TUMBLR SHIT

DIDIGODOT

(1)
$$K = -\frac{1}{2}U_g$$

Proof.

$$K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}m(\frac{2\pi r}{T})^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}m(\frac{2\pi r}{2\pi r\sqrt{\frac{r}{GM}}})^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\frac{GMm}{r}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}(-\frac{GMm}{r})$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}U_g$$

(2) Vector triple product:
$$(a \times b) \times c = b(a \cdot c) - c(a \cdot b)$$

Proof.

$$(r^{'}\times r^{''})\times r^{'}=(r^{'}\cdot r^{'})r^{''}-(r^{'}\cdot r^{''})\times r^{'}$$

(3) "Integration by Differentiation"

2 DIDIGODOT

Proof.

$$\int x^n ln^2(x) dx$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial n} x^n = x^n ln(x)$$

$$\int x^n dx = \frac{1}{n+1}$$

$$\int x^n ln(x) dx = -\frac{1}{(n+1)^2}$$

$$\int x^n ln^2(x) dx = \frac{2}{(n+1)^3}$$