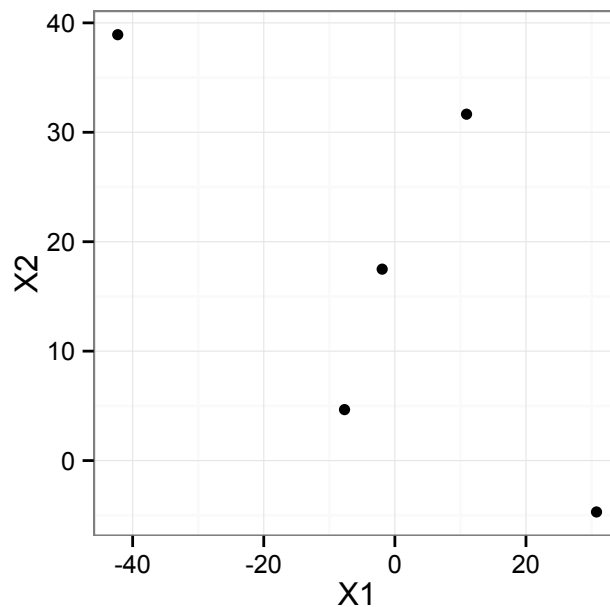


1. (5 pts) For the following data matrix,

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 32 \\ 31 & -5 \\ -2 & 17 \\ -8 & 5 \\ -42 & 39 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) (1) How many cases are there? \_\_\_\_
- (b) (1) How many variables are there? \_\_\_\_
- (c) (1) Compute the multivariate mean, and write it in vector notation.
- (d) (1) Compute the Euclidean distance between cases 1 and 2? \_\_\_\_
- (e) (1) A scatterplot of the data is drawn below. Plot the mean of the data on this graph.

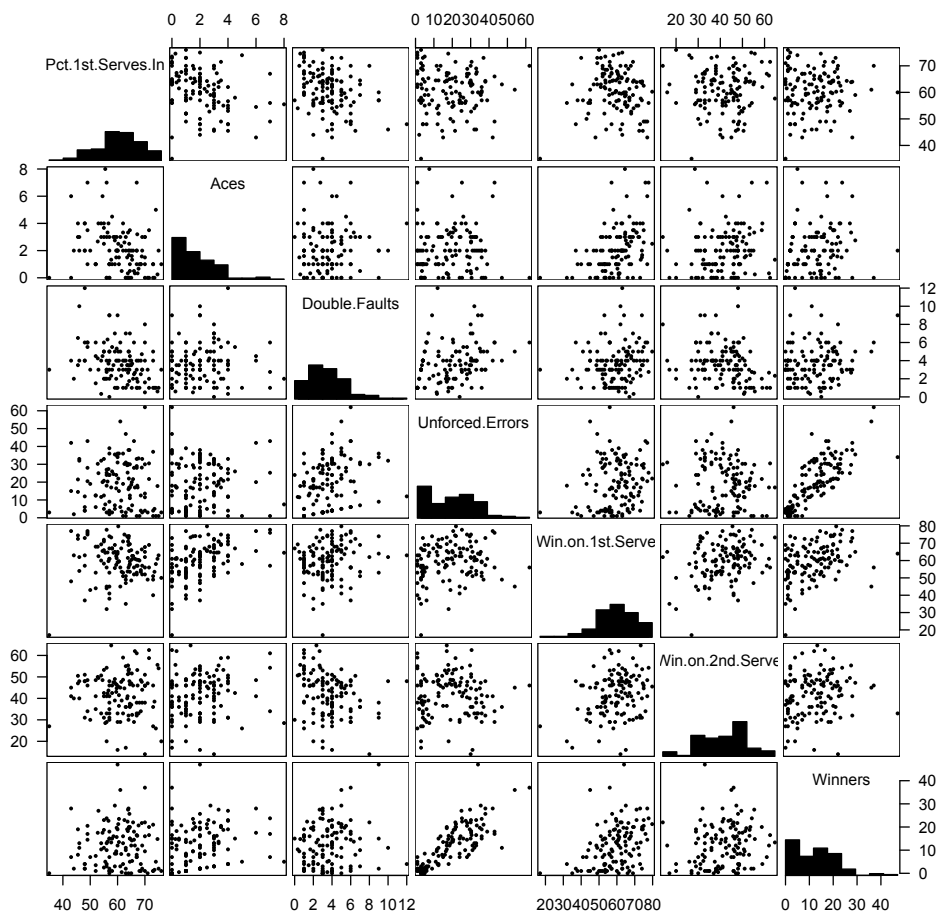


2. (3 pts) **T** or **F**.

- (a) (1) If the variables in a data matrix are standardized the correlation matrix will change. \_\_\_\_
- (b) (1) If the covariance is 0, then all of the data values of the two variables are exactly the same. \_\_\_\_
- (c) (1) When there are values missing for a pair of variables, using the mean of the complete cases to impute the missing values will probably reduce the correlation between the two variables. \_\_\_\_

3. (2pts) Below there are two pieces, from an analysis of tennis statistics, a correlation matrix and a scatterplot matrix. The variables are in the same order for each summary.

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.00 & -0.28 & -0.32 & -0.03 & -0.06 & 0.02 & 0.03 \\ -0.28 & 1.00 & 0.05 & 0.06 & 0.45 & 0.13 & 0.21 \\ -0.32 & 0.05 & 1.00 & 0.29 & 0.15 & -0.23 & 0.17 \\ -0.03 & 0.06 & 0.29 & 1.00 & 0.17 & -0.03 & 0.81 \\ -0.06 & 0.45 & 0.15 & 0.17 & 1.00 & 0.28 & 0.38 \\ 0.02 & 0.13 & -0.23 & -0.03 & 0.28 & 1.00 & 0.17 \\ 0.03 & 0.21 & 0.17 & 0.81 & 0.38 & 0.17 & 1.00 \end{bmatrix}$$



- (a) (1) Which two variables have the strongest correlation? \_\_\_\_\_
- (b) (1) What is the correlation between Aces and Double.Faults? \_\_\_\_\_