Assignment #3

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1 Polymorphic behaviour

Prove that for any closed term f of type $\forall \alpha. \forall \beta. \alpha \rightarrow (\alpha \uplus \beta)$ and for any closed types τ_1, τ_2 value $v : \tau_1$, we have $f \tau_1 \tau_2 v \leadsto^* inl v$

Assuming:

$\Delta, \Gamma \vDash f : \forall \alpha. \forall \beta. \alpha \to (\alpha \uplus \beta)$	HP1
$\Delta \vdash au_1$	HP2
$\Delta \vdash au_2$	HP3
$\vdash v: au_1$	HP4

Prove:

$$f \tau_1 \tau_2 v \leadsto^* inl v$$
 THS

by HP1 w.h.
$$\forall \delta \in D[\Delta], \forall \gamma \in G[\Gamma]^{\delta}, f\gamma \delta \in \mathcal{E}[\forall \alpha. \forall \beta. \alpha \to (\alpha \uplus \beta)]^{\delta}$$

by def. of \mathcal{E} w.h. $\exists v_1. f\gamma \delta \leadsto^* v_1$ and $v_1 \in \mathcal{V}[\forall \alpha. \forall \beta. \alpha \to (\alpha \uplus \beta)]^{\delta}$
by def. of \mathcal{V} w.h. $v_1 \equiv \Lambda \alpha. t$ and $\forall \tau'. \forall S \in \text{semty}(\tau'). t[\tau'/\alpha] \in \mathcal{E}[\forall \beta. \alpha \to (\alpha \uplus \beta)]^{\alpha \mapsto \tau', S}$
by HP2 pick $\tau' = \tau_1, S = \{v\}$
by def. of \mathcal{E} w.h. $\exists v_2. t[\tau'/\alpha] \leadsto^* v_2$ and $v_2 \in \mathcal{V}[\forall \beta. \alpha \to (\alpha \uplus \beta)]^{\alpha \mapsto \tau_1, \{v\}}$
by def. of \mathcal{V} w.h. $v_2 \equiv \Lambda \beta. t'$ and $\forall \tau''. \forall S' \in \text{semty}(\tau''). t'[\tau''/\beta] \in \mathcal{E}[\alpha \to (\alpha \uplus \beta)]^{\delta'}$
by def. of \mathcal{E} w.h. $\exists v_3. t'[\tau'/\beta] \leadsto^* v_3$ and $v_3 \in \mathcal{V}[\alpha \to (\alpha \uplus \beta)]^{\delta'}$
by def. of \mathcal{V} w.h. $v_3 \equiv \lambda x : \alpha. t''$ and $\forall v_4$. if $v_4 \in \mathcal{V}[\alpha]^{\delta'}$ then $t''[v_4/x] \in \mathcal{E}[\alpha \uplus \beta]^{\delta'}$
by def. of \mathcal{V} w.h. $v_3 \equiv \lambda x : \alpha. t''$ and $\forall v_4$. if $v_4 \in \{v\}$ then $t''[v_4/x] \in \mathcal{E}[\alpha \uplus \beta]^{\delta'}$
by def. of \mathcal{E} w.h. $\exists v_5. t''[v/x] \leadsto^* v_5$ and $v_5 \in \mathcal{V}[\alpha \uplus \beta]^{\delta'}$
by def. of \mathcal{E} w.h. $\exists v_5. t''[v/x] \leadsto^* v_5$ and $v_5 \in \mathcal{V}[\alpha \uplus \beta]^{\delta'}$
by def. of \mathcal{V} w.h. $v_7 \equiv \lambda x : \alpha x t'' v_8 = \lambda x : \alpha x t''$

by no val in \emptyset w.h. $v_5 \equiv inl v_{\square}$

Free Theorems $\mathbf{2}$

$$\not\exists t. \emptyset; \emptyset \vdash t : \forall \alpha. \forall \beta. \beta \rightarrow \alpha(THM)$$

Proof by contradiction. We assume that \emptyset ; $\emptyset \vdash t : \forall \alpha. \forall \beta. \beta \rightarrow \alpha$.

By semantic soundness w.h. \emptyset ; $\emptyset \models t : \forall \alpha. \forall \beta. \beta \rightarrow \alpha$

By semantic typing w.h. $t \in \mathcal{E}[\forall \alpha. \forall \beta. \beta \rightarrow \alpha]$

By definition of \mathcal{E} w.h. $\exists v.t \rightsquigarrow^* v$ and $v \in \mathcal{V}[\forall \alpha. \forall \beta. \beta \rightarrow \alpha]$

By definition of \mathcal{V}_{\forall} w.h. $v \equiv \Lambda \alpha.t_1$ and $\forall \tau', \forall S \in \text{SemTy}(\tau').t_1[\tau'/\alpha] \in \mathcal{E}[\forall \beta.\beta \rightarrow \alpha]^{\alpha \mapsto \tau', S}$ pick $S = \emptyset$

By definition of \mathcal{E} w.h. $\exists v_1.t_1[\tau'/\alpha] \leadsto^* v_1$ and $v_1 \in \mathcal{V}[\forall \beta.\beta \to \alpha]^{\alpha \mapsto \tau',\emptyset}$

By definition of \mathcal{V}_{\forall} w.h. $v_1 \equiv \Lambda \beta.t_2$ and $\forall \tau$ ", $\forall S' \in \operatorname{SemTy}(\tau)$ ". $t_2[\tau]/\beta \in \mathcal{E}[\beta \to \alpha] \xrightarrow{\beta \mapsto \tau} S' \delta$

By definition of \mathcal{E} w.h. $\exists v_2.t_2[\tau^*/\beta] \leadsto^* v_2$ and $v_2 \in \mathcal{V}[\beta \to \alpha]^{\delta}$

by definition of \mathcal{V}_{\to} w.h. $v_2 \equiv \lambda x : \beta . t_3$ and $\forall v_3$. if $v_3 \in \mathcal{V}[\beta]^{\delta}$ then $t_3[v_3/x] \in \mathcal{E}[\alpha]^{\delta}$

by definition of \mathcal{E} w.h. $\exists v_4.t_3[v_3/x] \leadsto^* v_4$ and $v_4 \in \mathcal{V}[\alpha]$

by definition of \mathcal{V}_{α} w.h. $v_4 \in \emptyset$. Contradiction

3 A Register Machine Language

$$\begin{split} t ::= & r := n \\ & | sum \ r \ r \\ & | sub \ r \ r \\ & | cmp \ r \ r \\ & | jmp \ r \\ & | jiz \ r \\ & | jeq \ r \\ r ::= & ar|br|cr|dr|er|fr|gr|hr \\ & | ir|jr|kr|lr|mr|nr|or \\ C ::= & \emptyset|C, \mathbb{N} \mapsto t \\ F ::= & \emptyset|F, \mathbb{N} \mapsto b \\ R ::= & \emptyset|R, r \mapsto \mathbb{N} \end{split}$$

Judgement:

$$n; C; R; F \Rightarrow n; C; R; F$$

Codebase, registers, and flags:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \frac{C=C',n\mapsto t}{C(n)=t} & \frac{R=R',r\mapsto n}{R(r)=n} & \frac{F=F',n\mapsto B}{F(n)=B} \\ \\ \frac{C=C',n'\mapsto - C'(n)=t}{C(n)=t} & \frac{R=R',r'\mapsto - R'(r)=n}{R(r)=n} & \frac{F=F',n'\mapsto - F'(n)=B}{F(n)=B} \end{array}$$

Rules:

$$\frac{C(n) = r_1 := n_1 \quad R' = R, r_1 \mapsto n_1 \quad n' = n + 1}{n; C; R; F \Rightarrow n'; C; R'; F} \text{load}$$

$$\frac{C(n) = sum \ r_1 \ r_2 \ R(r_1) = n_1 \ R(r_2) = n_2 \ R' = R, r_1 \mapsto n_1 + n_2 \ n' = n + 1}{n; C; R; F \Rightarrow n'; C; R'; F} \text{sum}$$

$$\frac{C(n) = sub \ r_1 \ r_2 \ R(r_1) = n_1 \ R(r_2) = n_2 \ R' = R, r_1 \mapsto n_1 - n_2 \ n' = n + 1 \ F' = F, 0 \mapsto n_2 > n_1}{n; C; R; F \Rightarrow n'; C; R'; F'} \text{sub}$$

$$\frac{C(n) = sub \ r_1 \ r_2 \ R(r_1) = n_1 \ R(r_2) = n_2 \ F' = F, 1 \mapsto n_1 = n_2 \ n' = n + 1}{n; C; R; F \Rightarrow n'; C; R; F'} \text{cmp}$$

$$\frac{C(n) = sub \ r_1 \ r_2 \ R(r_1) = n_1 \ R(r_1) = n_1 \ n' = n_1}{n; C; R; F \Rightarrow n'; C; R; F} \text{jmp}$$

$$\frac{C(n) = sub \ r_1 \ R(r_1) = n_1 \ r_1 = n_1 \ r_2 = n_1}{n; C; R; F \Rightarrow n'; C; R; F} \text{jmp}$$

$$\frac{C(n) = sub \ r_1 \ R(r_1) = n_1 \ r_2 = n_1 \ r_2 = n_1}{n; C; R; F \Rightarrow n'; C; R; F} \text{jmp}$$

4 From the Register Machine to an Assembly Language

$$\begin{split} t ::= & r := n \\ & | sum \ r \ r \\ & | sub \ r \ r \\ & | cmp \ r \ r \\ & | jmp \ r \\ & | jiz \ r \\ & | jeq \ r \\ & | read \ r \ r \\ & | write \ r \ r \\ & r ::= & ar|br|cr|dr|er|fr|gr|hr \\ & | ir|jr|kr|lr|mr|nr|or \\ C ::= & \emptyset|C, \mathbb{N} \mapsto t \\ F ::= & \emptyset|F, \mathbb{N} \mapsto b \\ R ::= & \emptyset|R, r \mapsto \mathbb{N} \\ M ::= & \emptyset|M, \mathbb{N} \mapsto \mathbb{N} \end{split}$$

Judgement:

$$n;C;R;F;M \rightrightarrows n;C;R;F;M$$

Codebase, registers, flags, and memory:

Rules:

$$\frac{C(n)=r_1:=n_1\quad R'=R,r_1\mapsto n_1\quad n'=n+1}{n;C;R;F;M\rightrightarrows n';C;R';F;M}\mathrm{load}$$

$$\frac{C(n) = sum \ r_1 \ r_2 \ R(r_1) = n_1 \ R(r_2) = n_2 \ R' = R, r_1 \mapsto n_1 + n_2 \ n' = n + 1}{n; C; R; F; M \Rightarrow n'; C; R'; F; M} \text{sum}$$

$$\frac{C(n) = sub \ r_1 \ r_2 \ R(r_1) = n_1 \ R(r_2) = n_2 \ R' = R, r_1 \mapsto n_1 - n_2 \ n' = n + 1 \ F' = F, 0 \mapsto n_2 > n_1}{n; C; R; F; M \Rightarrow n'; C; R'; F'; M} \\ \text{sub}$$

$$\frac{C(n) = cmp \ r_1 \ r_2 \ R(r_1) = n_1 \ R(r_2) = n_2 \ F' = F, 1 \mapsto n_1 == n_2 \ n' = n+1}{n; C; R; F; M \Rightarrow n'; C; R; F'; M} \\ \text{cmp}$$

$$\frac{C(n) = jmp \ r_1 \quad R(r_1) = n_1 \quad n' = n_1}{n; C; R; F; M \Rightarrow n'; C; R; F; M} \text{jmp}$$

$$\frac{C(n)=jiz\ r_1\quad R(r_1)=n_1\quad F(1)=b\quad n'=\text{ if } b\text{ then } n_1\text{ else } n+1}{n;C;R;F;M\rightrightarrows n';C;R;F;M}\text{jiz}$$

$$\frac{C(n)=jeq\ r_1\quad R(r_1)=n_1\quad F(0)=b\quad n'=\ \text{if}\ b\ \text{then}\ n_1\ \text{else}\ n+1}{n;C;R;F;M\rightrightarrows n';C;R;F;M} \text{jeq}$$

$$\frac{C(n)=read\ r_1\ r_2\quad R(r_2)=n_2\quad M(n_2)=n"\quad R'=R, r_1\mapsto n"\quad n'=n+1}{n;C;R;F;M\rightrightarrows n';C;R';F;M} \mathrm{read}$$

$$C(n) = write \ r_1 \ r_2 \quad R(r_1) = n_1 \quad R(r_2) = n_2 \quad M' = M, n_1 \mapsto n_2 \quad n' = n+1$$
 write $n; C; R; F; M \Rightarrow n'; C; R; F; M'$