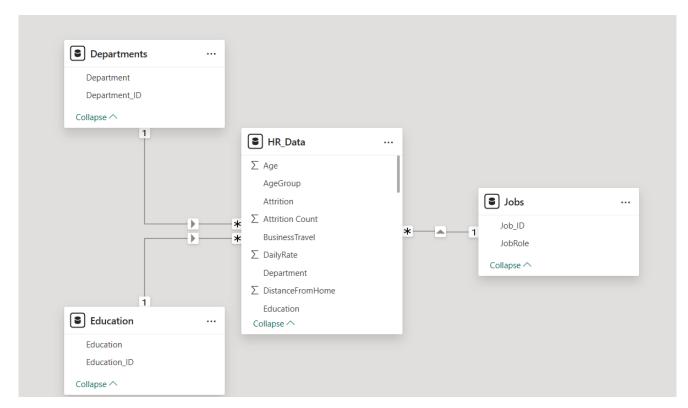


Data Analytics Dashboard Process



This HR Analytics dashboard provides a comprehensive view of workforce size and attrition, segmented by education, age, salary, and job role. The underlying data model consists of four tables:

- Three dimensional tables detailing departments, education, and job roles.
- One fact table containing the core HR data.

The screenshot on the left-hand side illustrates the Power BI model view where these tables are connected to create a unified dataset for analysis.

1 211 1156 A Sort Ascending 2 111 73 1012 3 211 4 211 411 5 111 405 Remove Empty 6 311 614 Text Filters 7 211 1839 33 8 111 1368 Search 9 311 167 (Select All) 10 211 1248 "Female 11 111 1269 Female 12 211 201 13 411 566 14 611 959 A List may be incomplete. Load more 15 111 243 16 111 1193 Cancel 17 411 235 100 18 111 4 "Female" 657 19 211 1016 4 Female 20 411 960 1 Male 21 111 137 4 "Female" 22 211 701 4 Male 32 23 111 1198 1 Male 24 311 3 Male 43 1226 25 311 1077 4 Female 26 211 922 3 "Female"

▼ 1²₃ EnvironmentSatisfaction

▼ 123 JobInvolvement

▼ 1²₃ JobLevel

Data Cleaning in Power Query

In the screenshot below from the Power Query Editor, you can see the raw data before any transformations. Notice that the "Gender" column, which should ideally only contain "female" and "male", shows four different values due to typos and data inconsistencies. To ensure that our analysis is accurate and reliable, I standardized the column, consolidating it to just the two correct values. At the same time, I'm checking each column and each data type to make sure that they match, meaning if a column has a date its data type should be a date, if it has numbers then the data type should be a number and so on and so forth.

This essential data cleaning step not only improves data quality but also sets the foundation for the insightful visualizations in our HR analytics dashboard.

As you can see in the next two screenshots, many columns had text within a numeric data type column, which is going to cause issues down the line, so before I could assign the numeric data type to these columns, I had to clean them up by replacing the "None", with a numeric value (0).

Before:



After:

| ∃. | ▼ ABC 123 StockOptionLevel | ABC TotalW | orkingYears 🔻 ABC Training | gTimesLastYear 🔻 1.2 WorkLife | Balance ABC YearsAtC | ompany 🔻 ABC YearsInCo | urrentRole ABC YearsSince | LastPromotion |
|----|-------------------------------|------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 2 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 3 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 0 | |
| 4 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 5 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 6 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | |
| 7 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| 8 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 | |
| 9 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | |
| 0 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | |
| 1 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | |
| 2 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | |
| 3 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 0 | |
| 4 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 0 | |
| 5 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
| 6 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 1 | |
| 7 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 4 | 0 | 0 | |
| 8 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | |
| 9 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | |
| 20 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 | |
| 21 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | |
| 22 | 80 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | |
| 23 | 80 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 24 | 80 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | |
| 25 | 80 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | |
| 26 | 80 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 7 | 80 | 0 | 2 | 2 | | 2 | 2 | |



Dashboard creation:

During the dashboard creation phase, I designed six KPI cards to provide a real-time snapshot of key HR metrics. These cards display essential data points including attrition count, attrition rate, average age of current employees, average salary, and average years within the company. This clear, concise layout helps stakeholders quickly understand workforce trends and make informed decisions.

In this section of the dashboard, the header brings together the six KPI cards, a clear title, a treemap displaying attrition by gender, and a department filter (including Human Resources, Sales, and Research and Development). These elements work together to create an interactive interface that allows users to easily explore key workforce metrics.



The final screenshot integrates six distinct visualizations to offer a comprehensive analysis of workforce attrition. Two bar charts and one column chart reveal key metrics across salary, age and job role, while an area chart captures trends over time, in this case comparing years at the company vs amount of attrition. A donut chart breaks down attrition by education, and a table with conditional formatting highlights the job roles experiencing the highest attrition, compared to the satisfaction level employees reported. Together, these visualizations provide a detailed view of employee turnover broken down by different dimensions.

