



MU Test Plan — Test 9 (Breaking Degeneracy in Action Costs)

Goal

- To test whether the **β -threshold behavior** reappears when the two paths no longer have equal action costs.
- This will confirm whether degeneracy is what allowed multi-dimensional coexistence in Test 8.

Parameters

- $\hbar = 0.1$ (fixed)
- $\gamma = 1.0$ (baseline)
- Paths:
 - Slow path: $r_{\text{slow}}(t) = 0.25 \cdot t$ (same as before)
 - Fast path: **modified tilt** $\rightarrow r_{\text{fast}}(t) = 0.6 + 0.35 \cdot t$ (larger slope)
 - This makes $Q_{\text{fast}} > Q_{\text{slow}}$ (so action cost is strictly higher).
- $\beta = [8.0 \rightarrow 10.0, \text{step}=0.25]$
- Selector: $T(r) = 1/(1+|r-r_c|)$, $r_c = 0.25$

Predictions

- **Slow path (lower Q):** should regain its clean survival threshold at $\beta \approx 9$.
- **Fast path (higher Q):**
 - Likely suppressed completely, never crossing survival threshold.
 - If it survives at all, it will be much weaker than slow.
- If true, this means:
 - Degeneracy ($Q_{\text{slow}} = Q_{\text{fast}}$) \rightarrow **multi-dimensional coexistence**.
 - Non-degeneracy ($Q_{\text{slow}} < Q_{\text{fast}}$) \rightarrow **unique selection** dominated by slow.

What We're Looking For

- Does w_{slow} explode at $\beta \approx 9$, while w_{fast} stays suppressed?
- Is the phase-transition sharp again (like in Test 7)?
- This would validate that MU allows **branch multiplicity only under degeneracy**, but collapses when a clear winner exists.

