

Miking Tutorial

Making Your Own DSL

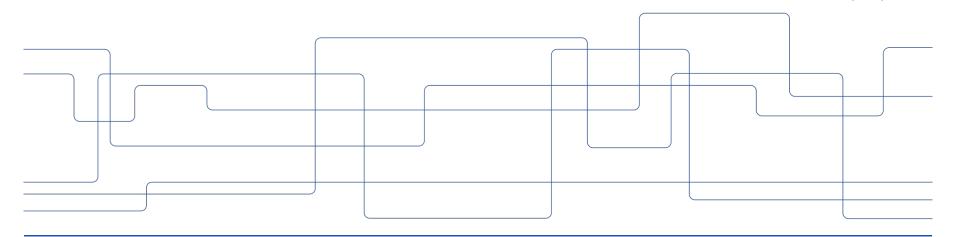








Vetenskapsrådet (VR)





Tutorial Overview

The components of a language

type, prod, precedence, ...

Syntax for calc (code-along)

writing a .syn, parsing

Ordinary differential equations

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Tasks

making a DSL for ODEs



Named token kinds

Literals (keywords, symbols, etc.)

Manually implemented in MCore

Already implemented and available in tutorial:

Ex: UIdent, Integer, String

Ex: "let", "(", "-"

token UName {...}

LIdent, UIdent, Float, Integer, String

Syntactic types ("non-terminals")

Expr, Stmt, Type, Pat

Example

```
type Expr {
  grouping = "(" ")",
}
```

Generates language fragments

```
lang ExampleBase =
   syn Expr =
   ...
end
```



Productions (Essentials)

Semantic units of your language

Example

Generates a language fragment

```
If, Plus, Int
```

```
prod If: Expr =
   "if" c:Expr "then" t:Expr
   ("else" e:Expr)? "end"
```



Productions (Good to Know, pt 1)

Regex-like

Automatic AST based on types

field_name:T

...and possible appearances

```
|, ?, +, *, (), empty
```

```
type T -> T
token T -> {v:T,i:Info}
literal "." -> Info
```



Productions (Good to Know, pt 2)

Nested structure with records

Example

Resulting record

```
{ info:Info
, f:Expr
, args:
  [{v:Name,t:Type}]
}
```

```
field:{inner:Expr ...}

prod FnDecl: Expr = f:LIdent "("
  (args:{v:LName ":" t:Type}
   ("," args:{v:LName ":" t:Type}
  )*
```



Precedence et al. (Essentials)

```
prod Add: Expr = left:Expr "+" right:Expr
Syntactic sugar
                  infix Add: Expr = "+"
                  infix <u>left</u> Add: Expr = "+"
Associativity
                  precedence {
Precedence
                    Add Sub;
                    Equal NotEqual;
```



Precedence et al. (Good to Know)

```
precedence {
                               precedence {
 Add Sub;
                                 Add Sub;
  Equal NotEqual;
                                 ~Equal NotEqual;
} except {
  Equal ? NotEqual;
```

$$a + b == c$$
 Unambiguous

$$(a + b) == c$$

$$a == (b != c)$$



Live-coding!

