Default	Description
top	0	Top ocurrences of the datasets.
uri	-	URI expected to search.
link	-	URL from a linkset.
cbd	-	The URI that will origin the CBD
ds	-	URL to download the dataset.

Examples

## Single URI, top 5 datasets

```
https://wimu.aksw.org/Find?top=5&uri=http://dbpedia.org/resource/Leipzig
```

#### Linkset

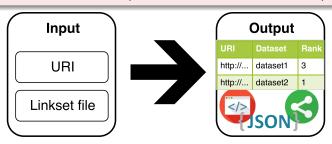
```
https://wimu.aksw.org/Find?link=http://www.linklion.org/download/mapping/sws.geonames.org---purl.org.nt
```

### **CBD**

```
https://wimu.aksw.org/Find?cbd=http:
//dbpedia.org/resource/Leipzig&ds=http://download.
lodlaundromat.org/a9dabf348fd6262edfbbcf7256b0f839?type=hdt
```

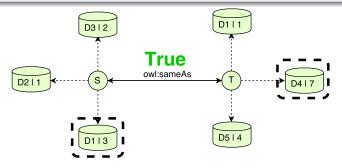
#### Relevant points

- Rank the datasets from LODStats and LODLaundromat using a score function.
- is able to process linksets (more than one URI per request).



## Data quality in Link Repositories

- Regenerate mappings using the CBDs to reapply link discovery algorithms in order to validate the mappings.
- Part of LinkLion 2.0

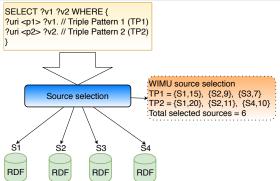


### Use cases

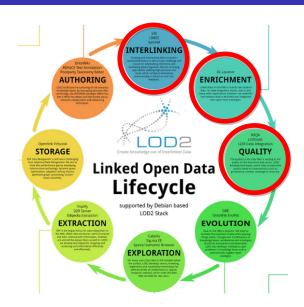
Why do we need to know the URI Dataset?

## Federated Query Processing

- Query planning and Source (dataset) selection.
- WIMU will find relevant sources against the individual triple patterns of a given SPARQL query.



### Use cases



# Experimental Setup

- Creation of the index: 3 days and 7 hours.
- Hardware: 64 CPU cores, 126 GB RAM, 2 TB hard disk.



## Statistics about Datasets

Not all datasets are ready to use

	LOD Laundromat	LODStats	Total
URIs indexed	4,185,133,445	31,121,342	4,216,254,787
Datasets checked	658,206	9,960	668,166
Triples processed	19,891,702,202	38,606,408,854	58,498,111,056

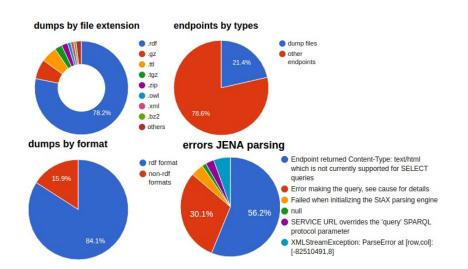
#### **LODS**tats

- 60% offline, 14% empty.
- 8% triples with literals as objects are blank nodes.
- 35% online datasets present some error using Jena.
- 69.8% datasets with parser errors.

#### LODLaundromat

• 2.3% parsing errors. 99% indexed by WIMU.

## Statistics about Datasets



## Conclusions and Future work

- A regularly updated database index of more than 660K datasets from LODStats and LODLaundromat.
- An efficient service on the web that inform which dataset most likely defines a URI.
- Various statistics of datasets indexed from LODStats and LODLaundromat.
- Future work: Integrate the second version of LINKLION.
- http://www.linklion.org



# Thanks! Questions?





Holistic Benchmarking of Big Linked Data

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